1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	NEW YORK STATE
3	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE
4	
5	16-F-0205 - APPLICATION OF CANISTEO
6	WIND ENERGY LLC FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL
7	COMPATIBILITY AND PUBLIC NEED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 10
8	FOR CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF A WIND ENERGY
9	PROJECT IN STEUBEN COUNTY.
10	
11	EVIDENTIARY HEARING
12	August 21, 2019
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17	
18	ALJ MAUREEN LEARY, DPS
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              16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
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   APPEARANCES:
   ATTORNEYS FOR MR. JOHN SHARKEY
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   BENJAMIN WISNIEWSKI, ESQ.
5
   BRIDGET O'TOOLE , ESQ.
   ZOGHLIN GROUP, P.L.L.C.,
6
7
   FOR THE TOWNS OF CAMERON, CANISTEO, GREENWOOD, WEST UNION,
8
9
    JASPER, AND TROUPSBURG
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   AARON MULLEN, ESQ.
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   LAW FIRM MULLEN ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.,
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   FOR THE APPLICANT:
   JOHN DAX, ESQ.
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15
   THE DAX LAW FIRM
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   EKIN SENLET, ESQ.
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   FIRM OF BARCLAY DAMON
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   NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF
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20
   ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION STAFF:
21
   KARA PAULSEN
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23
   NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE STAFF:
24
    JESSICA VIGARS
25
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1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
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3	Witnesses
4	ANDY DAVIS 1124
5	BRIANNA DENONCOUR 1177
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1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: We're going to go on
3	the record. And, I do want to today, take
4	appearances because this looks like the right group
5	that has always been here or for most of the time.
6	So, do you want to start over here and
7	note your appearance for the record?
8	MR. SHARKEY: John Sharkey.
9	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Attorney Ben
10	Wisniewski with the Zoghlin Group, P.L.L.C.,
11	representing Mr. John Sharkey.
12	MR. O'TOOLE: Bridget O'Toole with the
13	Zoghlin Group, representing Mr. John Sharkey.
14	MR. MULLEN: Aaron Mullen, Mullen and
15	Associates, P.L.L.C., representing the Towns of
16	Canisteo, Cameron, Jasper, Troupsburg, Greenwood and
17	West Union.
18	MS. OKLEVITCH: Elizabeth Oklevitch,
19	Mullen and Associates, also representing the Towns.
20	MS. SENLET: Ekin Senlet from *Barclay
21	Damen, representing Canisteo Green Energy, L.L.C.
22	MR. DAX: John Dax from the Dax Law
23	Firm for the Applicant.
24	MS. BONILLA: Mary Anne Bonilla on
25	behalf of the Department of Environmental

'	10-F-0203 - Callisted Willa Ellergy - 0-21-19
2	Conservation.
3	MS. PAULSEN: Kara Paulsen on behalf
4	of the Department of Environmental Conservation
5	Staff.
6	MS. VIGARS: Jessica Vigars on behalf
7	of the Department of Public Service Staff.
8	MS. PARTYKA: Cassandra Partyka on
9	behalf of the Department of Public Service Staff.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Welcome. Now now, I
11	remember why I was doing appearances today for you.
12	A.L.J. SHERMAN: There's a new
13	appearance.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: There's a new
15	appearance. Do you have a card for the court
16	reporter?
17	THE REPORTER: I grabbed one from her.
18	MS. PARTYKA: We're all set.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Perfect. Okay. Mr.
20	Davis, are you ready to go?
21	MS. VIGARS: Yup.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
23	MS. MEAGHER: Your Honor?
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
25	MS. MEAGHER: Mona Meagher for CMOR,

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Citizens for Maintaining our Rural Environment.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Sorry, Ms. Meagher.
4	You know what, I think I failed to plug this in. So,
5	you are not going this is off the record.
6	(Off the record)
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Back on the record.
8	Ms Ms. Vigars, proceed.
9	MS. VIGARS: Do I does he need to
10	be sworn in to the record?
11	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry, swear the
12	witness. Mr. Davis, would you raise your right hand.
13	Do you swear that the testimony you are about to give
14	is the truth and the whole truth?
15	MR. DAVIS: I affirm that my testimony
16	will will be the truth.
17	THE WITNESS; ANDY DAVIS; Affirmed.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. Would you
19	state your name and affiliation for the record?
20	THE WITNESS: Andrew C. Davis, Utility
21	Supervisor for the Department of Public Service
22	Staff.
23	DIRECT EXAMINATION
24	BY MS. VIGARS:
25	Q. Mr. Davis, before you is a

