Energy Storage System Metering Configuration ITWG Discussion

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NEW YORK BATTERY AND ENERGY STORAGE TECHNOLOGY CONSORTIUM

www.ny-best.org

Background - VDER Tariff

Some Uncertainty on Energy Storage compensation in value stack

- "Energy Storage paired with electric generating equipment, only the non-storage generation can qualify for Alternative 2 compensation." – one utility tariff
- Not same in all utility tariffs, DPS has clarified ES green electrons should be eligible for Alt 2
- Stand alone Storage being fast tracked for VDER eligibility

Implications



Interim period of green/brown eligibility can lead to restrictive configurations

- Limiting invertor configuration (Limiting to DC coupled system)
- Preventing battery discharge to the grid

Or not receiving appropriate value

Compensation limits (i.e. don't get alt 2)

Implications



Restrictions reduce benefit and value



- If the battery is precluded from discharging during times of injection (to avoid brown electrons) then system can't shift the green energy to higher value periods (i.e. Alt 2)
- If can't grid charge the battery then cannot address customer demand
- If separate service then no customer BTM benefits

Implications



Restrictions reduce benefit and value

- Community Solar + Storage:
 - Station power from the grid is likely necessary
 - If the Battery is precluded from exporting power then cannot shift CDG output
 - Battery may need to shift grid-source power to provide ancillary services (inverter configuration matters)

Steps to provide clarity

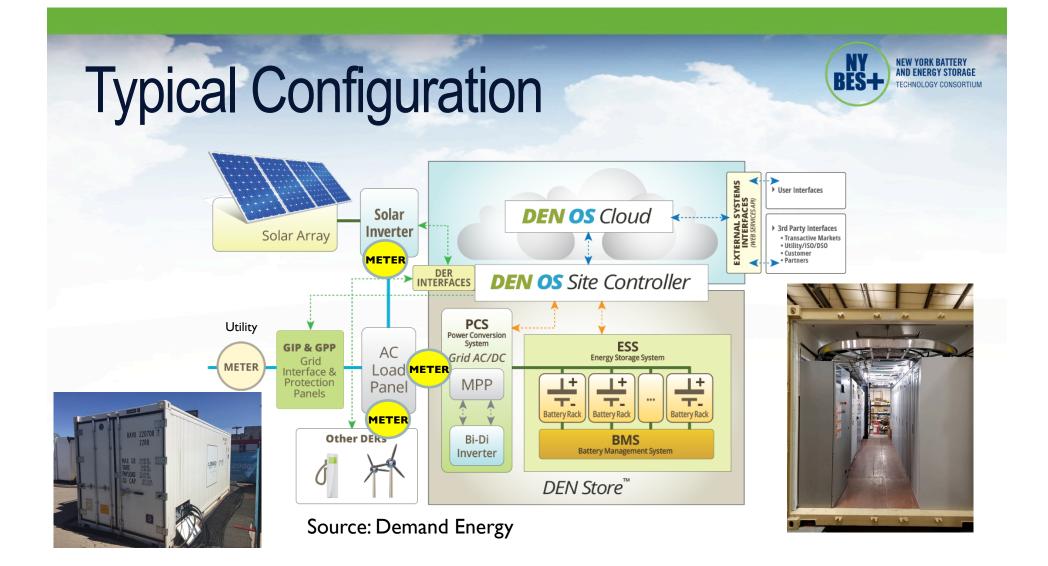


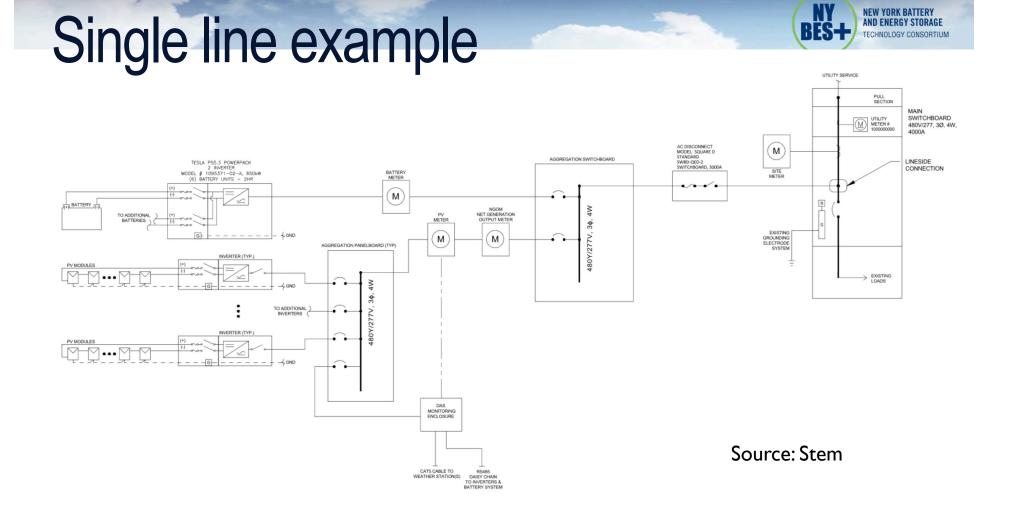
- Action should anticipate Standalone Energy Storage VDER
- Metering as a solution for making sure grid-sourced and green electrons are appropriately compensated (as opposed to restrictive configurations to prevent occurrence)

Key Use Cases

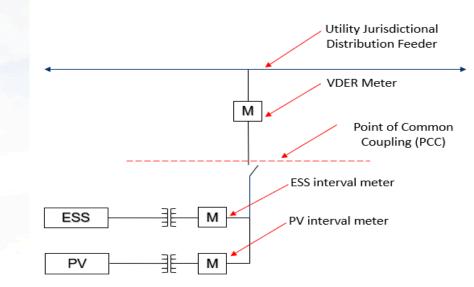


BTM Solar + Storage - Alt 2 capacity for PV-sourced energy during summer and flexibility to use grid-sourced energy to manage demand or provide services (i.e. demand response)





Flexibility of Multi-meter Configuration



Validate solar only charging

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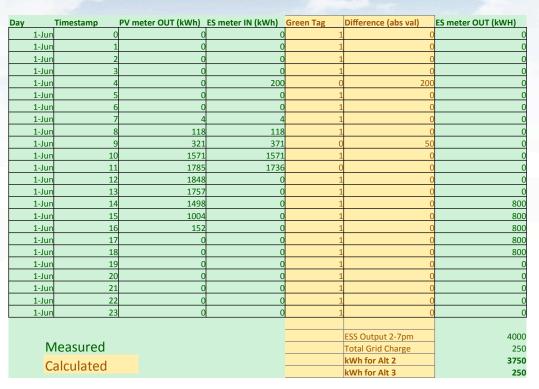
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Track grid and solar charging

Meter output for future attribute tracking

Tracking Grid-Sourced and Solar Electrons



Interval data is collected from meters at both the PV and ESS terminals

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Grid-sourced and green energy is tallied

Appropriate compensation is applied to each

Source: Borrego Solar

Other Considerations



- Due to cost of metering would not want to require multiple meter configuration for small systems (residential, possibly small commercial)
- Creates more overhead for utilities in billing
- Device level and/or third party metering should be allowed
- Can be used to choose VDER tariff or Load reduction for a DER output (Policy decision, but technically feasible)
- Metering can apply to both AC and DC coupled systems

Key Use Cases



BTM Solar + Storage - Alt 2 capacity for PV-sourced energy during summer and flexibility to use grid-sourced energy to manage demand or provide services (i.e. demand response)

