1	New York State Public Service Commission
2	In the Matter of
3	Case 99-F-1314 - Application of Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. for a Certificate
4	of Environmental and Public Need Pursuant to
5	Article X of the New York State Public Service Law to Repower its East River Generating Station in Manhattan, New York County, New York
6	Mainfactan, New Fork Country, New Fork
7	MINUTES OF HEARING held at the Public Service
8	Commission, One Pennsylvania Plaza, New York, New
9	York on Friday, April 20, 2001, commencing at 9:02
10	a.m.
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13	BEFORE: WALTER T. MOYNIHAN, Administrative Law Judge
14	Public Service Commission
15	DANIEL P. O'CONNELL, Administrative Law Judge
16	Department of Environmental Conservation
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22	Alternative Dispute Resolution
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2	APPEARANCES:
3	KEVIN LANG, Assistant Counsel Department of Public Service
4	Three Empire State Plaza New York, New York 12223-1350
5	
6	PHILIP E. KARMEL, ESQ. PETER R. PADEN, ESQ.
7	ROBERT STACK, ESQ. On behalf of Con Edison Robinson Silverman Pearce Aronsohn
8	& Berman, LLP 1290 Avenue of the Americas
9	New York, New York 10104
10	MATHY V. STANISLAUS, ESQ. DANIEL GUTMAN, ESQ.
11	EREC/Community Board 3
12	ALSO PRESENT:
13	JEFFREY L. RIBACK, Associate Counsel
14	PETER GARAM Consolidated Edison
15	Consolidated Edison
16	ELWOOD HALTERMAN KAISER AZIZ
17	EREC/Community Board 3
18	WILLIAM G. LITTLE
19	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
20	50 Wolf Road Albany, New York 12233-1500
21	Albany, New Tolk 12255-1500
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1	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Please come to
2	order.
3	I will call Case 99-F-1314. This is
4	Con Ed's Application for Certificate of
5	Environmental Compatibility and Public Need
6	to Repower the East River Generating
7	Station to Replace the Waterside Generating
8	Station in Manhattan, New York County, New
9	York.
10	We have a new reporter, so I am going
11	to ask counsel, if they would, to please
12	note their appearances again before we
13	begin.
14	MR. GARAM: Peter Garam for Con
15	Edison.
16	MR. RIBACK: Jeffrey Riback for Con
17	Edison.
18	MR. KARMEL: Good morning. Philip
19	Karmel for Con Edison.
20	MR. PADEN: Peter Paden for Con
21	Edison.
22	MR. STACK: Robert Stack for Con
23	Edison.
24	MR. HALTERMAN: Elwood Halterman for
25	EREC/CB3.

1	MR. GUTMAN: Daniel Gutman for
2	EREC/CB3.
3	MR. STANISLAUS: Mathy Stanislaus
4	for EREC/CB3.
5	MR. AZIZ: Kaiser Aziz for EREC/CB3.
6	MR. LITTLE: William Little for the
7	Department of Environmental Conservation.
8	MR. LANG: Kevin Lang for the Public
9	Service Commission.
10	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any other
11	appearances?
12	All right. Before we call our first
13	witness, I believe we have the schedule for
14	next week, that had been left to today to
15	discuss. Have the parties come to any type
16	of agreement on the order of witnesses for
17	next week?
18	MR. KARMEL: I don't think we have
19	discussed it, your Honor.
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You haven't
21	discussed it?
22	MR. KARMEL: Maybe at a break today
23	we can try to get together and reach some
24	type of agreement.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: After lunch can

1	someone report back to me?
2	MR. LITTLE: One quick question on
3	Monday. Will you be thinking of a 9:00
4	a.m. or a 10:00 a.m.?
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I have been
6	thinking of 10:00 a.m. just so I can get
7	down here without having to get up at 3:00
8	in the morning.
9	MR. LITTLE: Those of us from Albany
10	appreciate that.
11	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Anything else
12	before we call our next witness?
13	MR. STANISLAUS: I guess I missed
14	the scheduling. I guess we haven't agreed
15	on a schedule for Monday, right, and for
16	Tuesday I guess that would probably be the
17	best place to put Charles Komanoff.
18	MR. KARMEL: Why don't we discuss it
19	at a break.
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I do have a
21	schedule for Monday that was given to me.
22	I was thinking subsequent
23	MR. STANISLAUS: We will discuss it
24	at a break and come back; that's fine.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Is there anything

else?

MR. KARMEL: Your Honor, I would like to raise a point in preparing for today's hearing session. I thought about something that had been said at the conclusion of yesterday's hearing session, and I now am thinking that additional information would be appropriate.

Judge O'Connell yesterday asked me a question as to whether the supplementary testimony of Mr. Shansky was being put in only with respect to PM 2.5 issues, and I said yes, that was the case. Upon reflection, I now realize that that was cited in Dr. Greg Yarwood's testimony.

Greg Yarwood will be testifying today, so that testimony of Mr. Shansky did have another purpose that I didn't realize at that time.

And the document marked as Exhibit 12 is also relied upon by Dr. Yarwood, so that it does have another distinct SCONOx related purpose apart from PM 2.5.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you.

Anything else?

MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, I have one 1 housekeeping matter. I probably should 2 have done this yesterday and I apologize, 3 but with your permission, this will only 4 take a minute. 5 On the alternatives issue we had 6 7 submitted direct testimony of Jesse Decker, who is a supervisor of utility accounting 9 and finance. We were advised by all of the 10 parties that none of them had any cross-examination. We would like to offer 11 his testimony, and we have an affidavit of 12 13 a sponsoring witness that we would like to submit at this time. 14 I just want to make 15 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 16 sure. Are there other objections? 17 Okay, you have the affidavit there 18 with you? 19 MR. LITTLE: Yes, your Honor. All right. I will 20 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: instruct the reporter to put the affidavit 21 22 in and follow it with testimony. 23 MR. LITTLE: Do you want the 24 original or should I give the original? 25 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Give the original

1	to the reporter.
2	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Is there anything
3	else?
4	Mr. Karmel.
5	MR. KARMEL: Well, ordinarily, your
6	Honor, we would now, if we're going to
7	begin SCONOx, call Steve Kurtz, who is the
8	witness on SCONOx, but we have agreed to
9	put that off, so we will we will call
10	Dr. Greg Yarwood, who is a more minor
11	witness with respect to SCONOx. But he is
12	our out-of-town witness and we are going to
13	put Steve Kurtz off until after the
14	out-of-town witness has testified.
15	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. Good.
16	Whereupon,
17	GREG YARWOOD,
18	having been first duly sworn, was examined and
19	testified as follows:
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Dr. Yarwood, please
21	be seated and state and spell your name for
22	our reporter.
23	THE WITNESS: My name is Greg
24	Yarwood, Y-A-R-W-O-O-D, Greg Yarwood.
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION

1	BY MR. KARMEL:
2	Q. Good morning, Dr. Yarwood. Have you
3	prepared prefiled rebuttal testimony in this
4	proceeding?
5	A. Yes, I have.
6	Q. And if you were asked the questions
7	asked to you in the prefiled testimony, would your
8	answers today, now that you are under oath, be the
9	same as the answers you set forth in your prefiled
10	testimony?
11	A. Yes, they will.
12	MR. KARMEL: I would move that
13	Dr. Yarwood's prefiled testimony be
14	submitted as if given here today.
15	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any
16	objections?
17	Motion granted.
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CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC. Rebuttal Testimony of Greg Yarwood, Ph.D.

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- 1 Q. Please state your name, employer and business address.
- A. My name is Greg Yarwood. I am employed as a Senior Consultant by ENVIRON
- 3 Corporation, an environmental consulting firm. My business address is 101 Rowland Way, Suite
- 4 220, Novato, CA 94945-5010. I offer this rebuttal testimony on behalf of Consolidated Edison
- 5 Company of New York, Inc. (Con Edison).
- 6 Q. Please describe your educational background and areas of expertise.
- A. I hold a Ph.D. in Chemistry from the University of Cambridge, England. My technical
- 8 expertise is in atmospheric chemistry, photochemical modeling, photochemical model
- 9 development, the interpretation of ambient air quality data, mobile source emissions modeling,
- 10 and emissions inventory development. I am an experienced project manager and provide
- 11 technical direction for projects at ENVIRON. My resume is annexed as Exhibit 1 hereto.
- 12 O. What is the subject matter of your rebuttal testimony?
- A. My rebuttal testimony addresses the issue of secondary formation of particulate matter,
- which was presented by the testimony of S. Elwood Halterman, Jr. on behalf of EREC/CB3.
- 15 Specifically, Mr. Halterman testifies that (i) the SCR included as pollution control equipment in
- the design of the East River Repowering Project (the Project) has the potential to emit 365.7 tons
- 17 per year of ammonia; (ii) the ammonia will undergo certain chemical reactions in the atmosphere
- 18 to form secondary particulate matter; and (iii) the potential quantity of secondary particulate
- matter that may be formed by the ammonia emissions is 1,518.7 tons per year.
- 20 Q. Please summarize your rebuttal testimony.

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CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC. Rebuttal Testimony of Greg Yarwood, Ph.D.

A. Mr. Halterman's testimony fails to provide an accurate assessment of how the Project

2 will affect the secondary formation of particulate matter. If the Project's impacts are assessed in

3 their entirety, the Project will reduce rather than increase secondary particulate matter formation.

4 O. Please summarize the basis of your opinion.

A. .I summarize the basis of my opinion below. My opinion is documented in greater

detail in the annexed memorandum dated April 10, 2001 (Exhibit 2).

First, as to the amount of ammonia that the Project will emit, Mr. Halterman states that he relied upon Con Edison's air permit application, which requested an ammonia permit limit of 10.0 ppmvd @ 15% O₂. Mr. Halterman has disregarded the fact that the air permit proposed for the Project by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation has an ammonia emissions limit of 5.0 ppmvd @ 15% O₂. Thus, Mr. Halterman assumes that the Project will emit ammonia at twice the maximum emissions rate allowed by the proposed permit, and that, in addition, the Project will operate at 100% of its maximum capacity each hour of the year. In my analysis, it has been conservatively assumed that ammonia emissions will be at the maximum emissions rate allowed by the proposed permit (5.0 ppmvd @ 15% O₂). I have relied upon Con Edison's estimate that, at this emissions rate, ammonia emissions will be 101.4 tons per year in light of the anticipated steam and electric generation of the Project that Con Edison considers to be generally representative of anticipated future operation.

Second, Mr. Halterman does not correctly describe the chemical reactions that may occur in the atmosphere after the ammonia is emitted from the Project stacks. The specific chemical reactions that Mr. Halterman describes in his testimony will not occur, although other chemical reactions may occur that would result in the secondary formation of particulate matter.

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC. Rebuttal Testimony of Greg Yarwood, Ph.D.

1	Further information as to these chemical reactions is presented in the attached memorandum
2	(Exhibit 2).

Third, in incorrectly describing the chemical reactions at issue, Mr. Halterman has ascribed to the Project the mass of sulfate particulate that would exist as particulate regardless of whether the Project emits ammonia or not. As a result, Mr. Halterman's computation of the mass of particulate matter that would result from the release of each molecule of ammonia is incorrect and results in a substantial overestimate of the mass of particulate matter that may be formed as a result of ammonia emissions into the atmosphere.

Fourth, Mr. Halterman's statement that he is "assuming an equimolar split between sulfate and nitrate conversion" reflects his reliance upon an arbitrary assumption that is not based on scientific evidence. When actual data are considered that provide a basis for the "split" to be estimated, it is apparent that Mr. Halterman's assumption results in a further upward bias in his estimates of potential secondary particulate matter related to ammonia emissions.

Fifth, once the foregoing matters are taken into account, a more reasonable upper limit on the potential formation of secondary particulate matter in the atmosphere from ammonia emissions is 150 tons per year.

Sixth, Mr. Halterman fails to consider the fact that other criteria contaminants associated with the combustion of fossil fuels (oil or natural gas) also act as precursors to the formation of secondary particulate matter in the atmosphere. Con Edison has estimated that the Project, together with the retirement of the Waterside Generating Station and associated emission reduction measures that have been proposed for the East River Generating Complex, is projected to result in net decreases of sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, and volatile organic compounds, all

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC. Rebuttal Testimony of Greg Yarwood, Ph.D.

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- of which are precursors to the potential formation of secondary particulate matter in the
- 2 atmosphere. Once these net decreases are considered, it is clear that, when considered in its
- 3 entirety, the Project will reduce rather than increase the amount of secondary particulate matter
- 4 that may be formed in the atmosphere. In the annexed memorandum (Exhibit 2), I estimate that
- 5 the resulting potential reduction in secondary particulate matter that may be formed in the
- 6 atmosphere as a result of the Project and related emission changes is 897 tons per year or greater.
- 7 Seventh, to provide some perspective on the ammonia emissions that are the subject of
- 8 Mr. Halterman's testimony, the annexed memorandum (Exhibit 2) notes that those emissions are
- 9 projected to be about one percent of the total ammonia released into the atmosphere in New York
- 10 City.
- 11 Q. Does this conclude your testimony at this time?
- 12 A. Yes.

GREG YARWOOD, Ph.D.

EDUCATION

1987 Ph.D., Chemistry, University of Cambridge, England

1982 B.Sc., Chemistry, University of Bath, England

EXPERIENCE

Dr. Greg Yarwood is a Senior Consultant at ENVIRON Corporation. He has technical expertise in atmospheric chemistry, photochemical modeling, photochemical model development, the interpretation of ambient air quality data, mobile source emissions modeling, and emissions inventory development. He is an experienced project manager and provides technical direction for projects at ENVIRON. His experience includes the following:

- Principal investigator for the development and implementation of ENVIRON's Ozone Source Apportionment Technology (OSAT). OSAT apportions model estimated ozone among user selected emission categories and geographical areas permitting the development of more effective and more equitable ozone control strategies.
- Lead implementation of the Decoupled Direct Method (DDM) for sensitivity analysis and the Process Analysis (PA) diagnostic method in ENVIRON's Comprehensive Air Quality Model with extensions (CAMx). This makes CAMx unique in providing three complementary "probing tools," OSAT, DDM and PA in a single framework.
- Managed urban and regional scale modeling to develop control strategies for 1-hour and 8-hour ozone in East Texas. The modeling used the CAMx ozone model, MM5 meteorological model and the EPS2 and GloBEIS emission models. The selection of control strategies was carried through a collaborative process involving local stakeholders from industry, local government, environmental, and regulatory organizations.
- Performed extensive air quality (UAM) modeling of reformulated and alternative fuels for the joint Auto/Oil Air Quality Improvement Research Program (AQIRP). Dr. Yarwood was responsible for overseeing emissions data analysis, emissions inventory development and photochemical modeling, and for integrating and explaining the data analysis, emissions, and air quality modeling issues and results.
- Co-principal investigator for a study to investigate the feasibility of using a 1995/1996 field study in the Los Angeles basin to (1) detect the introduction of California Phase 2 reformulated gasoline, and (2) evaluate the ability of photochemical modeling to predict the change in air quality since the last major field study in 1987. The methods proposed in the feasibility study were later used to successfully identify the signatures of RFG in the Los Angeles atmosphere.

EXHIBIT DPS No. 99-F-1314 Yarwood - 1

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- Lead the development of a new biogenic emissions model (GloBEIS) and supporting landcover databases for Texas. GloBEIS updates the methodologies of the BEIS2 model. The Texas landcover data are based local surveys, satellite data, existing landcover databases synthesized through GIS analyses using ARC/Info. Also developed methodologies for quantifying the impacts of cloud cover on isoprene emissions from satellite data.
- Project manager for an EPA to review of VOC receptor modeling studies and ambient VOC:NO_X and CO:NO_X ratio studies for evidence of systematic biases in emission inventories.
- Developed locally specific VOC speciation profiles to enhance photochemical ozone modeling of the Dallas area. Profiles were developed about 300 of point sources based on actual reported emissions data and for mobile and area sources.
- Developed state of the science fast chemistry solvers for the CAMx model including a
 Chemical Mechanism Compiler (CMC). The CMC allows the chemical mechanism used in
 CAMx to be changed easily by automatically re-generating the chemistry solver for each
 new mechanism. The CMC has been used to implement the CB4 and SAPRC mechanisms
 in CAMx as well as mechanism extensions for chlorine initiated chemistry.
- Compared and critically evaluated photochemical mechanisms used in global tropospheric
 chemistry models for an EPA-sponsored inter-comparison of models used to estimate the
 impacts of methane, CO, VOCs and NO_X on global tropospheric ozone and global warming.
- Member of the CRC Research Panel on the Atmospheric Chemistry of Hydrocarbons (RPACH) which reviewed the chemistry of alkene (1997-1998) and aromatic hydrocarbons (1999-2000).
- Led an analysis of ozone air quality benefits for several reformulated fuel and advanced vehicle programs in Canada. The project combined emission projections, ambient air quality data and photochemical modeling analyses to project changes in ozone for the whole of Canada.
- Managed a project that combined reactive plume modeling with analyses of ambient data to
 estimate the potential impacts of offshore drilling activities on tropospheric ozone levels
 near Prudhoe Bay, Alaska.
- Prepared a critical review of models being used for integrated assessment of ozone control strategies in the European Community. The EMEP and RAINS ozone models were reviewed in depth, and the review was completed in two weeks to meet the clients' schedule.
- Reviewed the methodology for modeling non-exhaust emissions in the California Air Resources Board EMFAC 7G model.

GREG YARWOOD, Ph.D.

Prior to joining ENVIRON Corporation, Dr. Yarwood held the following positions:

- Senior Scientist in the Atmospheric Chemistry Group at Systems Applications International.
 Served as technical lead on photochemical modeling projects related to reformulated and alternative fuels and advanced vehicle controls, developed a fast chemistry solver for the UAM and UAM-V, and reviewed receptor modeling and ambient measurement data to assess accuracy of mobile source and other components of emission inventories.
- Postdoctoral research associate at the Center for Atmospheric Chemistry, York University, Toronto. Studied the products and mechanisms of hydrocarbon oxidation reactions under atmospheric conditions using long-path FTIR spectroscopy and environmental chambers.
- Postdoctoral research associate at Brookhaven National Laboratory, Long Island, NY.
 Studied the kinetics of oxygen atom reactions with alkenes and nitric oxide using shock tube/flash-photolysis and flash-photolysis/resonance fluorescence techniques.
- Graduate student in the Department of Physical Chemistry at the University of Cambridge. Studied the kinetics and infrared spectroscopy of weakly bound molecules, such as N₂O₃, in the gas phase.

PROFESSIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

Air and Waste Management Association

American Chemical Society

American Geophysical Union

GREG YARWOOD, Ph.D

PUBLICATIONS AND PRESENTATIONS

- G. Yarwood (with C. Wiedinmyer, I.W. Strange, M. Estes, and D. Allen. 2000. Biogenic hydrocarbon emission estimates for North Central Texas", Atmos. Environ. 34 (2000) 3419-3425.
- G. Yarwood (with A. Pollack). 1997. "The Contribution of On-Road Vehicles to Ozone in the Eastern United States". Presented at the Seventh Annual CRC On-Road Vehicle Emissions Workshop, San Diego, California (April, 1997).
- G. Yarwood (with A.K. Pollack, A. Dunder, J. Fieber, J. Heiken, J. Cohen, S. Shepard, C. Schleyer). 1996. Revision of Mobile Source Emission Inventories Using Real-World Measurements Use in Auto/Oil Air Quality Modeling. Submitted to Journal of the Air and Waste Management Association.
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- G. Yarwood (with R.E Morris, M.A. Yocke, H. Hogo and T. Chico). 1996. "Development of a Methodology for Source Apportionment of Ozone Concentration Estimates from a Photochemical Grid Model" presented at the 89th Annual Meeting of the Air and Waste Management Association, Nashville, Tennessee. June 23 28.
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- G. Yarwood (with D.P. Chock, A.M. Dunker, R.E. Morris, A.K. Pollack and C.H. Schleyer).
 1995. "Sensitivity of Urban Airshed Model Results for Test Fuels to Uncertainties in Light
 Duty Vehicle Emissions and Alternative Chemical Mechanisms-Auto/Oil Air Quality
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- G. Yarwood (with P.D. Guthrie, S.B. Shepard and M.P. Ligocki). 1995. "Fast UAM: An Example of an Adaptive Approximation Solver for Atmospheric Chemistry Problems", Presented at SciCADE95, Stanford University (28 March 1 April).
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ENVIRON

MEMORANDUM

To:

Stephen A. Kurtz

From:

Greg Yarwood, Ph.D.

Date:

April 10, 2001

Subject:

Impact of Consolidated Edison Company's East River Repowering Project on the

formation of secondary particulate matter

This memorandum discusses the potential impacts of Con Edison's East River Repowering Project (ERRP) on the formation of secondary particulate matter (PM). Secondary PM is formed when trace gases in the atmosphere undergo chemical transformations and are converted to particulates (see Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics by Seinfeld and Pandis, John Wiley & Sons, 1998). Projected changes in the emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and ammonia (NH₃) due to the ERRP, the closure of the Waterside facility, and associated emission reduction measures that Con Edison has proposed for the East River Generating Complex have the potential to impact secondary PM. The combined impact of these projected emission changes is estimated to result in a projected reduction in potential secondary PM of 897 tons per year or greater.

In the last part of this memorandum, data are also presented to place the ERRP's use of ammonia in perspective relative to the many other sources of ammonia emissions in New York City.

Background

The mechanisms by which SO₂, NO_x, VOCs and NH₃ can form secondary PM are discussed briefly below.

SO₂ reacts in the atmosphere to form sulfuric acid (H₂SO₄). Sulfuric acid will move essentially completely from the gas phase into the particulate phase.

NO_x react in the atmosphere to form nitric acid (HNO₃) and other types of nitrates. Over time, some of the nitric acid and nitrates that arc formed will enter the particulate phase. The amount of PM nitrate formed depends upon atmospheric conditions and the presence/absence of other trace constituents in the atmosphere.

VOCs react in the atmosphere to many different organic products. Over time, some of the products formed by some VOCs can become secondary PM. The amount of secondary organic PM formed depends upon the atmospheric conditions and the presence/absence of other trace constituents in the atmosphere.

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NH₃ can form secondary PM by reacting with acidic gasses or acidic particles. For example, over time, ammonia can react with particulate sulfuric acid to form particulate ammonium sulfate [(NII₄)₂SO₄]. Ammonia can also react with gaseous nitric acid to form particulate ammonium nitrate (NH₄NO₃). The amount of secondary PM ammonium formed depends upon the atmospheric conditions and the presence/absence of other trace constituents in the atmosphere.

Secondary PM Impact of Increased Ammonia Emissions

Con Edison has projected that annual NH₃ emissions from the ERRP will be 101.4 tons/yr (analysis dated April 4, 2001). According to Con Edison, this number is calculated using the ammonia emissions rate in the draft permit issued for the ERRP (5ppmvd ammonia slip corrected to 15% O₂) and reflects the anticipated steam and electric generation that is generally representative of anticipated future operation. The Con Edison estimate is conservative in assuming that ammonia is emitted at the maximum emissions rate allowed by the draft permit. Therefore, it is likely that actual ammonia emissions will be less than 100 tons/yr. The potential to emit ammonia is 182.5 tons/yr assuming operation at the maximum emissions rate in the draft permit and at 100% capacity for 8760 hours per year.

The emission of ammonia may increase the formation of secondary PM as the ammonia reacts with acidic gasses or acidic particles, as noted above. A simple and conservative analysis is to assume that all of ERRP ammonia emissions are eventually incorporated into the particulate phase as ammonium. The ammonium could be associated with sulfate, nitrate or both. The relative amounts of sulfate and nitrate formed can be estimated from the observed ratio of PM₁₀ sulfate to nitrate at the NYSDEC monitoring stations in the area. Complete data are available for only two in-City monitoring stations for these parameters. The Mabel Dean Bacon monitoring site in Manhattan is the closest site to the ERRP with complete PM₁₀ sulfate and nitrate data. In 1999, the annual average inhalable particulate matter (PM₁₀) sulfate and nitrate at Mabel Dean were 4.5 and 0.9 µg/m³, respectively (NYSDEC 1999 New York State Air Quality Report, March 2001). This suggests that ERRP ammonia emissions will predominately form sulfate rather than nitrate. A simple estimate based on the Mabel Dean observations is that 87% of the ammonia will eventually form ammonium sulfate and 13% will eventually form ammonium nitrate.

The increase in PM mass due to ammonium sulfate formation can be estimated as follows. Ammonia gas reacts with particulate sulfuric acid to form particulate ammonium sulfate. This reaction transfers ammonia from the gas phase into the particulate phase, and so the increase in secondary particulate mass is equal to the mass of ammonia incorporated into the particulate phase:

Increase in secondary PM mass due to ammonium sulfate formation =

101.4 (NH₃ tons/yr)

x 0.87 (fraction of ammonia reacting with sulfate)

= 88.2 tons/yr

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The increase in PM mass due to ammonium nitrate formation can be estimated as follows. Ammonia gas and nitric acid gas react to form particulate nitrate. The assumption that ammonia and nitric acid react completely to form ammonium nitrate is conservative because, in reality, the reaction is in equilibrium and there is a tendency for some of the ammonia and nitric acid to remain as gases. Nevertheless, using this conservative assumption, the increase in secondary particulate mass is the mass of ammonium nitrate formed:

Increase in secondary PM mass

due to ammonium nitrate formation = 101.4 (NH₃ tons/yt)

x 0.13 (fraction of ammonia reacting with nitrate)

 \times 80 (g/mole NH₄NO₃) / 17 (g/mole NH₃)

= 62.0 tons/yr

The estimated total increase in secondary PM due to ERRP ammonia emissions is 150 tons/yr.

Secondary PM Impact of Decreased Sulfur Dioxide Emissions

The ERRP and related actions are projected to decrease annual SO₂ emissions by 698 tons (Tables 2.1 and 3.1 of Peter Tom Memorandum, March 23, 2001). This projected emissions reduction number for SO₂ does not include additional SO₂ emissions reductions that are projected to occur as a result of the displacement of electric generation, as presented in Rick Shansky's supplemental direct testimony on behalf of Con Edison. The projected decrease in SO₂ emissions will decrease the formation of particulate sulfate by reducing the amount of precursor emissions. Most of the SO₂ emitted to the atmosphere is converted to sulfate, so a simple estimate of the change in particulate sulfate due to the projected SO₂ emissions reduction is:

Sulfate reduction

698 (tons/yr SO₂)

x 96 (g/mole sulfate) / 64 (g/mole SO₂)

= 1047 tons/vr

Secondary PM Impact of Decreased Nitrogen Oxide Emissions

The ERRP and related actions are projected to decrease annual NO_x emissions by 1,716 tons (Tables 2.1 and 3.1 of Peter Tom Memorandum, March 23, 2001). This projected emissions reduction number for NO_x does not include the additional NO_x emissions reductions that are projected to occur as a result of the displacement of electric generation, as set forth in Rick Shansky's supplemental direct testimony on behalf of Con Edison. The projected decrease in NO_x emissions will tend to decrease the formation of secondary particulate nitrate by decreasing the precursor emissions. However, there is no simple way to quantify the change in particulate nitrate due to this NO_x emission reduction.

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Secondary PM Impact of Decreased VOC Emissions

The ERRP and related actions are projected to decrease annual VOC emissions by 20 tons (Tables 2.1 and 3.1 of Peter Tom Memorandum, March 23, 2001). This will tend to decrease the formation of secondary organic particulate by decreasing the amount of precursor emissions. However, there is no simple way to quantify the change in secondary PM due to this VOC emission reduction.

Summary of Combined Secondary PM Impacts

The potential impacts on secondary PM resulting from changes in the emissions of SO₂, NO_x, VOC and NH₃ were discussed above. Emissions of NH₃ are projected to increase, resulting in an estimated increase in secondary PM of 150 tons/yr under the conservative assumptions identified above. Emissions of SO₂, NO_x and VOC are projected to decrease, resulting in decreases in secondary PM. The projected SO₂ reductions from the Con Edison steam system alone (without consideration of electric displacement) are estimated to reduce secondary PM by 1047 tons/yr. Reductions in secondary PM due to NO_x and VOC emission reductions were not estimated. Thus, the combined impact of the ERRP-related emission changes is estimated to be a reduction in potential secondary PM of 897 tons/yr or greater.

Comparison to Mr. Halterman's Evaluation of Secondary PM Impacts

- S. Elwood Halterman Jr. has evaluated the potential secondary PM impacts of the ERRP project (Testimony of S. Elwood Halterman, Jr., March 26, 2001). In his testimony, Mr. Halterman inaccurately characterized the formation of sulfates and nitrates as being due to reactions of armmonia with gaseous sulfur oxides and NO_x. As discussed above, ammonium sulfate and ammonium nitrate are formed when ammonia reacts with sulfuric acid aerosols and pitric acid gas, respectively. Mr. Halterman then estimated the potential generation of 1,518.7 tons/yr of secondary PM. His analysis contains the following important differences from the analysis presented above:
- Mr. Halterman assumed annual ammonia emissions of 365.7 tons/yr. This exceeds the emissions estimate provided by Con Edison of 101.4 tons/yr. The Con Edison estimate is conservative in assuming that ammonia is emitted at the maximum emissions rate allowed by the draft permit. Therefore, it is likely that actual ammonia emissions will be less than 100 tons/yr.
- Mr. Halterman arbitrarily assumed an equimolar split between sulfate and nitrate conversion
 of ammonia. The available monitoring data from Mabel Dean Bacon suggest that ammonia
 would predominantly form sulfate rather than nitrate, as discussed above.
- When Mr. Halterman estimated the "potential generation of 1,518.7 tons/yr" of PM he included the mass of sulfate associated with ammonium sulfate. This ignores the fact that the sulfate would be in the particulate phase regardless of whether it reacted with ammonia from

the ERRP. In this way, Mr. Halterman's methodology very significantly overstates the increase in secondary PM attributable to the ERRP.

Mr. Halterman fails to consider reductions in secondary PM attributable to the projected reductions in SO₂, NO_x and VOC emissions associated with the ERRP, the closure of Waterside, and related emission reduction measures that Con Edison has proposed for the East River Generating Complex. As discussed above, the reduction in SO_z emissions due to the ERRP is estimated to reduce sulfate PM formation by 1047 tons/yr.

When these four factors are taken into account, the estimated impact of the ERRP on secondary PM is changed from a potential increase of 1,519 tons/yr, as estimated by Mr. Halterman, to a projected reduction of at least 897 tons/yr.

Annual Ammonia Emissions in New York City

As noted above, Con Edison has projected that the ERRP could cause annual ammonia emissions of 101.4 tons at the maximum ammonia emissions rate in the draft permit for the ERRP (analysis dated April 4, 2001). The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has just completed a 1999 ammonia emission inventory (thp://ftp.epa.gov/EmisInventory/net_99/) and Table 1 shows EPA's estimated ammonia emissions for the five counties of New York City. EPA estimates total ammonia emissions for New York City to be 9771 tons/yr. Therefore, the projected ERRP ammonia emissions represent only one percent of the current estimated ammonia emission levels for New York City.

Table 1. Annual ammonia emissions for New York City from EPA's 1999 emission inventory.

	1999 Ammonia Emissions
County	(tons/yr)
New York	2128
Queens	3508
Bronx	1229
Kings	2453
Richmond	454
NYC Total	9771

1	BY MR. KARMEL:
2	Q. Dr. Yarwood, I believe there were two
3	exhibits attached to your rebuttal testimony, the
4	first of which is a copy of your resume.
5	Do you have a copy of that in front
6	of you?
7	A. Yes, I do.
8	Q. Is this a true and correct copy of
9	your resume?
10	A. Yes, it is.
11	MR. KARMEL: I would request that
12	this be marked for identification.
13	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We will mark it
14	Exhibit 37 for identification.
15	(Exhibit 37 was so marked
16	for identification.)
17	Q. The second exhibit was a memorandum
18	from you to Steven Kurtz dated April 10, 2001. Is
19	this a memorandum that you prepared in connection
20	with this proceeding?
21	A. Yes, it is.
22	MR. KARMEL: I would request that
23	this be marked as the next exhibit.
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We will mark
25	Exhibit 38 for identification.

1	(Exhibit 38 was so marked
2	for identification.)
3	MR. KARMEL: Thank you. We will now
4	make Dr. Yarwood available for
5	cross-examination.
6	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Who from EREC will
7	be cross-examining?
8	MR. STANISLAUS: Can we ask whether
9	the agencies want to go first before we do?
10	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I was trying to go
11	in the same order
12	MR. STANISLAUS: I know.
13	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: all the time.
14	Makes it easier for me.
15	You should be able to do it from
16	is there a reason why you want to go after
17	the Agencies?
18	MR. STANISLAUS: Well, quite
19	frankly, the Agencies' cross-examination is
20	going to be friendly cross-examination and
21	gives them a second opportunity to
22	rehabilitate the witness, so
23	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, good point.
24	Mr. Little, do you have any cross?
25	MR. LITTLE: I do not, your Honor.

1	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Lang, do you
2	have any cross-examination?
3	MR. LANG: None for this witness,
4	your Honor.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Who will be
6	handling it, Mr. Gutman?
7	MR. GUTMAN: It appears so.
8	CROSS-EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. GUTMAN:
10	Q. Well, Mr. Yarwood, I guess the first
11	point you make in your testimony here is that
12	there is a certain amount of ammonia that combines
13	with sulfuric acid aerosols; is that right?
14	A. Yes, that can occur.
15	Q. And then you essentially say that
16	because the sulfuric acid aerosols are already a
17	particulate, you don't wouldn't count that, the
18	sulfate part of that aerosol as added to the
19	ammonia as particulate; is that right?
20	A. Yes, that's correct. I attempted to
21	evaluate the net impact of the facility on ambient
22	particulate matter levels.
23	Q. Could you explain now what your
24	criticism of Mr. Halterman's calculations are?
25	A. There are several differences. Do

you wish me to go ahead?

- Q. Well, just the first one with regard to the question of whether the sulfate should be added, the sulfate weight should be added to the ammonia weight.
- A. I would simply say that when Mr. Halterman made a calculation of impacts on secondary particulate matter, he attributed the sulfate to the facility. The difference is that in my analysis, I assumed that that sulfate is already in the atmosphere as particulate matter, so the net impact of the facility emissions is simply the ammonia that is bound up with that sulfate.
- Q. Okay. So what happened was

 Mr. Halterman added the sulfate to the ammonia to

 get a total weight of particular matter, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And did you not add the weight of the sulfate to the ammonia because you say that the sulfate was already in a particulate and, therefore, it was in the atmosphere to start with?
 - A. That's right.
- Q. All right. Now, can you turn to page 3 of your memorandum?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. All right. In the middle of this
3	page, you discuss a calculation in which sulfur
4	dioxide is converted into a particulate. Sulfur
5	dioxide is a gas, isn't it?
6	A. That's correct.
7	Q. And your argument here is that
8	because there would be a reduction in emissions of
9	sulfur dioxide as a result of the project, there
10	would be a reduction in the particulate formation,
11	correct?
12	A. That's the argument.
13	Q. All right. Now, can you describe how
14	the sulfur dioxide converts into particulate
15	matter?
16	A. There are several chemical pathways
17	that can oxidize sulfur dioxide gas to sulfate
18	particulate including gas phase reactions,
19	reactions that take place in water droplets in the
20	atmosphere, those are the main pathways.
21	Q. And which ones are which is the
22	more important, the gas phase or the aqueous
23	phase?
24	A. Well, it would depend upon the
25	ambient conditions at that time. So, really, to

look over a whole year, a representative year, you would have to consider basically what the weather was like over the year in that area.