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	document entitled, Prepared Testimony of Andrew C.
3	Davis, consisting of a cover page and 38 pages of
4	questions and answers, dated July 12th, 2019 and six
5	exhibits submitted with your testimony, labeled
6	A.C.D1 through A.C.D6, is that correct?
7	A. That is correct.
8	Q. Was this testimony and exhibits
9	prepared by you or under your direct supervision?
10	A. Yes, it is.
11	Q. Do you have any changes or
12	corrections to make to that testimony?
13	A. These filed corrected
14	testimony and I have no changes to that corrected
15	testimony.
16	Q. Thank you. And, at the time of
17	that filing of the corrected testimony, did you file
18	both a red line and a clean corrected version?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Thank you. Aside from those
21	corrections, if you were asked the same questions
22	today under oath, would you answer them the same way?
23	A. Yes, I would.
24	Q. And, do you affirm the
25	information contained in those exhibits, true to the

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	best of your knowledge?
3	A. I'm sorry.
4	Q. And, do you affirm the
5	information contained in that testimony and exhibits
6	is true to the best of your knowledge?
7	A. Yes, it is.
8	MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, I would like
9	to move that the pre-filed initial testimony and
10	exhibits of Mr. Davis, be entered into the record as
11	if given orally during the hearing today?
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BEFORE THE
STATE OF NEW YORK
SITING BOARD ON ELECTRIC GENERATION
AND THE ENVIRONMENT

In the Matter of

Canisteo Wind Energy, LLC

Case 16-F-0205

July 12, 2019

Prepared Testimony of:

Andrew C. Davis, Utility Supervisor Office of Electric, Gas & Water Environmental Certification & Compliance Section

State of New York
Department of Public Service
Three Empire State Plaza
Albany, New York 12223-1350

- 1 Q. Please state your name and business address.
- 2 A. Andrew C. Davis, Three Empire State Plaza,
- 3 Albany, New York 12223.
- 4 Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- 5 A. I am employed by the New York State Department
- of Public Service (Department) as a Utility
- 7 Supervisor in the Office of Electric, Gas &
- 8 Water in the Environmental Certification and
- 9 Compliance Section (Staff).
- 10 Q. Please describe your education and work
- 11 experience.
- 12 A. My education and work experience are reflected
- in the attached Curriculum Vitae identified as
- 14 Exhibit\_\_(ACD-1). That document also lists the
- cases where I have previously provided testimony
- 16 to the Public Service Commission (Commission)
- 17 and the New York State Siting Board on Electric
- 18 Generation and the Environment (Siting Board).
- 19 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 20 A. My testimony will provide analysis of certain
- 21 environmental and land use impacts associated

1		with the Canisteo Wind Generating Facility (the
2		Facility) proposed by Canisteo Wind Energy NY,
3		LLC (CWE or the Applicant), a subsidiary of
4		Invenergy Wind North America, LLC.
5	Q.	Are you sponsoring and/or relying upon any
6		Exhibits as part of your testimony?
7	A.	Yes. I have relied on the Application,
8		supplements, discovery responses, and associated
9		documents. I am sponsoring specific exhibits:
10		Ex(ACD-2) an information request(IR)
11		response from CWE regarding land use; Ex(ACD-
12		3) correspondence regarding cultural resources
13		review; Ex(ACD-4) a NYSDOT webpage regarding
14		a proposed Scenic Byway; Ex(ACD-5) a
15		portion of the viewshed map of the project site;
16		and Ex(ACD-6) an IR response from CWE
17		regarding Troupsburg local laws. In addition, I
18		am recommending proposed compliance filing
19		criteria and Certificate Conditions that are in
20		exhibits more directly sponsored by the Staff
21		Policy Panel's testimony.

1	Q.	As part of your analysis, what components of
2		Canisteo Wind's Application (the Application)
3		and its supplements did you review?
4	Α.	I specifically reviewed Exhibit 3 - Location of
5		Facilities; Exhibit 4 - Land Use; Exhibit 9 -
6		Alternatives; Exhibit 11 - Preliminary Design
7		Drawings (Facilities Lighting Plan); Exhibit 13
8		- Real Property; Exhibit 15 - Public Health and
9		Safety (Shadow Flicker); Exhibit 20 - Cultural
10		Resources; Exhibit 24 - Visual Impacts; Exhibit
11		28 - Environmental Justice; Exhibit 31 - Local
12		Laws and Ordinances; and Exhibit 32 - State Laws
13		and Regulations.
14	Q.	Would you please summarize your testimony?
15	Α.	My testimony will review resource impacts not
16		fully addressed by the Application; introduce
17		additional information not addressed by the
18		Application and filed supplemental information;
19		propose and/or support measures to avoid,
20		reduce, minimize or mitigate certain adverse
21		impacts; and will make recommendations for