- Q. Well, have you considered the weather in the New York area?
- A. Well, the analysis performed here makes the conservative assumption that all of the SO2 that is emitted would end up as sulfate.
- Q. So you say that is conservative; in what sense is that conservative?
- A. That is the most amount of sulfate that you could produce.
- Q. All right. But are you counting this as a reduction in -- you are subtracting it and that's why you are considering it a conservative assumption, you are subtracting it from an existing total of sulfate and are you saying --
- A. Maybe the word "conservative" is misleading in that context. All I meant is that it is -- I believe that is a reasonable assumption for the fate of SO2 in the atmosphere, that most SO2 that is emitted does ultimately form sulfate.
- Q. All right. All right. You say "most SO2." Is there an equilibrium between the gas and the particulate phase?

1	A. No. It's essentially a one-way
2	street that once it's reacted to sulfate, it stays
3	there. Therefore, other possible fates for sulfur
4	dioxide, such as deposition, but most SO2 would be
5	reacting to sulfate.
6	Q. Are you saying in your opinion it
7	doesn't, there is not an equilibrium situation?
8	A. Not for sulfate. There are there
9	is a lot of chemistry that we could be talking
10	about here, so perhaps we should sharpen what it
11	is we are talking about. I am talking about the
12	reaction of sulfur dioxide gas to sulfate
13	particulate.
14	Q. To hydrogen, to sulfur as it becomes
15	an aerosol; is that correct?
16	A. That would be the initial form of the
17	sulfate, yes.
18	Q. Is that part of it, an equilibrium?
19	A. No.
20	Q. All right. Are you familiar with the
21	EPA criteria document on particulate matter? This
22	is the 1996 Air Quality Criteria for Particulate
23	Matter issued by EPA.
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. All right. Can I show you this and

ask you whether you agree with what it says here, 1 where it seems to say that there is an 2 equilibrium? 3 Α. Yes. 4 JUDGE O'CONNELL: Mr. Gutman, what 5 page are you referring the witness to, 6 please? MR. GUTMAN: This is page 3-47. MR. LANG: Your Honor, what document 9 10 is the witness being asked to review? 11 it the application or some other document? MR. GUTMAN: It's some other 12 13 document, an EPA criteria document issued in 1996. 14 MR. LANG: Then I would object and 15 ask the exhibit be identified and marked as 16 an exhibit before the witness is asked to 17 comment on it, review it and state whether 18 19 of not he agrees or disagrees with it. Could we mark that as 20 MR. GUTMAN: 21 an exhibit? 22 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We really don't 23 want it marked at this point. If it 24 becomes necessary, we will. Just have him 25 review it, we don't know where it is going

yet. 1 MR. LANG: He asked the witness to 2 comment on it and say whether he agrees or 3 disagrees with it. 4 My understanding is 5 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: it is a widely available publication and we 6 can take official notice of it. We don't 7 8 want to burden the record with it, a 9 document that size, for just a page. 10 MR. LANG: Could we have it formally identified, what it is and what page and 11 12 what section, et cetera. 13 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Could you do that, Mr. Gutman? If you would just read the 14 title and give us the exact page number, 15 whatever it is. 16 This is called Air 17 MR. GUTMAN: 18 Quality Criteria for Particulate Matter, 19 document number 6/P95/00-AF, April 1996. This was the document that led to the 20 21 recent revision in the particulate matter in the air quality standard. 22 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Page 3-47. 23 24 MR. LITTLE: Could I have the name 25 of that again, the title of the document?

1 MR. GUTMAN: I believe you appended 2 it. Air Quality Criteria for Particulate 3 Matter, Volume One. 4 I have looked at it. THE WITNESS: 5 BY MR. GUTMAN: 6 Q. Do you agree with this or disagree 7 with this? 8 Α. I agree with the chemical reactions, 9 but I don't agree that in the discussion we are 10 having that that should be interpreted as saying 11 that sulfate would return to SO2. I think that is 12 more -- that is more talking about how SO2 gas partitions into and phases -- when it partitions 13 14 into the aqueous phase, which is just part of a 15 multistep process between SO2 gas and sulfuric 16 acid aerosol. 17 Each of these steps is shown as being an equilibrium. Do you agree with each of the 18 19 steps as being an equilibrium? 20 You better -- I have no disagreement 21 with the reactions as they are written there. 22 Q. Well, the reactions show that sulfur dioxide is an equilibrium with SO2 and water, and 23 24 then it shows that SO2 and water are an 25 equilibrium with HSO3 and hydrogen, and then it

shows that HSO3 is an equilibrium with SO4 and 1 2 hydrogen. Do you agree that each of those 3 equations would be an equilibrium? 4 5 MR. KARMEL: Your Honor, I will object for lack of foundation. Also, that 6 I think it is unfair for the witness to be asked about what this document shows with 9 respect to all these reactions when the 10 document is no longer in front of the 11 witness. I think the document should be 12 returned to the witness and I would object 13 to the question. 14 MR. LANG: I would also object. 15 sounded like the examiner was doing the 16 testifying there, rather than the witness. 17 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: He asked him "would 18 you agree." I will allow the question. 19 MR. GUTMAN: Well, I guess the first 20 question is --21 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: One moment. Let's 22 get an answer before we ask the next 23 question. 24 So, the equations we are discussing 25 are equations 3-12 through 3-15 on page 3-47, and

I don't have any problem with the criteria document. And, yes, these are written as equilibrium; however, I think what we are talking about here are equilibrium on sulfur 4 species, and the oxidation of SO2 to sulfuric acid is the oxidation from sulfur 4 to sulfur 6, and what we should really talk about is how that system behaves as a whole and that when sulfur 4 has been oxidized to sulfur 6, it doesn't come back.

- Q. And sulfur 6 would be which chemical, which compound are we talking about?
- A. Sulfuric acid aerosol is a part of sulfur 6. The exact chemical form depends upon the other compounds that are present in the atmosphere at that time. So, for instance, the sulfuric acid aerosol could be neutralized by ammonia or it could be neutralized by crystal material that is present in the atmosphere, calcium sulfates. So you are talking about potentially a mix of compounds, which is why people use the term "sulfur 6," to catch that as a whole.
- Q. All right. Well, are any of the species that are in those three equations sulfur 6?

1	A. If you look on the next page, in
2	equation 3-16, there is a definition of what they
3	are considering sulfur 4 for this purpose, and the
4	equilibrium shown in 3-15 are most sulfur 4
5	species.
6	JUDGE O'CONNELL: Could you identify
7	that, please. Sulfur 4 compounds or, I
8	mean, I don't know what the equation says,
9	so
10	THE WITNESS: So, the equation 3-15
11	are between SO2, HSO3 minus and SO4 two
12	minus.
13	JUDGE O'CONNELL: Thank you.
14	Q. Sulfur 4 would be what compound?
15	Sulfur 6 would be what compound?
16	A. In equation 3-20 on page 3-49, the
17	document describes sulfur 6 as sulfuric acid,
18	H2SO4 plus HSO4 minus, plus SO4 two minus.
19	Q. All right. And those equations are
20	not equilibrium equations?
21	A. What I just read out was simply a
22	description of the species that they are
23	considering as sulfur 6 here.
24	Q. So your testimony is that the ammonia
25	would only react with the sulfur 6 and not with

the sulfur 4?

A. Without reviewing it, my testimony would be that when you find ammonia associated with sulfur particulates in the atmosphere, what you find are ammonium sulfate type compounds, so ammonia associated with sulfur 6, there is a very wide range of chemistry that can occur between ammonia and sulfur -- oxidized sulfur compounds, but only a subset of those compounds are found in the atmosphere, and only a subset of the reactions turn out to be really important in the atmosphere.

Q. So your testimony is that virtually all the ammonia that reacts with sulfates is reacting with sulfur 6?

A. Yes. When you find ammonium sulfate type compounds in the atmosphere, ammonium sulfate, ammonium bisulfate, yes, those are compounds with sulfur 6.

Q. And the reaction, that transformation between sulfur 4 and sulfur 6, is a one-way reaction?

A. It's a sequence of steps, but if you consider it as the whole, yes, it is a one-way street.

Q. Okay. Now, the other, at the end of

1	your memo, you have a list of an emission
2	inventory of ammonia emissions for New York City,
3	which adds up to 9,771 tons of ammonia per year.
4	Now, when EPA does emission inventory, it's
5	usually broken down into categories. Do you know
6	what the amounts are for the various categories
7	here?
8	A. I have that information. I don't
9	have it with me.
10	Q. Do you know what most of the ammonia
11	is coming from?
12	A. I think it would be better for me to
13	give you accurate figures, if that is what you are
14	interested in and that is not something that I
15	have with me right now.
16	Q. Okay. Well, could you supply that
17	for the record, I guess.
18	A. Sure.
19	Q. A breakdown by categories as to how
20	much is in each, out of this 9,771 tons, how much
21	is in each category?
22	A. Such as, perhaps, broken down by
23	motor vehicles, area, sources, point sources?
24	MR. KARMEL: Your Honor, I would
25	object to have supplementation of the

record in the fashion that is being requested. I believe the witness's source of information, as the memorandum itself references, is information he downloaded from a website which contains the ammonia survey for New York City. That information is no more available to Dr. Yarwood than it would be to Mr. Gutman or anyone else who can visit the EPA website. I see no need for homework assignments for Dr. Yarwood to follow up on testimony with respect to this type of matter.

MR. GUTMAN: I'm sorry. I withdraw the question.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, we agree. If it is EPA available material, we won't require this witness to supply it.

BY MR. GUTMAN:

- Q. All right. Could -- I mean, without classifying, specifying the exact numbers, do you have any recollection as to, in general, the City, what category would be predominant?
- A. I could tell you from my recollection of these data and my experience in general what categories I expect to be important in ammonia

emission inventory for an urban area, and on those motor vehicles is certainly an important source category. In an urban area there is -- industrial uses are likely to be important. Beyond that, I wouldn't want to go from memory with regard to the information that is available from the website.

MR. GUTMAN: This is something that we could use, cite to, or is this something that we would have to enter into the record ourselves?

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Well, you should have, if you wanted it in the record, you should have had it available. But as far as offering it, you can make the offer, we will see if there are objections. I don't know.

MR. STANISLAUS: Can I speak?

JUDGE O'CONNELL: For what purpose would you be offering this information?

MR. GUTMAN: Well, I will ask a couple more questions and then we will see what the -- all right.

Q. Well, I think there are several categories that you, as you have said, of emissions of ammonia, and you compare the ammonia

emissions of this project to the entire total, 1 right? 2 I provide it as a context. 3 Right. Well, do you think it's Q. relevant whether one of these categories is increasing at a very fast rate as compared to, for 6 example, the total? If this source was in the category in which the emissions were increasing, would that be a concern? 10 I don't think the atmosphere 11 distinguishes where the ammonia came from. But if one were worried about 12 Ο. No. 13 the increase in ammonia in the future in general, would one be concerned about a particular category 14 increasing much faster than other categories? 15 16 Α. If one was trying to develop an air quality management plan for ammonia, I think you 17 would be sensitive to the total amount, rather 18 19 than one particular category. 20 If you wanted to, for example, decide 21 where to, you know, where you would allocate your 22 resources toward enforcement or control, you might 23 be concerned about which category was increasing 24 faster than others, wouldn't you? 25 MR. KARMEL: Objection, speculation,

and irrelevant.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Sustained.

MR. GUTMAN: Okay. Well, your

Honor, the reason we want to put this in is

to show that -- so that we could make the

comparison between the ammonia emissions of

this power plant as compared to the sector

that involves power plants rather than the

entire total.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I have already sustained the objection.

MR. GUTMAN: This isn't with regard to the question, it is with regard to why we would want this information in the record and whether we could obtain the information and put it in the record.

JUDGE O'CONNELL: He is responding to my question.

I believe that the presiding examiner's ruling was that if you wanted to get that together and offer it, then we would have to consider it and the parties would have an opportunity to raise any objections against that. I think that is a fair summary of Judge Moynihan's ruling.

1 MR. GUTMAN: All right. I was 2 asking questions in general about 3 atmospheric chemistry and Mr. Halterman is 4 here, it was his testimony that was criticized and I would like him to ask the 5 6 questions specifically about the 7 calculations that he made. 8 MR. KARMEL: Your honor, we would 9 object to that. Mr. Halterman will take 10 the stand and testify at that time. I see 11 no basis for a second round of questioning 12 from a different representative from 13 EREC/CB3 at this time. 14 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I am concerned 15 about what I stated at the outset was that 16 I want -- if you are going to break it down 17 by subject matter, have one individual 18 cross-examine on that subject matter. And 19 I don't want multiple cross-examiners for any one subject matter from one party, so I 20 21 will sustain the objection. 22 MR. STANISLAUS: Can we take a break for a second? 23 24 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, we will go off 25 the record for a moment.

1	(Discussion held off the record.)
2	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Back on the record.
3	MR. GUTMAN: Can the witness take a
4	look at Exhibit 2.
5	JUDGE O'CONNELL: I have a copy for
6	the witness. Everybody has copies today.
7	MR. GUTMAN: We don't have any more
8	questions, your Honor.
9	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Is there any other
10	cross-examination? I believe I asked I
11	asked the two agencies. There are no other
12	parties.
13	JUDGE O'CONNELL: I do.
14	EXAMINATION BY JUDGE O'CONNELL:
15	Q. Dr. Yarwood, I have just a few
16	questions about clarification of your memorandum,
17	which is marked as Exhibit 38. You are talking
18	about here secondary PM, particulate matter,
19	that's what I presume the "PM" stands for?
20	A. Yes, that is correct.
21	Q. Could you please explain how you are
22	using the term "secondary PM," what you mean by
23	that?
24	A. Yes. What I mean by "secondary" is
25	that the particulate matter is formed in the

atmosphere by reactions that convert a gas into particles.

Q. And then referring to page 2 of your memorandum, in about the middle of the page you refer to monitoring data obtained from the Mabel Dean Bacon Station.

Would you clarify, please, whether this station can actually distinguish the chemical properties of the particulates that it measures, that you are aware?

- A. Yes, sir. They do chemical analysis of the filtered samples they collect. That is relatively recent.
- Q. Now, on page 3, under the topic "secondary PM impact of decreased sulfur dioxide emissions," you have a term over here on the side, "sulfate reduction."

Now, it's been a while since I took chem class. Whenever I see "reduction," I think oxidation reduction. Is that the meaning of the word "reduction" here that you are using or is there some other meaning to it?

A. Yes. In this context I did not mean chemical reduction, I merely meant reduction in the mass of sulfate in the atmosphere.

- Q. Now, on page 4, I just want to make sure I understand this correctly, this is under the topic "Comparison to Mr. Halterman's evaluation." If I read the first paragraph correctly, what I understand it to mean is that sulfates and oxides of nitrogen are converted to acids through reaction with ammonium and form the salts, and then it is the salts that are considered to be the particulates; is that a fair summary?
 - A. Yes, that is a fair summary.
- Q. Is it your position that the acids, sulfuric acid, nitrous or nitric acid are also considered particulates?
- A. No. There is a difference there between sulfur species and the nitrogen species.

 Nitric acid would be a gas unless it reacts with something that will form a salt and cause it to be a particle.
- Q. It's the neutralization of the acid by the ammonium that causes the precipitation and the particulate to form; is that a fair understanding?
 - A. Yes, that is correct.
 - Q. Okay. Now, in bullet 3 at the bottom

of that page, of page 4, do I understand this correctly that you are considering sulfate to also be a particulate?

- A. Yes. So to be specific, sulfuric acid will enter the particle phase one way or another, either just by condensing to an acid aerosol or if it finds ammonia, then forming ammonium salts.
- Q. Okay. I have just a few more questions here.

I think the record needs to be clear about what we are talking about, S4 and S6. You are referring to the valences of the sulfur atom; is that correct?

- A. Yes. Sometimes it would be called valence or oxidation state.
- Q. Is it fair to state that we are identifying the number of electrons present in the -- I am trying to recall the appropriate vocabulary.
 - A. May I help?
 - Q. -- the valence electrons?
- A. It is something like that. It is the number of electrons that are considered to be associated with the sulfur atom.

1	Q. Okay, maybe this will help me figure
2	out this later.
3	Do you recall from the periodic table
4	what the molecular weight of sulfur is?
5	A. 32, I think.
6	JUDGE O'CONNELL: Thank you. I
7	didn't mean to put you on the spot. I'm
8	sorry. I have no other questions.
9	Thank you.
10	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Redirect?
11	MR. KARMEL: Nothing, your Honor.
12	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you,
13	Dr. Yarwood. You are excused.
14	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
15	(Whereupon, the witness was excused.)
16	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We have Exhibits 37
17	and 38.
18	MR. KARMEL: We would move that they
19	be entered into evidence, your Honor.
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any
21	objections?
22	They are in evidence.
23	(Exhibits 37 and 38 were
24	received in evidence.)
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: And who is our next

1	witness?
2	MR. LANG: I believe it is up to us,
3	your Honor.
4	I'm sorry. I think it is unless,
5	unless you had someone else that you were
6	putting are you going to put on Steve or
7	are we putting on Matt?
8	MR. KARMEL: Mr. Kurtz would be our
9	next SCONOx witness. As we discussed
10	previously, we are going to pass on that
11	for scheduling sake and put him on after
12	the out-of-town witnesses have come on.
13	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: That would then
14	bring us to Mr. Cinadr.
15	Whereupon,
16	MATTHEW CINADR,
17	having been first duly sworn, was examined and
18	testified as follows:
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Please be seated
20	and state your name for the court reporter.
21	THE WITNESS: My name is Matthew,
22	two T's, Cinadr.
23	DIRECT EXAMINATION
24	BY MR. LANG:
25	Q. Mr. Cinadr, do you have before you a

1	document entitled "The Prepared Testimony of
2	Matthew Cinadr"
3	A. Yes, I do.
4	Q dated March 2001?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Do you have any corrections to make
7	to this document, sir?
8	A. I have no corrections.
9	Q. If you were asked the same questions
10	that are in your testimony this morning, would
11	your answers be the same as they are in this
12	document?
13	A. Yes, they would.
14	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I ask that
15	Mr. Cinadr's testimony be moved into the
16	record.
17	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any
18	objections?
19	Motion granted.
20	
21	
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25	

BEFORE THE STATE OF NEW YORK BOARD ON ELECTRIC GENERATION SITING AND THE ENVIRONMENT

In the Matter of the Application of Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc. for a

Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need to Repower the East River Generating Station to Replace the Waterside Generating Station in Manhattan, New York County, New York.

Case 99-F-1314

In the Matter of Applications for:

(1) a State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
permit pursuant to Environmental Conservation Law Article 17
and Title 6 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and
Regulations of the State of New York (6 NYCRR) Parts 750 et
seq., (2) a pre-construction Air State Facility permit
pursuant to ECL Article 19, and 6 NYCRR Part 201 and Subpart
231-2, and (3) a Prevention of Significant Deterioration
permit pursuant to Title 40 of the US Code of Federal
Regulations (40 CFR) 52.21 by
Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.

DEC Project # 2-6206-00012/000021

March 2001

Prepared Testimony of:

Matthew F. Cinadr
Power Systems Operations
Specialist
Office of Electricity and
Environment
State of New York
Department of Public Service
Three Empire State Plaza
Albany, New York 12223-1350

- 1 Q. Please state your name, business address, and
- 2 title.
- 3 A. My name is Matthew F. Cinadr. My address is NYS
- 4 Department of Public Service, Three Empire State
- 5 Plaza, Albany, NY 12223. My title is Power
- 6 Systems Operations Specialist.
- 7 Q. Please describe your experience regarding
- 8 electric-generating facilities.
- 9 A. I have worked in the field of power systems and
- 10 electric-generating facilities for over 30
- 11 years. I am employed by the Office of
- 12 Electricity and Environment's Distribution
- 13 Systems and Generation Section. I have
- 14 testified in numerous administrative hearings
- before the Commission. As a staff member of the
- 16 Department of Public Service, I have provided
- testimony on power plant performance, operation,
- 18 and maintenance.
- 19 Q. Please state your professional qualifications,
- work experience, and educational background.
- 21 A. I received a bachelor degree in mechanical
- 22 engineering from Cleveland State University.
- 23 After graduating, I began my engineering career
- 24 as a field engineer with General Electric's

1	Installation and Service Engineering Department.
2	Various field assignments led to promotions to
3	the Schenectady Large Steam Turbine Department
4	and to the Apparatus Service Business Division
5	where I was Manager of the Mechanical-Turbine
6	Unit at the Charlotte, North Carolina Service
7	Shop. I left General Electric to become the
8	Manager of the Service Department for Stock
9	Equipment Company. Power plant equipment
LO	startup and service was the main responsibility
11	for the 12 graduate engineers in my department.
12	In this capacity, I reported to the Manager of
13	Engineering and thus became involved with design
1 4	improvement projects and new project designs. I
15	was promoted and joined Stock's Sales Department
16	with responsibilities for a seven-state sales
17	territory. I joined Stone & Webster's
18	Operations Services Division and for over two
19	years was responsible for a variety of tasks.
20	As an engineer at Stone & Webster, I was
21	responsible for evaluating, selecting, and
22	applying standard engineering techniques,
23	procedures, and criteria. I served as a
24	Principal Engineer on a project for a 670 MW

1		nuclear plant and was Division Specialist in
2		coal handling. I joined the Department of
3		Public Service, System Operations Section, in
4		March 1982 and have been assigned a variety of
5		work related to the operation and performance of
6		generating stations and the siting of new ones.
7	Q.	Have you previously submitted testimony before
8		the Commission?
9	Α.	I have prepared testimony before the Public
10		Service Commission for the Consolidated Edison
11		Company of New York, Inc. (Con Edison) Rate Case
12		28211; Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation
13		Rate Cases 28313 and 29426; Niagara Mohawk Power
14		Corporation Rate Cases 29327 and 29728; and in
15		Central Hudson Gas & Electric Corporation Case
16		29433.
17	Q.	What issue does this testimony address?
18	Α.	This testimony addresses some of the
19		uncertainties arising from the use of $SCONO_{x}$
20		emissions control technology.
21	Q.	Why is this testimony being sponsored?
22	Α.	This testimony responds to the Hearing
23		Examiners' March 15, 2001 Ruling with respect to
24		adjudicating issues related to the use of $SCONO_x$

1		cechnology.
2	Q.	What is your position regarding the substitution
3		of $SCONO_x$ technology in place of SCR?
4	A.	It is my understanding that the Lowest
5		Achievable Emission Rate (LAER) requires the
6		most stringent emission limitation achieved in
7		practice, or which can reasonably be expected to
8		occur in practice for a category of emission
9		sources taking into consideration each air
10		contaminant which must be controlled. The
11		emphasis in this definition should be placed on
12		the words "in practice". To my knowledge, no
13		${\tt SCONO}_{x}$ units with large dual-fueled, combustion
14		turbine generators (CTG), duct-fired technology
15		are being tested nor are any units operational.
16		Therefore, in the case of East River, scaling up
17		the existing $SCONO_x$ technology for use with the
18		proposed GE Frame 7FA CTG gas turbines is
19		uncertain and not without risk at this time.
20	Q.	Are you aware of any proposed scale-up of $SCONO_{\mathbf{x}}$
21		technology?
22	Α.	Yes, in California a subsidiary of PG&E
23		Generating Company has proposed $SCONO_x$
24		technology for its 520 MW Otay Mesa Generating

1		Project. In March 2001, the California
2		Certification Committee issued its Presiding
3		Member's Proposed Decision in Docket
4		No. 99-AFC-5, which included, among other
5		things, a discussion of the use of $SCONO_x$
6		technology for the proposed power plant.
7		Recognize, however, that this matter has not
8		been decided by the California Energy Commission
9		and is not considered a final decision.
10	Q.	Please explain.
11	Α.	The Presiding Member's Proposed Decision states
12		at page 3, that "If $SCONO_x$ is successful, the
13		project will achieve a $NO_{\mathbf{x}}$ emission level of
14		1.0 ppmvd (at 15% O ₂) over a 24-hour period."
15		Note that the operative word in this statement
16		is "if."
17	Q.	Please explain how this applies to the
18		East River project.
19	Α.	Unlike the East River project, the Otay Mesa
20		Project has extensive acreage available to site
21		the facility. Additionally, the major
22		mechanical features of the Project include two
23		natural gas F-class 170 MW combustion turbine
24		generators (CTG), two heat recovery steam

-		generators (HRSG), and is being permitted using
2		a design for either one or two conventional 90
3		MW steam turbine generators (STG). This project
4		is basically two power islands each of which
5		would include a CTG, HRSG, and either one or two
6		STG's for the 510 MW facility.
7		At East River, there is very limited space
8		available because the new facilities will be
9		constructed inside an existing building. Also,
10		at East River, no STGs are proposed to be
11		constructed because it is believed that the use
12		of East River cooling water would be prohibited.
13	Q.	What relevance does the availability of space at
14		the East River site have to the use of $SCONO_x$
15		technology?
16	Α.	In the past year at the Department of Public
17		Service, principally during my involvement in
.18		this proceeding, I have reviewed engineering
19		information on $SCONO_x$ technology, including
20		design drawings and construction specifications.
21		I have also discussed its use and installation
22		with employees of Goal Line Environmental
23		Technologies, the developer of $SCONO_x$
24		technology. $SCONO_x$ must be installed directly

1		in the path of the exhaust gases, and it is
2		likely that significant space will be required.
3		At the Otay Mesa Project, there is sufficient
4		space to construct the $SCONO_x$ equipment.
5		However, because of the space limitations within
6		the East River building, I do not believe the
7		${\tt SCONO}_{\tt x}$ equipment can be accommodated.
8	Q.	Please continue with your discussion of the
9		California Presiding Member's Decision.
10	Α.	The Decision, at page 122, indicates that $\text{SCONO}_{\mathbf{x}}$
11		has only been demonstrated on smaller
12		aero-derivative turbines and will require
13		significant scale-up for application to the
14		large F-type turbines. More importantly, the
15		Decision, at page 81, states that "Applicant's
16		proposal to use $SCONO_x$ technology to control gas
17		turbine $NO_{\mathbf{x}}$ emissions has not demonstrated
18		adequate reliability on a scaled-up basis
19		compatible with the design requirements of [the
20		Project]. (Ex. 64, p. 324.) The evidentiary
21		record indicates that Applicant will employ SCR
22		and dry low-NO $_{\rm x}$ combustors if SCONO $_{\rm x}$ is
23		unavailable. (Ex. 1,//1.5.2, 3.4.1, 3.4.10.1.1)
24		SCR and dry low-NO $_{\rm x}$ combustors are proven

1		technologies that pose no leliability concerns.
2		(Ex. 64, p. 324.)" Again, the emphasis should
3		be on the word "if."
4	Q.	Please explain the relevance of these
5		statements.
6	Α.	These statements demonstrate that $SCONO_x$
7		technology has not been proven to be a viable
8		method of controlling emissions from large-scale
9		power plants. They also indicate that the use
10		of $SCONO_x$ technology may pose reliability
11		concerns in the operation of the plant. For
12		this reason, the Applicant and the state entity
13		reviewing the Application reserved the option of
14		retrofitting the plant for use of SCR
15		technology.
16	Q.	What bearing does the California decision have
17		in this proceeding?
18	Α.	That decision demonstrates that neither the
19		Applicant nor the California Committee assigned
20		to review the Application were willing to rely
21		exclusively on $SCONO_x$ technology because neither
22		was convinced it would work. The same argument
23		applies in this proceeding. Because the $\text{SCONO}_{\mathbf{x}}$
24		technology is unproven in a power plant of the

1		size of the East River Project, the Siting Board
2		should not require its use and prohibit the use
3		of the proven SCR technology.
4	Q.	Do you believe that Con Edison should take the
5		same risk at East River as the PG&E subsidiary
6		did at Otay Mesa and consider the application of
7		SCONO _x technology?
8	Α.	No, there is too much at stake at this point in
9		time, due to the uncertainty associated with
10		$SCONO_x$ technology. I do not believe it would be
11		a prudent decision for Con Edison to install
12		SCONO _x .
13	Q.	Please explain.
14	Α.	The East River Repowering Project is a major
15		investment in Con Edison's regulated steam.
16		system. The Project is designed the produce
17		approximately three million pounds of steam per
18		hour, steam that is needed year-round by
19		Con Edison's steam customers for heating and
20		cooling commercial and residential buildings
21		throughout Manhattan. If the plant has to be
22		shut down due to a failure of the $SCONO_x$
23		technology, approximately 25-30% of the steam
24		system's capacity would be curtailed. The added

1		risk of such a major uncertainty in the overall
2		reliability of a major steam production facility
3		in New York City cannot be tolerated at any
4		time. In addition, 360 MW of much-needed
5		electric generation would likewise be lost to.
6		the in-City generation capability and
7		requirement. Beyond the immediate effects on
8		energy prices, ratepayers could endure much more
9		serious consequences when one considers the
0		forecasted need for in-City generating capacity
11		over the next few years.
12	Q.	What consequences are you referring to?
L 3	Α.	Demand for electricity is outstripping supply in
L 4		New York City. The electricity to be produced
15		by the East River Repowering Project will help
16		meet that demand. Therefore, if East River's
17		capacity is needed for reliability and the plant
18		cannot operate because of a failure of the
19		$SCONO_x$ technology, it could also jeopardize the
20		reliability of New York City electric supply.
21		In contrast, because SCR technology has been
22		proven in numerous power plants, the use of such
23		technology would minimize the potential for a
24	•	similar failure.

1	Q.	Does this conclude your testimony?
2	A.	Yes, for the time being, this concludes my
3		testimony. Because new information on emissions
4		control technologies, including SCONOx, may
5		become available, I reserve the right to
6		supplement my testimony should new facts warrant
7		doing so. Additionally, I reserve the right to
8		submit rebuttal or rejoinder testimony, as the
9		case may be, to respond to testimony submitted
10		by other parties.

1	MR. LANG: Your Honor
2	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Did you provide the
3	reporter with a copy?
4	MR. LANG: Your Honor, Mr. Cinadr,
5	in his testimony, refers to presiding members'
6	proposed decision on the Otay Mesa generating
7	project in California. This is an official
8	document of the California Energy Commission. My
9	question to you is would you like to just take
10	judicial notice of it or would you like me to have
11	it marked as an exhibit?
12	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We can mark it as
13	an exhibit and I will give it the same treatment
14	as I did with the Commission decision. We will
15	leave it marked for identification. Obviously,
16	the official document will be the primary source,
17	right.
18	MR. LANG: Very good.
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We will mark it
20	Exhibit 39 for identification.
21	(Exhibit 39 was so marked
22	for identification.)
23	MR. LANG: Your Honor, at this time
24	I would offer Mr. Cinadr for
25	cross-examination.

1	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Who from EREC will
2	be cross-examining?
3	Mr. Stanislaus?
4	CROSS-EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. STANISLAUS:
6	Q. Good morning, Mr. Cinadr.
7	A. Good morning.
8	Q. If you can refer to page 4 of your
9	testimony, beginning with your answer starting
10	from 4, I'm sorry, line 4.
11	MR. LANG: Could you speak up?
12	MR. STANISLAUS: Sure.
13	Q. Page 4, line 4, that answer there.
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. If you could quickly read that and
16	familiarize yourself with that?
17	A. I'm familiar.
18	Q. In identifying LAER, what is the
19	Lowest Achievable Emission Rate? You state that
20	LAER would be the emission limitation which is
21	achieved in practice or which can be reasonably
22	expected to occur in practice. Then you go on
23	with an emphasis on the words "in practice." Can
24	you give an understanding of the phrase
25	"reasonably expected to occur in practice" as it

1	relates to the determination of LAER?
2	A. I am not an expert on LAER. It is my
3	understanding that the requirements of LAER are as
4	I have testified.
5	Q. Okay.
6	A. I think further in my testimony you
.7	will find that I did discuss what I think is
8	reasonable to expect, is all I can give you.
9	Q. Do you understand that phrase to mean
10	that there could be technologies that aren't
11	actually achieved for the particular proposed
12	facility, but a regulator could determine that
13	technology to be applied?
14	A. Okay. Absolutely.
15	Q. Okay. Mr. Cinadr, isn't it correct
16	that air control technologies have, in fact, been
17	scaled up in other circumstances from a smaller
18	facility to a larger facility?
19	MR. LANG: Object to the form. I
20	don't know what kind of control
21	technologies he's referring to.
22	MR. STANISLAUS: Air pollution
23	control technologies.
24	MR. LANG: Do you have one in
25	particular you are referring to?

MR. STANISLAUS: This witness is
testifying on his familiarity with air
pollution control devices.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will allow the question.

A. So as I understand your question, it is, am I familiar with the scale-up of other air pollution control technologies? Yes, I can well remember the industry's growing pains, if you will, with scrubbers. Sulfur is now being scrubbed successfully.

In the initial stages of scrubber development, my recollection is that there were a number of problems. I expect my experience with scaling up on other pieces of equipment would have some bearing on the scaling up of any such air pollution control equipment, and I can speak with some experience. There are ongoing developmental efforts with, for example, SCONOx, that really and truly will bring the SCONOx technology a step further in being reasonably expected to perform.

So I am familiar with scale-ups, growing pains, if you will, industry problems, yes.

Q. Mr. Cinadr, are you familiar with the term BACT or Best Available Control Technology?

1	A. I am generally familiar with the
2	term.
3	Q. Are you familiar with the differences
4	between a BACT technology and a LAER technology?
5	A. I am not experienced in that subject.
6	Q. Okay. Based on your understanding of
7	that, do you have any understanding of what
8	factors are considered in a BACT technology that
9	cannot be considered in a LAER technology?
10	A. I think one of them might be
11	economics, but I am not certain.
12	Q. Okay. Do you understand LAER to be a
13	technology forcing standardization of pollution
14	control devices?
15	A. As I stated, I think the term is
16	"reasonably expected to occur in practice," that
17	is the extent of my understanding. It is to that
18	extent it is technology forcing, if it can be
19	reasonably expected to produce the sought-after
20	reductions.
21	Q. Okay. And just so I understand your
22	prior comment, with respect to BACT, you believe
23	costs can be considered; with respect to LAER,
24	costs cannot be considered in determining
25	A. I would like to once again remind you

1	I am not an expert on these terms of art, so to
2	speak.
3	Q. Okay.
4	A. I looked at fellow staff members'
5	work with respect to LAER, and came to the
6	understanding that I have testified to.
7	Q. Okay.
8	A. And I will just refer you to that.
9	Q. Well, I guess, are you aware of costs
10	ever being considered in a LAER determination?
11	A. No. I am not aware of LAER-impacted
12	matters to that extent.
13	MR. STANISLAUS: Just a question for
14	your Honors. Since the witness is relying
15	on other staff work and other staff
16	understanding of pollution control devices
17	which this witness is testifying on, I am
18	kind of trying to figure out how to proceed
19	with that issue.
20	MR. LANG: Mr. Cinadr did not say he
21	is relying on other staff's work on
22	pollution control devices. I believe he
23	said he is relying on other staff for BACT
24	and LAER.
25	MR. KARMEL: Your Honor, if I may

speak also. 1 What is LAER and what is BACT is a 2 question of law. It is not a question of 3 fact. In terms of what the legal standard 4 5 is, whether costs may be considered in LAER 6 versus BACT is a question of law, so I don't believe that it is appropriate 7 subject for testimony in any event, and I 8 9 don't see any basis for further inquiry to 10 PSC staff nor anyone else on that topic. 11 MR. LANG: I would agree the 12 definition of LAER and BACT are legal standards. The determination of LAER is a 13 14 factual process and a technical process. 15 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Well, just a 16 moment. 17 MR. STANISLAUS: Before you make a 18 decision, let me just withdraw. 19 forget the line of questioning. 20 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. We weren't 21 sure what you wanted to know, and we were 22 trying to figure it out. BY MR. STANISLAUS: 23 Mr. Cinadr, isn't it correct that the 24 0. 25 application of any control technology to a new

1	facility has some risk?
2	A. I'm sorry. Any new technology or any
3	technology?
4	Q. Any designing and implementing any
5	air control technology to a facility has some risk
6	associated with that?
7	MR. KARMEL: Objection, to the form.
8	MR. STANISLAUS: If I can point to
9	the witness's testimony, the witness
10	testifies on page 4 that SCONOx is
11	uncertain and not without risk at this
12	time. So I am asking the witness whether
13	the installation of an air pollution
14	control device on a facility as a general
15	concept occurs with some risk.
16	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will allow the
17	question.
18	A. I would have to say my experience
19	with equipment in the power industry has led me to
20	believe that there are many risks with any
21	equipment; that is certainly the case.
22	Q. Okay. And those risks basically
23	translate into design specifications and
24	performance standards versus what actually occurs
25	once you actually install this equipment; is that

correct?