1		consideration by the Siting Board in reaching
2		its determination as to whether, and upon what
3		conditions, to grant a Certificate of
4		Environmental Compatibility and Public Need (the
5		Certificate); and identify a new local law issue
6		created by the May 24, 2019 Application Update.
7	Q.	Does the Application adequately identify the
8		location of proposed Project facilities?
9	A.	The Application as supplemented and updated
10		identifies the location of proposed major
11		generating facilities sites and ancillary
12		facilities, within the Towns of Cameron,
13		Canisteo, Greenwood, Jasper, Troupsburg, and
14		West Union, Steuben County, in various figures
15		and drawings throughout the several volumes of
16		the Application and supplements. The number of
17		specific wind turbine sites exceeds the number
18		of sites that would need to be developed,
19		particularly if the larger output wind turbines
20		identified in the May 24, 2019 Application
21		Update are specified.

1	Q.	Does	the	Application	address	land	uses	at	the
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- 2 Facility site?
- 3 A. Yes, Exhibit 4 provides information as generally
- 4 required by the applicable regulations.
- 5 Q. Will the Project have adverse effects on any
- 6 existing land uses?
- 7 A. Yes. The Project will have some short-term
- 8 impacts on agricultural uses during the
- 9 construction phase, including topsoil stripping,
- 10 access interruptions, and crop losses. The
- 11 Project will potentially have longer-term
- impacts due to the minor reductions in
- 13 productive agricultural area as a result of the
- 14 Facility's development of access roads and
- turbine sites (as well as the overhead electric
- transmission line placements proposed in related
- 17 Article VII Case 19-T-0041).
- 18 The Project will also cause the conversion of
- 19 forest land to other cover types and uses
- 20 representative of a wind-powered electric
- 21 generating use, including access roads, wind

1	turbine sites, and electric collection line
2	corridors. Forest cleared for facilities will
3	generally be converted to non-forested cover
4	types, allowing uses such as grazing, hunting,
5	and enhanced access to remote areas. Another
6	aspect of forest land conversion from the
7	proposed facilities relates to reductions in
8	acreage eligible to participate in the New York
9	Real Property Tax Law §480-a program (referred
LO	to as the Forest Tax Law program or §480-a
11	program). This program provides an opportunity
L2	for forest landowners to abate property taxes on
L3	forest land by enrolling in a long-term forest
L4	management program administered by the
L5	Department of Environmental Conservation
L6	(NYSDEC). Local property tax payments are
L7	reduced, and the value of income from periodic
L8	commercial sale of forest products from the
L9	property is taxed. The 480-a program requires
20	minimum acreage enrollment and adoption and
21	adherence to a forest management plan prepared

1		by a professional forester. The 480-a program
2		does not allow continued enrollment of acreage
3		that is permanently converted to other uses
4		(except where land is acquired for public
5		benefit such as for public utility transmission
6		lines under New York State Public Service Law
7		(PSL) Article VII. There is, however, no such
8		exemption for accommodation of generating
9		facilities pursuant to PSL Article 10). The
10		Application identifies seven participating
11		properties that are enrolled in the §480-a
12		program, including three that would be affected
13		by the proposed facility layout (Application
14		Vol. I, Ex. 4, page 4-10; and updated at May 24
15		2019 Application Update, Update Ex.4, section
16		4.q, page 4-10; and Updated Figure 4-2 - Land
17		Use Programs - Rev. 1). CWE provided responses
18		to Department Staff request for additional
19		information regarding these parcels (Ex.
20		(ACD-2)).
21	Q.	What was the Applicant's response?

1	Α.	The response describes the nature of the
2		enrolled forest acreage affected by the proposed
3		facility layout. Based on the size of the
4		enrolled acreages, the reduction of forest cover
5		should not make the entire parcels ineligible
6		for ongoing participation in the program (since
7		remaining unaffected acreage exceeds 50 acres
8		minimum enrollment criterion).
9	Q.	Is this strictly a private interest or is there
10		an implication of public interest?
11	Α.	The 480-a program, like the Agricultural
12		Districts program, is a public interest
13		consideration in facilities' siting and other
14		potential land use development, as these
15		programs provide incentives to landowners to
16		participate in long-term resource conservation
17		and encourage responsible resource use and
18		management. When siting a major electric
19		facility, the conversion of land use from
20		managed forest (or dedicated agricultural use)
21		is a potential adverse effect. However,