- A. I am sorry. I would ask you to repeat that.
 - Q. Maybe I can rephrase that.

When you are designing air pollution control devices, you design it based on certain design specifications. When you actually install it, there is a period of time where the actual performance does not meet your design specifications, and those are one of the difficulties that are encountered in all new facilities?

- A. That could be one of them, one of the difficulties, certainly.
- Q. And, typically, the facilities go through an initial start-up process known as a shake-down process during which these corrections may be made?
- A. Not necessarily. It's my experience that start-up problems correct many, many things, not necessarily design problems. It could be construction misunderstandings, interferences. At any rate, among the things that would be corrected at start-up would be some of the problems that surface early in that piece of equipment's life.

So to say that, for example, the specifications in your example weren't fully complied with, it's not necessarily the case that the specifications were right in the first place. So things could be corrected where you are focusing on one, you know, facet of the things you correct in the life of the piece of equipment.

- Q. And you previously testified about the example of scrubbers, and your experience has been that when scrubbers were initially installed, there were some problems that the industry had to work through?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And that would generally be, I guess, characterized -- how would you characterize that process between the scrubbers' design performance versus what actually occurred and then what efforts the industry made in order to achieve the emission standards?
- A. I would characterize it as an evolutionary process, a lengthy evolutionary development process, that is generally how I would say it.
- Q. I guess maybe you can focus the question. My question was focused on a particular

facility, if you can describe the process that a facility had gone through in the scrubber example.

MR. LANG: Object to the form. What facility are we referring to here? Any facility is so broad and vague.

MR. STANISLAUS: Well, the witness testified as to his experience regarding the use of scrubbers in the industry. He could talk about -- I will offer the witness to speak about -- my question in terms of the industry as a whole, and his experience regarding particular facilities that he has been involved in.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will allow the question.

A. My previous comments about scrubbers pertained to my understanding of the scrubbers primarily, my specific understanding of the scrubbers at a plant called Brucemans Field.

I think one of the most serious design or redesign steps that had to be taken was when the flue gas was reheated, so that it might pass through the rest of the duct, the stack.

That seemed to be a major thermal cost to me, and a serious process change in the big picture of

1	that scrubber and scrubbers in general. So that
2	is an example.
3	MR. STANISLAUS: Just to clarify,
4	you are going to provide the California
5	decision into the record, is that right, it
6	is going to be identified for the record?
7	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We identified it,
8	that's correct.
9	MR. STANISLAUS: I'm sorry.
10	Q. Mr. Cinadr, am I pronouncing that
11	correctly?
12	A. "Cinder" is the way I say it. It's
13	quite understandable.
14	Q. Page 6 of your testimony, I refer you
15	to line 7.
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. You are talking about the East River
18	Plant being very limited in space because of
19	certain new facilities; is that correct?
20	A. Because of the project, I am speaking
21	of, yes, the new equipment from the project.
22	Q. Okay.
23	MR. STANISLAUS: Is there an
24	objection?
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm sorry. I

1 didn't hear. 2 MR. LANG: I objected to the form, 3 That is not what this sentence your Honor. 4 says. 5 MR. STANISLAUS: I will literally 6 read the sentence. 7 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. 8 Ο. You state, starting at line 7, "At 9 the East River, there is very limited space 10 available because the new facility would be constructed inside an existing building"; is that 11 12 correct? 13 Α. Yes. 14 You are not saying that there 15 could -- that there could not be some engineering 16 solutions within those space constraints, that 17 there could be some engineering-based solutions to 18 that space limitation? 19 No. I am saying that at East River, 20 there is very limited space basically available because the new facilities will be constructed 21 22 inside the existing building. 23 0. Okay. The existing building is the boundary 24 Α. 25 in this.

1	Q. And
2	A. I mean, within that space it's
3	bounded, that is the only thing that says.
4	Q. You are not saying simply because of
5	the new equipment proposed in this project, and
6	the size associated with that, that necessarily
7	precludes the possibilities of installation of
8	SCONOx, all you are saying well, let's just
9	leave it at that.
10	A. Would I agree with that?
11	Q. Yes.
12	MR. KARMEL: I would object to the
13	form of the question. I didn't understand
14	it.
15	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You cut it off in
16	the middle. Could you rephrase it?
17	MR. STANISLAUS: Sure.
18	Q. Mr. Cinadr, you are not saying that
19	based on the project equipment that is contained
20	in the application, that that in itself would
21	preclude the possibility of the installation of
22	SCONOx?
23	A. I think if you look in the context of
24	what I have said, maybe I didn't say it as I could
25	have, but it is my understanding that the Otay

Mesa facility is in an agricultural part of the state, that there is many acres of space available, and in contrast, this is the middle of Manhattan in a plant that exists.

There are some problems that I see with the available space as contrasted with Otay Mesa. That is what I am saying. What I am not saying -- there are a number of things that I am not saying, but I couldn't begin to cover them all.

- Q. Okay. Mr. Cinadr, scaling up is an accepted engineering practice; is that correct?
 - A. I would say so, yes.
- Q. In fact, SCR, Selective Catalytic Reduction, at one point was scaled up initially from laboratory studies; is that correct?
- A. I would imagine, yes. I am not familiar with those studies.
- Q. And subsequently from smaller-sized generation facilities to larger-sized generation facilities?
 - A. I am sure.
- Q. Mr. Cinadr, I refer you to page 9 of your testimony, specifically your answer beginning on line 14.

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. On line 21 you state that if the
3	plant has to be shut down due to the failure of
4	SCONOx, and you go on from there?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Now, theoretically, a plant could be
7	shut down for a number of reasons associated with
8	the plant's operation; would that be correct?
9	A. Certainly.
10	Q. Okay. And that could be shut down
11	due to a rupture of a gas main, theoretically?
12	A. Certainly.
13	Q. It could be shut down due to
14	potential design flaw; is that correct?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Okay. And there is no specific
17	scenarios of shut-down that you presented in your
18	testimony associated with SCONOx; is that correct?
19	A. No. But I will say that there are a
20	number of important reliability experiments that
21	we require applicants to review and publish in
22	their applications. There are many, many problems
23	that can go wrong with a power plant.
24	My point here is to say that for us
25	to begin this phase, this next step, and switch to

1	SCONOx would require, at a minimum, the
2	consideration that the Siting Board in California
3	has, and that is stand by to replace the system
4	with SCR if SCONOx doesn't work out in California.
5	So my point is this location is ill-suited for
6	such questionable arrangements.
7	Q. Mr. Cinadr, are you aware whether the
8	same concerns were raised regarding SCR at the
9	point that it was being proposed as LAER for power
10	generation facilities?
11	MR. LANG: Object to the form.
12	Where, when?
13	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will sustain the
14	objection.
15	Could you be more specific?
16	Q. Based on your familiarity with the
17	power industry and generation facilities, and its
18	installation of SCR or as LAER, are you familiar
19	with when SCR's were initially installed at power
20	generation facilities?
21	A. About all I can say is I am aware
22	that they evolved in current practice.
23	Q. Okay.
24	A. I am sorry. I don't have a date for
25	you.

1	Q. Okay. Well, if you are aware of that
2	evolution process, are you aware of the concerns
3	noted with reliability of SCR at the time that
4	this was being evolved and transitioned?
5	A. I couldn't say one way or the other.
6	I am sorry.
7	Q. Mr. Cinadr, I refer you to page 10 of
8	your testimony beginning with your answer to line
9	13.
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Are you aware of whether the Con Ed
12	project in this proceeding is designed to address
13	reliability in the overall New York City electric
14	supply?
15	A. Yes. I am aware.
16	Q. So it is your understanding that this
17	project is proposed in part to address New York
18	City's electric supply as a whole?
19	A. There could be some easily
20	misunderstood views here. I would say that this
21	project is a steam project, the byproduct of which
22	generation is electricity, right. I would say
23	that the electricity needed in New York City that
24	will come from this, some of which will come from
25	this project, has been integrated into the City in

a very reliable way, and in a locational study and grid connections, and all of the interconnection studies that must go on.

- Q. In your answer beginning on line 13, you relate to, I presume, the current state of electric supply in New York City, and there is a potential of future demand outstripping supply.

 Are you aware whether that is an issue in this proceeding?
- A. Well, in a general sense, Article X brings a process to site needed electric generation stations. So we are trying to introduce competition to the extent that we can get a number of new, lower priced, reliable, clean generating stations built.
- Q. Now, I presume you are familiar with the primary reason that the applicant has cited for this project, that is to shift the steam production capacity from Waterside --
 - A. That's right.

Q.

MR. LANG: Objection. Your Honor, the basis for the application is set forth in the application. I believe that application speaks for itself as to

-- to this proposed plant?

Con Ed's reason for it. There is also in 1 terms of the issue of need defined under 2 the Public Service Law, and what must be 3 decided in Article X is a matter of law. 4 5 MR. STANISLAUS: If I can address that. 7 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes. MR. STANISLAUS: 8 The witness's testimony relates to the reliability 9 10 question and he ties that into statements 11 about New York City's supply. I think it 12 is fair game that I be allowed to ask those 13 questions. 14 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I have no problem 15 with you asking the questions with respect 16 to what he has testified to, but you are 17 jumping back to the application, and asking 18 him about Con Ed's application outside of 19 his testimony, and I will sustain the 20 objection. 21 MR. STANISLAUS: Okay. 22 Q. Mr. Cinadr, are you familiar with the 23 reasons that the applicant has cited for this 24 project? 25 Α. Yes.

- Q. And what are those reasons?
- A. The primary reason is to ensure safe and adequate supply of steam to the Con Ed steam system --
 - Q. And are you familiar --
 - A. -- at just and reasonable rates.
- Q. Are you familiar with specifically in this project why that is an issue? Well, let me rephrase it.

Is it your understanding that this project is to provide the equivalent replacement for Waterside steam production?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Now, are you aware of any statements made by the applicant in the application that the project is designed to fulfill reliability needs in the New York City electric supply market?
- A. I am familiar with the requirement for interconnecting the electric supply from this project to the grid, and I can say that that is a very, very serious reliability issue, if that is -- that's, perhaps, one of the most important reliability concerns that we would ever have, aside from the equipment reliability that we look into on a component basis.

3 4 5 referring to? 6 Α. 7 8 ο. 9 10 11 supply. 12 13 Α. Yes. 14 Q. 15 16 17 to achieve that end? 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 use of SCR requires ammonia?

Q.

just said.

1

2

I am trying to understand what you

1	A. Yes, I am.
2	Q. Are you familiar with the potential
3	for secondary reactions associated with ammonia?
4	MR. LANG: Objection, your Honor.
5	Way outside the scope of his testimony.
6	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Sustained.
7	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, this
8	witness is testifying about SCONOx as it
9	relates to SCR. One of the issues that is
10	required in making a determination of LAER
11	is other impacts, so I think it's proper
12	that I be able to ask the witness of other
13	impacts that he is aware of with respect to
14	SCR versus SCONOx.
15	MR. LANG: Your Honor, if I may
16	respond?
17	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes.
18	MR. LANG: This witness is
19	testifying to technical capabilities of
20	SCONOx versus SCR. He is not testifying to
21	LAER or the broader air quality issues that
22	are the subject of testimony by many other
23	witnesses by a number of parties in this
24	proceeding.
25	Mr. Cinadr's testimony was

1 specifically limited to those areas which 2 are his expertise, which are technical 3 engineering-type issues. 4 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes. I agree with 5 counsel. This testimony is limited to the 6 technical aspects of it and not into the 7 other more broad emission problems. Mr. Cinadr, if the performance and 8 Ο. installation of SCR and SCONOx were equal, are you 9 aware whether the Department of Public Service 10 11 would prefer a technology because it would avoid 12 certain impacts? 13 MR. LANG: Object to the form. 14 If you understand the question, I 15 didn't. 16 MR. STANISLAUS: Let me rephrase. 17 0. Do you want me to rephrase or --18 MR. LANG: If you understood it, 19 feel free, but I found the question 20 confusing. 21 Α. As I understand your question, within 22 a hypothetically equivalent reliability evaluation, are there other parameters that would 23 24 go into an engineering evaluation of a technology? 25 Q. I guess my question was confusing

then. I guess what I asked is, assuming that the engineering is equivalent, the installation issues are equivalent, and the performance issues are equivalent, and let's assume that there is one technology that has a certain impact that is not equivalent with the other technology.

- A. From my point of view, the premise is that the engineering evaluations would be the same, and that's not a premise that I can calculate, you know, from --
- Q. I guess I am asking you to accept that as a hypothetical; that there would be two potential pollution control devices where everything else is equal, the engineering, the installation, and performance, and let's say technology X has an impact that technology Y does not. In your view, would the Department of Public Service prefer the technology that does not have that impact?

MR. LANG: Object to the form. Your Honor, this witness is an engineer with the Department. They're asking a question that bases the assumption that the engineering is the same, that is the scope of this witness's

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: And are you asking 2 3 for the opinion of the Commission on his opinion? I will sustain the objection. 4 5 Do you have much more? Okay. I want to take a break. 6 7 If you want to finish up, finish up. MR. STANISLAUS: Just to clarify, I 8 believe this witness has been proffered to 9 offer the Department's view on pollution 10 control devices, and within that view, I'm 11 12 sorry, within that deliberation, I am asking the witness in the determination of 13 14 an advocacy for a particular technology, 15 whether implementing the Department's 16 charge to him, they would consider other 17 issues. Your Honor, this witness 18 MR. LANG: 19 is one of many staff people that work on 20 Article X projects. That decision would be 21 made by the Department, but not necessarily by this individual. 22 23 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You can ask him his 24 opinion, but he can't give you the 25 Commission's opinion.

knowledge.

1

1	MR. STANISLAUS: Well, I presume
2	this witness
3	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: There is a
4	distinction between the Department of
5	Public Service and the Commission.
6	MR. STANISLAUS: Just let me further
7	clarify then. I presume Mr. Cinadr has a
8	number of staffers working underneath him,
9	in terms of enabling him to provide advice
10	as to selection of pollution control
11	devices.
12	MR. LANG: That would be an
13	incorrect assumption. He doesn't have a
14	number of people working underneath him.
15	You can inquire of him and he can explain
16	how he works, but he does not have a number
17	of people underneath him. Maybe that would
18	be helpful to have Mr. Cinadr explain how
19	we approach the process.
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I am going to let
21	Mr. Stanislaus conduct his
22	cross-examination as he sees fit.
23	BY MR. STANISLAUS:
24	Q. Mr. Cinadr, how does the Department
25	evaluate pollution control devices?

A. The Department evaluates Article X applications and we have a team working under a project manager, we work with the other state agencies, other parties. You are not unfamiliar to me.

Q. Oh.

A. We work as interested parties in settlement and as a team, staff members are assigned different responsibilities. Mine is the engineering and technical evaluation of the project overall. Other team members will, for example, evaluate noise. If there is a question about this or that, what equipment is what, they will come to me, and talk to me about the particular engineering and design features they are interested in.

So, you know, we have a number of applications before us, and I am generally familiar with the ones that are assigned to me, from an engineering and technical design perspective, that is my assignment.

Q. Okay. So as I understand it, what your role would be is to look at the engineering questions, but you don't make the ultimate determination of the pollution control device

1	that
2	A. I make recommendations.
3	Q. Okay.
4	A. That's my business. The
5	recommendations, for example, with all things
6	being equal, which would be interesting, but if
7	that is hypothetically true, the least expensive
8	technology would certainty get my vote.
9	Q. So your recommendations from a
10	pollution control device perspective is that from
11	a cost and engineering perspective, you would be
12	recommending a particular pollution control
13	device; that is your role?
14	A. From a cost and reliability
15	perspective, we want to have safe and adequate
16	energy at just and reasonable rates.
17	Q. So within your the Article X
18	responsibilities, who made the determination
19	regarding other impacts that should be considered
20	in the decision of a pollution control device?
21	MR. LANG: Objection, your Honor.
22	This witness isn't being proffered to
23	elaborate on the staff decision-making
24	process and how it approaches an Article X,
25	and I am not clear that that is even an

1 appropriate line of inquiry to get into our 2 work product and how we do our evaluation 3 and our analysis of the project. 4 MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, this 5 witness is being offered with respect to pollution control devices and has provided 6 7 testimony criticizing SCONOx and favoring 8 I am asking the witness who, if it is 9 not him, who in the Department makes that 10 decision. He's advocating a particular 11 pollution control device, his advocacy is 12 based on their view of LAER. 13 MR. LANG: Objection, your Honor. 14 It is not. 15 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You have to stick 16 to his testimony. 17 MR. STANISLAUS: His testimony, if I 18 can refer to his testimony --19 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, please do. 20 MR. STANISLAUS: On page 4, 21 Mr. Cinadr talks about LAER, and what it is 22 designed to do, and criticizes SCONOx as 23 not achieving that level within the LAER 24 determination, and within Article X, the 25 requirements regarding various kinds of

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impacts, public health impacts,
environmental impacts. With respect to the
witness's offering testimony regarding
pollution control devices, it seems to be
proper that I be able to ask the Department
witness that area of his testimony as to
the Department's position of other impacts
that they may consider in their ultimate
determination of support for a pollution
control device.

MR. LANG: Your Honor, the Department can raise whatever issues, whatever information it wants. The Department read your Honor's March 15th ruling as raising a fundamental issue specifically relating to SCONOx and whether it is a viable technology. Mr. Cinadr was used solely on the Department's position of whether SCONOx is a viable technology for the purpose of this proceeding. Mr. Cinadr referred to the LAER definition solely to put it into context of his testimony. His testimony is solely related to the technical engineering details of whether SCONOx would work in this project in

response to the issue raised in the March
15th ruling. The Department has not
proffered any witnesses in relation to the
general proposition of LAER in this case,
nor does it intend to do so.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: This testimony deals with the engineering and technical aspects. To try to make him into a LAER expert or emission expert really goes beyond the scope of the direct testimony and I will sustain the objection.

BY MR. STANISLAUS:

- Q. Mr. Cinadr, in your evaluation of SCR versus SCONOx, did you consider issues like the use of ammonia with SCR?
 - A. I considered it.
- Q. Okay. Did you consider the impact associated with the use of ammonia with SCR?

MR. LANG: Objection, your Honor.

Again, this is outside the scope of his testimony. Whether he considered it in the review of the application or not is a different issue. The issue on which he is testifying is the engineering and technical issues associated with SCONOx versus SCR,

1 and whether or not SCONOx would work in 2 this particular project. His consideration as far as the evaluation of the project is 3 4 not an issue for which he has been 5 proffered. 6 MR. STANISLAUS: Again, that is all 7 I am asking, is whether he considered it or 8 not. I just want the record to reflect that this witness considered certain 9 10 factors and not other factors, that is all. 11 I am not probing beyond that. 12 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: If you don't go 13 beyond that, I will allow the question. Ιf we are going to get off on a big discussion 14 of the impacts of ammonia, I'm going to 15 16 stop you. 17 MR. STANISLAUS: Within, whatever 18 the witness considered, just asking what he considered. 19 20 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: All right. I will 21 allow it. MR. STANISLAUS: 22 I will rephrase 23 that question. 24 BY MR. STANISLAUS: 25 Q. Did you consider the impacts

associated with the use of ammonia in SCR?

2

A. I considered them.

3

Q. How did you consider them?

4

A. I find it technically very

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Stopping there, I find it promising that you could

interesting when you can avoid the use of ammonia.

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use the SCONOx technology. Now, I said to myself,

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what can be done on East River and what will be

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reasonable. And you have my testimony. Not

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stated in the testimony is what I understand to be

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quite an additional expense for the installation,

12

you know, the purchase price, the capital cost of

13

the SCONOx system. I am not firsthand familiar

14

with it, but I understand it is quite a bit more

If these LAER understandings of mine

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expensive.

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are correct, the standards are set, and equivalent

SCONOx isn't ready for this project.

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technologies are brought into competition and

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selected to be able to deliver to the standard.

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So my testimony has to do with my belief that

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Q. Okay. So let me go back to my hypothetical then. Assuming everything else being

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equal, would you prefer a technology that doesn't

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use ammonia?

1	A. Everything else being equal, I would
2	have to say yes.
3	MR. STANISLAUS: That's all I have,
4	your Honor.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you.
6	Mr. Little.
7	MR. LITTLE: I don't have any
8	cross-examination for this witness.
9	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Karmel, are you
10	conducting the cross?
11	MR. KARMEL: Yes, your Honor. Could
12	I consult briefly with my client?
13	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Why don't we take a
14	ten-minute recess and come back and we will
15	begin.
16	(Recess taken.)
17	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Can we come to
18	order, please.
19	Mr. Karmel.
20	MR. KARMEL: Thank you, your Honor.
21	We have no cross-examination.
22	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Excuse me. One
23	minute before you start.
24	JUDGE O'CONNELL: I don't have any
25	questions.

1	CROSS-EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. LANG:
3	Q. Turning to your testimony on page 4,
4	I believe it is lines 16 through 19, do you recall
5	Mr. Stanislaus asking you some questions about
6	risk?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. The risk that you referred to in line
9	19, could you explain what kind of risk that is in
10	comparison to the risk you were describing in
11	response to Mr. Stanislaus's questions?
12	A. Yes. Earlier this morning, we talked
13	about the risk that would generally be associated
14	with any power plant equipment. Here in my
15	testimony I am referring to those risks associated
16	with the scaling up of the prototypical
17	development phase of the SCONOx technology.
18	Q. Thank you.
19	Now, with respect to SCR, do you
20	recall being asked a number of questions regarding
21	scaling up SCR to certain sizes?
22	A. Yes, I do.
23	Q. At this point in time, would any
24	scaling up of an SCR technology be needed for the
25	East River Power Plant Project?

1	A. No, it would not.
2	Q. Is it fair to say that SCR is an
3	established, reliable technology?
4	A. It is my belief that it is.
5	MR. LANG: That's all I have, your
6	Honor.
7	MR. STANISLAUS: That's all.
8	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you,
9	Mr. Cinadr. You are excused.
10	(Whereupon, the witness was excused.)
11	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. Who is our
12	next witness?
13	MR. STANISLAUS: I'm sorry?
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Our next witness?
15	MR. STANISLAUS: It's up to us.
16	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I think we are
17	MR. STANISLAUS: calling Elwood
18	Halterman.
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Halterman,
20	please take a seat.
21	Whereupon,
22	ELWOOD HALTERMAN, JR.,
23	having been first duly sworn, was examined and
24	testified as follows:
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Please be seated

1 and state and spell your name for our 2 reporter. 3 Elwood Halterman, THE WITNESS: H-A-L-T-E-R-M-A-N 5 DIRECT EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. STANISLAUS: 7 Q. Mr. Halterman, did you file prefiled 8 testimony in this case dated March 26, 2001? 9 Α. I filed testimony. I don't know about the date. According to what I did, I did it 10 11 on February 1st. 12 Q. Okay. Do you have any changes to 13 that testimony that you prefiled? 14 Α. The testimony that I filed was 15 correct at the time. Since that time, I have gotten many other documents that impacted what 16 17 would be in that testimony. For example, when 18 this was done, I did not have a copy of the draft 19 permit and I believe that has been brought up in 20 rebuttal testimony. 21 Since that time, I have not been able to substantiate the 262 megawatt unit that was 22 supposed to be four units built in La Paloma, 23 California, and one of those was supposed to be 24 25 I got that from a news release from May

1	of '99. I contacted EPA and State of California,
2	and I have not been able to get that application.
3	I believe others have looked at that and have
4	comments on that. So, if you look at the numbers,
5	the tonnage numbers that I have in there, you
6	know
7	Q. What page are you referring to?
8	A. Excuse me. On page 6, where I am
9	saying like 365.7 tons per year of ammonia, that
10	potential would be half that.
11	MR. LITTLE: I'm sorry. Where are
12	you?
13	A. Page 6. I make reference to what the
14	application says. I am just correcting things
15	that I am assuming that the draft permit has five
16	parts per million; if I were preparing that
17	testimony now, it would be based on five parts per
18	million, not the ten that the application had in
19	it.
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: The new number
21	would be?
22	THE WITNESS: 182.5, I believe.
23	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: And you are
24	changing your testimony to that number?
25	THE WITNESS. Vos sir

1	A. And then based on the assumptions I
2	made, the supplicant potential generation of
3	particles would be half of the 1,518.7, which
4	would be about 759 tons per year.
5	BY MR. STANISLAUS:
6	Q. Mr. Halterman, subject to those
7	modifications, do you adopt your prefiled
8	testimony as if given here today?
9	A. Yes.
10	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, I move
11	that the testimony be moved into the
12	record.
13	MR. LANG: Voir dire, your Honor?
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes.
15	. VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION
16	BY MR. LANG:
17	Q. Mr. Halterman, do you know when your
18	testimony was filed?
19	A. No, I do not.
20	Q. Do you not would you accept,
21	subject to check, that it was filed on or about
22	March 28th of this year?
23	A. I have no reason to dispute that if
24	that is what you are saying. I do not know.
25	Q. The information that you said changes

1	your testimony, was that information that came
2	into your possession between February 1st and the
3	end of March of this year?
4	A. That information I received after
5	February 1st, yes.
6	Q. Was it before the end of March?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Is there a reason why your testimony
9	was not modified before it was submitted to
10	reflect the true nature of your knowledge?
11	A. I was not aware that I needed to do
12	that, nor was I requested to do that.
13	MR. LANG: That's all on voir dire.
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any
15	objections?
16	MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, if I could
17	be heard.
18	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes.
19	MR. LITTLE: I have a question about
20	the utility or validity of this. On page 4
21	of the testimony, it's the second answer,
22	it indicated that the testimony is covering
23	SCONOx for requirements under the federal
24	PSD program, that stands for Prevention of
25	Significant Deterioration. I think we have

1 on the record already in this proceeding 2 the fact that the PSD program is not 3 subject to adjudication in this proceeding, 4 and --5 JUDGE O'CONNELL: I'm sorry, Mr. Little. I don't see it. 6 7 MR. LITTLE: I'm sorry, your Honor. 8 My printout may be different. Perhaps it 9 is page 3. 10 Yes. The question is: "Please 11 describe your role in the evaluation of 12 Article X application." 13 And the answer starts out, "My 14 testimony covers the SCONOx Emission 15 Control Technologies." There is indication 16 that it's supplied for purposes of 17 discussing further PSD program, and as I 18 was indicating, I think that we are not 19 dealing with PSD in this proceeding, and 20 with respect to any of these remarks in this testimony as to the PSD program, they 21 22 are inappropriate. 23 JUDGE O'CONNELL: Do you have a 24 comment, Mr. Stanislaus? 25 MR. STANISLAUS: That's fine.

1 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You will accept 2 that modification? 3 MR. STANISLAUS: I believe what counsel is asking is that his testimony be 4 5 limited to the issues of non-attainment, 6 and not PSD; is that right? 7 MR. LITTLE: I'm sorry. Would you 8 repeat yourself? 9 MR. STANISLAUS: I believe that 10 counsel is asking that his testimony be 11 read as being limited to the issues of this 12 proceeding and not the PSD issue, which was 13 excluded. 14 MR. LANG: Yes. 15 JUDGE O'CONNELL: It's not clear to 16 me, Mr. Little. Do you wish to have this 17 term stricken then? 18 MR. LITTLE: What I would like is an 19 instruction that if any of the testimony in 20 here concerns the PSD program or the PSD 21 review or the PSD permit or draft permit, 22 that it be disregarded or stricken. 23 If the witness will state there is 24 none other than this particular reference 25 that I have already made, that will

1 probably take care of it. 2 MR. STANISLAUS: Can I just confirm with the witness? 3 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, please do. 4 5 MR. STANISLAUS: Mr. Halterman, 6 would your testimony be modified in any way 7 with that limitation? 8 THE WITNESS: I don't believe so. 9 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: So if we merely 10 strike the words "requirements under the 11 federal PSD program, " would that be 12 acceptable, Mr. Stanislaus? 13 MR. STANISLAUS: Yes. 14 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: So we will just strike those words and the sentence will 15 16 end with "the BACT." 17 Is there anything else? 18 MR. LANG: Yes, your Honor. I would 19 just like to make two objections; first, 20 being that this testimony, while it was 21 sent to us via e-mail, was never actually 22 served on the Department and the testimony 23 refers to an Exhibit 1. To this date, that 24 exhibit has never been served or otherwise 25 provided to staff.

Number two, the testimony is not in 1 conformance with the Commission's rules or 2 the Board's rules, specifically Section 3 4.5(a)(3), and I will not argue prejudice, but I would like to get a ruling from your Honors as to how you plan on treating this 6 7 testimony because it is not in conformance with the rules and regulations. 8 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Is that the rule 10 that says the lines should be numbered? 11 MR. LANG: Yes. I would just like 12 to know how we are supposed to be referring 13 to this. 14 MR. STANISLAUS: Can I clarify what 15 the first objection was? 16 MR. LANG: It was never served. 17 rules require testimony to be served on the It was never served on us. We 18 19 never received the exhibit. 20 MR. STANISLAUS: Are you saying you 21 never received a copy of this? 22 MR. LANG: I'm saying it was never There is a difference between 23 24 receiving a courtesy copy and we never 25 stipulated to service by e-mail. We agreed

to accept a copy for courtesy and to send 1 out copies by e-mails so parties could have 2 them instantaneously. Every other party in 3 this proceeding followed up with service by 4 first class mail. That was not done, and 5 we object because we never even got the 6 exhibits that were referred to in this because the document, itself, was never actually served on us. 9 MR. STANISLAUS: I'm going to deal 10 with the exhibit issue for a second. 11 What page are you referring to? 12 13 MR. LANG: Well, he says --14 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are you thinking of 15 Mr. Aziz's testimony? 16 MR. LANG: Actually. I apologize. 17 I am thinking of Mr. Aziz's testimony. I will withdraw that portion of my objection. 18 19 I will have the record noted this testimony 20 was never actually served on the 21 Department. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You did receive the 22 23 e-mail copy? 24 MR. LANG: We received it, but it 25 was never served.

1 MR. STANISLAUS: My understanding of 2 your Honor's ruling was that parties who 3 required actual hard copies could notify us 4 to do so. 5 MR. LANG: Please refer to the 6 ruling. I just checked, it doesn't say 7 that anywhere. 8 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: That was for the 9 discovery requests we have that. The 10 testimony, we did say you could meet the 11 deadline by putting it in through e-mail, 12 but that you'd have to follow it up with 13 hard copies. 14 MR. STANISLAUS: Let the record 15 reflect that the company did and Department 16 did receive it in a timely fashion. 17 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: By e-mail. 18 MR. STANISLAUS: By e-mail, that's 19 right. 20 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: But there had to be 21 follow-up hard copy. 22 In view of the fact that you did 23 receive it by e-mail, and I understand 24 there is a violation here, but I am going 25 to overrule your objection. You have it.

1 I don't believe there has been much harm 2 done. 3 MR. LANG: We would just like it 4 noted for the record, your Honor, as to the 5 issue. I would like a clarification how we 6 should refer to this without the line 7 numbers. 8 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: With respect to the 9 technical violation of not having the lines 10 numbered, which I believe you also 11 raised --12 MR. LANG: We're not objecting on 13 the grounds of prejudice. We would like a 14 ruling from the bench as to how we should 15 treat this. That is all. 16 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: What I would 17 suggest we do is go by page number and 18 question, and we can deal with it that way. 19 MR. LANG: That's fine. 20 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. 21 Are there any other objections? 22 MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, this is not an objection. Just to point out that a 23 24 moment ago we were crossing out a portion 25 of Mr. Halterman's testimony. I think,

1 perhaps, I wanted to show you, if I could, 2 where some line ought to be drawn. 3 There is a reference to the Best 4 Available Control Technology, and I think that can be crossed out as well in page 3, 5 6 second question, second answer. Third line 7 says, "and the best available control 8 technology, " continues on the fourth line, 9 "BACT required under the federal PSD 10 program." 11 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Oh, the entire 12 piece. Well, let me check with the witness 13 and make sure he has no objection to that. 14 Would you show that to the witness? 15 MR. LITTLE: Yes, thank you. 16 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: So then we are 17 ending the sentence with "new source 18 review, " period? 19 MR. LITTLE: Yes, your Honor. Thank 20 you. 21 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: And we'll strike 22 "and the Best Available Control Technology, 23 (BACT), requirements under the federal PSD $\,$ 24 program." 25 MR. LANG: Just a question of

clarification.

The witness described he didn't have documents related to the 262 megawatt unit in LaPaloma, California. Is he striking that portion of his testimony or what is he doing with that portion of his testimony?

It's on page 3 on my copy, the last question on the page, about halfway down the answer.

MR. STANISLAUS: I believe, maybe you can clarify that. You were clarifying your source of information, you weren't striking it; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: I was not striking. I have a document that says that a permit has been issued. That's what I use for basing this. Since this has come up, I have gone back and tried to find an independent source of confirmation for what I said.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Could I ask you to get a little closer to the microphone?

THE WITNESS: I referred to situations that had changed since I wrote my testimony, the things that I knew about.

I was not stating that I was deleting that;

1	I am merely stating that I have not been
2	able to get a second confirmation on that.
3	I still have a document that says a permit
4	was issued for it.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: So there is no
6	change to the testimony?
7	THE WITNESS: No change in the
8	testimony. I am merely stating I cannot
9	find
10	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Anything else?
11	We'll copy it into the record as if
12	given today.
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STATE OF NEW YORK

THE NEW YORK STATE BOARD ON ELECTRIC GENERATION SITING AND THE ENVIRONMENT

	X	
In the Matter of the Application of)	
Consolidated Edison Company of)	
New York, Inc. for a Certificate of)	
Environmental Compatibility and)	
Public Need Pursuant to Article X of)	Case No. 99-F-1314
the New York State Public Service)	
Law to Repower its East River)	
Generating Station in Manhattan,)	
New York County, New York)	
	X	

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF S. ELWOOD HALTERMAN, JR.

ON BEHALF OF
EAST RIVER ENVIRONMENTAL COALITION
AND MANHATTAN COMMUNITY BOARD No. 3

FEBRUARY XX, 2001

- Q: Please state your name, occupation and business address.
- A: I am S. Elwood Halterman, Jr. I am the Senior Vice President of Enviro-Sciences, Inc.
 My business address is 9515 Sotherloch Lake Drive, Spring, Texas 77379.
- Q: On whose behalf are you testifying?
- A: My testimony and appearance are on behalf of Manhattan Community Board 3 and East River Environmental Coalition.
- Q: Please summarize your professional education and experience.
- A: I am a chemical engineer with over 30 years of experience. My primary area of expertise is in Air Quality dealings with both clients and regulatory agencies. My industrial experience is in the pollution control equipment, pulp & paper, chemical, and food industries. My consulting experience also includes air separation, oil & gas, transportation, petrochemical, refinery, power generation, and hazardous waste industries. In addition to environmental regulations, my experience includes working with food & drug, minerals management, energy, transportation, safety, public service commissions, and labor regulations and agencies in all fifty states plus Puerto Rico. International experience includes projects in fifteen countries.

I graduated from Louisiana Tech University with a B.S. in Chemical Engineering in 1971. I am certified as a Professional Engineer, certified as a visible emissions evaluator, and registered to perform Corrective Action Services by the state of Texas. I am an active in the Air & Waste Management Association and the American Institute of Chemical Engineers.

Q: What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?

A: My testimony addresses the application by the Consolidated Edison Co. of New York ("Con Edison") to construct new steam- and electric-generating facilities in the form of the East River Repowering Project ("ERRP") at its East River Complex on the lower east side of Manhattan in New York City.

Q: Please describe your role in the evaluation of Article X Application for East River Repowering Project?

A: My testimony covers the SCONOx Emission Control Technologies applicability to ERRP pursuant to the Lowest Achievable Emission Rate (LAER) requirements in the state's nonattainment new source review and the Best Available Control Technology (BACT) requirements under the federal PSD program. For reference see L5.1.2 and L-F.5. Volume III of III Appendix L Air Permit Application dated May 2000 from the Application for Certification of a Major Electric Generating Facility under Article X of the New York State Public Service Law.

Q: What are your conclusions concerning Control Technologies review?

A: I find that:

• The NOx and CO BACT/LAER analysis does not comply with 40 C.F.R. 52.21, because it did not consider all available control technologies required in a "top-down" approach. Specifically, the applicant rejects SCONOx because Vogt-NEM, the supplier of the Project's HRSGs has recommended against this technology due to the technology's lack of a proven track record. Con Edison and Vogt-NEM have failed to consider alternative arrangements in the placement of the SCONOx which is not bound to a specific location as the SCR unit is. There has been issued a permit to construct a 262 mW system using SCONOx to PG&E LaPaloma, CA announced by Goalline in June 1999. This plant will be located near Bakersfield in the San Joachin Valley Air Quality Management District. Current application pending approval using SCONOx include the 510 mW PG&E Otay Mesa plant in

San Diego, CA and the 510 mW Sunlaw Energy Neuva Azalea in Los Angeles, CA. Furthermore in February 2000, the EPA rejected the air permit applications for two 500 mW plants in California proposed for Elk Hills and Three Mountains not properly considering SCONOx.. Both permit application analysis "improperly rejected SCONOx as an available control technology". For reference see MODERN POWER SYSTEMS March 2000.

- A review of Dwg. No. 323002-A, 323003-A, 323004-A and 323010-A provided by Con Edison show enough latitude in the layout that the purported limit of 33 feet is not necessarily the case and there appear to be several alternatives that can provide the 45 feet of width for optimizing the SCONOx pressure drop as well as other considerations in placing the equipment...
- The applicant only mentions the increased pressure drop over the SCR unit and fails to clarify if the pressure drop reduction that will occur by the elimination of the CO catalyst unit is considered. Also the applicant does not provide information to determine if the SCR and SCONOx were evaluated at equivalent worst case conditions (i.e., -10 deg F and 100% load is the number used for SCONOx.) This information was developed in a telephone conversation with Rick Oegema of Alstom Power on January 23, 2001.
- The applicant has incorrectly identified the cause of sulfur masking the SCONOx catalyst in their SCONOx Report. The deliberate improper adjustment of the SCONOx unit at Genetics during an extended #2 fuel oil firing of approximately five days due to turbine problems can hardly be the basis of comparison of a 4 hour #2 fuel oil firing of the ERRP units.
- Con Edison has stated maintenance problems from operational complexity of the system that have been corrected. Such as the replacement of electric motors with pneumatics to operate the louvers. Design changes for new seals and a central pivot Louvers have been incorporated into the units since the Genetics unit was installed. This comment is based on a site visit to a 32 mW unit that has been operating since 1996 at 4151 E. Fruitland Avenue (AKA, Federal Unit) in Vernon (Los

Angeles area) and discussions with Cary Seabaugh who has experience at both the Genetics and Fruitland sites.

- I have been unable to establish the excessive external "washing" as frequently as every six weeks to restore design basis efficiency even when firing solely natural gas. It is my understanding that is has been over three months since the external washings after fuel oil firing and that the unit continues to operate within the normal parameters. This comment is based on a telephone conversation with Ron Devan of Alstom Power on 1/31/01 who accompanied Kathleen Keane of Con Edison on the visit to Genetics on or about December 1, 2000. The operating temperature range (~550 deg F) for the Genetics unit typically has an external "washing" on an annual basis. A low temperature unit (~300 deg F) such as the Federal Unit generally has an external washing of 700 hours. The reasons for the washings are that the unit is being operated at a 1 ppm NOx actual emission rate rather than at the 2.5 ppm design. At this time the unit is only required to operate 16 hours per day for six days per week. Information gathered at the site and conversation with Ronnie McCray, Plant Manger at the Federal plant is the basis for the summary of the washing frequency differences between the Genetics and the Federal Unit.
- The applicant has failed to realistically perform a cost comparison in their technology review. It merely states that SCONOx is \$16 million per HRSG as compared to \$1.25 million for a conventional SCR system. Additionally the SCONOx can be leased and this cost is considerably less than the \$16 million quoted by Con Edison. The SCONOx system performs both the functions of the SCR and the CO catalyst at a much-reduced operating cost. In a comparison of SCONOx versus SCR by the South Coast Air Quality Management District SCONOx cost per ton reduced \$3,585 versus a cost for SCR of \$4,942. These figures are based on a lifetime cost of 10 years. Another source for these numbers was downloaded from the EPA bulletin board.
- SCONOx does not have ammonia emissions that are particulate precursors. The application fails to address the potential impact of secondary particulate emissions

that may be formed as a result of ammonia slip from the SCR. The application needs to assess the potential for the unreacted ammonia passing through the stack (ammonia slip) to react with gaseous emissions of sulfur oxides and NOx to form ammonium sulfates and ammonium nitrates. Per the application the units have a potential to emit 365.7 TPY of ammonia slip as particulate precursor emissions. Assuming an equimolar split between sulfate and nitrate conversion, this results in the potential generation of 1,518.7 YPY of inhalable particulate in the atmosphere. We have been unable to determine where a health impacts analysis has considered this effect on human health and the environment. This analysis should also address impacts of rainfall on reducing the ammonia from the atmosphere as well as its potential to effect vegetation, aquatic life, and water bodies.

- The BACT/LAER review failed to adequately evaluate the potential particulate reductions that occur from a SCONOx unit.
- The applicant has failed to consider the cost impacts of the lower potential emissions from a SCONOx unit as far as ERCs and emission fees are concerned.

Q: What conclusion you have reached on SCONOx?

A: I have reached following conclusions - The applicant should revise their BACT/LAER analysis to realistically take into account all operational, environmental and cost impacts associated with NOx, CO, and PM10 control technologies comparing the SCONOx system against the proposed SCR and CO Catalyst systems. There appear to be potentially added benefits to human health and the environment at a reduced cost using the SCONOx technology.

Q: Does this conclude your testimony at this time?

A: Yes

1 MR. STANISLAUS: The witness is 2 available for cross. 3 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Little? 4 MR. LITTLE: Bear with me for a 5 moment, since I have discovered all my page 6 references are one page off. Thank you. 7 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. LITTLE: 9 0. Mr. Halterman, I would like to ask you to, perhaps, put on a slightly different hat 10 11 in this instance, the hat of a developer's 12 contractor. 13 If a developer were not able to 14 obtain a manufacturer's guarantee for SCONOx as to 15 its incorporation into a developer's proposed facility, would you recommend that the developer 16 17 incorporate that product into his design? 18 MR. STANISLAUS: I object. 19 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: On what grounds? 20 MR. STANISLAUS: His testimony is 21 very specific for the purpose that it's 22 provided for this project on behalf of EREC 23 CB-3. Counsel is asking a question --24 asking the witness to provide testimony in 25 a different capacity.

1	MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, this
2	witness
3	MR. STANISLAUS: Specifically as a
4	developer.
5	MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, the witness
6	has indicated over 30 years of experience.
7	He's worked for different clients, some of
8	whom I take it to be developers. I think
9	it's clear from page 2, although we don't
10	have
11	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm going to
12	sustain the objection.
13	MR. LITTLE: I'll rephrase.
14	Q. I'm not going to ask you to put any
15	hat on at the moment, Mr. Halterman. I am going
16	to ask pretty much the same question of you.
17	Would you recommend, if a developer
18	is unable to get a manufacturer guarantee, whether
19	or not it's appropriate to obtain that equipment?
20	A. Do you mean if I was building a
21	project, and I was purchasing a piece of
22	equipment, and I did not get a manufacturer's
23	guarantee that it was performance specified, would
24	I put it in the project?
25	Q. Yes.

1	A. I would not put it in the project.
2	Q. Thank you.
3	On page 4 of your testimony you refer
4	to the forgive my mispronunciation, but I think
5	it's Otay Mesa and a Sunlaw project.
6	Are you familiar with those projects?
7	A. Page 4?
8	Q. Excuse me. Page 4.
9	MR. STANISLAUS: I'm sorry.
10	Referring to page 4?
11	MR. LITTLE: Yes, page 4.
12	A. Mine starts on page 3.
13	Q. Well, again, forgive my printout's
14	pagination then.
15	The question was: "What are your
16	conclusions concerning Control Technologies
17	review?"
18	And your answer starts out: "I find
19	that" and there are a series of bullets. I am
20	dealing with the first bullet, the bottom of that
21	paragraph. We talk about current applications
22	pending. One is the Otay Mesa plant, the other is
23	the Nueva Azalea plant?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. I simply want to know, are the plants

1	being constructed for these facilities new
2	structures?
3	A. It's my understanding these are new
4	power plants.
5	Q. Are there any structures on the
6	premises at all, do you know?
7	A. I do not have that knowledge.
8	Q. You also reference, I believe they're
9	called the Elk Hills and Three Mountains
10	facilities?
11	A. That's correct.
12	Q. I would ask you the same question.
13	Are there facilities there today into which the
14	technology would be installed or are there no
15	facilities, no structures there today?
16	A. I believe those are green fields
17	plants, but I am not sure. In other words, to my
18	knowledge, there is nothing there. These are new
19	facilities that are being built, vacant field.
20	Q. Do you happen to have with you today
21	the determinations you are citing as to the Elk
22	Hills and Three Mountains, the rejection of SCONOx
23	technology?
24	A. I don't know. I do not have them

with me.

1	Q. Would it be possible for you to
2	provide those?
3	A. Sure.
4	MR. STANISLAUS: Just clarify what
5	facilities you want?
6	MR. LITTLE: That was the Three
7	Mountains facility and the Elk Hills
8	facility.
9	MR. STANISLAUS: Okay.
10	Q. Have you reviewed these decisions in
11	preparing your testimony?
12	A. Pardon me?
13	Q. Have you reviewed those two decisions
14	in preparing your testimony?
15	A. I reviewed the information that I
16	had, the California letter sending those two back
17	for further consideration; that is all I have
18	done. I believe
19	Q. This is the you mean the Modern
20	Power Systems March 2000 publication; is that what
21	your reference is to?
22	A. No. I believe that these
23	applications, I have letters actually from the EPA
24	to the people requesting the permit, but I do not
25	have that with me.

Ο. I just want to check my pagination 1 again so I can get you all to the right part of 2 your testimony, and I want to get to that part 3 where you are talking about the South Coast Air 4 Quality Management District. For me it's page 6. 5 It may be page 5 to page 6. 6 Yes, it is. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You were stating in your testimony 8 Ο. that the South Coast Air Quality Management 9 10 District compared SCONOx to SCR. Was that for an installation at a 360 megawatt or larger facility, 11 12 do you know? 13 I do not know at this time. get that information. 14 15 At the time you were --Excuse me, excuse me. That is for a 16 Α. 17 typical 270 megawatt plant. Is that reference in your testimony Ο. 18 or am I just not reading that correctly? 19 No, that is not in the testimony. 20 It's on a spreadsheet I have here. After you 21 asked the question I looked, and it says right up 22 at the top, 270 megawatts. 23 The document you have before you, has 24 Q. 25 that been supplied to the parties here today?

1	A. No.		
2	Q. Was that used in preparation of your		
3	testimony?		
4	A. I don't know if this particular piece		
5	was. I have other documentation that was, yes, to		
6	some extent. These numbers are the same as in my		
7	testimony, yes.		
8	MR. LITTLE: I guess I would ask if		
9	we could have a copy of that to review for		
10	purposes of better understanding of the		
11	testimony. I think the witness has		
12	something that nobody else has, and we		
13	would like to see if it is pertinent to the		
14	testimony.		
15	MR. STANISLAUS: If we could just		
16	ask the witness to recite, it is it's		
17	just a table with numbers on it, right, the		
18	numbers are in your testimony; is that		
19	correct?		
20	MR. LITTLE: Apparently not.		
21	MR. STANISLAUS: I'm sorry?		
22	THE WITNESS: I just made a		
23	statement to the numbers in my testimony,		
24	and		
25	MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, I think it		

1	would be appropriate if the parties could
2	have what the witness is relying upon in
3	this case.
4	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any
5	objections?
6	MR. STANISLAUS: No.
7	MR. LITTLE: I'm not asserting any
8	prejudice.
9	Thank you.
10	MR. STANISLAUS: Do you want it now?
11	MR. LITTLE: I just have one or two
12	more questions for the witness. If I could
13	have it afterwards and, perhaps, the
14	opportunity to recross.
15	. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: On that particular
16	item?
17	MR. LITTLE: Yes, just that item.
18	Thank you.
19	THE WITNESS: Can I ask him a
20	question what he wants?
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm sorry?
22	THE WITNESS: May I ask him a
23	question exactly what he wants?
24	MR. LITTLE: I'm not sure what he
25	has in front of him.

THE WITNESS: I have with me a table that summarizes things. Independent of this, I have gone to the EPA website and downloaded a lot of stuff about carbon monoxide control with different technologies, NOx control, and they wound up being the same numbers as in this table that sources state is the South Coast Air Quality Management District. I am questioning what you would like, just this table?

MR. LITTLE: I think that table would be appropriate as this point. I think we have already established that things that can be downloaded off a web page are available to everybody.

THE WITNESS: This was downloaded off a web page, also.

MR. STANISLAUS: Just to clarify, I just want to mark that table as an exhibit, so I don't know whether you want to do it now or do it on my redirect, just to make things easier and put it into the record.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Do you have copies?

MR. STANISLAUS: We'll have it

1	copied at a break sometime.
2	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We can do it
3	MR. STANISLAUS: On the redirect.
4	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: later.
5	BY MR. LITTLE:
6	Q. On page 6 of your testimony, I think
7	it is page 6, you discuss particulate matter
8	resulting from ammonia slip, and in regard to
9	that, did you determine that this would not allow
10	Con Ed to claim that the emission would have an
11	insignificant impact?
12	A. No, I have not.
13	MR. LITTLE: I don't have any more
14	questions.
15	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you.
16	Mr. Lang?
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. LANG:
19	Q. Mr. Halterman, on page 3, the third
20	question, that question simply asks you for your
21	conclusions, correct?
22	A. That's correct.
23	Q. And turning to page 6, the first
24	question is on my page 6, again, simply is asking
25	you for your conclusions, correct?

A. That's correct.

2

Q. Is any of your analysis according to these conclusions anywhere in your testimony?

4

A. No.

5

6

7

8

Q. Is it common in your 30 years of experience when you have done projects for `clients, regulatory agencies or anyone else, that you simply provide conclusions without any of your support?

9

10

11

12

A. Yes, it is. My task in this project was to look at the application and see areas that needed further review by the Agency, and that was the purpose of looking at this. My task was not to do engineering analysis and provide engineering on these questions.

13

14

15

16

Q. You are not actually offering any affirmative testimony, you are just suggesting

17

18

that the applicant needs to do further review?

19

A. I'm suggesting that the applicant

20 21

technology or the DEC or someone needs to address

22

two specific issues, is SCONOx an applicable

needs to do further study of SCONOx as a

2324

of the new chemical that will be introduced as a

technology, and what is the impact of the ammonia

25

result of the project, and have those impacts been

1	reviewed. That is basically what my testimony is
2	saying.
3	Q. All right. Are you offering any
4	opinion as to whether SCONOx is a viable
5	technology in this case?
6	A. I am saying that further study is
7	needed based on the application I looked at.
8	Q. I will ask the question again.
9	Are you offering an opinion as to
10	whether SCONOx is a viable option in this case?
11	A. No, I am not.
12	Q. Are you offering any opinion related
13	to the issue of ammonia in this case?
14	A. I am stating that I have not seen
15	where the ammonia emissions have been addressed in
16	the permit application.
17	Q. Again, are you offering any opinion
18	as to the use of ammonia in this case?
19	A. I am trying to figure out a response.
20	Give me a minute.
21	Q. It's a "yes" or "no" question, sir.
22	Are you offering an opinion of your
23	own affirmatively as to the use of ammonia by this
24	project?
25	A. I quess I am not.

A. I guess I am not.

Q. Is t

Is that a "no," sir?

That is a "no."

offering any opinions.

MR. LANG: Your Honor, at this time, m not sure that this testimony has any

I am not sure that this testimony has any probative value. He is not offering any opinions. I am not -- he's simply pointing out his review of the application. But this witness, it is my understanding was being offered to support EREC's position and to offer opinions on behalf of EREC. The witness just stated he's not actually

MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, this witness is being provided to raise issues regarding the use of an alternative technology and the rationale for evaluating that within the permitting process and within the Article X process. The witness, he has made clear, has not conducted an engineering feasibility analysis. What he's doing is providing opinions about where things could have or should be analyzed with respect to the use of an alternative pollution control technology.

For that limited purpose, his testimony is

relevant to this proceeding.

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MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, the purpose of the hearing isn't to raise questions; it's to answer and address the issues that have already been found to be in dispute in this case.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you.

With respect to your concern that the material does not contain an analysis of evidence for purposes of this hearing, we tend to agree with you, Mr. Lang, and I will point out to EREC and CB3 that they received a substantial amount of funds so that they could address the issues and not merely raise them. Having said that, though, we are not going to strike his testimony. We understand its limits and we will consider it within those limits.

MR. LANG: Then I will proceed with cross on that basis, your Honor.

Q. Mr. Halterman, turning first to page 2 of your testimony, I would just like a clarification. You state in your third question on your professional education and experience, if I am reading it right, that you have worked with

1	public service commissions in all 50 states.
2	Have you ever been retained by the
3	New York Public Service Commission?
4	A. Where did I state that I have worked
5	with public service commissions in all 50 states?
6	Q. It's the second-to-the-last sentence.
7	Thank you.
8	MR. STANISLAUS: Wait. What page?
9	MR. LITTLE: I have it on page 2,
10	question 3.
11	A. That statement is that I have worked
12	with all those agencies in 50 states.
13	Q. My question to you specifically, have
14	you worked with the New York State Public Service
15	Commission?
16	A. I have not.
17	Q. So that is not an accurate statement
18	then, is it?
19	MR. STANISLAUS: Well, I mean, your
20	Honor
21	A. That statement is accurate. You are
22	implying are you implying that I have worked
23	with food & drug in 50 states, minerals management
24	in 50 states, energy in 50 states, transportation
25	in 50 states, safety in 50 states, public service

commissions in 50 states, labor regulations in all 50 states; is that the basis of your question?

- Q. I'm trying to understand what it is you have said. Are you suggesting that you have simply worked with various entities across the country or that you have worked with these types of entities in each and every state?
- A. I have worked with various entities across the 50 states. I have not worked with public service commissions in all 50 states nor in New York.
- Q. Turning to page 3 of your testimony, you refer to the LaPaloma, California, plant.

 Where did you obtain your information related to this plant?
- A. I have a downloaded news release that I got off the Internet. It states that on May 29th, U.S. EPA, Region 9, the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District issued formal authority to construct with SCONOx, a 262 watt power generation facility in Bakersfield, California.
- Q. Is it common in your profession that you simply rely upon news articles as sources of information?

1	A. Yes, it is, when I am doing a cursory
2	review of what I consider items that need further
3 .	addressing in an application.
4	Q. Do you know any of the details
5	related to the PCG&E plant in LaPaloma,
6	California?
7	A. No, I do not.
8	Q. Did you feel that it was important
9	when you were commenting on their ability to use
10	SCONOx to actually know the details of that
11	proposal?
12	A. No, I did not.
13	Q. Why not, sir?
14	A. Because I am interpreting this news
15	release as being correct and it is being stated
16	that they have a permit application to install it.
17	Q. On what basis do you know that news
18	release to be correct and accurate?
19	A. I don't. As I previously stated in
20	my testimony, I have not been able to confirm
21	that.
22	Q. Are you familiar with Internet
23	searching, sir?
24	A. Yes, I am.
25	Q. Are you familiar with the California

1	Energy Commission?
2	A. Yes, I am.
3	Q. Have you ever been able to get onto
4	their website?
5	A. I believe I have.
6	Q. Have you noticed that they have an
7	entire portion of their website related to siting
8	of major electric generating facilities in the
9	State of California?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Did you per chance go to that site
12	and look to see what kind of information they have
13	related to the LaPaloma project?
14	A. I was not able to find anything on
15	the Internet for the LaPaloma site.
16	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I would like
17	to mark I guess it is Exhibit 40.
18	Q. Sir, I was able, in about a minute
19	and a half this morning, to find the site and find
20	the Commission's actual decision.
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 40.
22	MR. STANISLAUS: I'm not sure
23	extraneous comments of counsel are
24	relevant.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We did not assign a

1	number to it. I thought Mr. Stanislaus
2	indicated he would introduce it on
3	redirect.
4	MR. LITTLE: All right.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We'll mark this
6	Exhibit 40 for identification.
7	(Exhibit 40 was so marked
8	for identification.)
9	MR. LANG: Your Honor, as this is a
10	Commission order, as with others, it's
11	being offered for identification. It won't
12	be offered into evidence. The actual order
13	will speak for itself.
14	Q. Sir, would you accept, subject to
15	check, that this is the Commission order
16	certificating the LaPaloma generating project
17	issued by the State of California Energy Resources
18	Conservation Development Commission?
19	A. Yes, I will.
20	Q. Have you ever seen this document,
21	sir?
22	A. No, I have not.
23	Q. I would ask you to turn it's
24	actually about ten or so pages in, but on the
25	bottom it is denoted page 1; at the top it states

1	"Introduction"?
2	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, the
3	document speaks for itself. I don't
4	understand why counsel is asking the
′ 5	witness to examine this document.
6	MR. LANG: I'm trying to probe the
7	basis of the witness's testimony.
8	MR. STANISLAUS: The witness already
9	testified he's not familiar with this
10	document.
11	MR. LANG: Your Honor, the witness
12	testified I'm going to ask him questions
13	about the project, and the basis of his
14	conclusion related to this generating
15	facility on which he apparently relied
16	solely upon a newspaper article. I would
17	like to probe the real basis of the
18	witness's knowledge.
19	MR. STANISLAUS: And the record
20	reflects that.
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm going to allow
22	the questions. Go ahead.
23	BY MR. LANG:
24	Q. Sir, do you find the page entitled
25	"Introduction" on page 1?

1	A. Yes, I do.
2	Q. Do you see in the second paragraph it
3	identifies the project as being a 1048 megawatt
4	project?
5	A. Yes, I do.
6	Q. Does that have any bearing on our
7	conclusion that SCONOx has only been permitted for
8	262 megawatts out of a thousand megawatt project?
9	A. I believe this project consists of
10	the four 262 megawatt units. That is my
11	understanding.
12	Q. Do you know whether there are any
13	operational problems in using SCONOx on a unit of
14	this size?
15	A. Pardon?
16	Q. Do you know whether there are any
17	operational problems in using SCONOx on a unit of
18	this size?
19	A. I don't know of any that have been
20	used on a unit of this size at any time.
21	Q. Sir, turn to page 93 of the document
22	they handed you, Exhibit 40. I would ask you to
23	simply review this page and onto the next page.
24	Have you reviewed it, sir?
25	A. You asked me to review the paragraph

1	that starts on 93?
2	Q. 93 and the top of 94.
3	A. Yes, I have.
4	Q. Do you see, sir, where it says, "In
5	fact, what has been certificated and licensed is
6	the ability of PG&E to use either SCONOx or SCR on
7	the unit"?
8	Do you see where it says that on the
9	top of page 93?
10	A. On the top of page 93?
11	Q. Yes.
12	A. That is what it says, yes.
13	Q. And do you see at the bottom of page
14	93, where it states that "SCONOx is still
15	undergoing evaluation and testing and will depend
16	upon a determination as to its commercial
17	availability of the project, the ability to use
18	it"?
19	A. That's correct.
20	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor
21	MR. LITTLE: I'm going to my
22	question right now. I am trying to make
23	sure he understands the basis of my
24	question.
25	Q. Does it change your conclusion at

1	all, looking at the actual decision and the fact
2	that what was actually certificated was a choice
3	of either SCONOx and SCR, and that the decision
4	itself reflects that SCONOx is not a proven
5	technology, does that change your conclusion at
6	that page 3 of your testimony?
7	A. No, it doesn't. They can still
8	potentially put that unit in there on the fourth
9	unit.
10	Q. So you would consider SCONOx, even
11	though this decision determines it not to be
12	demonstrated to be commercially viable, to be an
13	available control technology?
14	A. I consider SCONOx to be an available
15	control technology.
16	Q. I'm asking, sir, with respect to this
17	decision, with respect to this project, in which
18	you are relying in part on your decision, the fact
19	that it was not found to be a viable control
20	technology at this time, does that have any
21	bearing on your decision?
22	MR. STANISLAUS: I think it is asked
23	and answered.
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I am going to allow
25	the question.

1	A. The way I read this document, it is
2	still being evaluated and tested and a
3	determination as to commercial availability of the
4	technology will decide whether they will put it on
5	one of the four units or not.
6	Q. It doesn't change your conclusion,
7	that is what I am trying to understand?
8	A. No.
9	Q. Is that a "no," sir?
10	A. No.
11	Q. I would like to now show you Exhibit
12	39, which has already been marked for
13	identification.
14	Actually, before I do that, on page 3
15	of your testimony, you also refer to the Otay Mesa
16	project.
17	A. It starts on page 3, yes.
18	Q. Where did you get your information
19	related to the Otay Mesa project?
20	A. I believe the Otay Mesa project I got
21	out of a technical publication.
22	Q. Did you go to the California website
23	and look for any information related to Otay Mesa?
24	A. I did not.
25	Q. Do you know whether that project has

1	received any kind of certificate of approval from
2	the California Commission?
3	A. I believe there is rebuttal testimony
4	that says that provided by Mr. Kurtz.
5	Q. That says what, sir?
6	A. I don't recall.
7	Q. Well, I will show you what has
8	already been marked
9	A. I believe, if I could review his
10	testimony, I could answer that question.
11	Q. Well, no, sir. I would like to know
12	from your knowledge what you know about the
13	project.
14	A. I don't know.
15	Q. I would like to show you Exhibit 39,
16	that has already been marked for identification,
17	and ask you if you have ever seen this document
18	before?
19	A. No, I have never seen this document.
20	Q. Are you familiar with what is
21	actually being proposed at the Otay Mesa project
22	with regard to SCONOx?
23	A. The only information I put in here is
24	it was going to be a 510 megawatt unit.
25	Q. Well, you also state that it is a

1	current application pending approval using SCONOx;
2	correct?
3	A. That was me understanding, yes.
4	Q. Could you turn to page 122 of Exhibit
5	39.
6	MR. STANISLAUS: What page?
7	MR. LANG: Page 122 of Exhibit 39.
8	Q. And I ask you to please review that
9	page.
10	A. The entire page or a specific
11	paragraph?
12	Q. The entire page.
13	Sir, do you notice on this page that
14	it explains that the applicant has not
15	specifically selected SCONOx, but it has that
16	alternative and that if SCONOx is not available,
17	the applicant will use SCR, which it refers to as
18	an industry standard?
19	A. Yes, that's what it states.
20	Q. Does knowing this information in any
21	way change your conclusion as to whether and how
22	this facility may be cited?
23	A. No.
24	Q. So, the fact that you are stating
25	that it's approved using SCONOx, that conclusion

1	doesn't change when you know now that it's either
2	SCONOx
3	A. Excuse me. You are stating that I
4	say what?
5	Q. The bottom of what I have as page
6	3
7	A. Okay.
8	Q where you concluded that the
9	application is pending approval using SCONOx at
10	Otay Mesa. Now, that it is actually a proposal to
11	use either SCONOx or SCR, that doesn't change your
12	conclusion?
13	A. No. There is still a current
14	application pending approval of SCONOx, which is
15	what I stated.
16	Q. To your knowledge, sir, have either
17	of those plants been sited?
18	A. Not to my knowledge.
19	Q. Do you know if they will be sited?
20	A. No, I do not.
21	Q. Do you know if they actually are
22	going to use SCONOx in the construction?
23	A. No, I do not.
24	Q. On page 4 you have a reference to
25	Modern Power Systems, March 2000. What is that

1	referring to? And the reason I ask that is in
2	response to Mr. Little's questioning, you stated
3	that the information you got related to Elk Hills
4	and Three Mountains was from some EPA document. I
5	would just like to understand what you are
6	referring to Modern Power Systems for.
7	A. Reading this, I was saying that
8	everything in that bullet came out of a Modern
9	Power Systems March 2000 article.
10	Q. You already stated that, in fact, the
11	information in that bullet didn't come out of
12	that, but that you got the information from the
13	EPA website. Do you know what you are relying on
14	Modern Power System March 2000 for?
15 _.	A. No, I do not. I stated that I also
16	got additional information off the website; not
17	exclusively.
18	Q. Do you have a copy of this Modern
19	Power Systems for March 2000 that I could review?
20	A. I did not bring it with me. I have a
21	сору.
22	Q. In the next bullet, page 4, that
23	starts with "A review of drawing numbers"
24	A. Um-hmm.
25	Q in the third line, you say "There

1	appear to be several alternatives that can provide
2	the 45 feet of width." Do you see where you say
3	that?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. You stated previously in responses to
6	my questions that you didn't do any engineering
7	analysis. What are you referring to here?
8	MR. STANISLAUS: What are you
9	referring to?
10	MR. LANG: It's what he's referring
11	to.
12	A. There are other alternatives that can
13	be used that would provide more room than is
14	stated here. I believe that Con Ed has provided a
15	document on what it would take to be able to make
16	this facility. Modifications would have to be
17	made internally at the unit.
18	Q. Did you do an engineering analysis or
19	not?
20	A. No, I have stated from the very
21	beginning, I am an environmental consultant and
22	reviewed the completeness of the application, and
23	my questions are asking for additional study on
24	items; that is the basis of my testimony.

Q. Sir, you state here that there appear

to be several alternatives. Can you identify those alternatives?

- A. No. That was not my task.
- Q. Did you review those alternatives to determine whether they were viable?
- A. That is a general statement. I have built many plants from grass roots as well as had to retrofit and revamp plants. Just because there is a drawing that someone makes a statement that it won't fit in an area, that doesn't mean that it can't be fitted in an area. Is it practical? Not necessarily. I am not making that claim, that it's practical to modify this building.
- Q. Sir, I am trying to understand. You just said you built plants from the ground up, that you can look at drawings and discern information, but then you said to me that you didn't do any such analysis in this case. I am trying to understand, you have made conclusions here, what the basis of your conclusion is?

Do you believe -- I will ask the question differently. Do you believe that there are viable alternatives that would allow SCONOx to be used at this site?

A. Is your question in regard to

physically put it in there, that is a very general question that you ask. It can have many answers.

- Q. You have a very general conclusion.

 I can't understand, because there is no
 information in your testimony, that suggests how
 you developed that conclusion. I would like you
 to answer what the basis of this statement was,
 what information, what analysis did you use that
 led you to the conclusion that there appear to be
 several alternatives that can provide the 45 feet
 of width?
- A. As I have previously stated, I did not do an analysis. I looked at the drawing, and look at the placement where this equipment could go, and it could be fitted in there.
- Q. Well, in that an analysis, sir, you looked at the things, and you determined that it could be fit in there?
- A. I wouldn't consider that analysis.

 An analysis to me would be doing the technical analysis that Con Ed has done, showing what columns have to be moved, the load and stuff like that; that is what I consider an analysis.
- Q. Sir, can I ask what you were paid by EREC to do in this case?

1	A. Pardon me?
2	Q. What were you paid to do in this
3	case?
4	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, I have
5	to object to this. The witness has made
6	clear the work that he has done and what
7	he's testifying to. His questions are
8	irrelevant.
9	MR. LANG: Your Honor, he hasn't
10	made it clear. He said he is looking at
11	drawings and making conclusions, it's not
12	clear what it was he's done; that's what I
13	am trying to find out, what has he done.
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We'll allow the
15	question.
16	A. What I have done is I have looked at
17	the application that was submitted on May 20th, I
18	have looked at some preliminary drawings, the
19	application that I looked at, made the comment it
20	would be unacceptable to use a technology that has
21	not been implemented on other large scale systems.
22	In addition, the HSRG manufacturer for the project
23	has indicated that they do not recommend the
24	installation of SCONOx for the project; therefore,
25	SCONOx cannot be considered technically feasible.

I considered that an inadequate answer in an application, an air permit application, and the basis of my testimony is that further studies should be made, as I have previously made, not by me because I am not the applicant. I was merely asked to look at it and provide some areas that need further study.

Q. I will move on.

On the next line down you refer to other considerations in placing the equipment. Do you know what kind of other considerations you were referring to?

- A. Where you put this unit, where you put this unit in the power train. It can be in several locations. There is an optimal location, it can also be located after the HRHD.
- Q. But you did not look in this case to determine whether any of those other options are technologically feasible in this particular situation?
- A. I did not look at those in this particular situation; that is correct.
- Q. And you did not look to see from an engineering perspective whether those other options were even possible?

2	engineering analysis.
3	Q. Sir, just so that we are clear, as
4	you have based your answer a few questions ago,
5	you do possess the technical ability to do such an
6	analysis, correct?
7	A. Yes, I can do the analysis.
8	Q. The next bullet down, you say that
9	applicant does not provide information to
10	determine if the SCR and SCONOx were evaluated at
11	equivalent worst case conditions. Do you see that
12	in your next bullet?
13	A. What page are you on, page 4?
14	Q. Page 4.
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. And you say this information was
17	developed through a phone conversation. What does
18	that mean, it was developed through a phone
19	conversation?
20	A. That information in there is based on
21	a telephone discussion for the worst case scenario
22	for the SCONOx unit.
23	Q. I will restate my question to make it
24	clearer. Is this specific information that the
25	gentleman from Alstom Power provided you or is

A. As I have stated, I have not done an

1	this information that you have since interpreted
2	or did something else, based on the information
3	that Mr. Oegema, O-E-G-E-M-A, provided to you?
4	A. That is information he provided to
5	me.
6	Q. In the next bullet down you refer to
7	a deliberate improper adjustment at the Genetics
8	plant.
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. On what do you base your conclusion
11	that it was a deliberate improper adjustment?
12	A. That was based on a discussion I had
13	with the plant manager at Sunlaw when I was out
14	visiting that facility.
15	Q. And what, specifically, did the plant
16	manager tell you?
17	A. That unit was operated firing number
18	two fuel oil to do the performance test for the
19	turbine and that proper adjustments were not made
20	to the SCONOx unit. The people doing the test
21	were aware of that and decided to go ahead and
22	demo the generators.
23	Q. Did he explain to you the rationale
24	why?
25	A. I did not ask the rationale why.

- Q. Wouldn't it have been important to you in your analysis or even in your reaching a conclusion here to know the reason why they knew that things were out of adjustment and yet did nothing about that?
- A. No. And I need to correct something that I just said. I believe that the time was running out for the turbine generator to do his performance warranty and they went ahead and did the performance warranty on the generator and they elected not to make the changes to the SCONOx unit.
 - Q. Do you know that, sir?
- A. That is based on speaking with the plant manager. I physically was not there and did not observe the test.
- Q. Sir, you stated that you spoke to the Sunlaw manager related to the Genetics plant. Are they the same plant?
- A. I spoke with the Sunlaw at the California plant. Everyone I spoke with out at the California plant had work at the Genetics plant and were aware of that. I'm not sure exactly of the relationship between Sunlaw and Genetics.