1		responsible siting can avoid or minimize these
2		impacts or conversions and should be explored
3		and adopted wherever feasible in order to
4		minimize the impact to managed forest and/or
5		agricultural lands.
6	Q.	What other kinds of impacts did you evaluate?
7	Α.	The Facility may also impact the use and
8		enjoyment of residential property, as a result
9		of shadow flicker. According to the
10		Application, some residences may experience in
11		excess of 30 hours of shadow flicker annually
12		(as reviewed at Application Exhibit 24, Appendix
13		24.a-2 - Shadow Impact Assessment Report;
14		Appendix A - Shadow Flicker Hours). Some of the
15		receptors are potentially screened to some
16		extent by existing vegetation. I note that the
17		revised Facilities layout results, as reported
18		in Exhibit 1001.24 - Revision 1, include over 30
19		hours of flicker exposure at several locations.
20	Q.	Are there avoidance or minimization measures
21		that can reduce the degree of shadow flicker

Τ		exposures:
2	A.	The Application provides discussion of potential
3		mitigation measures to address complaints
4		related to flicker exposure, including
5		installation of window shades or landscape
6		vegetation. Applicant's proposed Certificate
7		Condition 57 identifies proposed flicker
8		mitigation measures for complaints. Applicant
9		also proposes a "Shadows Package" Compliance
10		Filing at Attachment A to proposed Certificate
11		Condition that identifies monitoring shadow
12		exposure, "in certain situationsto track actual
13		annual hours and curtail wind turbine
14		operation." These provisions do not provide
15		consideration of limiting exposures exceeding 30
16		minutes daily to avoid or minimize such
17		disturbances at non-participating residences,
18		including the peaceful use and enjoyment of
19		property.
20	Q.	Why would you consider limiting exposure to
21		shadow flicker to 30 minutes daily?

1	Α.	Exposure to wind turbine shadow flicker has been
2		characterized as an annoyance where it exceeds
3		30 minutes daily or 30 hours annually. (National
4		Regulatory Research Institute, for the National
5		Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners
6		(NARUC), Put It There! - Wind Energy & Wind-Park
7		Siting and Zoning Best Practices for States,
8		2012; available at
9		http://nrri.org/download/2012-03-put-it-there-
10		wind-energy-and-wind-park-siting-and-zoning-
11		best-practices-and-guidance-for-states/).
12		Applicant CWE has adopted the 30 hours annual
13		criterion as its operational standard for
14		annoyance (Application Ex. 24., pg. 24-3).
15	Q.	Are the land use impacts identified potentially
16		significant?
17	Α.	Yes. The agricultural use impacts will occur on
18		properties of participating landowners; these
19		participating landowners will otherwise benefit
20		from terms of easements and payments for use of
21		the sites. Best management practices are

1		outlined in the New York State Department of
2		Agriculture and Markets Guidelines for
3		Agricultural Mitigation for Wind Power Projects,
4		(most recently revised April 19, 2018) and
5		strict application of these provisions under
6		review by a qualified, on-site Agricultural
7		Inspector, will be appropriate for minimizing
8		the long-term effects on agricultural uses of
9		the Facility site parcels.
10		Foreseeable impacts on non-participating
11		residential properties, including shadow flicker
12		(discussed in more detail below), should be
13		considered potential use impacts on properties
14		that are not part of the Facility site and
15		involve non-participant landowners who do not
16		stand to benefit directly from the easements
17		associated with the Facility sites. I recommend
18		that the Siting Board consider appropriate
19		siting and impact controls to minimize impacts
20		of wind turbine operations on those receptors.
21	Ο.	What design alternatives do you recommend to

21

1		reduce the identified land use effects?
2	Α.	I recommend continuing efforts to integrate
3		micro-siting of turbines, access roads and other
4		Facility component locations (as the Applicant
5		has already demonstrated in the May 24, 2019
6		"updates to CWE's Application"), and use of
7		appropriate technologies should be implemented
8		in the final Facility design drawings and site
9		plans to further avoid and minimize adverse
10		effects on resources and uses of properties.
11		The adoption of monitoring and control
12		technologies for wind turbines to control the
13		annual and daily maximum shadow flicker exposure
14		at non-participating receptors, along with
15		remedial measures implemented as complaint
16		responses, should minimize adverse flicker
17		effects to the extent practicable.
18	Q.	How many receptor locations will experience
19		shadow flicker exposure?
20	Α.	The Application Update provides estimates based

on the smallest proposed turbine height and

1		greatest number of turbines. The Applicant
2		estimates that the smallest-output turbine would
3		expose 81 year-round residences (including 40
4		non-participating) to over 30 hours annually; 16
5		non-participating seasonal residences and two
6		non-participating businesses would have 30 or
7		more hours annual exposure. These and other
8		categories of exposure are listed at
9		Application, Exhibit 15, page 15-13. The
10		Application also considers the potential for
11		cumulative shadow flicker exposure based on
12		existing wind turbines at the Marsh Hill Wind
13		facility and the proposed Eight Point Wind
14		facility.
15	Q.	What is your recommendation for minimizing
16		shadow flicker exposure and effect on the use
17		and enjoyment of property for non-participating
18		residences?
19	A.	The Siting Board should require as a condition
20		of certificate issuance that shadow flicker
21		mitigation be required for any non-participating

1		residence where the owner submits a complaint
2		regarding shadows, and expected shadow exposure
3		from the Facility exceeds 30 hours per year or
4		30 minutes per day. I recommend that the shadow
5		flicker mitigation should be as follows: (i)
6		Certificate Holder shall temporarily curtail
7		operation of select wind turbines to limit
8		actual shadow flicker exposure to the 30-hours
9		or less annually, or 30 minutes or less daily,
10		or (ii) Certificate Holder shall mitigate shadow
11		flicker by providing landscape plantings, window
12		treatments, or other shadow-blocking measures.
13		The expected annual shadow flicker exposure
14		shall be established by pre-construction
15		modelling and analysis based on final project
16		design and turbine specifications to be
17		presented in a compliance filing.
18	Q.	Has the Applicant made appropriate showings
19		regarding the requirements of Exhibit 13 - Real
20		Property?
21	Α.	Application Exhibit 13 provides appropriate

1		information regarding real property interests in
2		the Facility site. The May 24, 2019 Application
3		Update (Exhibit 13, Confidential Figure 13-1)
4		indicates that many parcels critical to Facility
5		development were still in negotiation at the
6		time that the Update was filed. Applicant
7		should make additional showings for properties
8		still in negotiation to demonstrate adequate
9		property rights have been obtained. Final
LO		Facility design and development of clearing and
L1		construction site plan and related information
L2		will need to be based on acquisition of land
L3		rights for all Facility components and
L4		appropriate showings to demonstrate property
L5		rights have been obtained.
L6	Q.	Does the Application provide an analysis of
L7		potential cultural resource impacts from the
L8		proposed Facility?
L9	Α.	Yes. The Application, as supplemented and
20		updated, provides an assessment of potential
21		cultural resources including, historic

1	properties and cemeteries reviewed for
2	architectural or historic significance,
3	archeological resources based on known sites, as
4	well as consideration of survey work at the
5	Facility site, including site walk-over, and
6	test pit excavation and review. The
7	Application, Exhibit 20, and associated
8	appendices and attachments, and May 24, 2019
9	Application Update provides information on the
10	Applicant's surveys and analysis of results.
11	The historic architectural survey includes an
12	inventory of structures and buildings identified
13	by a cultural historian as being 50 years or
14	older, with notes summarizing building
15	architectural style, features, current
16	integrity, and identification of potential
17	significance based on relevant criteria for
18	whether structures and buildings warrant
19	consideration of eligibility for being listed on
20	the State and National Register of Historic
21	Places (NRHP).

- 1 Q. Would the proposed construction and operation of
- 2 the Facility result in any adverse effects on
- 3 cultural resources?
- 4 A. Yes. The introduction of wind turbines and
- 5 meteorological tower(s) will represent visual
- 6 (and audible) changes to the landscape setting
- of several properties which are listed or
- 8 eligible for listing on the NRHP.
- 9 Q. Have historic resource impacts been established
- as a consequence of the proposed Facility
- 11 development?
- 12 A. Yes, on April 8, 2019, the Director of the
- 13 Technical Preservation Services Bureau of the
- 14 State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic
- 15 Preservation (OPRHP) issued an opinion that the
- 16 construction of the Facility turbines will have
- 17 an Adverse Effect on cultural resources. The
- 18 surrounding rural setting associated with the
- 19 identified historic resources (letter of John
- Bonafide, OPRHP (OPRHP Adverse Effect" letter;
- 21 Ex.\_\_\_(ACD-3)). This correspondence and related

1		documents were not provided or described in the
2		Applicant's May 24, 2019, Application Update.
3	Q.	What is the next step in cultural resource
4		evaluation and mitigation for the Project?
5	Α.	For purposes of cultural resources impact
6		minimization and mitigation, the project will
7		need to advance under the National Historic
8		Preservation Act §106 review process as part of
9		federal permitting (by the US Army Corps of
10		Engineers) which supersedes the requirements of
11		New York Parks, Recreation and Historic
12		Preservation Law (PRHPL) §14.09. The SHPO April
13		8, 2019 "Adverse Effect" Letter refers to
14		generic project mitigation options identified by
15		CWE; and provides guidance to advancing
16		mitigation plan interests of the affected local
17		communities, such as offset measures that would
18		involve advancing one or more historic
19		preservation initiatives that would serve local
20		interests and resources, which would be advanced
21		in coordination and consultation with local town