1 Q. But this person that you spoke to, did he have firsthand knowledge of what happened 2 3 at the Genetics plant or is that what he had heard? Α. That is what he and the senior 5 project manager led me to believe, that they were 6 7 involved in this, and they had firsthand knowledge of it. 8 9 Q. But you don't know that, do you, sir? I do not know that. 10 Α. MR. LANG: 11 I move to strike the 12 conclusion on the basis that it sounds like 13 double hearsay. There is no basis that in 14 fact it was firsthand knowledge that was 1.5 conveyed, which would only be single 16 hearsay, which information I would object 17 to in most forums; in this forum I 18 wouldn't. Now it sounds like double 19 hearsay. I will object and ask it be 20 stricken. 21 MR. STANISLAUS: Which conclusion? 22 MR. LANG: On my copy, page 4, the third bullet. 23 24 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Would you like to 25 be heard, Mr. Stanislaus?

1 MR. STANISLAUS: Yes. The witness has testified based on 2 3 his understanding, that is what he's 4 testifying to, his understanding, based on 5 his conversations about the problems there, 6 based on his understanding he is testifying 7 that the applicant has incorrectly identified the sulfur issue. 8 9 MR. LANG: Your Honor, what the 10 witness stated is he has no foundation for his conclusion. This is what someone told 11 12 him. He doesn't know whether that person 13 knew it or not. 14 MR. STANISLAUS: It is the witness's expert opinion, based on his discussion 15 16 with technical individuals that he 17 understood to be involved with the project, 18 and based on that, he came to his own, his 19 own independent judgment as to this issue. 20 MR. LANG: I will object. He never 21 came to an independent judgment. This is what he was told. There was no judgment 22 23 there. 24 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Just a minute. 25 (Judges Moynihan and O'Connell

confer.) 1 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 2 We won't knock it 3 out, but obviously we will give it 4 appropriate weight. 5 MR. LANG: Thank you, your Honor. 6 Q. Mr. Halterman, are you aware that Sunlaw Energy is a part owner of Goal Line? 7 Yes, I am. Α. 8 9 Q. Do you believe that the fact that 10 Sunlaw owns Goal Line that produced SCONOx would 11 in any way influence their decision to use their 12 affiliate technology? 13 Α. Absolutely. Turning to the last bullet on page 4, 14 Ο. 15 this is related to maintenance problems and you 16 discuss in the second sentence replacement of 17 electric motors with pneumatics. What is the 18 result of that change in your view? 19 Α. That is to reduce the downtime of the 20 unit is my understanding. 21 What is your understanding based on? Ο. 22 Α. That was based on speaking with the 23 project manager on things that they had done and 24 this question is in response to a document from 25 Con Ed where it says the operational complexity of

the system also manifested itself in numerous maintenance problems, such as the failure to work, to operate.

- Q. So this response of replacing electric motors with pneumatics was specific to the site or was this meant as a general conclusion that anybody could do it?
- A. My comment is specifically to this site. A statement was made, a statement was made as to a problem with the motors and that change has been made at this site.
- Q. Well, could I ask you to review your first and second sentences of this bullet. Did you read those two sentences, sir?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Am I misinterpreting those two sentences, when read together in context with each other, that you are trying to make a conclusion as to how to overcome the maintenance problems that Con Ed has reported?
- A. This comment refers specifically to the Louver maintenance/reliability issue.
- Q. And the first two sentences when read together, isn't that your conclusion, and your response to Con Edison's identified problem?

1	A. That is my conclusion, correct.
2	Q. So, do you know, sir, it being your
3	conclusion, that in fact pneumatics will work in
4	the East River project?
5	A. No, I do not know that.
6	Q. So, what is the basis then of your
7	conclusion, as you have just stated it, that the
8	pneumatics will work at the East River project?
9	A. My comment has to do with the
10	operational problems associated with the SCONOx
11	unit. An operational problem was identified by
12	Con Ed, they gave the specific answer. I talked
13	with the Sunlaw people, and they told me the fix
14	that they had put in for that specific problem.
15	Q. But again, sir, you don't know that
16	that fix will work at the East River project?
17	A. No, I do not know that. That is
18	correct.
19	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I apologize
20	for belaboring this. I would again move to
21	strike this conclusion as having no
22	foundation.
23	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, I guess
24	we went over this before, is that correct,
25	the witness has testified to his role in

this proceeding. His testimony relates to that role. He did not perform and he has testified he did not perform engineering, a specific engineering study.

MR. LANG: Your Honor, he just stated he concluded as to East River that pneumatics would work, but he's got no basis for that conclusion. She can read the testimony back; that's what he said.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We are not going to strike it. We'll rule the same as we ruled before. We'll take it into consideration in weighing the evidence.

BY MR. LANG:

- Q. Sir, moving on to page 5, you say in the first bullet that I have on page 5, where you say you have been unable to establish excessive external "washing" as frequently as every six weeks -- do you see that bullet?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Did you mean to qualify that, sir, based upon the operating temperature range for a unit firing natural gas?
- A. No. The washing frequency has specifically to do with the Genetics unit.

- Q. So you weren't able to establish it only for the Genetics unit, but are you not saying as a general matter that there is excessive external washing as frequently as every six weeks?
 - A. I don't understand your question.
- Q. Well, the sentence starting out at the beginning of your conclusion suggests that it's a general kind of conclusion. And I am asking you, are you trying to make a general conclusion that you don't need washing every six weeks or are you simply stating at the Genetics unit and only at the Genetics unit that they did not need external washing every six weeks?
- A. The statement was made by Con Ed that they were having to do washings at that frequency.

 They are not doing washings at that frequency.
 - O. Who isn't?
- A. Genetics is not doing washings every six weeks.
- Q. Would you agree that at the Federal unit they are doing them more frequently than once every six weeks?
- A. At the Federal unit they are doing external washing at 700 hours.
 - Q. Would agree with me that that is less

1	than 30 days?
2	A. I would have to get my calculator.
3	If 700 divided by 24 is less than.
4	Q. How about we do this. This is an
5	easier way, sir. 72 hours is three days, 72 times
6	ten is 720 hours, ten times three is 30 days.
7	Would you agree with me that 700 hours is less
8	than 30 days?
9	A. Bear with me a minute. That's less
10	than three weeks, yes.
11	Q. So, there is a unit then that is
12	doing washing far more frequently than once every
13	six weeks, correct?
14	A. That is correct.
15	Q. What about the East River project?
16	Do you have any kind of conclusions as to how
17	often the East River project would need to do
18	external washings of SCONOx?
19	A. There is a difference. There is a
20	difference between the Genetics unit and the
21	Sunlaw unit in California as to the placement of
22	the SCONOx unit. That is the reason for the
23	different washing frequencies.
24	Q. Well, applied to the East River
25	project, do you know what the washing frequency

	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
1	0
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
1	7
1	8
1	9
2	0
2	1
2	2
2	3
2	4

1

2

would be?

- A. No, I do not. The washing frequency should be -- the optimal placement of the SCONOX unit would be or why the Genetics unit is -- so it would not be the 700 hours. It would be operating more along the six or 700 degree Farenheit temperature, as opposed to the 300 degree, like the Sunlaw unit.
- Q. Do you know whether you could put that SCONOx technology in the East River plant at the same place as they put it into the Genetics plant?
- A. As I have previously stated, if it had to fit in there, it could be made to fit in there; that was several questions ago.
- Q. It could be made to fit in exactly the same way, in the same manner as it is being fit in the Genetics plant or in a different manner as it is being fit in the Genetics plant?
- A. I am not really understanding your question.
- Q. Well, I believe you stated previously there are a number of different alternatives where to place the SCONOx?
 - A. That's correct.

1	Q. You said you don't need six weeks
2	washing at the Genetics plant because of the
3	specific place where they placed the SCONOx unit.
4	My question to you is, at the East River project
5	could they place the SCONOx unit in the precise
6	relative location as they were able to do in the
7	Genetics plant?
8	A. Did I understand you to say that the
9	Genetics plant what did, where did you say it
10	was in the Genetics plant?
11	Q. I didn't say where. You said it was
12	in the optimal location in the Genetics plant.
13	A. Okay.
14	Q. My question is, excuse me, can Con
15	Edison place the SCONOx unit at the East River
16	Repowering project in the exact same location as
17	the people that own the Genetics plant placed it
18	in their plant?
19	A. I do not know of any reason that they
20	can't.
21	Q. But you didn't study it?
22	A. No, I did not.
23	Q. And you don't know whether they can
24	put it in that location or not?

A. That is correct.

1	Q. So would it be fair to say that you
2	don't know whether Con Edison will have to do
3	washing at any frequency without knowing where,
4	specifically, the SCONOx unit would be located?
5	A. I am not in position or have the
6	information to say how often this unit would have
7	to be washed.
8	Q. So you don't have any basis to say
9	that Con Edison's information that it would be as
10	frequently as every six weeks is incorrect. You
11	just don't know; is that right?
12	A. My statement says that Con Edison
13	went and looked at the Genetics unit and stated
14	that it had to be washed every six weeks, and that
¹⁵ .	is not a correct statement.
16	Q. My question to you is
17	A. What is your question?
18	Q. Do you know whether Con Edison will
19	have to wash their SCONOx unit as frequently as
20	six weeks or perhaps more frequently or less
21	frequently?
22	MR. STANISLAUS: That's been asked
23	and answered.
24	A. I stated I don't know that.
25	MR. LANG: I will move on.

1	Q. In your next bullet down you explain
2	that the SCONOx unit could be leased and that this
3	cost is considerably less than \$16 million quoted
4	by Con Edison; do you see that?
5	A. That's correct.
6	Q. What is the lease cost?
7	A. I do not know that.
8	Q. How do you know it is less than
9	\$16 million?
10	A. Because I was told that by the people
11	at Alstom Power.
12	Q. Is that an annual cost of less than
13	six million or cumulative cost over the life of
14	the facility?
15	A. I believe that is capital cost.
16	Q. Well, is a lease cost a capital cost
17	or is it an annualized cost.
18	A. What number are you talking about?
19	I'm confused.
20	Q. You have said SCONOx can be leased
21	and this cost is considerably less than
22	\$16 million. That lease, is it a one-time payment
23	for the lease or is it an annual payment for the
24	lease?

A. I do not know that.

1	Q. Do you know what the cumulative total
2	of the annual payments, if there are annual
3	payments, would be?
4	A. I do not know that.
5	Q. Do you have any basis for saying that
6	it can be leased for a cost considerably less than
7	\$16 million?
8	A. As I have stated to you, based on
9	what Alstom Power told me, that is the basis of my
10	statement.
11	Q. You didn't get clarification from
12	Alstom Power as to what they were telling you, did
13	you, sir?
14	A. Alstom Power is still having
15	continuing talks with Con Edison, and has been
16	unwilling to provide a lot of technical
17	information as well as cost estimates.
18	Q. What I am asking you, sir, is you did
19	not get specific information that over the life of
20	this project, a lease cost would be less than the
21	\$16 million capital costs for buying it outside?
22	A. I did not do the economic analysis of
23	it.
24	Q. I'm not asking for an economic

analysis. Did you get the specific information

from Alstom Power that over the license of the 1 2 unit, the lease cost would be less than the capital cost of \$16 million? 3 No, I do not. Α. 4 MR. LANG: I believe you are 5 probably going to overrule. I would move 6 7 to strike this response as, well, as having no foundation. 8 I will rule JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 9 10 consistently with my other rulings. will not strike it, but we will consider 11 12 the weight of the testimony. 13 Further down in that same bullet you Q. 14 talk about the SCONOx versus SCR cost per ton and 15 the figures are based on a lifetime cost of ten 16 years. Will those figure change if the lifetime 17 increases beyond ten years? 18 Α. I did not do that analysis. I got 19 that analysis from South Coast Air Quality Management District and from the EPA. 20 0. Do you know whether those cost 21 figures would change if the life exceeds ten 22 23 years? I thought I said no, I did not know 24 25 that.

MR. LANG: I would just like my 1 objection to this noted as well, your 2 3 Honor. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: It is noted. BY MR. LANG: 5 Turning to your next bullet, which 6 Q. actually on my page goes over onto page 6, you 7 state at the top, the first full sentence at the 8 top of what's my page 6, "The application needs to 9 assess the potential for unreacted ammonia." Do 10 you see that sentence? 11 12 Α. Yes. And you explain that it needs to 13 Ο. react with gas emissions, gaseous emissions of 14 sulfur oxides and NOx to form ammonia sulfates and 15 16 ammonia nitrates? 17 Α. Yes. 18 Q. Are sulfur oxides and NOx the same 19 thing as sulfuric and nitric acid aerosols? 20 Excuse me? Are sulfur oxides and NOx the same 21 0. 22 thing as sulfuric and nitric acid aerosols? 23 Α. I consider sulfur oxides are SO2 and SO3, nitrous oxides are NOx and NO2. 24 25 Sulfur, if I recall my chemistry, is Q.

1	S?	
2	Α.	That's correct.
3	Q.	Nitrogen is N?
4	Α.	Correct.
5	Q.	Are those the same things?
6	Α.	No. Those are not the same things.
7		MR. LANG: Your Honor, at this time
8	I woul	ld like to get marked 41. This is
9	EREC':	s petition for full-party status in
10	the Di	EC permitting proceedings.
11		JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mark it Exhibit 41
12	for i	dentification.
13		(Exhibit 41 was so marked
14		for identification.)
15	Q.	Mr. Halterman, have you ever seen
16	this document	t?
17	Α.	No, I haven't.
18	Q.	Did you contribute any information to
19	EREC and CB3	in the preparation of their petition
20	for full-part	ty status?
21	Α.	No, I did not.
22	Q.	I would ask you to turn to page 22 of
23	the document	
24		Do you see section that says "the
25	Alternative (Control Techniques"?

1	A. Yes, I do.
2	Q. The second paragraph, the
3	second-to-the-last line.
4	A. Yes, I do.
5	Q. Do you see in that second-to-the-last
6	line where it says that ammonia slip combines with
7	sulfuric acid and nitrous acid aerosols?
8	A. Yes, I do.
9	Q. Who was correct, EREC, CB3 or
10	yourself in describing the process that will
11	occur?
12	A. There will be I believe that there
13	will be many competing reactions between ammonia
14	and SO2 and ammonia and SO, and there will be
15	reactions also between ammonia sulfate, as well as
16	ammonium nitrate.
17	Q. Your answer on page 6 of your
18	testimony is an incomplete answer; is that what
19	you are explaining?
20	A. My answer is a hypothetical mechanism
21	on what could occur because ammonia is coming out
22	of the stack. I have not made any attempt to go
23	through all the atmospheric chemistry of what all
24	was involved.

Q. Because that was outside the scope of

what you were retained to do in this case?

A. That was outside the scope of what I was retained to do. That is also a very laborious and complicated process, as Dr. Yarwood, I think, demonstrated when he was up here answering questions.

MR. LANG: Your Honor, I guess this is really directed to Examiner O'Connell as it relates to the DER permitting procedure.

EREC, in their petition, identified an issue that the application did not evaluate or discuss, and what we have here is testimony that is supposed to be responsive to that, but there is no evaluation of that. I apologize if I am not 100 percent familiar with the DEC proceedings.

Is it appropriate from the DEC permitting process to include this discussion when there was no analysis done and it's not actually consistent with what their petition says and is not, in fact, responsive to the DEC permit?

JUDGE O'CONNELL: I think that your statement goes more to the weight of the

1	evidence that is being offered.
2	MR. LANG: Okay. Thank you, your
3	Honor.
4	Q. Sir, move further down page 6 of your
5	testimony, I am sorry, there is a sentence that
6	starts, "Assuming an equimolar split." On what
7	did you base your assumption that there would be
8	an equimolar split?
9	A. That was an arbitrary decision.
10	Q. So there is no support for that
11	whatsoever?
12	A. None whatsoever.
13	Q. Were you here during the testimony of
14	Dr. Yarwood?
15	A. Yes, I was.
16	Q. Have you reviewed Dr. Yarwood's
17	testimony?
18	A. Yes, I have.
19	Q. Based on the facts that Dr. Yarwood
20	obtained from the Mabel Dean Bacon monitoring
21	station, would you agree that your arbitrary
22	decision is not supported by the actual facts as
23	to the split between the sulfate and nitrate
24	emissions?
25	A. No, I would not.

Q. Why not, sir?

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Because as I understood what Α. Dr. Yarwood has, he has actual particulate that was particular to it, but I don't know what happens in the reaction that would be unique to this.

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You don't know because you didn't study it or you are not familiar with the chemical mechanisms and chemical reactions?

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I have not studied the chemical Α. reactions and the mechanism and the kinetics associated with it; however, I understood that Dr. Yarwood is referring to samples of particulate that have been deposited and they are doing an analysis of that. Those are two separate things. There is much ammonia around here and many

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sulfates.

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Q. Sir, it's not that you don't know whether his analysis is right or wrong or you agree or disagree with it, you haven't done your own analysis and compared it to what he has done?

20 21

That is correct.

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Q. At the bottom of that bullet you talk about the effect on vegetation and aquatic life and water bodies.

24 25

1	What vegetation are you referring to
2	with respect to this project?
3	A. That would be any vegetation in the
4	area of impact around the plant.
5	Q. Such as?
6	A. I don't know of any. It is typical
7	when a health effect study is done, that is one of
8	the things that they do.
9	Q. Have you ever seen the East River
10	project, sir?
11	A. Have I ever seen the East River
12	project? I visited the facility.
13	Q. You don't know whether there is any
14	vegetation or you don't know if there would be any
15	impact on the vegetation?
16	A. I do not know if there would be
17	impact on the vegetation.
18	Q. Do you know whether there would be
19	any impact on aquatic life?
20	A. No, I do not.
21	Q. Do you know whether there would be
22	any impact on water bodies?
23	A. No, I do not.
24	Q. Your last bullet on the preceding
25	question from page 6, the applicant failed to

1	consider cost impacts. Of what relevance is that
2	conclusion?
3	A. I believe we struck the PSD analysis,
4	which includes the BACT analysis.
5	Q. So should this bullet then be struck
6	in accordance with striking the reference to the
7	PSD analysis?
8	A. No, I don't believe it should be
9	struck, because I think it's still applicable.
10	Q. In what way?
11	A. The cost of the project. No, excuse
12	me, it needs to be struck because there would be
13	no direct emission reduction credit, emission fees
14	associated with this.
15	MR. LANG: We'll ask that it be
16	struck in accordance with what the
17	witness's statements are.
18	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: That would be the
19	entire last bullet?
20	MR. LANG: Yes.
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We'll strike it.
22	That's on page 6, the last bullet of
23	the page.
24	MR. LANG: For that question, yes.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I think that is the

1	only question.
2	MR. LANG: I have two more questions
3	on page 6 on mine.
4	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You have more
5	bullets?
6	MR. LANG: Okay. Never mind.
7	Q. Sir, moving on to your next question,
8	"What conclusion have you reached on SCONOx," you
9	state in your last sentence, "There appear to be
10	potentially added benefits."
11	What does that mean "potentially"?
12	Are they there or aren't they there?
13	A. I do not know the answer to that
14	question. The potential benefit would be not
15	having the ammonia go into the atmosphere;
16	however, there has been no study done, so I don't
17	know if those emissions are detrimental or not.
18	Q. You have made a conclusion, but you
19	have no basis for your conclusion?
20	A. I have made a suggestion that the
21	study be made.
22	Q. No, sir. The question states "What
23	conclusions have you reached?" Are you saying
24	that this is a nonresponsive answer to the
25	question that was asked?

1	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, the
2	answer speaks for itself. His answer is
3	potential added benefit.
4	MR. LANG: I have asked about his
5	question and his conclusion. He said he
6	didn't make conclusions. He said studies
7	should be done. That makes this answer
8	nonresponsive to the question that was
9	asked.
10	MR. STANISLAUS: The conclusion
11	is
12	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Well, there is a
13	response there. Whether you like it or
14	not, it is there.
15	MR. LANG: Your Honor, the question
16	"Was what conclusion have you reached?"
17	He's just testified these aren't
18	conclusions.
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I think he answered
20	that there were potential conclusions. I'm
21	going to allow it to stand.
22	Excuse me, potential benefits.
23	BY MR. LANG:
24	Q. Sir, turning back to what's been
25	marked as turning to what's been marked as

1	Exhibit 41, on page 25, excuse me, 24.
2	A. I don't have 41.
3	Q. 41, it is the petition for full-party
4	status.
5	A. Oh, okay. This is the front of
6	Exhibit 45.
7	Q. Exhibit 41, page 24. Do you see
8	right above where it says "Issue D2, ammonium
9	emission," it describes what your testimony will
10	do.
11	A. Yes, I do.
12	Q. Do you agree with what is described
13	here that your testimony will review large scale
14	applications of SCONOx? Has your testimony done
15	that?
16	A. To a limited degree, yes.
17	Q. With respect to the documentary
18	evidence, was this a reference to you that you
19	would be submitting this documentary evidence from
20	Goal Line Environmental Technologies?
21	A. Excuse me?
22	Q. Well, the next sentence on page 24?
23	A. It was not my understanding I would
24	be doing that. I did not have, I did not prepare
25	this document and, to my knowledge, this is the

first time I have seen this document. 1 I just, I would like to ask one other 2 Q. 3 thing that has been attributed to you. However, if you turn to the next page, actually -- I'm sorry. Starting at the bottom of page 24 and onto 5 the top of page 25. Do you see where it describes 6 Mr. Halterman's testimony will provide? 7 Yes, I see that. Α. 8 Did you provide those calculations? Ο. 9 No, I did not. Α. 10 And finally, right above where it 11 Q. says "environmental justice," it states that 12 Mr. Halterman's testimony will address a condition 13 known as "blue haze." Did you address blue haze, 14 sir? 15 16 Α. No, I did not. Sir, do you know why EREC explained 17 Q. in this document that you would have done all 18 19 these things that you were never asked to do? 20 No, I do not. 21 0. Did EREC ever consult with you before 22 advising the DEC and the siting board what you 23 would be doing, as to what you would actually be 24 doing? I don't believe I have ever met EREC 25

1	and I don't know what you are talking about.
2	Q. Do you know what I mean when I say
3	"EREC"?
4	A. Excuse me. Go back. You are not
5	talking about a person, are you talking about
6	E-R-E-C?
7	Q. Yes.
8	A. Okay.
9	Q. Have you ever talked to EREC before
10	today, sir?
11	A. I am assuming that Mathy is part of
12	EREC; is that correct?
13	Q. Yes.
14	MR. LANG: Your Honor, we are done
15	with this witness.
16	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Shall we go to
17	lunch? Do you have much?
18	MR. KARMEL: No, I have, I think,
19	brief.
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. Can we
21	finish it before lunch or should we break
22	for lunch?
23	MR. KARMEL: I think we can do it
24	now. I will try to be quite brief.
25	CROSS-EXAMINATION .

Τ	BY MR. KARMEL:
2	Q. Mr. Halterman, may I take a look at
3	the document that you read, I think pertaining to
4	the LaPaloma plant. I think it was a news release
5	of some kind? I think you read a portion of it
6	into the record.
7	A. Oh, yes.
8	Q. Is this a document you obtained from
9	Goal Line Environmental Technologies?
10	A. Yes, off the Internet.
11	Q. Is this a Goal Line Environmental
12	Technologies press release pertaining to the
13	LaPaloma plant?
14	A. That's the way I interpret it, yes.
15	Q. Is Goal Line Environmental
16	Technologies the licensee of this SCONOx
17	technology?
18	A. That's my understanding.
19	Q. You used a phrase in your testimony
20	in response to one of Mr. Lang's questions and I
21	believe your phrase was, quote, available control
22	technology, unquote. You may not recall the
23	question in which that was used, but do you recall
24	that phrase "available control technology"?

A. Yes. I am familiar with that phrase.

25

1	Q. Could you explain what that means,
2	please?
3	A. To me, available control technology
4	is a technology that has been proven to work and
5	it's a technical process.
6	Q. In the concept of available control
7	technology, there is a distinction between whether
8	something is available in general as a pollution
9	control technology for a project, and whether that
10	technology would actually be technically feasible
11	for a specific project?
12	A. Ask that again.
13	Q. Sure.
14	Is there a distinction between
15	whether a pollution control technology is
16	available in general as something to be considered
17	as a possible pollution control technology for a
18	project, and whether or not that technology is
19	actually technically feasible for a specific
20	proposed project?
21	A. Is there a difference between those
22	two?
23	Q. Yes.
24	A. Yes, I believe there is a difference
25	between those two.

1	Q. Could you explain what the difference
2	is, please?
3	A. To me an available control technology
4	is a process that works. For something to be
5	technically feasible would mean will it work in
6	that particular application.
7	Q. Thank you.
8	And it is your testimony, if I
9	understand it, that you have concluded that SCONOx
10	is an available control technology in general,
11	rather than the more specific determination as to
12	whether or not it is technically feasible with
13	respect to the East River repowering project?
14	A. That's true.
15	Q. Would that be fair?
16	A. That is correct.
17	Q. Thank you.
18	There is a figure in your testimony,
19	on my copy it is on page 4. It is the first
20	bullet in response to the question "What are your
21	conclusions concerning Control Technologies
22	review?" I apologize, actually it's the second
23	bullet. The figure is 45 feet of width.
24	Do you see that portion of your
25	testimony that I am referring to?

Τ	A. Yes.
2	Q. The 45 feet that you mention in your
3	testimony, what are you describing by that width?
4	A. This is an item that I did not
5	mention that has changed since I provided this
6	testimony, because the SCONOx unit, to have the
7	pressure drop required, it's greater than 45 feet.
8	I believe it's like 60 feet. So I don't know if I
9	am answering. Excuse me.
10	Q. That's okay.
11	A. Let me be quiet and listen to your
12	question.
13	Q. So, based upon information that you
14	have received after February 1st when you
15	completed your drafting of this testimony, you
16	would conclude that instead of 45 feet of width, a
17	more accurate estimate would be 60 feet?
18	A. That's correct.
19	Q. And the 60 feet number, what does
20	that refer to, what piece of equipment are you
21	referring to?
22	A. That would actually be the width of
23	the SCONOx unit.
24	Q. When you say "the width of the SCONOx
25	unit," are you referring to the case of the unit?

- A. That is my understanding, yes.
- Q. In order for SCONOx to actually be installed at a power plant, in addition to the SCONOx equipment itself, with its casing, which you now estimate as about 60 feet in width for this particular application, would it also be necessary to have associated platforms to service the SCONOx equipment?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you be surprised to be told that the engineer responsible for the East River Repowering project at Con Edison has estimated that that platform be approximately 30 feet in width?
- A. I would not consider that unreasonable.
- Q. So, if the 30 feet is considered together with the 60 feet, would it be a fair approximate estimate that the contiguous feet of open space that would be required for each SCONOx unit would be 90 feet?
- A. It would actually be larger than that. I am assuming you would be looking at the unit and then the walls, so you would have to have more space than that.

1	Q. Can you approximate how many more
2	contiguous feet of open space would be required,
3	more than 90 feet?
4	A. Is your question would it require
5	more than 90 feet or are you asking me to
6	estimate?
7	Q. How much more than 90 feet?
8	A. I don't know the answer to that
9	because I do not know the design criteria that Con
10	Edison has for their construction. I can only
11	answer that question based on what I would do and
12	how I would do it and I don't think that is
13	relevant to this.
14	Q. Okay.
15	MR. KARMEL: Nothing further, your
16	Honor.
17	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Will you be having
18	redirect? Do you want to wait until after
19	lunch?
20	MR. STANISLAUS: Yes.
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We'll take a
22	luncheon recess until 1:30.
23	(Luncheon recess taken.)
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We will go back on
25	the record.

MR. STANISLAUS: I would like to
mark for identification Exhibit 42, which
is an exhibit that Mr. Halterman provided,
which is a table from Goal Line
Environmental Technology reflecting some
information from the South Coast Air
Quality Management District.

(Exhibit 42 was so marked for identification.)

MR. STANISLAUS: I'm ready to do redirect.

MR. LANG: Before we do that, I have one other thing on the record.

I would like to have, I apologize, I should have done this earlier, it is nothing I need for cross-examination, but I would like the report -- I would like to have an exhibit marked for identification that we would not move into evidence. It is also from the California website; therefore, it is an official document, that's why we are not moving it into evidence. But I asked that the Court take notice that the Nueva Azalea Power Plant project referred to by Mr. Halterman, the

applicant has requested that the project be suspended, and as a suspended project, I don't believe it should be included in consideration in this case for that reason because it is no longer a viable project.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We'll mark it Exhibit 43 for identification.

MR. LANG: Thank you.

(Exhibit 43 was so marked

for identification.)

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. You may proceed.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. STANISLAUS:

Q. Mr. Halterman, there was a series of questions to you this morning about the level of your activities on this project and you had referred to the application, discussing SCONOX, specifically, page L5-9, section L5.2.3.2, and you had referred to the last sentence in that section, that states SCONOX cannot be considered technically feasible for this project. Based on that, how did you understand your role with respect to evaluating the company's conclusion as set forth in that section?

- A. My task at the time was to review the application, and relate to weaknesses that I thought in the application that needed further direction, either by Con Ed or something that DEC or a regulatory agency would ask for additional information.
- Q. And in doing so, your goal with respect to the application was what?
- A. I considered the response that was in there not to substantiate rejecting SCONOx and we needed additional information; that was the purpose of my comment.
- Q. Would it be correct to say that a potential end result of your work could be that the applicant perform an engineering analysis of SCONOx on the proposed project?

MR. KARMEL: Objection, leading.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: It is leading but I will allow the question.

- A. Please ask the question again.
- Q. In conducting the work that you did and your testimony this morning, was one of the end results, your hoped end results of your work was that it would demonstrate that the applicant should, in fact, conduct an engineering analysis

of SCONOx for the proposed project? 1 2 MR. LANG: Objection, irrelevant. The end result of his testimony is of no 3 moment to the proceeding of what he hoped would happen ultimately. This testimony 5 has been offered for whatever it is, but to 6 say what his ambitions, his goals were for that testimony, I don't believe there is 8 9 any relevance to this case. 10 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: As I recall, there 11 was quite a bit of cross on this point. I 12 will allow the question. Yes. 13 Α. 14 Mr. Halterman, can you provide your 15 estimate of the cost and level of effort to 16 conduct an engineering evaluation of SCONOx for 17 the Con Ed project? Objection, irrelevant. 18 MR. LANG: He didn't perform such an analysis so I 19 don't see why him going through what the 20 21 cost would be to do that analysis would 22 have any relevance. 23 MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, the 24 cost of doing such was raised this morning 25 in testimony. The level of his work was

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raised in his testimony, so I feel it is absolutely relevant in redirect.

MR. LANG: He didn't do the work.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I am going to sustain the objection. We are --

MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, the purpose for me to try to put this information on the record is a number of examiners had questioned Mr. Halterman regarding his work. In fact, your Honor had raised the question about the monies provided through intervenor funds and the level of effort. We want to put on the record what would be the necessary effort and cost to do the kind of engineering analysis that not only was cross-examined this morning but is contained in the rebuttal testimonies of a number of witnesses. We want to contrast the level of efforts that Mr. Halterman did with the level of effort that would be necessary to do a full-blown engineering analysis.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes. And my reason for sustaining the objection is we won't do anything with that information. It's

irrelevant to this proceeding. The point is this material was not provided. Why it was not provided and how much it costs if it were to be provided really won't be taken into consideration.

MR. STANISLAUS: With all due respect, your Honor, there were questions raised regarding the use of intervenor funds, and we believe that the record would be devoid of information pertinent to that, to those statements. That's the purpose, making sure the record is complete on that question.

Sustain the objection. Again, we are getting into areas that are one step removed from what we are looking at. We are looking at what was done, what effect it will have on this project. We are not discussing, for example, what was not done and why it was not done and that's what you seem to be getting at. That's why I am sustaining the objection.

MR. STANISLAUS: I would like to make a motion that all reference to

intervenor funds be stricken from the record.

Secondly, a number of witnesses,

Steve Kurtz as an example, criticized the

testimony and the level of effort conducted

by EREC and CB3. In order to fully brief

that question, we believe it is pertinent

that the witness talk about what would the

level of effort be necessary to address

that question.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We are not going to decide the case on material that wasn't presented. So to go into why it wasn't presented or how much it costs to present, would have cost to present, really it doesn't impact us one way or the other and I just -- I don't see a need to go into that.

MR. STANISLAUS: Well, let me provide a potential need for that.

Under Section 168 of the Public

Service Law, the siting board must

determine that the project certified, as

compared to other reasonable alternatives

looking at environmental and economic

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reasons, that the project certified minimizes environmental impacts. believe it's pertinent that what the applicant did and did not provide as relates to EREC/CB3's ability to provide that information is relevant to potentially arguing to our examiners and the siting board the need for the applicant to perform such analyses.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: If their record is deficient, you can argue that it's deficient. I am not saying you can't argue that, but that is a different issue than what you are saying here are the reasons why you didn't provide it. And I am just not going to go into -- to me you are really getting off on a tangent, and it is just not probative of the material that we have to decide, so I am just not going to allow those questions.

> MR. STANISLAUS: Okay.

Q. Mr. Halterman, you were asked this morning about a number of facilities that you had cited in your testimony and you were asked whether all those facilities were new facilities; is that

1	correct?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Do you recollect?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. In your view, in the determination of
6	a LAER technology, does it matter whether a
7	facility is new or old with respect to that
8	determination?
9	MR. KARMEL: Objection, your Honor.
10	Calls for a legal conclusion.
11	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will have to hear
12	the question again.
13	(Record read.)
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We will allow the
15	question, but I will mention that there is
16	an overlapping here; there is a legal
17	conclusion involved, also expert opinion.
18	We'll limit this answer to the expert
19	opinion end of it.
20	A. As I understand your question, is
21	there a difference between LAER for new or old, I
22	would say no because the interpretation of the way
23	I understood it was "new" referred to a green
24	field plant, whereas I took the interpretation
25	that "old" meant nutting a new unit in an existing

1	plant. So to me they would both be new units and
2	they would have to comply with the same standards.
3	Q. If you were to evaluate pollution
4	control technology within an existing facility,
5	would your evaluation of performance change at all
6	between that and a totally new facility, a new
7	building?
8	A. In your question, do you mean I take
9	an existing unit as not being modified and
10	evaluated the same way?
11	Q. Let me rephrase it.
12	A. I don't understand your question.
13	Q. If you were going to install a
14	totally new turbine within an existing shell, an
15	existing building
16	A. Okay.
17	Q in your evaluation of LAER for
18	pollution control technology, would it make any
19	difference in that scenario versus building a
20	brand-new plant within a totally new building?
21	MR. KARMEL: Objection, leading.
22	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You know, I have to
23	agree with you. They are leading, but I am
24	going to allow it, and I will tell you why.
25	If we don't, we're going to be here for ten

1	minutes trying to get around the leading
2	aspects of it. So just as a matter of
3	convenience, I'm going to overrule the
4	objections.
5	A. I believe it would be to the same
6	standards.
7	Q. Pull the copy of your direct
8	testimony. You should have that, do you that have
9	there?
10	A. Okay.
11	Q. Let me refer you to page 4, the first
12	bullet. Do you have that?
13	A. The one that starts out "A review of
14	the drawings"?
15	Q. Yes. What was the purpose of your
16	statement there?
17	A. The purpose of that statement was to
18	say that any time you revamp an existing facility,
19	there is more than one way to put something in
20	there.
21	Q. Okay. Thank you.
22	What was your purpose, skipping down
23	to the fourth bullet of your statement there?
24	A. I was responding to a statement made
25	in a document that I got from Con Ed, that was

1	called their SCONOx report, where they had visited
2	the Genetics facility or Genetics.
3	Q. Mr. Halterman, what are some factors
4	in scaling up a pollution control device?
5	A. I am not sure I understand the
6	question.
7	Q. Okay. Mr. Cinadr, this morning he
8	talked about scaling up of a pollution control
9	device
10	A. Um-hmm.
11	Q from a lower size facility to a
12	larger size facility?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. How would you evaluate that in terms
15	of scaling up?
16	MR. LANG: Objection. Outside the
17	scope of direct and redirect and cross,
18	excuse me. We did not discuss scaling up
19	with this witness. He did not look at
20	Mr. Cinadr's testimony and did not offer
21	any rebuttals to Mr. Cinadr's testimony.
22	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: One moment. I am
23	just checking my notes.
24	Sustained.
25	MR. STANISLAUS: If I can be heard

on that before you make a decision?