1	and county historians and municipal
2	representatives. This generally involves
3	development of a list of historic preservation
4	priorities, and advancement of specific historic
5	<pre>preservation project(s) such as restoration work</pre>
6	on historic municipal buildings; development of
7	educational materials; renovation and
8	maintenance of historic cemeteries; and
9	installation of historic markers at sites and
LO	properties in the Project viewshed. These
L1	examples are typical of the historic resource
L2	impact offset mitigation projects undertaken at
L3	other wind farm developments in New York State
L4	over the past twelve years. I recommend that
L5	the Siting Board should require, as conditions
L6	of issuance of any Certificate of Environmental
L7	Compatibility and Public Need, demonstration
L8	that a final mitigation plan has been accepted
L9	by OPRHP-SHPO; that funding by the Certificate
20	Holder is provided in the amount of funds
21	committed in the final plan; and that a schedule

1		and reporting of progress and completion of
2		implementation has been adopted.
3	Q.	Are there other cultural resource protection
4		measures that should be implemented?
5	Α.	Yes, the Siting Board should require conditions
6		including compliance filings/information reports
7		for cultural resource protection and mitigation
8		Standard archeological resource protection
9		measures that should be adopted as conditions
LO		associated with issuance of a Certificate,
L1		include: precluding construction in any areas
L2		that have not been reviewed and approved for
L3		archeologic impact avoidance; measures for
L4		stopping work and investigating any
L5		unanticipated archeologic or historic
L6		archeologic resources identified during
L7		construction, including discovery of human
L8		remains; and presentation of a final offset
L9		mitigation plan for adverse effects on the
20		landscapes comprising the broad settings of

21 historic architectural resources. Recommended

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1	Certificate	condition	59,	and	Required
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- 2 Compliance Filing 19 SHPO Package are
- appropriate for addressing this recommendation.
- 4 The Application presents some of this
- 5 information, such as elements of an
- 6 Unanticipated Discovery Plan, however the SHPO
- 7 has not yet indicated an acceptance of that
- 8 plan.
- 9 Q. Have you reviewed the visual impact assessment
- 10 for the proposed Facility?
- 11 A. Yes, I reviewed Application Exhibit 24, and
- 12 associated Appendices and analysis including the
- 13 Visual Impact Assessment (VIA).
- 14 Q. Does the Application address potential visual
- effects of the proposed Facility?
- 16 A. Yes. Application Exhibit 24 and supporting
- 17 documents including a Visual Impact Assessment
- 18 (VIA) (Application Appendix 24a-1). Viewshed
- mapping depicts the extent of facilities
- visibility throughout the study area; photo-
- 21 simulations demonstrate the general appearance

1		of the Facility as viewed from several
2		viewpoints representing a range of landscape
3		settings, distance zones, and landscape
4		positions occurring throughout the study area;
5		ratings of contrast and narrative descriptions
6		provide discussion and analysis of the nature of
7		visibility, user groups and likely viewers of
8		the associated facilities of the Project from
9		the viewpoints, and characterization of impacts
10		are provided.
11	Q.	Will the proposed Facility result in adverse
12		visual impacts?
13	Α.	The proposed Facility will include up to 115
14		wind turbines reaching up to nearly 600 feet in
15		height. These tall structures will be visible
16		throughout a large area of the Study Area
17		depending on local topography and tree cover, as
18		documented in the VIA presented in the
19		Application and Application Update. Several
20		visually-sensitive receptor locations, including
21		locations listed or eligible for listing on the

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National Register of Historic Places, will have

2		views of the wind turbines.
3	Q.	Are there any visual resource locations that
4		were not identified in the Visual Impact
5		Assessment?
6	Α.	Yes, there is a proposed Scenic Byway
7		designation for portions of NYS Routes 417 and
8		36 in the Project Area. New York State
9		Department of Transportation administers the
10		Scenic Byways program, which recognizes touring
11		routes with scenic and tourism-related
12		amenities. The Routes 417 and 36 corridor

16 to the Village of Addison. Attached Ex.\_\_(ACD-4) 17 is a copy of the NYSDOT Scenic Byways web-page 18 for this proposed route. The proposed Scenic 19 Byway designation is reportedly inactive,

traverses through Steuben County from north of

the City of Hornell, generally southerly through

Canisteo Village and Jasper, continuing easterly

without a draft Corridor Management Plan, and no funding mechanism currently available to advance 21

1		planning efforts (Department Staff personal
2		correspondence with Christine Colley, NYS DOT;
3		April 30, 2019). Without a Corridor Management
4		Plan for review, there is no criteria for
5		specific evaluation of Project consistency with
6		the goals and objectives or specific scenic
7		areas that are called out for the route of the
8		proposed Scenic Byway. As noted below, the
9		Application VIA addresses two viewpoint
LO		locations along the Route 417/36 corridor
L1		identified as a proposed Scenic Byway corridor:
L2		VP 52 and VP 55 are both located along Route 417
L3		in the southeastern portion of the Project Area.
L4	Q.	Have you identified any errors in the VIA?
L5	Α.	There appears to be three typographical errors
L6		in VIA Appendix A: Viewshed Overlay Map. As
L7		indicated on attached Exhibit(ACD-5) - an
L8		enlarged excerpt from VIA Appendix A in the
L9		southeastern portion of the Project Area. The
20		map includes references to "View from NYS Route
21		123" and "NYS Routes 123 and 21." There is no

1	road designated as "NYS Route 123" in the
2	project viewshed area as mapped in Appendix A.
3	NYS Route 123 is located in Westchester County,
4	New York. NYS Route 21 originates in the
5	Village of Andover, and follows a south-north
6	orientation through Alfred Station and Hornell,
7	and is located in the far western portion of the
8	10 mile study area, with no visibility of
9	wetland CM-7 likely, due to intervening
10	topography between these locations. The
11	Appendix A: Viewshed Overlay Map figure in the
12	VIA indicates that there will be no visibility
13	of the proposed wind turbines located along
14	Route 21 within the 10-mile viewshed area except
15	for a limited portion in the vicinity of
16	Hornell. I note that Steuben County Routes 21
17	and 123 are located in the vicinity of these
18	wetlands. If this is the case, the Applicant's
19	map should indicate the distinction of County
20	highway routes rather than NYS Routes 21 and
21	123.

- 1 Q. What operational effects are represented in the
- 2 Application?
- 3 A. Operational effects include consideration of
- 4 shadow flicker (Application Appendix 24.a-2), as
- discussed above in consideration of land uses;
- 6 and since the wind turbines exceed 499 feet in
- 7 height, the turbines will all need to be marked
- 8 with aviation hazard lighting, including two
- 9 flashing warning lights mounted on each of the
- 10 turbine nacelles.
- 11 Q. Are these red or white flashing lights?
- 12 A. The Application indicates that medium intensity
- flashing red lights will be used, rather than
- white lights, which would have a greater degree
- of visibility at night. The Application also
- 16 states that narrow-beam fixtures will be used to
- 17 reduce visibility from ground level positions.
- 18 Q. Is there any alternative to flashing warning
- 19 lights during all hours of darkness?
- 20 A. The Application does not address consideration
- of using radar-activated aircraft detection

1	lighting controls as an alternative. This
2	technology allows the turbine hazard lighting to
3	normally be turned off, and only be turned on
4	when activated by radar sensors detecting
5	aircraft approaching and passing nearby or over
6	the Facility. Staff recommends that
7	consideration of this measure should be a
8	requirement for any Certificate granted by the
9	Siting Board at this location. This is the only
10	significant reduction measure that I am aware
11	of, other than eliminating wind turbines, that
12	can be applied for general visibility of the
13	Facility, albeit limited to night-time hours,
14	and visual impacts located at the majority of
15	important receptor locations spread throughout
16	the projected viewshed area. Other options are
17	likely to be offset measures. The Applicant
18	should be required to evaluate the use of radar-
19	activated lighting controls, thus minimizing the
20	extent of aviation hazard marking pursuant to
21	Clause 40(c) of its proposed Certificate

# DAVIS

1		Conditions, whereby Applicant proposes to
2		minimize aviation hazard lighting to the extent
3		allowable by the Federal Aviation Administration
4		(FAA). Otherwise, lighting requirements
5		recommended by Department Staff and reflected in
6		Applicant proposed Certificate Condition 50
7		should also be required.
8	Q.	Are the conclusions reached in the VIA supported
9		by the analysis as presented?
10	Α.	The VIA generally presents a reasonable
11		depiction and characterization of the likely
12		appearance of the proposed generating Facility
13		from a range of viewpoints. Some reviewers may
14		disagree with the impact ratings applied by the
15		Applicant's visual review panelists, and there
16		are likely some viewpoints that may be of
17		particular interest that are not specifically
18		included in the VIA. However, the intent of the
19		VIA is for a representative assessment
20		identifying and addressing potential impacts on
21		the range of landscape types, user-groups, and

- distance zones in the Study Area.
- 2 Q. What visual impact mitigation measures does the
- 3 Application identify as viable?
- 4 A. The Application provides statements regarding
- 5 measures that would be implemented to reduce
- 6 visual impacts in the landscape (Application
- 7 Book 5; Appendix 24a.; VIA, pp. 145 148).
- 8 These measures include some that are based on
- 9 best management practices, and others that are
- 10 standard wind turbine designs (e.g., non-
- 11 reflective surface finish; white or off-white
- color; tubular turbine towers design; no
- advertising or logos on wind turbines).
- 14 Q. Does Staff agree with the Applicant's visual
- impact "mitigation" measures?
- 16 A. Staff recommends that these measures are readily
- 17 available and some measures are standard
- 18 features on modern turbines. Other measures
- that are generally applied include:
- 20 decommissioning and removal of facilities at the
- 21 end of their useful life, as otherwise generally