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: There was no

scaling up discussed.

MR. STANISLAUS: He did not refer to scaling up at all in his prefiled testimony, but his prefiled testimony does talk about the ability to use SCONOx at various size facilities in the proposed project, and there was cross-examination about the ability to go from, I believe, a 32 megawatt facility, and I forget the numbers, which in effect is scale-up cross-examination. That term was not used this morning.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: And that's why I sustained the objection. I was talking about the process of scaling up.

Apparently have you a different question in mind than how I interpreted it, so please rephrase the question.

Q. Okay. How would you evaluate the viability of using a pollution control device which is currently installed at a smaller size facility to a larger size facility?

MR. LANG: Object to form. It's

overly vague. If he's referring to some particular facility related to East River or another facility, I think that would be acceptable. In a broad generic term, it is too vague to be responded to.

MR. STANISLAUS: It's a hypothetical. I am asking it on redirect.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will allow the question.

- A. Well, in this case, I believe that the SCONOx technology, as I referred to it, is a proven process and that would be taken into consideration, looking at the physical construction and layout of making it larger, such that it would accommodate a unit of this size.
 - Q. I'm going to go to another topic.

In your experience in looking at pollution control devices or LAER determinations, are issues regarding environmental impacts and public health impacts relevant from your experience outside of the engineering issues, and looking at the compatibility of the technology itself? I mean, you compare two technologies that may be comparable in performance. From your experience, can and how would you look at impacts

1	of one pollution control device versus another?
2	MR. KARMEL: Objection, your Honor.
3	I believe it goes beyond the scope of
4	cross-examination.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Sustained.
6	MR. STANISLAUS: I have no further
7	questions.
8	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Is there anything
9	further of this witness?
10	MR. LANG: One question on redirect
11	your Honor on recross, excuse me.
12	RECROSS EXAMINATION
13	BY MR. LANG:
14	Q. Sir, in response to one of
15.	Mr. Stanislaus's questions, you just stated that
16	SCONOx is a proven process.
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Could you please explain where and
19	how SCONOx is a proven process?
20	A. It is a process, it is a chemical
21	process that is working. It's working at the
22	Genetics unit and it's working at the Sunlaw unit,
23	and it is achieving the proper NOx and carbon
24	monoxide emissions.
25	O. When you say it's working at the

1	Sunlaw unit, you are not referring to the Energy
2	Nueva Azalea?
3	A. I'm referring to the 32 megawatt unit
4	located at 4151 East Franklin Avenue.
5	Q. That is the what you call the
6	Federal unit?
7	A. It's at the bottom of my page 4.
8	Yes, also known as the Federal unit.
9	Q. Is it, in your view, a proven process
10	of a project of the size of 360 megawatts or
11	greater?
12	A. I have answered that question before.
13	I am looking at the technology, not the size,
14	scale-up considerations. I am saying SCONOx is a
15	proven technology for use in NOx and carbon
16	monoxide, making no claim of the size of the unit
17	or the technical feasibility of installing in the
18	East River.
19	Q. Are you not expressing an opinion as
20	to whether size matters or you are just looking
21	solely at the chemical technology of SCONOx?
22	A. I'm looking at chemical technology.
23	I'm making no comments about scale-up, size of the
24	units.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Do you have

1 anything further? 2 MR. KARMEL: Yes. I would like to ask a few questions about the series of 3 questions that were asked of you on 4 redirect about the application of LAER 5 standards comparing a green fields 6 7 application to a re-patterning type 8 application. 9 RECROSS EXAMINATION 10 BY MR. KARMEL: Q. Could you describe green fields, 11 12 please. Did you use the term "green fields" in your testimony? 13 14 Α. I think I used the term earlier, yes, 15 I believe I did. 16 Q. What is your understanding of that 17 term, how, in the respect that you used it when 18 you were testifying? 19 Α. Green fields is when you go out and there is a green field, and you build a brand-new 20 21 facility from the ground up. 22 Ο. That is the sense in which I am using 23 that term. Α. 24 Okay. 25 And I would just like MR. KARMEL:

to preface this by saying when this line of questioning was asked about green fields versus repowering an existing plant, I objected on the grounds that it called for legal conclusion, but since the question was asked and answered, I believe it would be appropriate for me to recross on that, but I still believe that this is a question of law as to which testimony would not be appropriate, and I would hope that my examination on this is not a waiver of my position.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Right.

BY MR. KARMEL:

- Q. So the line of questioning was how

 LAER standards would differ in your view between a

 green fields project and a repowering type

 project. Do you recall those series of questions

 and answers?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Did I understand you to say that in your view the same standard, the same type of pollution control technology would be required, irrespective of whether or not the power plant was a green fields project or a repowering project?

1	MR. STANISLAUS: That wasn't his
2	testimony.
3	MR. KARMEL: That's what I am trying
4	to clarify.
5	A. My comment was if you build a green
6	fields plant and you put in a new power unit or
7	are in the process of repowering and you put in a
8	new power plant in an existing plant, the same
9	standards would apply to both.
10	Q. Would the application of those
11	standards, in your view, necessarily lead to the
12	same conclusion as to whether a specific type of
13	pollution control technology was appropriate in
14	the two circumstances, green fields and
15	repowering?
16	A. I don't have enough information to
17	answer that question.
18	Q. You would agree, I assume, that the
19	technical feasibility of a proposed pollution
20	control equipment is relevant to a LAER
21	determination?
22	A. Yes, I would.
23	Q. And would you also agree that the
24	space constraints posed by repowering within an
25	existing building are relevant to the issue as to

1	whether or not a pollution control technology is
2	technically feasible for that specific
3	application?
4	A. That would be one of the
5	considerations, yes.
6	MR. KARMEL: Nothing further.
7	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Little, I'm
8	sorry I skipped you. I didn't know you
9	were looking at me.
10	MR. LITTLE: That's what happens
11	when you stand in the back. And I am going
12	to move up to the front, since I think my
13	voice carries better from there, if you
14	don't mind.
15	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Not at all.
16	RECROSS EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. LITTLE:
18	Q. I would like to bring to your
19	attention, Mr. Halterman, to the table that I
20	believe you had with you
21	A. Um-hmm.
22	Q when you were on the stand before
23	lunch. Do you have a copy of that with you?
24	A. No, I don't.
25	Q. This has been marked as Exhibit 32.

1	A. 42.
2	Q. 42, excuse me.
3	In the upper left-hand corner, there
4	is a box that indicates 20 PPM, and then there is
5	an arrow, and it says 2.5 PPM. I wonder if you
6	could tell me what that represents, if you know?
7	A. Going from 20 parts per million to
8	2.5 parts per million.
9	Q. Does the arrow represent a reduction?
10	A. That is my understanding, yes.
11	Q. Would the costs that are reflected in
12	this chart be different if the 20 parts per
13	million or the 2.5 parts per million one were
14	different? In other words, if the starting point
15	and the ending point were different, would the
16	costs that are reflected for lifetime costs, ten
17	years lifetime for NOx controlled, those different
18	costs, would they be different?
19	A. Yes, I believe they would.
20	Q. Does this chart represent a generic
21	case? I don't see that it refers to any
22	particular technology.
23	A. That is a generic case, yes.
24	Q. Excuse me. By "technology" I mean
25	the combustion technology itself?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Are all combustion turbines producing
3	20 parts per million before they are controlled?
4	A. No, they are not.
5	Q. Have you examined the application in
6	this case for the East River Repowering to
7	determine what would be produced by the proposed
8	combustion technology here as far as NOx
9	discharges, emissions?
10	A. Not recently. I believe that the
11	units are less than I believe that the units
12	are being proposed, the GE turbine is less than 24
13	parts.
14	Q. You mentioned GE turbine, are you
15	aware it's a GE 7A turbine?
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. Well, I have got the application
18	here. I will just show you what is probably in
19	its LAER permit application. I think it's a
20	second page of a series of tables.
21	Let me first show you page L5-5,
22	Section L5.2.2, volume 3 of the application, and
23	point a table out to you, and below the table is a
24	text. And I wondered if you could just read the
25	first sentence of that text?

1	A. "The most recent NOx emission limits,
2	for natural gas, listed in EPA's BACT/LAER
3	Clearinghouse (see Appendix L-D) are late 1999
4	decisions: Kissimmee Utilities (BACT at 9 parts
5	per million volume dry using dry low NOx
6	combustion), Tampa Electric (BACT at 10.5 parts
7	per million volume dry using dry low NOx
8	combustion), and Oleander Power (BACT at 9 parts
9	per million volume dry low NOx combustion)."
10	MR. LITTLE: Thank you.
11	Q. And if you were using combustion
12	technology that started before controls such as
13	SCR or SCONOx started at 9 PPM, would the dollar
14	figures, the costs on this chart, be reduced?
15	A. Yes, they should be.
16	Q. Would that include the cost per tons
17	reduced, and the lifetime NOx control costs?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. And are you aware that this is a
20	GE 7A turbine that is proposed for this facility?
21	A. You have asked me that, and it is my
22	understanding that it is.
23	MR. LITTLE: Thank you. No further
24	questions.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Do you have

1	anything further, Mr. Stanislaus?
2	MR. STANISLAUS: No.
3	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you,
4	Mr. Halterman. You are excused.
5	(Whereupon, the witness was excused.)
6	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We have Exhibits 41
7	and 42, I believe. And 41 was introduced
8	by staff.
9	MR. LANG: Yes, your Honor. It was
10	the EREC petition for full-party status.
11	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: That's correct. Do
12	you want it in evidence?
13	MR. LANG: Yes, your Honor. We
14	would like that introduced.
15	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any
16	objections?
17	It's in evidence.
18	(Exhibit 41 was received in
19	evidence.)
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Exhibit 42 was the
21	table that was sponsored by EREC.
22	MR. STANISLAUS: I would like to
23	move it into evidence.
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Any objections?
25	It's in evidence.

(Exhibit 42 was received in 1 2 evidence.) 3 MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, I don't have an objection. I would like a footnote 4 to that, since it's been identified, that 5 6 it just be noted as something that is not particularly pertinent to the technology 7 here. 8 9 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: And you have had your opportunity to cross-examine on that 10 11 and that brought out the differences. 12 MR. LITTLE: Thank you. 13 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. Our next 14 witnesses. 15 MR. LANG: Your Honor, just to be 16 clear on the exhibits that staff also 17 marked, 40 and 43, we are not offering 18 those. 19 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Right. Those are 20 the decisions and we are taking official 21 notice of them. 22 MR. LANG: Right. Thank you. 23 MR. STANISLAUS: I would like to call Kaiser Aziz. 24 25 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Aziz.

1 Whereupon, 2 KAISER AZIZ, 3 having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Please be seated. 5 State and spell your name for our reporter. 6 7 THE WITNESS: My name is Kaiser, 8 K-A-I-S-E-R, Aziz, A-Z-I-Z. 9 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. STANISLAUS: 10 11 Q. Mr. Aziz, did you file prefiled 12 testimony in this proceeding? Α. Yes, I did. 13 0. Are there any modifications to the 14 15 prefiled testimony you filed in this proceeding? 16 The only thing, I would like to 17 remove a sentence from the question 3 answer, 18 because I did not have my resume with me, so I 19 took it out. 20 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: So I take it you 21 are striking the last line in that 22 question, is that, "a summary of my 23 professional experience and activities is attached." 24 25 MR. STANISLAUS: Let me clarify with the other, other parties' counsel. We are willing to put the resume on the record, he doesn't have it with him today, on the record subsequently. I know that DPS counsel requested that. So we want to do that, so --

MR. LANG: It's more important, your Honor, without knowing his experience and his activities as set forth in his resume, what qualifications this gentleman has to testify to the issues he's proposing to testify to. It's stated that it was going to be included. I understand he may not have it today. This was testimony that was put in on March 28th.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You don't have a copy of it?

MR. KARMEL: Your Honor, we would object to including this at a subsequent time because that would -- at that point I would presume Mr. Aziz would have returned to, I believe, Texas, and we would not have an opportunity to cross-examine him about that document. So we would object to that type of procedure.

1 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: All right. The 2 only option we can see is striking the 3 line. I don't know, if that's --MR. STANISLAUS: That's fine, sure. MR. LANG: 5 Your Honor, I would make a proffer. If they could have Mr. Aziz lay 7 out what his experience is, so that we can 8 understand what it is, that would satisfy 9 my objection. Not entirely, but it would 10 be sufficient for purposes of this. 11 I would like to know what it said on here, so we have an idea of what his 12 13 experience is. 14 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Is there any 15 objection to that? 16 MR. KARMEL: No, your Honor. 17 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Strike the line 18 then, the last line of the third answer, "A 19 summary of my professional experience and 20 activities is attached as appendix KA-1." 21 That will be stricken. I can have him do 22 MR. STANISLAUS: 23 it in the form of question and answer. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: What we will do, 24 25 adopt his testimony, then you can ask him.

1	MR. STANISLAUS: I move his
2	testimony be adopted.
3	MR. LANG: I object still, your
4	Honor.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: What is the
6	objection?
7	MR. LANG: There is still reference
8	in what's been prefiled to Ravenswood to
9	the Manhattan Steam System, that your Honor
10	has excluded from consideration, and I
11	believe his prefiled should be so marked so
12	that that portion of his testimony is
13	excluded.
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: That's correct.
15	MR. LANG: The first reference I see
16	to it, at the top of my page 3, that first
17	full sentence.
18	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes. "My testimony
19	also covers the steam pipe size
20	determination to conveyed steam from
21	Ravenswood to the Manhattan system."
22	Yes, that is not in evidence.
23	MR. LANG: Then on page 4, the first
24	full question and answer.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, that will be

excluded also. 1 2 Is there anything else? 3 MR. LANG: Yes, your Honor. would, subject to hearing his 4 5 qualifications and it being established that he's qualified to testify to the subjects in his testimony, I don't think 7 his testimony should be introduced into the 8 9 record until that showing has been made, 10 since we don't have his qualifications. 11 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. You may ask 12 the question. BY MR. STANISLAUS: 13 14 0. Mr. Aziz, can you provide us your 15 educational background? 16 Α. I have my engineering degree in Yes. 17 mechanical engineering and then I did my master's 18 in mechanical engineering. 19 Q. What is your -- I'm sorry. Go ahead. And I have professional engineer's 20 Α. 21 license in the States of Florida and Ohio. 22 Q. What is your professional experience 23 particularly as it relates to the subject matter of your testimony? 24 25 Α. Basically, when I graduated, I worked

1 for a company which designed and built air 2 pollution control equipment. Then I moved on to join Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, where I 3 implemented the air pollution laws, and during 5 that time I reviewed the application for a 500 megawatt power plant, and one 50 megawatt power plant. 7 Then I migrated to the United States, 8 and I did my master's and I joined a building 9 10

and I did my master's and I joined a building company in Florida Combustion. After that I moved to Houston, where I worked for, M.W. Kellogg, and they built refineries and chemical plants, and then I worked for Radiant International, which was an environmental consulting company, and then I worked for Jacobson Engineering, which also designs and builds refineries and chemical plants.

MR. STANISLAUS: I will now move his testimony be moved into the record.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any objections?

MR. LANG: Unless I didn't hear the testimony right, I did not hear this witness has any experience in designing power plants.

Can I just ask the question?

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Mr. Aziz, do you have any experience 1 2 in designing and building power plants? 3 THE WITNESS: No, sir. MR. LANG: Your Honor, this 4 witness's testimony is being proffered as 5 to the design and the ability to construct 6 generating facilities and power plants. 7 has just testified that he doesn't have 8 9 that experience. Can I ask him 10 MR. STANISLAUS: further questions on that? 11 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 12 Yes. 13 BY MR. STANISLAUS: 14 0. Mr. Aziz, are you familiar with the 15 configuration of industrial facilities? 16 Α. Yes, sir. 17 0. And the placement of various 18 equipment in the various industrial facilities? Α. Yes. 19 Have you been involved in project 20 0. 21 teams that are involved in the construction, 22 design and building of industrial facilities? 23 Α. Yes. 24 MR. STANISLAUS: Thank you. 25 Mr. Aziz, have you been MR. LANG:

involved in the design and construction of 1 power plants? 2 THE WITNESS: No. 3 MR. STANISLAUS: 4 Your Honor, I 5 believe he's qualified for his testimony. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, I just want to discuss something. 7 (Judges Moynihan and O'Connell 8 confer.) 9 We find the witness 10 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 11 sufficiently qualified to testify with 12 respect to the layout of the facility. He 13 does have experience in industrial layout. We will allow it. 14 15 Any other objections? 16 We will copy it into the record as if 17 given orally today. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

1	MR. STANISLAUS: I would like to
2	mark as Exhibit 43, the next Exhibit
3	Number
4	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I thought he didn't
5	have his exhibit.
6	MR. STANISLAUS: He has his exhibit.
7	He didn't have his resume.
8	mark as Exhibit 44
9	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 44, yes.
10	MR. STANISLAUS: which is a
11	layout depiction of the proposed Kips Bay
12	facility.
13	I would like to mark this as Exhibit
14	45, which is a layout depiction of the
15	proposed 74th Street plant.
16	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: It may be on here,
17	but the print is so small, I can't read it.
18	Which one is this, 44?
19	MR. STANISLAUS: Kips Bay.
20	(Exhibits 44 and 45 were so
21	marked for identification.)
22	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor,
23	Mr. Aziz, is ready for cross-examination.
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I want to explain
25	something. I usually let the applicants go

1	last because I am afraid of friendly cross.
2	Now, in this case it doesn't seem that way.
3	That is my usual practice. If you want to
4	change it, I will change it.
5	MR. LANG: I have no objection.
6	It's your choice.
7	MR. KARMEL: It's fine with me to go
8	first.
9	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Karmel.
10	CROSS-EXAMINATION
11	BY MR. KARMEL:
12	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Aziz.
13	A. Good afternoon.
14	Q. Could you summarize your current job
15	responsibility at your present employer.
16	A. I am the Vice President for
17	Environmental Science's eastern office. We fill
18	out the applications for clients, help them out
19	with compliance, and do the environmental audits.
20	Q. Is Enviro-Science an environmental
21	consulting firm?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. Is it an engineering design firm that
24	actually designs industrial structures?
25	A. No, not no.

1	Q. So your contact with things such as
2	power plants in your current capacity would be to
3	review permit applications or similar types of
4	reviews?
5	A. That is correct.
6	Q. Have you reviewed permit applications
7	for power plants at any point in your career?
8	A. Yes, I have.
9	Q. Have you reviewed a permit
10	application for a truncated combined cycle type
11	facility with a combustion turbine followed by a
12	HRSG type unit such as we have here in the East
13	River Power Plant Project?
14	A. No, I have not.
15	Q. Have you ever performed engineering
16	design work for a water treatment system to
17	demineralize water?
18	A. I have not, but I was part of the
19	team when I was designing the water pollution
20	control, not the demineralization for water
21	treatment.
22	Q. I'm sorry, I missed the last past of
23	your sentence.
24	A. Not part of the water treatment,
25	demineralization.

1	Q. So the answer is that in the course
2	of your career, you have never performed
3	engineering design work for a water treatment
4	system to demineralize water; is that correct?
5	A. That is correct.
6	MR. STANISLAUS: I believe his
7	answer is he was on a team that did that,
8	while he personally didn't do that.
9	MR. KARMEL: You have an opportunity
10	for redirect.
11	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You will have
12	redirect.
13	BY MR. KARMEL:
14	Q. Exhibits 44 and 45, are these
15	exhibits that you have prepared yourself?
16	A. Yes, sir.
17	Q. And did those provide rough layouts
18	for two combustion turbine HRSG trains at Kips Bay
19	and 74th Street?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. Did you review any documents or other
22	written materials before you prepared your rough
23	layout?
24	A. Yes. I look at the preliminary
25	agreement that was given to us by Con Ed.

1	Q. Did you review anything else?
2	A. No, that's all.
3	Q. The document that you reviewed, was
4	it a could you describe what it was? It's not
5	clear to me.
6	A. Agreement drawing for a
7	recommendation that was proposed for East River
8	Plant.
9	Q. Can you recall when you began your
10	review of that document?
11	A. I believe it was in January or so.
12	Q. January of 2001?
13	A. 2000, yes.
14	Q. And when did you begin preparation of
15	your rough drawings?
16	A. I believe it was about the same time,
17	in January.
18	Q. Did you spend a period of time doing
19	an analysis of some kind before you sat down and
20	began preparing your rough layouts?
21	A. What do you mean by "analysis of some
22	kind"?
23	Q. What type of work I withdraw the
24	question.
25	When you looked at the general

1	arrangement drawing that was provided to you, did
2	you attempt to assess the information presented
3	therein?
4	A. Yes. I attempted to look at the
5	general size of the unit.
6	Q. And did you complete that assessment
7	before you began preparation of your rough
8	layouts?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. Approximately how many hours did you
11	spend on that assessment before you began
12	preparation of your rough layouts?
13	A. I would say roughly two days.
14	Q. Approximately 16 hours?
15	A. Yes 16 hours.
16	Q. And are you able to divide how much
17	time you spent in I withdraw the question.
18	Does the 16 hours include the
19	assessment work that you did both for Kips Bay and
20	for 74th Street?
21	A. I guess. I take your question to be
22	assessment of your drawings. Once you do it for
23	one thing, that assessment can't be carried to the
24	next one. It's the same assessment.
25	Q. How did you go about assessing the

1	information in the general arrangements drawing?
2	A. Your drawings had the schedule on
3	them, so I took that scale and scaled the
4	increment and planned the size that we needed.
5	Q. I noted in your testimony you also
6	included, in addition to these rough layouts we
7	have been discussing, some cost estimates for
8	certain components of certain projects?
9	A. That is correct.
10	Q. Did the 16 hours of time that you
11	testified to include the work you did necessary to
12	prepare the cost estimate portion our testimony?
13	A. No, that would be additional time.
14	Q. I'm going to ask a series of
15	questions. I want to make sure we are speaking .
16	the same language before I begin.
17	A. Sure.
18	Q. I think we can agree that the East
19	River Repowering Project involves two combustion
20	turbine HRSG trains?
21	A. That is correct.
22	Q. And the project will generate 360
23	megawatts of electricity?
24	A. Correct.
25	Q. And it will produce 3 million pounds

1	of steam per hour?
2	A. That's correct.
3	Q. Turning to the document marked for
4	identification as Exhibit 44, which is your rough
5	layout of the Kips Bay plant, is this rough layout
6	a rough layout of the two combustion turbine HRSG
7	trains similar to what I just described for the
8	East River Repowering project or is this the
9	layout for the two combustion turbine trains that
10	EREC/CB3 has proposed for the Kips Bay site?
11	A. This is similar to what is proposed
12	for ERRP.
13	Q. The power plant building that you
14	have provided for the Kips Bay site is 200 feet by
15	330 feet?
16	A. Um-hmm.
17	Q. With respect to its footprint; is
18	that correct?
19	A. That is correct.
20	Q. And that would result in a footprint
21	for the power plant building of 66,000 square
22	feet; is that correct?
23	A. That is correct.
24	Q. I would like to discuss with you the
25	height of some of the pieces of equipment in your

1	rough layout. Let's turn to the SCR first.
2	You have used an SCR pollution
3	control technology for your proposed plan,
4	correct?
5	A. That's correct.
6	Q. And I believe you have stated in your
7	testimony that it is your understanding that the
8 .	SCR would be approximately 68 feet high; is that
9	correct?
10	A. That is correct.
11	Q. You also have two HRSGs set forth in
12	your rough layout for the Kips Bay plant, correct?
13	A. Yes, correct.
14	Q. Are you aware that the deaerator and
15	steam drum would be placed on top of the HRSGs in
16	this type of plant?
17	A. That is correct.
18	Q. Are you aware that the engineering
19	design for the East River Repowering project
20	indicates that the height of the HRSG together
21	with the deaerator and the steam drum on top of
22	the HRSG is approximately 110 feet?
23	A. I can't say that I know, because I
24	don't have the drawings with me.
25	Q. Do you have any reason to believe

1	that that information is incorrect, sitting here
2	today?
3	A. No, I don't.
4	Q. I have attempted to make out the
5	various pieces of equipment that you have included
6	in your rough layout for the Kips Bay plant.
7	A. Yes?
8	Q. Does this rough layout include a
9	water treatment facility?
10	A. No, it does not.
11	Q. Is a water treatment facility an
12	essential component of a project such as the East
13	River Repowering project?
14	A. Of course, yes.
15	Q. Why is that?
16	A. Why is that? You are trying to
17	produce steam, how would you produce steam?
18	Q. As we discussed earlier, this East
19	River repowering project has been designed to
20	produce 3 million pounds of steam per hour,
21	correct?
22	A. That is correct.
23	Q. So the water treatment system to
24	demineralize the water before it goes into the
25	HRSG must be capable of treating 3 million pounds

1	of water per hour, correct?
2	A. That's correct.
3	Q. Would you accept, subject to checking
4	my arithmetic later, that 3 million pounds of
5	water is approximately 738,000 gallons of water?
6	A. I will accept that.
7	Q. And the water treatment system must
8	be able to treat that volume of water each hour,
9	correct?
10	A. That's correct.
11	Q. Con Edison's project engineer,
12	Mr. Steven Kurtz, has testified that the water
13	treatment system for the East River Repowering
14	project will occupy 31,000 square feet of space;
15	are you aware of that?
16	A. Yes, I am aware of it.
17	Q. Have you performed any engineering
18	analysis that would lead you to believe that a
19	water treatment system of the same treatment
20	capacity as is necessary for the East River
21	Repowering project can take up less space?
22	A. No. I have not done any engineering
23	analysis.
24	Q. We discussed earlier the footprint of
25	your proposed power plant building for Kips Bay,

and I think we agreed that it was 66,000 square 1 2 feet, correct? 3 Α. Right. I would like now to draw your 5 attention to a smaller footprint within that 66,000 square feet and ask you if I am 6 interpreting your drawing correctly. I see a 7 number of 280 feet in one direction and 140 feet 8 9 at a right angle to that. Do you see those 10 numbers that I am referring to? 11 Α. Yes, I see. 12 And the 280 feet and 140 foot area, if you multiply those two, you get 39,200 feet; is 13 14 that correct? 15 Α. I will accept that. 16 0. And you have attempted to fit in your 17 rough drawing the two combustion turbine HRSG 18 trains together with certain other equipment that 19 you have indicated within the 39,200 feet area, 20 correct? 21 Α. That's correct. 22 And the water treatment system that Q. 23 we referred to earlier is not included within that 24 39,200 feet area, correct? 25 That's correct. Α.

- Q. Is it your testimony that two combustion turbine HRSG trains with the electric and steam output of the project could fit into a power plant building with a footprint of 66,000 square feet?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. If you had more time to analyze the space requirements of this type of project, could you think of any further analysis that you might be able to perform?
- A. Yeah. There is always room to analyze and make it better.
- Q. What type of further steps could you perform as a professional engineer to continue to analyze the space requirements of the East River Repowering project?
- A. It's a very general question. If you ask me a specific, I will answer you.
- Q. I think we discussed earlier that -- I withdraw the question.

Am I correct in understanding from your testimony that these rough layouts that you presented as Exhibits 44 and 45 were the results of approximately 16 hours of review; is that correct?

1	A. That is correct.
2	Q. If you had additional time available
3	to you, in addition to those 16 hours, can you
4	think of any additional types of analyses that you
5	would wish to perform to provide you with any
6	greater certainty with respect to your conclusion
7	that the equipment at issue here could fit within
8.	a 66,000 square foot power plant building?
9	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, I
10	object. It's calls for speculation. His
11	testimony is what it is.
12	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm going to allow
13	the question.
14	A. Yes. You can always analyze more,
15	like I said, and try to see how you can fit in
16	more equipment.
17	Q. I understand you can always analyze
18	more. How would one conduct such an analysis?
19	A. Depends on the purpose, that's why I
20	am saying.
21	Q. Well, my purpose
22	A. See, my my purpose would be to fit
23	in more equipment in a smaller space.
24	Q. The purpose to which I am referring
25	is if one wanted to obtain greater certainty as to

25

whether or not all of the equipment necessary for the East River Repowering Project could fit within the 66,000 square foot footprint, is there anything in addition that you haven't done that you might be able to do to continue an engineering review of that issue?

- A. Sure.
- Q. Please describe what that would be.
- A. You have got to see that the equipment is there, you are not forgetting any equipment; the sizes are right.
- Q. You have taken a general arrangement drawing from Con Edison, and you have moved, I take it, large pieces of equipment that are in one configuration at the East River station, to a different configuration at the Kips Bay Power Plant that EREC/CB3 has proposed; is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Would it be prudent if one were to design such a Kips Bay Power Plant to do any additional engineering analysis than you have performed to determine whether the configuration of the equipment that you have set forth here in your rough layout would work?
 - A. Yes. It needs to be analyzed if it

1	works or not, because my job was only to see it it
2	can fit on there, the equipment can fit on there.
3	And I have to see whether it could work to perform
4	the job, yes.
5	Q. Have you performed any engineering
6	analysis to have made those determinations?
7	A. No, I have not.
8	Q. Have you included in your rough
9	layout lay-down areas for maintenance of
10	equipment?
11	A. I tried to as far as, you know, what
12	I could see on that, on the general drawing, yes.
13	Q. Have you included office space for
14	personnel who operate the plant?
15	A. No, I have not.
16	Q. Have you included a control room?
17	A. No, I have not.
18	Q. Have you included a chemical control
19	room associated with the water treatment plant?
20	A. When I did this drawing, my purpose
21	was to show that the equipment that you have shown
22	on the ground level, I wanted to show that on the
23	ground level. For example, you are referring to
24	the demineralization unit. If you look at your
25	layers, that is at a height of between 70 to 100

That can be kept at different levels. 1 feet. 2 That's why you don't see that equipment in here. 3 Same way you can have other equipment at a different level. It doesn't have to be on the ground floor. 5 0. Could the water treatment facility be 6 placed above the HRSG and deaerator and steam drum 7 portion? 8 9 No, it would be too high. Ο. And above the combustion turbine 10 11 there are air louvers and intake pieces of equipment, correct? 12 13 Α. That's correct. 14 0. And you wouldn't put the water 15 treatment facility above the combustion turbines 16 for that reason, would you? 17 Α. No, I would not. 18 Q. So, if you look at your rough layout 19 for the Kips Bay Power Plant, we should assume that the areas designated here as the areas that 20 are taken up by the combustion turbine and the 21 22 HRSG are not areas where one would be putting 23 additional equipment above that, correct? Α. 24 Right.

And you also have a stack indicated

25

Q.

1	on your drawing?
2	A. Um-hmm.
3	Q. I take it there would be no equipment
4	of any kind in that particular footprint, correct?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. In placing your natural gas
7	compressor areas on your drawing, have you
8	considered the fire safety requirements of the New
9	York City Fire Code?
10	A. No, I have not.
11	Q. Have you considered I withdraw the
12	question.
13	Are you aware that the New York City
14	Fire Code requires extremely thick walls around
15	the natural gas compressors as a fire safety
16	measure?
17	MR. STANISLAUS: He didn't do it
18	with respect to that.
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: He said he didn't
20	do it. Now he's asking if he's aware of
21	certain conditions. I will allow the
22	question.
23	A. No. I am not aware of New York Fire
24	Code.
25	O. Did you see any equipment on the

general arrangement drawings that were provided to 1 you for the East River Repowering Project that you 2 identified as being superfluous, unnecessary for 3 the East River Repowering Project? 4 No, I did not. 5 Α. 6 Ο. Did you identify, in the course of your 16 hours of assessment of those general 8 arrangement drawings, any space-saving 9 opportunities that came to your attention that 10 might allow Con Edison to reduce the square 11 footage of the equipment that comprises the East 12 River Repowering Project? I was not looking from that 13 Α. No. 14 point of view at East River, so --15 Q. Have you heard of Washington Group International formerly known as Raytheon --16 17 Yes, I have. Α. 18 Q. -- Project Consulting Engineers for the East River Repowering project? 19 I have heard of them. 20 A. 21 Q. Are you aware -- withdraw the 22 question. 23 Would you agree that Washington Group 24 International, formerly Raytheon, is a nationally and even internationally known and well-respected 25

firm of consulting design engineers? 1 2 MR. STANISLAUS: Irrelevant, it's irrelevant. The witness's testimony on Con 3 Edison's use of another consultant is 5 irrelevant. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Sustained. 6 Are you aware that Con Edison has a Ο. 7 team of engineers devoted to design engineering Я 9 for the East River Repowering Project? I am not, but I suppose so. 10 Α. 11 Ο. And would you assume, based upon your 12 professional experience, that that project design team of engineers has spent more than 16 hours 13 thinking about the space constraint issues that 14 15 are associated with the East River Repowering 16 Project? 17 Α. Repeat the question, please. 18 Ο. Would you assume, based upon your 19 professional experience, that the team of design engineers at Con Edison has spent more than 16 20 hours thinking about space constraint issues 21 22 associated with the East River Repowering Project? 23 Α. Yes. As a result of the additional time Ο. 24 25 and attention that Con Edison's engineers have

been able to devote to the East River Repowering

Project, do you have a professional opinion as to

whether they are likely to have more information

at their disposal than you do as to the

engineering considerations that bear on the space

requirement for two combustion turbine HRSG trains

with the electric and steam send-out capacity of

the East River Repowering Project?

- A. I would imagine so.
- Q. Con Edison's project, lead engineer,
 Mr. Steven Kurtz, has testified that the
 preliminary analysis of the Con Edison engineering
 design team leads him to conclude that neither of
 the EREC/CB3 alternatives that have been proposed
 for Kips Bay would fit within the 29,000 square
 foot footprint of the portion of the Kips Bay
 parcel zoned for that use. Would it be fair to
 say that you have not performed an engineering
 analysis that would allow you to express an
 opinion contrary to that view?
- A. That is true. I have not done any analysis, engineering analysis.

MR. KARMEL: No further questions.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Little?

MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, in the

1	interest of economy, I think I will pass at
2	this point. I think Mr. Karmel has covered
3	most of the areas I would cover.
4	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Lang.
5	MR. LANG: Yes, your Honor.
6	CROSS-EXAMINATION
7	BY MR. LANG:
8	Q. Mr. Aziz, you have stated that you
9	have done some design work for refineries and
10	chemical plants?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Have you designed any large
13	industrial facilities for either of these areas,
14	these industries?
15	A. Define "large."
16	Q. Any industrial manufacturing
17	facilities of any size?
18	A. Permits, large or small?
19	Q. Forget the large or small. Have you
20	designed any industrial manufacturing facilities?
21	A. Yes, I have.
22	Q. How many have you designed?
23	A. How many? I can't count, but I can
24 .	tell you.
25	Q. More than ten?

1	A. More than that.
2	Q. More than 100?
3	A. No.
4	Q. More than 50?
5	A. Less than 50 probably.
6	Q. In all of the projects that you have
7	designed, did you ever get your design completed
8	in 16 hours or less?
9	A. No.
10	Q. Do you think it's appropriate to
11	spend only 16 hours doing a design of any type of
12	manufacturing facility?
13	MR. STANISLAUS: I object. Mr. Aziz
14	has testified to the limited extent the
15	work that he performed. I'm not sure of
16	the relevance of the question.
17	MR. LANG: I'm asking if he believes
18	it is appropriate.
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I am going to allow
20	the question.
21	Q. I will repeat the question.
22	Do you believe it's appropriate when
23	you are doing a design study to spend only 16
24	hours in your analysis?
25	A. For design study, no.

1	Q. What you did here was a design study;
2	is that correct?
3	A. No, it's not.
4	Q. What did you do here?
5	A. Just layout, conceptual layout.
6	Q. Have you done conceptual layouts for
7	any manufacturing facilities?
8	A. Yes, we have.
9	Q. And has it taken you 16 hours to do
10	any of those layouts?
11	A. No, it takes more.
12	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I have some
13	questions about the two exhibits.
14	Permission to approach the witness
15	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Certainly.
16	MR. LANG: so I can point things
17	out to make sure we are clear, and I will
18	identify them for the record.
19	Your Honor, turning first to Exhibit
20	44, which are we told is Kips Bay.
21	Q. Do you have that exhibit?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. What is the proper way to orient this
24	document in terms of where the East River would
25	be?

1	A. The East River would be
2	Q. The smoke stack side?
3	A. Yes, the smoke stack side.
4	Q. So we are holding it the same way?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. If you look then, if we assume the
7	smoke stack is in, as we are looking at this
8	document, the right side, that where First Avenue
9	would be on would be the left side of the
10	document?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Do you see two long boxes that run to
13	the wall by First Avenue?
14	A. Um-hmm.
15	Q. What are those two things that you
16	have?
17	A. That's the space for taking out the
18	measure of the generators.
19	Q. Okay. So there is nothing actually
20	there?
21	A. There is nothing in there.
22	Q. Do you see, again moving in from
23	First Avenue
24	A. Um-hmm.
25	Q you have one box labeled "natural

1	gas compressors 1 and 2, CTG bus accessory" and
2	then four others boxes?
3	A. Right.
4	Q. What do
5	A. For water intake and some equipment
6	related to turbines, I guess.
7	Q. You guess, sir, or do you know what
8	those boxes are?
9	A. What those boxes are, I cannot tell .
10	you, because I didn't write this on Con Edison's
11	drawing.
12	Q. Sir, we are looking at your drawing.
13	How are we supposed to know what they are if you
14	haven't labeled them?
15	A. I haven't labeled them.
16	Q. If someone had asked you, and you
17	hadn't prepared this, and asked you to look at a
18	drawing, would you know what you were looking at?
19	A. Probably not.
20	Q. During Mr. Karmel's questioning, you
21	had said that you thought you could put a second
22	story on this?
23	A. Sure.
24	Q. Where would you put that on this
25	diagram?

1	A. Probably on top of the gas
2	compressors.
3	Q. Would it span from the north wall to
4	the south wall?
5	A. It could, it could.
6	Q. It could. Okay. Where the
7	generators are?
8	A. The generators are right there.
9	Q. And the floor would go above the
10	generators?
11	A. Above the generators.
12	Q. How would you access the generators
13	for service purposes?
14	A. You could have a higher ceiling, what
15	prevents you?
16	Q. Didn't you state that the maximum
17	ceiling height for the building would be 100 feet?
18	A. I didn't, I didn't say maximum
19	ceiling height. I said up to 100 feet, it could
20	be higher.
21	Q. Are you saying now it could be higher
22	than 100 feet?
23	A. It could be higher than 100 feet.
24	Q. Are you familiar with the layout of a
25	generating facility?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Are you familiar that almost every
3	generating facility has a crane that is installed
4	in the plant?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. So are you suggesting that the crane
7	would actually be installed below the second
8	floor?
9	A. Yes. Why not?
10	Q. How much space is needed then to put
11	the crane over the generators and lift the
12	generators up and out into the layout area?
13	A. I can't give you a specific. It
14	should be enough to do it.
15	Q. But you have no idea how much space?
16	A. I have no idea.
17	Q. You don't know that 100 feet would be
18	sufficient to have room for the crane and then the
19	second floor and the roof, you don't know it would
20	be 100 foot?
21	A. I don't.
22	Q. What is the basis of your testimony
23	it would be 100 foot tall?
24	MR. STANISLAUS: He never testified
25	the ceiling would be 100 foot. He

testified based on Mr. Karmel's 1 examination, the cumulative height based on 2 3 the placement of various equipment. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes. I recall 4 that. 5 MR. KARMEL: It's on page 3 of his 6 testimony. 7 BY MR. LANG: 8 Mr. Aziz, didn't you say on page 3 of 9 0. your first full question in the second bullet 10 point that the building would be 100 feet high 11 based on the tallest structure of 68 feet? 12 13 So you see where I am pointing to? 14 Α. Um-hmm. 15 Q. Isn't that what your testimony is, 16 sir? 17 Α. Yes. 18 Q. Are you now recanting that testimony? 19 Α. No, I am not. 20 Ο. So then it is your testimony that 21 there, within 100 feet, that you could put the 22 generator, a crane with sufficient space to pull 23 the equipment out of the generator, specifically the rotors, lift them up, have clearance, move 24 25 them over to a lay-down area and put a second

1	floor above that, and you could do all that within
2	100 feet?
3	A. I may not.
4	Q. Well, if you can't get the equipment,
5	get access to the equipment for maintenance, how
6	can you build this building from any kind of
7	technical perspective?
8	A. You know, I was to see if the
9	equipment can be laid out; that was my assignment.
10	Q. Was your task, as you understood it,
11	to build to design a plant that could actually
12	be built and could be operative in real life?
13	A. No. That was not my task, to design
14	a plant.
15	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I'm sorry.
16	But I have to object to this testimony. He
17	hasn't designed something that you could do
18	in reality, there can't be any probative
19	value in terms of an alternative of
20	something that could be existing if he
21	hasn't designed it.
22	MR. STANISLAUS: Your honor, if I
23	could be heard on this.
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes.
25	MR. STANISLAUS: The testimony back

on page 3, the building height is based on the SCRH being 38 feet high. During
Mr. Karmel's testimony, he talked about the additive effect of equipment being done, placed in a sequential order, which is not part of his direct testimony and the current cross-examination goes beyond that with additional equipment. That's not what he testified about. He is free to testify regarding other items, but that is not in conflict with his direct testimony.

MR. LANG: Your Honor, if I may be heard, Section 168, paragraph 2(c) requires the Siting Board to examine reasonable alternatives. Based on Mr. Aziz's testimony, there is no way that these two alternatives could be considered reasonable alternatives. He says all of the equipment required in a power plant is not there. By his own testimony, he hasn't designed a real life power plant. All he has done is refit Con Edison's equipment into a footprint. He's already testified that he omitted certain equipment. There is no way that what he has put on here

1	could meet the test of reasonable
2	alternatives under Section 168.
3	MR. STANISLAUS: He is free to make
4	that argument in briefs.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm going to cut
6	that short. You can deal with his
7	testimony right now and save the rest for
8	your brief.
9	MR. LANG: We will keep going then.
10	BY MR. LANG:
11	Q. Mr. Aziz, in Exhibit 44, why do you
12	have three nature gas compressors?
13	A. Three natural gas compressors?
14	Q. Yes.
15	A. That's what they were shown on Con
16	Edison's.
17	Q. So you don't know why three would be
18	even needed?
19	A. No. I don't.
20	Q. Do you know how you would gain access
21	to the compressor? Is that approximately the
22	. exact middle of the building for servicing
23	purposes?
24	A. For servicing, yeah. You could go
25	through the space that is you could go from

1	here.
2	Q. "From here," you are pointing to the
3	space on the First Avenue side?
4	A. Yeah.
5	Q. So are you suggesting that you would
6	walk through the area, the rotor layout area and
7	then you walk through these equipment banks and
8	then get to the compressor?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. How would you get your equipment, to
11	the extent you needed to service and you needed to
12	pull out equipment from the compressor, how are
13	you going to get that in there?
14	A. Same way.
15	Q. So what happens, though, if that
16	equipment is this a scale drawing, by the way?
17	A. Yes, it is.
18	Q. What happens if the equipment is
19	wider than the space between going from the
20	First Avenue side to the first two unnamed boxes?
21	A. These are the boxes which can be
22	moved. These are not fixed, these are trailers.
23	Q. They are trailers?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. What's in those trailers?

1	A. I don't know what is in that trailer.
2	Q. How do you know they are moveable?
3	A. That's how they are shown.
4	Q. That's how who showed them?
5	A. It is
6	Q. That's not how you have shown them,
7	is it?
8	A. No, I have not.
9	Q. Have you taken into account at all
10	piping and wiring arrangements in your drawing?
11	A. No.
12	Q. Turning to the document that is
13	labeled Exhibit 45, could you orient me as to this
14	document. I see the equipment on one part and
15	then two empty spaces.
16	A. Right.
17	Q. Which side would be closer to the
18	East River?
19	A. The empty.
20	Q. The empty side, so I am holding this
21	correct?
22	A. Right.
23	Q. Okay. I see on the left side in the
24	lower corner of your drawing, you have two
25	unmarked empty spaces next to the generators?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Are those is there equipment there
3	or is that
4	A. Lay-down spaces.
5	Q. Do you know how much a rotor weighs,
6	sir?
7	A. No, I don't.
8	Q. Would it surprise you that it weighs
9	in the tens of tons or higher?
10	A. No, it will not.
11	Q. Do you know how a rotor comes out of
12	a generator?
13	A. No, I don't.
14	Q. Would it surprise you to learn that
15	you would pull it out from the side?
16	A. No, it wouldn't.
17	Q. That would not surprise you?
18	A. No.
19	Q. Could you explain to me, since you
20	have your two generators perpendicular to each
21	other, how you would pull those two rotors out?
22	A. The space shown
23	Q. Let me rephrase the question, sir.
24	Wouldn't you need a crane to assist
25	you in removing the rotors from the generators?

1	A. Yes, you would.
2	Q. How would you have a crane that goes
3	in both directions at the same time? Which way
4	would you orient your crane in the building, east
5	to west or north to south?
6	A. What do you mean?
7	Q. You have an overhead crane in the
8	building?
9	A. Right.
10	Q. The crane runs on tracks?
11	A. Um-hmm.
12	Q. Would the tracks be on the north and
13	south side or on the east and west side of the
14	building?
15	A. Should be east and west.
16	Q. The east and west being east and
17	west?
18	A. Right.
19	Q. If that is the case, if the crane is
20	moving in an easterly to westerly direction, how
21	do you pull the rotor on this one generator that
22	is oriented in the north-south direction?
23	A. See, by the crane, you move the
24	operate with the crane.
25	Q. Yes. Don't you have to pull this

1	rotor out in a southerly direction?
2	A. Yes no, the crane moves this way,
3	but the operator can take it out this way.
4	Q. From a loading perspective, can you
5	load the crane in both directions?
6	A. No.
7	Q. The area that is to, as we are
8	looking at this diagram, to the east of your
9	plant, is this a lay-down area or is there
10	existing equipment?
11	A. There is existing equipment.
12	Q. So where would the lay-down area be
13	in the 74th Street plant?
14	A. There is space here, a balance space.
15	Q. Could you explain it on east, the
16	middle?
17	A. No, on the south side.
18	Q. On the south side?
19	A. Right here. Right here, around.
20	Q. This is the middle of the building?
21	A. Right.
22	Q. Does it cover from the south wall to
23	the north wall or just a small portion of that?
24	A. Half, about half portion.
25	Q. In your view, is that enough lay-down

1	area?
2	A. I cannot answer that.
3	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I am not
4	done, but I am done with the drawing.
5	Q. Mr. Aziz, I am not going to revisit
6	an area that you covered with Mr. Karmel, but I
7	don't believe he asked this question, so I will.
8	Have you undertaken any examination
9	of zoning issues as it relates to your drawings
10	and your design?
11	A. I have not.
12	Q. Did you do any examination of the
13	neighborhood and whether a steel structural
14	building with a brick veneer would be compatible
15	with the neighborhood in which you are proposing
16	the Kips Bay power plant?
17	MR. STANISLAUS: You are that is
18	not the purpose of the testimony,
19	neighborhood characteristics or zoning,
20	that is not the characterization of his
21	testimony.
22	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Sustained.
23	MR. LANG: He's identified what type
24	of buildings he designed, and he's got
25	costs associated with it and I believe it

is permitted to inquire whether the design 1 that he has selected, that the cost he has 2 selected, would even be realistically 3 achievable in that neighborhood. 4 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 5 You are going into the zoning. 6 MR. LANG: It was one question as to whether the building he has designed would 8 9 be compatible with that neighborhood. 10 MR. STANISLAUS: Could you define 11 "compatible"? What does "compatible" mean? 12 MR. LANG: Consistent with the 13 general neighborhood in which you are. 14 Q. Could you build a brick veneer 15 building in that neighborhood, given the nature and the design of the surrounding structures? 16 17 MR. STANISLAUS: But that is not an engineering question. 18 19 MR. LANG: Sure, it is, your Honor. 20 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm going to allow 21 the question. 22 MR. STANISLAUS: Okay. 23 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We are getting into 24 a lot of argument back and forth on these 25 questions.

1	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I believe
2	it's appropriate to determine whether his
3	pricing is accurate.
4	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I allowed you to
5	ask the question. Originally, I had,
6	because I thought you were going into a
7	line on zoning.
8	MR. LANG: Just the one question.
9	A. What was the question?
10	Q. Did you examine whether or not brick
11	veneer would be compatible or appropriate for that
12	neighborhood?
13	A. No, I did not.
14	Q. Sir, I did have one other question on
15	both Exhibits 44 and 45.
16	What types of emission control
17	technology are you proposing?
18	A. The same as East River, SCR.
19	Q. Is there a reason why you are not
20	proposing SCONOx?
21	MR. RIBACK: He's not a SCONOx
22	expert. He's testified he replicated
23	MR. LANG: They're arguing it should
24	have been SCONOx, but their own witness
25	isn't even considering SCONOx.

1	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: There is an
2	inconsistency.
3	MR. LANG: Okay. One second, your
4	Honor.
5	Your Honor, I would like to have
6	marked as 46, which is Interrogatory Number
7	252.
8	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We will mark it
9	Exhibit 46 for identification.
10	(Exhibit 46 was so marked
11	for identification.)
12	Q. Sir, in your testimony on page 3, you
13	referred to Con Edison's response to question
14	Number 252?
15	A. Um-hmm.
16	Q. Have you ever seen what has been
17	marked as Exhibit 46?
18	MR. STANISLAUS: I'm sorry. Could
19	you repeat your question?
20	MR. LANG: Sure.
21	MR. LANG: Have you ever seen what
22	has been marked as Exhibit 46?
23	MR. STANISLAUS: Can we clarify that
24	this is Con Edison's response?
25	MR. LANG: Excuse me?

1	MR. GUTMAN: It's an excerpt from
2	their response to us.
3	MR. LANG: It's the entire response,
4	252.
5	MR. STANISLAUS: Just to clarify to
6	the record, this is a Con Edison response
7	to EREC/CB3's interrogatory?
8	MR. LANG: Yes.
9	Q. I'm asking if you have ever seen it?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Can you show me where in this
12	document there is any reference to Kips Bay?
13	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, I am
14	trying to understand the nature of this
15	question. He's presented an interrogatory
16	from Con Edison and he's asking him about a
17	reference in the response to Kips Bay; that
18	is not something that he can testify to.
19	MR. LANG: That is exactly what I am
20	getting at, your Honor.
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: To begin with, who
22	submitted this interrogatory?
23	MR. LANG: EREC did.
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. And was this
25	one that was submitted by this witness?

MR. LANG: I have no idea, your 1 2 They didn't identify from whom each 3 question was submitted. The reason I ask, your Honor, is he refers to it in his 4 5 testimony. Right. 6 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 7 MR. STANISLAUS: Could you repeat 8 your question again? 9 MR. LANG: Sure. 10 Ο. Sir, could you identify for me where in this response to 252 there are references to 11 12 Kips Bay? Α. There are none. 13 Q. 14 Thank you. 15 Then could you please explain to me how you were able to use this interrogatory to 16 17 develop your costing for the Kips Bay alternative? 18 These are basically rough costs, and Α. my rationale was that the equivalent was similar, 19 20 so I used those costs. 21 Q. Well, do you have any knowledge that, 22 in fact, what would be required for an 23 interconnection in Kips Bay would be the same as 24 what it would be for 74th Street or for 59th 25 Street?

1	A. This was, I don't steam, correct?
2	Q. Is that your answer, sir?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Well, do you know what would be
5	involved in the interconnection in Kips Bay?
6	A. You are talking about steam? Are you
7	talking about electricity?
8	Q. No, the steam. Do you know what
9	would be involved to make that interconnection?
10	A. What do you mean?
11	Q. Well, you have said that you used
12	this information on Interrogatory Answer 252 to
13	derive your information for Kips Bay?
14	A. Um-hmm.
15	Q. What I am asking you is: Do you know
16	what would be involved in the interconnection at
17	Kips Bay?
18	A. Yeah. You will need steam piping
19	that would be connected to the main steam line.
20	Q. Would you need anything else?
21	A. Without, you know, further knowledge,
22	I cannot tell you.
23	Q. So, do you know how much piping you
24	would need?
25	A Pough estimate I cannot tell you

1	exactly how much you would need. It would be a
2	rough estimate.
3	Q. Was your rough estimate based on the
4	response to Interrogatory 252?
5	A. No. It was based on how much pipe we
6	need and the estimated cost for 242.
7	Q. How did you determine how much pipe
8	you would need?
9	A. We laid out the distance of Kips Bay
10	to the main line.
11	Q. Did you go out and physically do
12	this?
13	A. No, you don't have to.
14	MR. STANISLAUS: Let him answer the
15	question.
16	A. You don't have to go and physically.
17	You have the drawings, you can do that.
18	Q. Do you have the drawings?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Do you know what size pipe you would
21	need?
22	A. I cannot recall it, but we did figure
23	out.
24	Q. Did you do a design of the
25	interconnection?

1	A. No.
2	Q. Can you say with any degree of
3	certainty that your estimate of \$7 million is
4	accurate?
5	A. This is an order of magnitude. I
6	cannot say that that is it.
7	Q. When you use the term "order of
8	magnitude," what is to you, an order of magnitude?
9	A. It can vary, by 50 or 100 percent.
10	Q. 50 or what, sir?
11	A. Or 100 percent.
12	MR. LANG: Sir, I would like to now
13	show you 47, I believe.
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, we are up to
15	47.
16	MR. LANG: Interrogatory Response,
17	Question 416 and Response 416, also
18	proffered by EREC/CB3 to Con Edison.
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: This is Exhibit 47
20	for identification.
21	(Exhibit 47 was so marked
22 .	for identification.)
23	Q. Sir, have you ever seen what's been
24	marked as Exhibit 47 before?
25	A. Yes, I have.

1	Q. What is your understanding of what
2	has been provided by Con Edison?
3	A. That it would cost \$8.8 million to
4	build a new GP stack.
5	Q. Where would that stack be built?
6	A. 74th Street.
7	Q. Would it be built next to the
8	building, on top of the building?
9	A. I cannot say.
10	Q. Do you know whether there is any
11	cost, in this \$8.8 million, if there is any cost
12	to be built on top of the building whether there
13	were any structural enhancements?
14	A. No. I don't.
15	Q. Do you know whether structural
16	enhancements would be necessary?
17	A. There might be.
18	Q. Would they have a cost?
19	A. Sure.
20	Q. Would the cost be in excess of a
21	million dollars in your view?
22	A. I cannot say that.
23	Q. Do you have any reason to believe
24	that if you had to build a new GEP stack on top of
25	the existing building with the structural

1	improvements you stated you believe would be
2	necessary, that \$8.8 million is still a correct
3	number?
4	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, the
5	\$8.8 million is a Con Ed estimate. However
6	they derived it, they derived it.
7	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We understand that.
8	MR. LANG: That's not my question.
9	Q. My question is: Do you believe with
10	the structural improvements that would be
11	necessary to the building as you have testified,
12	that \$8.8 million is a valid number for the cost
13	of a new stack at 74th Street?
14	A. I cannot say yes or no.
15	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I think I
16	will just leave it at that.
17	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Do you have
18	redirect?
19	MR. STANISLAUS: A little redirect.
20	Can we have a few minutes?
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We'll take a
22	ten-minute recess.
23	(Recess taken.)
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Please come to
25	order.

1	Mr. Stanislaus.
2	MR. STANISLAUS: Thank you.
3	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
4	BY MR. STANISLAUS:
5	Q. Mr. Aziz, I'm going to ask you to
6	refer to two exhibits, Exhibit 44, which is the
7	Kips Bay layout, and Exhibit 45, which is your
8	74th Street layout.
9	As I recall, you had stated in your
10	testimony you did a layout to provide the space
11	for the equipment that Con Ed has proposed as the
12	ERRP project; is that right?
13	A. That is correct.
14	Q. Can you tell us an estimate of the
¹⁵ .	space requirements for EREC/CB3's two
16	alternatives, and I will go in sequential order,
17	okay.
18	Kips Bay East River alternative
19	number one, which consists of 2,000 pounds of
20	steam.
21	A. Um-hmm.
22	Q. Would you give an idea of the rough
23	changes in space for the Kips Bay layout due to
24	such change?
25	MD KADMEI. Vour Honor we would

object that it's not proper redirect, nor 1 is it within the scope of this witness's 2 prefiled direct testimony. He testified 3 specifically that his prefiled testimony constituted a layout of the East River 5 6 Repowering Project. Heretofore, he has not 7 presented -- he did not present any 8 testimony about the EREC/CB3 alternatives --9 10 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Would you like to 11 be heard? 12 MR. STANISLAUS: Yes. Mr. Aziz did, in fact, testify as to the layout of his 13 Kips Bay and 74th Street, those two 14 locations, using the equipment that Con Ed 15 16 proposed. And I am merely asking him to 17 give his informed opinion about the changes 18 in size associated with the changes in 19 equipment. 20 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: And there was no 21 cross-examination with respect to this. This is redirect. 22 23 I will sustain the objection. 24 MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, my recollection is there was references to 25

CB3/EREC alternatives during the 1 cross-examination. I believe that the 2 record will show that there is some 3 reference to those alternatives. 4 5 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: The name may have come up, I don't recall. But the point is 6 7 all of the cross-examination with respect 8 to the spacing on these two exhibits dealt 9 with the layout of these two exhibits. 10 didn't go into other alternatives. Now you 11 are trying to go into other alternatives 12 and it is not proper redirect. MR. STANISLAUS: 13 Okav. Ο. Mr. Aziz, you had provided Exhibits 14 15 44 and 45, which provided a space layout for various equipment, which matched the size of 16 equipment for the proposed project in this case. 17 Α. Right. 18 Okay. Can you give some estimate of 19 Q. 20 how such would change with changes in size of such equipment? 21 Same objection. 22 MR. KARMEL: 23 MR. LANG: Objection. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Same ruling, 24 sustained. 25

- Q. Mr. Aziz, you were cross-examined about the amount of time you had spent on the layout. You had been asked about the time that you spent providing the layouts as set forth in Exhibits 44 and 45, and you were asked about that time versus the time you spent on other projects for layouts. What explains the difference in time?
- A. This was merely exercising, you know, exploring if that equipment can fit on the smaller footprint; whereas the other projects are more detailed, it's more detailed design, and you had to consider that more, the size, and everything else. It takes longer to do that.
- Q. And you have been cross-examined about certain equipment that would be included in the plans that are not included in your layout.

 And that is some of the additional detail that you would consider in the additional layout?
- A. That is true. Plus I would have actual sizes of the equipment, the, you know, project life, you accumulate changes, people choose bigger, smaller, a lot of things go into it.
 - Q. And the way that you laid out the

equipment in Exhibits 44 and 45, it was laid out to just provide a depiction of space?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. And that it could be reconfigured, it could be reconfigured in another way, but that was merely to provide some idea of space limitations?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Aziz, you were asked by the Department of Public Service counsel regarding steam interconnection cost.

Can you provide some -- can you provide information regarding how you derived those numbers?

- A. Yes. Based on the responses from Con Ed, I derived a per-foot cost, roughly, between -they have given two answers, I guess, and
 comparing both, I derived a per-foot cost of
 steam. And I looked at where the main goes on
 the -- on First Avenue on Kips Bay, and how much
 length we would need to connect, and that's how I
 came up with the cost.
- Q. Well, based on information that Con Ed has presented regarding the Kips Bay site, are you aware of the proximity and distance to the steam, steam lines and various space limitations?

1	A. Roughly, I was, you know, I was aware
2	of the location of the main, that's how I did
3	my how much pipe we would need.
4	Q. And you, in fact, have visited Kips
5	Bay?
6	A. That's correct.
7	Q. And you have visited 74th Street?
8	A. That is correct.
9	Q. And you have done a tour within the
10	East River plant?
11	A. That is correct.
12	Q. And you have seen the space
13	allocation and the placement of equipment within
14	the East River plant?
15	A. That is correct.
16	Q. And the same with the 74th Street
17	plant?
18	A. 74th Street, correct.
19	Q. Mr. Aziz, are you aware that the
20	steam main is immediately adjacent to the Kips Bay
21	project?
22	MR. KARMEL: Objection, leading.
23	Q. Mr. Aziz, are you aware of the
24	proximity of the steam main to the Kips Bay
25	property?

1	height at Kips Bay being roughly 100 foot. Is
2	that a fixed number?
3	A. No, it is not.
4	Q. And that could vary?
5	A. That could vary, yes.
6	Q. And that could vary based on what?
7	A. Based on the height of the equipment,
8	the amount of space you need to remove equipment.
9	There are factors.
10	Q. And the other equipment that you had
11	testified in cross-examination are the water
12	treatment facilities?
13	A. That's correct. Water treatment.
14	Q. Again, I ask you to refer to Exhibit
15	45, which is the 74th Street layout. Can you give
16	a rough estimate of the dimensions of your layout?
17	A. Which one?
18	Q. The 74th Street plant, Exhibit 45.
19	MR. KARMEL: Objection, your Honor.
20	Goes beyond the scope of redirect.
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, I don't recall
22	anyone asking about that.
23	MR. STANISLAUS: It seems to me it
24	was subsumed within the whole series of
25	questions regarding what space is

available, and how things could fit. 1 Well, the answer 2 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 3 may be right on Exhibit 45. I just can't read it. It looks like there are numbers there on the dimensions. 5 MR. STANISLAUS: Maybe I will just 6 take up a procedural question then. be more appropriate for us to provide an 8 9 expanded version of this Monday, just to 10 make it easier for purposes of the record, 11 if there is no objection. 12 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Would there be any objections to giving one that has numbers 13 that we could read? 14 15 MR. KARMEL: In concept we would 16 have no objection, but I would want to 17 review the document before --18 MR. STANISLAUS: Fine. 19 MR. KARMEL: -- making a 20 determination that that document is a 21 correct depiction of these documents. 22 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. Good. 23 MR. STANISLAUS: You are not saying 24 I am going to switch something, are you? Mr. Aziz, you had provided cost 25 Q.

1	estimates in your testimony. How did you derive
2	those estimates?
3	MR. KARMEL: Objection. Goes beyond
4	the scope of redirect.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: On which? Is there
6	one that was cross-examined.
7	MR. STANISLAUS: He was
8	cross-examined on wait, one second.
9	Well, the stack, the steam
10	connections, there was interrogatories
11	presented and identified, regarding the
12	various costs, so all those costs, you
13	know, were
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: The problem is you
15	are being a little bit vague. If you could
16	identify the item that he was
17	cross-examined on, it would be easier for
18	us.
19	Q. Okay. With respect to your steam
20	interconnection costs, how was that cost derived?
21	MR. LANG: Objection, asked and
22	answered. We already went through this.
23	MR. STANISLAUS: I don't get the
24	opportunity to redirect on that? That was
25	a cross-examination question.

1	MR. LANG: You did it the steam
2	interconnection cost. You did it on
3	redirect. You asked him what it was based
4	on and he explained it.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I am not sure. I
6	know you went through distance.
7	MR. STANISLAUS: Actually, I believe
8	I went through the basis of how he derived
9	it. We looked at the distances, the
10	information that he had. I am not sure.
11	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will allow the
12	question.
13	MR. LANG: I will withdraw the
14	objection.
15	BY MR. STANISLAUS:
16	Q. Would you like me to repeat the
17	question?
18	A. I believe you were asking how I
19	derived the cost
20	Q. Yes.
21	A for steam reconnection.
22	Q. Yes.
23	A. What I did is based on Con Edison's
24	plans 252, and their view of the distances for the
25	steam reconnect, and their view of the cost, based

1	on that, I came up with a per-foot cost.
2	Q. And how did you derive the cost of
3	stacks?
4	A. Stacks, the costs were given in the
5	same reply.
6	MR. STANISLAUS: One second. I just
7	want to check something.
8	MR. LANG: Your Honor, just so we
9	can clear the record while they are
10	looking, Mr. Aziz did testify on my cross
11	that the stacks came from Interrogatory 416
12	and 252, and I am not objecting. I am just
13	saying he said it was 416.
14	Q. Is that correct, it was 416?
15	A. Yes.
16	MR. STANISLAUS: I think that is it.
17	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Recross?
18	MR. KARMEL: Yes, your Honor.
19	Briefly.
20	RECROSS EXAMINATION
21	BY MR. KARMEL:
22	Q. Mr. Aziz, I would like to ask a short
23	series of questions, hopefully, on an issue that
24	came up in Mr. Lang's cross-examination. I
25	believe

1	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, just to
2	be clear, I believe the proper subject
3	matter of this cross is anything I opened
4	in redirect.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: That's correct.
6	MR. STANISLAUS: So he's referring
7	to the cross-examination.
8	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: When he asks the
9	question, raise the objection.
10	MR. STANISLAUS: Okay.
11	BY MR. KARMEL:
12	Q. On Exhibit 44, I believe you
13	testified that these four rectangles that you have
14	located here between the two combustion turbines
15	in your hypothetical Kips Bay power plant are
16	trailers?
17	MR. STANISLAUS: Objection.
18	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will sustain the
19	objection.
20	MR. KARMEL: I'm sorry, your Honor.
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: This was not the
22	subject matter of the redirect.
23	MR. KARMEL: But it came up on
24	Mr. Lang's cross. Commission staff is
25	another party to this proceeding.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: This is why I 1 2 wanted you to go last when I was asking if you wanted to go last and it's simply to 3 prevent problems like this. Now, I am trying to get it straight in my mind here. 5 (Judges Moynihan and O'Connell 6 confer.) 7 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will sustain the 8 9 objection. MR. KARMEL: Okay. I have nothing, 10 11 your Honor. 12 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Lang? MR. LANG: Yes, I do have a few 13 14 questions. 15 RECROSS EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. LANG: 17 Q. Mr. Aziz, to the questions that 18 Mr. Stanislaus was asking you, just so that we are 19 entirely clear, when he was discussing the time 20 spent, your response, and I don't know if I am 21 quoting this word for word, but you said it was an 22 exercise in exploring whether the equipment could 23 fit in a smaller space; it wasn't a design 24 exercise. Is that a fair representation of your 25 answer?

1	A. No, it was not a design exercise.
2	Q. That's what I want to be clear, you
3	did not do a design of a new power plant?
4	A. No, sir.
5	Q. Okay. With respect to the steam
6	interconnection, is anything else involved in an
7	interconnection other than a length of main
8	interconnecting into an existing main? For
9	example, are their valves, other controls?
10	A. Sure, there are valves.
11	Q. Did you include the cost of all those
12	other pieces of equipment in the facilities?
13	MR. STANISLAUS: Again, I have to
14	object. I don't believe that was covered
15	in my redirect.
16	MR. LANG: It was. He did ask about
17	what the costs were and how he came up with
18	his costs.
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You did ask him how
20	he came up with steam interconnection cost.
21	MR. STANISLAUS: This is a question
22	going to other presumed costs that was not
23	raised on my cross-examination. I simply
24	asked questions about how he derived the
25	costs that he lied on And Mr Lang is now

asking about certain additional components 1 2 and the cost of that. That was not opened by me in redirect. 3 MR. LANG: Your Honor, I was asking 4 about the steam interconnection costs in 5 what he was exploring. 6 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 7 Yes, I was going to allow the question. 8 MR. STANISLAUS: Can he focus the 9 10 question then. 11 Q. Did you include in your determination of steam interconnection costs all the costs 12 associated to facilitate the interconnection, 13 whether at Kips Bay or at 74th Street? 14 15 Α. I went with the presumption that when Con Ed provided the costs for the length of the --16 17 having to reach the valves and everything that is 18 needed for the connection, that they have included 19 all the costs, anything. 20 Ο. You don't know whether it did or not? 21 Α. No, I don't. 22 Ο. With respect to Kips Bay, didn't you 23 explain on redirect to Mr. Stanislaus that what 24 you did is you came up with a per-foot cost for the mains? 25

1	A. That is correct.
2	Q. Are you assuming that as part of a
3	per-foot, that would include the cost of the
4	related facilities?
5	A. That is correct.
6	Q. Is it typical to include facilities
7	that don't span distances in a per-foot cost for
8	the main?
9	A. That is one estimate, yes, that is
10	one of the ways.
11	Q. I'm sorry.
12	A. That is one of the ways you can
13	include all of the costs on a per-foot basis.
14	Q. Can you state with any certainty that
15	those other related facility costs are included in
16	your estimate?
17	A. If they were included in the Con
18	Edison costs, yes; if not, they were not.
19	Q. But you don't know?
20	A. I don't know.
21	MR. LANG: Your Honor, I would now
22	ask to be marked I think we are up to
23	48.
24	MR. STANISLAUS: Can I see that
25	before anything happens?

1	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We can mark it.
2	Certainly provide one to counsel.
3	MR. LANG: Your Honor, Exhibit 48 is
4	a picture of the 74th Street steam station.
5	MR. STANISLAUS: I have to object.
6	My cross came on a very limited basis based
7	on two exhibits that were introduced. This
8	is introducing another exhibit that was not
9	opened on redirect. I don't believe it's
10	proper in terms of cross-examination.
11	MR. LANG: I will make a proffer,
12	your Honor.
13	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Let me mark it for
14	identification. We can argue its
15	admissibility later. If there are problems
16	with the questions, make your objections.
17	(Exhibit 48 was so marked
18	for identification.)
19	Q. Mr. Aziz, you testified on redirect
20	that you had visited the 74th Street site; is that
21	correct?
22	A. Sure.
23	Q. Does the power plant that is pictured
24	in what's been marked as Exhibit 48, does that
25	look to you like the 74th Street steam station?

1	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, let me
2	object. He's providing an aerial view.
3	Mr. Aziz did not testify that he saw the
4	plant from the air.
5	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Well, he's been
6	asked if he can identify it. I will allow
7	the question.
8	A. I cannot say if this is. I did not
9	see it from the air.
10	Q. Mr. Aziz, would you accept, subject
11	to check, that this is a picture of the 74th
12	Street steam stations?
13	A. If you say so, yes.
14	Q. On redirect you explained to
15	Mr. Stanislaus that you based the cost of your
16	stack for your redesigned plant being at ground
17	level?
18	A. True.
19	Q. Could you explain to me, sir, how you
20	would fill that stack on this site?
21	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, again,
22	I have to object. The limited testimony on
23	redirect was the cost of the stack; that is
24	it.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I think you also

mentioned whether it would be built down on 1 2 the ground, and I am going to allow the question. 3 If I can be heard MR. STANISLAUS: 4 5 again. What I asked was the cost differential associated with the stack, it 6 7 was merely that. It wasn't the placement of one versus the other. It is how we 8 9 consider the costs. Because of placement? 10 MR. LANG: MR. STANISLAUS: 11 Yes. It was not --12 there was no testimony about the spacial 13 relationship of the stack versus any other 14 equipment on redirect. That is the area that Mr. Lang is getting in to. 15 16 (Judges Moynihan and O'Connell 17 confer.) JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Our recollection is 18 19 that the redirect related to the cost. 20 MR. LANG: Yes, your Honor. That is 21 what I am going to go to in about two 22 questions. 23 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. Continue. MR. LANG: I just need to get the 24 basis set up for the question. 25

1	Q. Sir, where would you be siting this
2	ground level stack in your exercise of layout?
3	A. On the west side of the existing
4	stack.
5	Q. In the street I'm sorry, at the
6	west side?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. So you would knock out a piece of the
9	building to put the stack in?
10	A. Probably would have to do that.
11	Q. Did you include in your cost estimate
12	then the cost of knocking out the piece of the
13	building to put the new stack?
14	A. No, I don't.
15	Q. Did you include in your cost estimate
16	the cost for laying a proper foundation up under
17	the new stack in that building?
18	A. That is part of the yes, that is
19	part of the cost.
20	Q. That is?
21	A. Yes.
22	MR. LANG: Okay. Your Honor, that
23	is all I wanted to get out of it on the
24	cost issue. That is all I have, your
25	Honor.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Do you have 1 2 anything further? 3 MR. STANISLAUS: No. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you. 5 Mr. Aziz, you are excused. (Whereupon, the witness was excused.) 6 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We have two EREC 7 exhibits, 44 and 45. 8 I would like to 9 MR. STANISLAUS: move that they be moved into evidence. 10 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: 11 Are there any objections? 12 Yes, your Honor. 13 MR. LANG: two exhibits have no probative value to 14 1.5 this case, which requires an analysis of 16 reasonable alternatives. These are not 17 alternatives. These are simply some sort of an exercise in fitting the East River 18 19 equipment into another location. This witness has testified this is not actually 20 a design of any alternative plan. 21 wasn't meant to be a design of an 22 23 alternative plan, it is not a complete It doesn't include all of the 24 design. equipment that would be in an alternative 25

plan and, as such, they have no probative value to this case, because they don't support any of the findings that the Siting Board would have to make in this case.

MR. STANISLAUS: I repeat, he's free to do so, make the argument in briefs.

Mr. Aziz testified that the purpose of these two documents is to lay out equipment and space.

MR. LITTLE: Your Honor, if I may be heard. I don't mean to interrupt.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Go ahead.

MR. LITTLE: My fear is that there will be a temptation to allow it, subject to whatever weight it has, and I think that these are only imaginary, and do not really contemplate the actual need for the site.

MR. STANISLAUS: I object to the characterization.

MR. LITTLE: It wouldn't be appropriate to allow them, subject to giving them whatever weight they are valued at. I don't think they have any value to the record at all. I think you should take that into consideration.

1	(Judges Moynihan and O'Connell
2	confer.)
3	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Did you have
4	anything else you wish to add?
5	MR. STANISLAUS: I was just going to
6	make a notation for the record that I
7	object to a characterization of
8	"imaginary."
9	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We're going to
10	allow the documents into evidence. We view
11	space availability as an issue in this
12	case, and certainly these address it. You
13	can make your arguments with respect to how
14	much weight they should be given. We do
15	believe it's relevant.
16	MR. LANG: I'm sorry. In your
17	ruling, you said that these documents
18	relate to space availability of what?
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Of Kips Bay and
20	74th Street.
21	MR. LANG: But they don't, your
22	Honor. They don't relate to space
23	availability at those two sites. They
24	don't.
25	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I shouldn't say

1	"available." Perhaps that is the wrong
2	word. They are estimates of how much space
3	the equipment would take at both sites.
4	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: All right. We
5	have
6	MR. LANG: I would note an objection
7	to that characterization of these exhibits.
8	I don't believe that is what they show.
9	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. We have
10	Exhibits 46, 47, and 48. And those are
11	staff exhibits. Are you moving them into
12	evidence?
13	MR. LANG: Yes, your Honor.
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Are there any
15	objections?
16	None? They are in evidence.
17	(Exhibits 46, 47 and 48
18	were received in evidence.)
19	MR. STANISLAUS: Just to make sure
20	the record is clear, we will be providing
21	an expanded version of these, subject to
22	the review of all parties, on Monday.
23	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Good.
24	MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, could
25	those just be substituted as the official

copies of Exhibits 44 and 45. I was going 1 2 to mark them 44-A and 45-A. 3 MR. LANG: I would have no objection to just substituting them and making them 4 the exhibit, as long as they are the same 5 thing; that way there is just one instead 6 of two, and there is no confusion down the 7 8 road. 9 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: They're one-page exhibits. I don't think they can cause 10 that much confusion. 11 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: All right. 12 Who is left? 13 MR. KARMEL: Mr. Kurtz, if you would 14 15 like to keep going. We would like to keep 16 going, if that is possible. 17 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We'll keep going 18 until -- we could go about another hour if 19 that is good. 20 Before we call that witness, during 21 the break we were discussing something. We 22 would like to take, if we could, a site 23 inspection of not only the East River plant but of the alternatives. 24 25 Could you arrange something like

If you could provide enough room for 1 that? 2 at least a representative from each party. If we can do something, if we could 3 do it at the end of the cross-examination 5 sometime next week. Would that be all right? 6 7 MR. RIBACK: Absolutely. MR. KARMEL: Mr. Kurtz. 8 Whereupon, 9 10 STEPHEN KURTZ, 11 having been previously sworn, was examined and testified further as follows: 12 13 MR. KARMEL: Your Honor, this is a brief preliminary matter I would like to 14 take up before Mr. Kurtz. 15 16 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Can I just remind 17 the witness that he has been sworn in and 18 you don't need to be sworn in again? 19 THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor. 20 MR. KARMEL: Before Mr. Kurtz begins 21 his SCONOx-related examination, I believe 22 Exhibit 6, excuse me, Exhibit 16, which is 23 the Sandborn map of 74th Street --THE WITNESS: 24 Yes. 25 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: -- was admitted

1	into evidence in this proceeding subject to
2	check. Is that correct?
3	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I believe it, yes.
4	MR. KARMEL: We have now checked and
5	Mr. Kurtz has some observations about this
6	document that are pertinent to the decision
7	whether it should be admitted into
8	evidence.
9	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: All right.
10	CONTINUED DIRECT EXAMINATION
11	BY MR. KARMEL:
12	Q. Mr. Kurtz, you testified two days
13	ago, the first day of this proceeding. Have you
14	visited the 74th Street plant area since that
15	time?
16	A. Yes, I have.
17	Q. I would like to direct your attention
18	to this area marked as lot 37B, which abuts 75th
19	Street on the Far East side by the FDR Drive just
20	north of the 74th Street plant.
21	Do you see the area I am talking
22	about?
23	A. Yes, I do.
24	Q. I believe it came up earlier in your
25	testimony as to what that building was and you

1	were unable to identify what it was from this
2	document. Can you identify what it is now from
3	now that you have visited the area?
4	A. Yes. It is a residential structure.
5	Q. Thank you.
6	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: This is 37B?
7	MR. KARMEL: Correct, your Honor.
8	Q. Also, I believe the issue came up as
9	to whether whether the uses were along 74th
10	Street on the buildings facing 74th Street, just
11	opposite the Con Edison plant. In the course of
12	your visit to this area in the last two days, were
13	you able to identify what these uses are?
14	A. Yes. There are six residences there,
15	501, 511, 513, 515, 517 and 15 East 74th Street.
16	Q. Is there another use also in addition
17	to residential use there?
18	A. Yes, there were garages there.
19	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm not following
20	this.
21	THE WITNESS: I have a lot marked
22	2B, 3B, 9B, for instance. I don't know
23	which ones you are referring to.
24	MR. KARMEL: I believe, your Honor,
25	the street numbers are written not within

1	the plots, but parallel to 74th Street.
2	THE WITNESS: Oh, 74th. I'm sorry.
3	I'm on 75th.
4	Q. I apologize.
5	A. You were referring to 75th Street,
6	right? Can I see the map?
7	Q. Yes. I'm sorry. Why don't we do
8	this again, because I think there is confusion.
9	MR. KARMEL: Since the witness
10	understood my question being 75th Street,
11	let me ask the question that way.
12	Q. The land uses on 75th Street, can you
13	identify them, please?
14	A. Again, on 75th Street, there is 501
15	East 75th Street, 511 East 75th Street, 513 East
16	75th Street, 515 East 75th Street, 517 East 75th
17	Street, 15 East 75th Street.
18	Q. What are those uses?
19	A. Those are residences.
20	Q. Now, going to go 74th Street, were
21	you able to identify the uses on 74th Street
22	immediately opposite the power plant?
23	A. Yes. Again, there are residences
24	including the Epiphany Community Nursery School,
25	located at 15 East 74th Street.

1	Q. Were you able to identify one respect
2	in which the Sanborn map is outdated in that the
3	structure is no longer there?
4	A. Yes. On 75th Street, there is a
5	garage has been demolished and they are preparing
6	for construction of a new building.
7	MR. KARMEL: Your Honor, with the
8	record clarified in that way, we have no
9	objection to the admission of this document
10	into evidence.
11	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay.
12	MR. GUTMAN: May I ask a question
13	about his identification of these
14	structures?
15	The building at the corner of FDR
16	Drive and 75th Street, which you identified
17	as a residential building
18	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. 75th
19	Street and East River Drive?
20	MR. GUTMAN: Yes. Is that the rear
21	entrance, the entrance of the garage on
22	75th Street, whereas the entrance to the
23	residence is on 76th Street?
24	THE WITNESS: There is a Kinney
25	garage located on 75th Street and East

River Drive. 1 The pedestrian entrance 2 MR. GUTMAN: 3 for people who live in the building is not on 75th Street, is it? 4 THE WITNESS: 5 No. MR. LANG: Your Honor, we still 6 7 object to its introduction as a land use map, because it's already been demonstrated 8 9 that it's not, but for a limited purpose as 10 it's just been described, we'll not have an objection. 11 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I believe we did 12 13 limit this. Actually, I am searching my 14 mind here to try and recall what it was. 15 It was this map or the other map. 16 Yes, we understood it to be for the -- to depict -- to depict the buildings 17 that are there and not necessarily what 18 it's zoned for. I believe that is the way 19 it went. 20 MR. LANG: That is fine. 21 objection. 22 Your Honor, I believe 23 MR. KARMEL: Mr. Kurtz's prefiled testimony has already 24 been admitted and I believe his exhibits 25

1	relating to that have also been admitted,
2	so we would now make him available for
3	cross-examination.
4	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. Who from
5	MR. STANISLAUS: I will.
6	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Mr. Stanislaus.
7	CROSS-EXAMINATION
8	BY MR. STANISLAUS:
9	Q. Hello, Mr. Kurtz.
10	A. Hello.
11	Q. Mr. Kurtz, you referred to in a
12	March 26, 2000 letter, in your testimony, I
13	believe it's Exhibit Number 10.
14	A. Okay. I will get it.
15	Q. Do you disagree with the conclusions
16	by Alstom in the letter that SCONOx is a
17	technically viable control technology?
18	A. Exhibit 10?
19	Q. Exhibit 10, the Alstom letter, March
20	26th, from Ronald Debond and a statement that is
21	contained in the last paragraph on the first page,
22	the first line.
23	A. I have it, I'm sorry. What are you
24	referring to, Matt?
25	Q. It's the statement Alstom agrees that

1 SCONOx is a technically viable control technology. 2 Α. Yes. I guess Alstom, since they are the licensor for the product, that they would 3 think it is a viable control technology. wouldn't think they would be selling and marketing 5 it if they didn't think it was a viable control 6 7 technology. Q. So, I mean, do you disagree with that 8 9 statement that it is a viable control technology, 10 that statement, that letter that was issued to Con Edison? 11 I think in a generic sense, I agree 12 with the determination. 13 14 Q. Okay. Mr. Kurtz, I refer you to page 15 5 of your rebuttal testimony, lines 18 through 21. 16 Α. Okay. 17 Q. And you may also want to have counsel 18 provide to you Exhibit Number 39, which is the 19 Otay Mesa decision. Do you have that? 20 Α. Okay. 21 I refer you to page 122, the last two Q. paragraphs, starting with "Condition AQ-27"? 22 23 Α. Okay. I am reading it. Okay. Now, in fact, that, that 24 0. states something slightly different from what is 25

stated in your testimony; would that be correct? 1 2 Α. No, I disagree. Q. How do you disagree? 3 In my testimony, in my rebuttal 4 testimony, again, page 18, I had made the 5 determination that California Certification Committee for the application have determined that 7 SCONOx technology can be considered to be fully 8 reliable at this time due to probable scale-up 9 10 issues; this is why they have provided a six-month 11 opposition period. It confirms my determination. So, well, in fact, in the California 12 13 decision, there are permitting the opportunity to move forward in the optimization period, and 14 15 according to you, you conclude that they actually 16 preclude that possibility, in consideration of 17 SCONOx? 18 I don't believe that is what I said. 19 What I said was it gives the applicant either one, 20 either/or, and it is up to the applicant to 21 determine which technology, either SCONOx or SCR, to be installed. 22 23 Q. Mr. Kurtz, I refer you to page 7 of your testimony, starting on line 11? 24 25 MR. KARMEL: Excuse me. Is this the

1	rebuttal testimony?
2	MR. STANISLAUS: I'm sorry, rebuttal
3	testimony.
4	A. Okay.
5	Q. Now, in it you raise concerns about
6	scale-up from various plants up to the size of the
7	project that Con Ed is proposing here?
8	A. Yes, I do.
9	Q. Would you agree that scaling up is a
10	standard engineering technique, that it is an
11	accepted engineering technique?
12	A. Yes, I would.
13	Q. You are familiar with how LAER
14	determinations are made, L-A-E-R, decisions are
15	made?
16	MR. KARMEL: Objection, your
17	Honor I withdraw the objection.
18	A. Slightly familiar.
19	MR. LANG: Could we have the
20	witness's answer read back.
21	(Record read.)
22	Q. Are you aware that LAER decisions are
23	made by looking at the actual achievement of that
24	technology actually in practice?
25	MR. KARMEL: Objection, your Honor.

1	Calls for a conclusion of law.
2	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I'm going to
3	sustain the objection.
4	MR. STANISLAUS: I think we go back
5	to the same question. It's a mix of law
6	and fact. Maybe I will limit my question
7	to the non-legal aspect of it.
8	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Please do.
9	BY MR. STANISLAUS:
10	Q. Okay. From a technical perspective,
11	you are aware that the determination valuation of
12	a LAER technology can be done by the technical
13	determination that the levels of control are
14	actually being achieved in practice?
15	MR. KARMEL: Objection, same
16	objection.
17	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: We will allow the
18	question. And, again, we recognize there
19	is an overlapping here of a legal
20	conclusion and expert opinion. We're going
21	to limit this to the expert opinion and no
22	legal inferences should be drawn from it.
23	MR. KARMEL: If I may, your Honor,
24	can I place a standing objection to these
25	LAER questions if there is going to be a

succession of them on the same ground so we 1 don't interrupt each time? 2 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Yes, it is 3 understood. Thank you. 4 MR. STANISLAUS: I'm not sure. 5 I guess my understanding would be to Α. technical feasibility of the technology, and a determination of the technical feasibility of the 8 technology with specific reference to the project. 9 0. Now, with respect to the 10 determination of the control of NOx, NOx, and 11 determination of the level of control technology 12 to secure a permit and, therefore, make -- meet 13 the determination of LAER, are you aware that that 14 15 determination can be made and one can reasonably expect -- be expected for such pollution control 16 17 technology to work? 18 MR. KARMEL: Objection, compound. 19 MR. STANISLAUS: Can I ask the 20 witness whether he understands my question? 21 MR. KARMEL: He asked with respect to this, with respect to that, are you 22 aware of something or other? 23 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: It's awkward. 24 Please rephrase it. 25

1 Q. Mr. Kurtz, are you aware that LAER 2 determinations can be made where a particular technology can be reasonably expected to work in 3 practice? Α. Again, my understanding of LAER is 5 technical feasibility, specifically with respect 6 7 to the project, of the technology. And, again, technical feasibility has to do with size, Я 9 operability, maintainability, and all the other engineering aspects associated with that 10 11 technology. 12 Mr. Kurtz, are you aware that in the 13 determination of LAER, that scaling up of pollution control technologies has been done in 14 15 the past? 16 I have no firsthand knowledge, but I can assume that it has been done. 17 18 Q. Okay. I refer you to Exhibit 9, 19 which was also referred to as Kurtz 7 -- I'm 20 sorry, Exhibit 9, which is part of your testimony, attached to your testimony. 21 Kurtz 7, summary of space 22 Α. constraints. 23 Yes, I have it. Just for the record, 24 Ο. 25 that is Exhibit 9.

Would it be a correct

characterization of that document that the intent of that document is to go through the constraints associated with the installation of SCONOx at the East River plant and how you would resolve those constraints?

- A. No. That would be an incorrect characterization.
- Q. How would you characterize that document?
- A. This document was an evaluation of the problems associated with placing the general arrangement drawing that Alstom provided into the existing plant at East River. It is a compilation of the steel in the building that would be altered as a result of that installation. It does not purport that this could be done and, in fact, it is my best engineering judgment that it is not technically feasible to do this, and this is what this document says. It does not give the results of what this massive redesign would do, it just presents what the redesign would entail.
- Q. Okay. So it presents the various pieces of the structural modification to conform with the Alstom diagram?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Mr. Kurtz, I refer you to rebuttal
3	testimony, page 8, lines 14 through 16?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. And you state that an opinion that
6	the commercial guarantees regarding performance
7	and emissions will be voided if SCONOx technology
8	would be used. In fact, that is a legal
9	conclusion of a potential contract between Con
10	Edison and a manufacturer; is that right?
11	A. I stand by the statement. It is my
12	professional opinion that all of the warranties
13	would be voided if, in fact, we went back to Vogt
14	and asked them to install a SCONOx system onto the
15	project.
16	Q. That opinion about a guarantee being
17	voided, which way is that guarantee provided to
18	Con Edison?
19	MR. KARMEL: Objection, your Honor,
20	which guarantee is being discussed here?
21	There are, I think, several emission
22	guarantees from different vendors.
23	MR. STANISLAUS: Okay. Let me take
24	him through it.
25	Q. In page 8 of your rebuttal testimony,

page 14 through 16, you refer to commercial guarantees. Can you talk about what those guarantees are?

- A. Yes. The performance guarantee with respect to steam generation capability, NOx limits guarantees, CO limit guarantees, temperature of steam leaving the HEPA recovery steam generator guarantees.
- Q. Those guarantees are set forth in -- how, between Con Edison and each one, for each one of these guarantees?
- A. We have a contract with Vogt for the procurement of heat recovery steam generators in that contract that are specific technical specifications that are requirements of the heat recovery steam generator.

MR. STANISLAUS: Your Honor, I move that his testimony -- that sentence be struck as providing a legal opinion.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Well, this is similar to the questions we were discussing earlier. There is an overlap here. You have got professional opinions and legal opinions. He has limited his answer to his professional opinion, and I am not going to

strike it.

MR. STANISLAUS: Just to clarify,
your Honor. He's providing professional
opinion about a legal conclusion. He is
not providing professional opinion
regarding any faxes within his expertise.
Now, so that is the nature of my objection.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I agree it's a conclusion he's drawing here, and he hasn't given the details, but in any of these situations, the law has to look to the professional to get their professional opinion in determining many of these types of issues. We rely on those professional opinions, and I will not exclude testimony simply because they are professional opinions.

- Q. Mr. Kurtz, I refer you, in your rebuttal testimony, to page 10, lines 14 through 17.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. In your testimony, and correct me if my characterization is incorrect, you essentially conclude that in your engineering judgment, the modifications that are necessary to install SCONOx

may not be technically feasible; is that correct?

- A. No, that is incorrect. In my best engineering judgment, such modifications, structural modifications, summarized in the annexed report, may not be technically feasible. That's what this sentence says.
- Q. You don't preclude because you have not done a structural engineering analysis that, in fact, if you had an engineering analysis, that is not possible?
- A. The engineering analysis has not been done but, again, it is my best engineering judgment that it would be technically infeasible or very close to technically infeasible to do the modifications that would be required in order to house the SCONOx unit.
- Q. You don't know one way or the other if you had done the engineering analysis, we can't state today that based on the results of the engineering analysis, that the results of the engineering analysis would preclude the installation of SCONOx with the ERRP project?
 - A. Yes, I could say that.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. Again, it's simple. If you remove

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the steel, it's a big building steel, and this is steel holding up the stacks and the roof. If you remove that steel, you need to put new steel in to transfer the load from the steel that you removed to the new steel. However, the enormous size of the SCONOx unit, which is the drawing provided by Alstom with respect to the four-inch pressure drop, would not provide you enough room to put new steel in to transfer the load from the steel you took out. These are four-inch members, floor-to-ceiling members, which are holding up the stack both from wind loads and seismic loads, and also structural stability to the building. entire building is steel, the heart of the building steel, that would be in the affected area, that would be in the affected area where the SCONOx would have to go.

- Q. You can't state today whether the items set forth in Exhibit 9 and the structural modifications could not, in fact, occur; that there could not be an engineering-based solution that could address all those limitations set forth in Exhibit 9?
- A. I cannot conceive of any engineering-based solution that would allow you to

1	install the SCONOx unit.
2	Q. You don't know that for certain?
3	A. I am 99.9 percent certain.
4	Q. You have not done an engineering
5	analysis?
6	A. No, I have not.
7	Q. To get a certain degree of confidence
8	for that conclusion you would have
9	A. To get the other one-tenth of one
10	percent.
11	Q. What is your 99 percent based on?
12	MR. KARMEL: Object,
13	mischaracterizes testimony.
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I think it was
15	one-tenth of a percent.
16	MR. STANISLAUS: 99.
17	MR. KARMEL: I believe it was 99.9
18	percent.
19	MR. STANISLAUS: Thank you.
20	A. That's where I got one-tenth of one
21	percent.
22	Q. What is that confidence level based
23	on?
24	A. It's based on a knowledge of the
25	building steel, the extensive analysis that we

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needed to perform for the project. We have analyzed every piece of steel in the building as required by the New York City Department of Buildings to install the project. In order to get a building modification permit, each piece of steel had to be analyzed, inspected the loads that are on it now with respect to the loads that would be imposed upon it upon the installation of the new equipment. We have a pretty good idea of what the loads are. We have a pretty good idea what the critical steel components are. Again, it's my engineering judgment. It was the proximity of the heat recovery steam generator and the HRSG would be to the stack steel; that there is no feasible technical solution to put the SCONOx unit in the area it would need to go for this project.

Q. But if you were told you had to figure out that Con Edison had to figure out some way of installing SCONOx at the plant, and you wanted to refute that conclusion, you, in fact, would have to do an engineering analysis to support your position, you just can't base it on engineering judgment; is that correct?

MR. KARMEL: Objection, compound, ambiguous and argumentative.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I will allow the 1 2 question. This engineering judgment is based on 3 a lot of analysis. The analysis was performed 4 with respect to what steel structure would be 5 impacted and what the existing stresses are on those steel members. What wasn't performed is an 7 engineering solution, if there was one, which I 8 still don't believe there is, of how you would 9 10 radically modify that building. And there are limits to every engineering solution, and if I was 11 pressed to say if there was an engineering 12 solution to this, I would say no. 13 14 0. To identify those limits of the engineering solution you, in fact, would have to 15 do an engineering analysis; isn't that correct? 16 You don't know those limits today? 17 MR. KARMEL: Objection, compound. 18 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I understand. 19 The interrogator keeps 2.0 MR. KARMEL: 21 asking one question and shifting gears in midstream and asking another question. 22 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: You are doing that. 23 MR. STANISLAUS: 24 Okay. JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Let him answer the 25

1	question and then follow it up with another
2	question.
3	A. Would you like to repeat the
4	question, please.
5	Q. I have to remember.
6	You had stated that your analysis to
7	find engineering solutions may result in
8	identification of engineering limitations; is that
9	correct?
10	A. No. What I said was the analysis
11	that was performed to date has identified certain
12	serious engineering limitations.
13	Q. If you were to perform an
14	engineering a full-blown engineering analysis,
15	only in that analysis would you find limits or
16	solutions to address the limitations that you have
17	identified?
18	MR. KARMEL: Objection, compound.
19	Q. Did you understand the question?
20	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Wait a minute.
21	Is it the fact that it had an "or" in
22	there, limits or solutions? It's
23	compound.
24	MR. KARMEL: If the answer is "yes"
25	or "no," whatever the answer is, the record

would be ambiguous as to this witness's agreement or disagreement with that question and for that reason, I believe compound questions are prohibited and this question shouldn't be permitted.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I am going to sustain the objection simply on the form of the question. Just rephrase it so we don't have the confusion.

BY MR. STANISLAUS:

- Q. If you were to perform an engineering analysis, that analysis could identify engineering limitations; is that correct?
- A. We have performed an engineering analysis that had identified engineering limitations; that is the purpose of the report.
- Q. I guess, clarify that for me. You couched your testimony as stating, on page 10 of your rebuttal testimony, as stating that you have not performed a detailed structural engineering analysis; is that correct?
 - A. What line are you looking at?
- Q. I'm sorry. Page 10, rebuttal testimony, line 14.
 - A. An engineering analysis was not

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performed of the structural modifications that would be required. An engineering analysis was performed to see whether it was technically feasible for the installation of SCONOx, which is this. We did not perform an engineering analysis of potential modifications; that, again, this is determined to be technically infeasible.

- Q. And you go on that such detailed structural engineering analysis would need to be performed to make a definitive judgment about these structural modification; is that correct?
- A. What it's saying, if you proposed -if you could come up with some kind of structural
 modification, which I don't believe you can, you
 would have to do a detailed structural analysis of
 the modification, which means you would have to
 remodel the whole building with the steel, with
 the steel that you moved out and the new steel in,
 in order to see if that modification would again
 be in conformance with building codes; however,
 you would have to have some kind of modification
 in mind as a starting point. I do not have any
 modification in mind as a starting point;
 therefore, you couldn't do an analysis.
 - Q. Mr. Kurtz, assuming that everything

1 else being equal between SCR and SCONOx, 2 performance, engineering limits, that both are equal, what would be your view with respect to the 3 use of ammonia and SCR versus SCONOx? 4 5 MR. KARMEL: Objection, goes beyond the scope of his direct testimony. 6 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Sustained. 7 8 Ο. Mr. Kurtz, again, I refer you to 9 rebuttal testimony, lines 19 and 20? 10 Α. Same page? 11 Ο. Yes. Page 10, lines 19 and 20? 12 Α. Okay. 13 In that you talk about some 0. 14 construction-related impacts associated with the 15 reconstruction of the East River to enable SCONOx; 16 is that correct? 17 Α. That is not what that sentence No. 18 says. 19 Q. Okay. Read that sentence. 20 That sentence says that one of the 21 underlying goals of the project was to use an existing station so as to avoid adverse 22 23 construction-related impacts. 24 If you could read the entire sentence Q. starting from line 17? 25

- A. I'm sorry. In any event, the reconstruction of the East River regeneration station that would be required to accommodate the SCONOx equipment is neither reasonable in practice nor in keeping to use an existing station so as to avoid adverse construction-related impacts.
- Q. If hypothetically the impact of SCR, let's say the long-term operational impacts of SCR were greater than the construction-related impacts, do you have a view the companies or -- I'm sorry -- your view, on the choice of pollution control technology?

MR. KARMEL: Objection. Goes beyond the scope of direct.

MR. STANISLAUS: I disagree. The witness has testified about the impacts of SCONOx and that there is a particular impact related to SCONOx, and that is one of the factors that he cites as not preferring SCONOx. It's completely appropriate to ask the hypothetical that if there were impacts of one pollution control technology versus the other, what would he prefer.

MR. KARMEL: The question, if I may,

your Honor, would require, if I understand 1 2 it correctly, Mr. Kurtz to weigh that 3 various disparate unspecified impacts, which could be numerous, air quality, water 4 quality, all sorts of impacts against each 5 other, to make some type of determination, 6 the weighing of all those various impacts, 7 associated with different pollution control 8 9 technology, in my opinion, is beyond the 10 scope of his direct testimony. 11 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Excuse me. 12 (Judges Moynihan and O'Connell 13 confer.) JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Sustained. 14 15 MR. STANISLAUS: Maybe I will try it 16 smaller and then wait for the objection. 17 Mr. Kurtz, wouldn't you agree that 18 construction-related impacts are short-term in nature? 19 20 Α. Yes, I would. 21 Wouldn't you agree that impacts Q. 22 associated with the operation of a plant are 23 long-term in nature? 24 MR. KARMEL: Objection, which 25 impacts are being referred to here?

1	Q. Any impact associated with the
2	generation of a power plant, air quality impacts?
3	A. Yes, I would.
4	Q. Everything else being equal, would it
5	be your preference to avoid the longer term
6	impacts of air quality versus the shorter term
7	impacts of construction-related impacts?
8	MR. KARMEL: Objection, beyond the
9	scope of direct examination, and also
10	incompletely stated hypothetical that would
11	be impossible to answer.
12	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I am going to
13	sustain the objection. You are going
14	beyond the scope of his direct. He deals
15	with construction-related impacts; you keep
16	trying to tie it into longer term impacts,
17	and it is just
18	MR. STANISLAUS: And the Siting
19	Board is going to have to make an ultimate
20	determination of a variety of
21	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: impacts on
22	various pieces of equipment on the entire
23	project. This witnesses is testifying
24	regarding a particular impact regarding
25	SCONOx and I am trying to eligit from him

that if there was hypothetically an impact 1 2 of -- that was avoided with respect to 3 SCONOx, we believe it's pertinent for your finding and the Siting Board's findings. 4 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: It wouldn't be 5 through this witness. The long-term 6 7 impact, you would have to deal with the long-term impact witnesses. 8 BY MR. STANISLAUS: 9 10 Q. Mr. Kurtz, I again refer you to 11 Exhibit 9, which is also your Exhibit 7? 12 Α. Okay. 13 Q. And the limitations that you cite in 14 this document relate to Con Ed's proposal for the 15 ERRP, that is two CDGs two HRSGs and the 16 associated equipment; is that correct? 17 Yes, it does. Α. If only one CDG and HRSG was going 18 Q. in, wouldn't it be correct that in part some of 19 these limitations may, in fact, be avoided? 20 21 Α. They may or may not, depending on the ultimate configuration of one of the project 22 units. 23 ο. But, in fact, there would be some 24 space savings or less space used by the project if 25

one train, and I mean one train as a CDG-HRSG
connection were not placed into the East River
plant?

- A. Yes. You would save approximately half the space.
- Q. Mr. Kurtz, if you are limited to one train, and you had acknowledged that there would be significant space limitations, could you conceive of or is it -- could you conceive of a configuration that avoids the facility modifications you identified in Exhibit 9?
- A. No. Because the way the project is laid out now, with respect to foundation requirements for the combustion gas turbine, with respect to stack location, that the orientation with the 90-degree turn between the combustion gas turbine and the HRSG is the only one that is really technically feasible for this project, so instead of having two identical project units, you would have one.

So therefore, you would not utilize the other space because it would not be technically feasible with respect to engineering requirement specific to stacks flow modeling and combustion gas turbine placement on foundations;

1	therefore, you would still have the space
2	constraints with the unit, with the one unit as
3	you would for the two units.
4	Q. Con Ed had a feasibility study
5	performed by Raytheon; is that correct?
6	A. Yes, we did.
7	Q. And that the conclusion of that
8	was resulted in the current configuration
9	contained in the application; is that correct?
10	A. No. The current configuration really
11	looks nothing like the feasibility study.
12	Q. Okay. The tight space requirements
13	identified in the application, those were based on
14	the spatial requirements of the two trains; is
15	that correct?
16	A. Correct.
17	Q. Do you know for certain that the
18	90-degree turn you identified could change if you
19	saved approximately half the space that you had
20	just stated?
21	A. If we were to design the project with
22	only one project unit, that is the configuration
23	that is now would be the configuration that we
24	would use, due to the constraint that we had
25	cited previously, again, combustion turbine

foundation requirements, height of the existing building. Again, without really redesigning the roof, you need the 90-degree turn in order to fit the GE frame 7 in, have it operable and maintainable, and have the HRSG in proximity to the stack, so as to stay within 20-inch design basis back pressure allowed for the combustion turbine. When all of these technical requirements are properly considered into the design, and we have taken a long time, and it was very difficult to do because of space constraints in the building, this I feel is the only design that will work.

Q. Okay. You have acknowledged that you would be saving approximately half the space with one train. Wouldn't you agree it's theoretically possible with the increased space requirements you have identified for SCONOx that there could be an engineering solution which takes advantage of the space saved?

MR. KARMEL: Asked and answered, and argumentative.

MR. STANISLAUS: I'm not sure it was asked and answered.

JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I think he said on

a number occasions he could do it. 1 I kind of asked the MR. STANISLAUS: 2 question related to SCONOx. I asked him 3 with respect to reconfiguration of the 4 90-degree turn. 5 6 JUDGE MOYNIHAN: I think you were talking about SCONOx. 7 MR. STANISLAUS: This is the first 8 9 time I asked a question about SCONOx. 10 THE WITNESS: We looked at quite a 11 number of alternatives, some involving 12 90-degree turns, your Honor, a few 13 involving 180-degree turns, and a number involving no turns. There is no way, 14 15 because of the height considerations, foundation considerations, that you can fit 16 17 one straight train without a turn into the 18 building where we are presently going to 19 house the East River Power Project. It was 20 absolutely essential to have a 90-degree 21 turn. 22 Ο. It is still fair to say you have not 23 performed the analysis of one train and the addition of SCONOx on that one train? 24 25 Α. We have not performed that specific

1	analysis, no.
2	Q. And that wasn't the charge of
3	Raytheon when it conducted its feasibility study?
4	A. Oh, no.
5	Q. Okay.
6	MR. STANISLAUS: Thank you, your
7	Honor.
8	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you.
9	MR. LANG: Your Honor, if I may, I
10	apologize. I have to make a correction
11	with Exhibit 48 that we had marked.
12	Apparently I had grabbed, there is
13	copies of a number of different pictures.
14	The pictures that I had handed out to all
15	the parties are a slightly different angle
16	than the actual exhibit.
17	What I would like to do is just
18	substitute, keep the original exhibit that
19	he testified to the same, and just provide
20	everyone the actual comparables to it. In
21	other words, your copy isn't an exact copy
22	of 48. It's very close but not exactly the
23	same.
24	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Do you need the
25	original back?

1	MR. LANG: She needs it.
2	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Actually, we don't.
3	We can use a copy.
4	MR. LANG: We need the originals.
5	Why don't you give her a copy to mark.
6	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Okay. We are
7	ready.
8	Mr. Little, do you have any
9	cross-examination?
10	MR. LITTLE: I do not.
11	JUDGE O'CONNELL: No, your Honor.
12	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Redirect?
13	MR. KARMEL: I have no redirect.
14	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Thank you,
15	Mr. Kurtz. You are excused.
16	(Whereupon, the witness was excused.)
17	JUDGE MOYNIHAN: Is there anything
18	further before we adjourn?
19	We will be in adjournment until ten
20	o'clock Monday.
21	(Whereupon, at 5:03 p.m., the hearing
22	was adjourned.)
23	
24	
25	- M

CERTIFICATE I, BONNIE ATELLA, a Registered Professional Reporter and notary public within and for the State of New York, do hereby certify that I reported the proceedings in the within-entitled matter on April 20, 2001, and that this is an accurate transcription of what transpired at that time and place. BONNIE ATELLA, RPR