# DAVIS

1		required by local laws and PSL Article 10
2		regulations; use of appropriate lighting
3		controls, as described below, will be
4		appropriate pursuant to compliance filing
5		recommendations by Staff; and other measures
6		should be adopted as requirements of any Siting
7		Board grant of a Certificate.
8		Certain other measures require additional
9		consideration, specifically exterior lighting
10		proposed for the collection substation site, the
11		Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Building, and at
12		each wind turbine.
13	Q.	Has the applicant proposed a satisfactory
14		lighting plan showing?
15	Α.	No. Applicant proposes design criteria and a
16		compliance filing, but does not provide the
17		level of detail appropriate for assuring
18		lighting is sufficient but also avoids
19		unnecessary lighting, glare or light trespass.
20		For example, Applicant proposed lighting plan
21		criteria for the O&M building and substation

1	including full cutoff fixtures (Application
2	Exhibit 11, pp. 11-16). However, the lighting
3	cut-sheets provided by the Applicant are for
4	lighting which includes flood lights (one of the
5	most intrusive lighting designs available) (see
6	Application Ex. 11, Figure 11-2 and 11-3); and
7	poorly-shielded lights with drop-down optics
8	that spread light horizontally and expose the
9	lighting filament to direct visibility, which is
10	the primary cause of glare (see Application Ex.
11	11, Figure 11-1). Full-cutoff lighting fixtures
12	without drop-down optics, if appropriately
13	sourced, installed and maintained, direct
14	lighting downward, rather than horizontally
15	outward, and avoid glare and light trespass by
16	limiting light emissions to the direction in
17	which they are useful. However, the Applicant
18	has not presented a lighting plan that utilizes
19	these considerations. Staff generally advises
20	against motion-detection lighting controls.
21	Staff recommends that an exterior lighting

1	design be specified to avoid off-site lighting
2	effects, by the use of task lighting, as
3	appropriate, to perform specific tasks with
4	manual on-off switching, rather than using
5	photo-sensitive or motion-detecting, that are
6	susceptible to false operation due to movement
7	of wind-blown debris and vegetation, or wild
8	animal movement near the site or along fence-
9	lines. Exterior lighting should be designed to
10	provide safe working conditions at appropriate
11	locations during periods. Applicant's recently
12	provided Proposed Certificate Condition 50
13	includes appropriate requirements that include
14	exterior lighting appropriate for various sites
15	including use of full cutoff fixtures with no
16	drop-down optical elements for area lighting at
17	the O&M site and at outdoor storage areas to
18	avoid both the spread of illumination and the
19	creation of glare; use of manually controlled
20	task lighting where appropriate. A lighting
21	specification detail and plan and profile

1		arrangement should be required to be submitted
2		as a compliance filing for final review and
3		approval pursuant to 16 NYCRR Parts 1002.2 and
4		1002.3. Applicant has proposed as a required
5		compliance filing the "FAA and Exterior Lighting
6		Package" (Proposed Certificate Conditions,
7		Attachment A) which is generally acceptable,
8		however the Applicant asserts that this filing
9		"must be approved before energization of the
10		collection substation with electricity from the
11		grid (backfeed)." I recommend that the filing
12		be submitted well before that time, since it
13		includes lighting to be located within the
14		Project Substation. Lighting design should be
15		provided with the site plan for the substation
16		to assure that appropriate clearances are
17		accounted for in station design.
18	Q.	Does the Application Exhibit 31 provide an
19		analysis of local legal provisions applicable to
20		the proposed Facility, as required under 16
21		NYCRR §1001.31?

12

13

Α.

Yes. The Application Exhibit 31 generally

2		complies with the requirements of 16 NYCRR
3		§1001.31. The Application provides a review and
4		listing of local laws, procedural and
5		substantive provisions, and indicates that all
6		substantive requirements have been addressed by
7		the proposed development.
8	Q.	What is Staff's recommendation regarding local
9		laws?
10	Α.	The Application, as supplemented in the May 1,
11		2019 Update filing, addresses the required

- Application had requested Siting Board waivers 14 of certain requirements including height
- restrictions for the Town of Troupsburg Local 15
- 16 Law #1 of 2012 (Application Exhibit 31, pg. 6).

showings for Exhibit 31. The original

- 17 Department Staff submitted a discovery request
- 18 for an evaluation of appropriate setback
- 19 distances applicable to wind turbine heights
- 20 that as proposed would exceed the Town Wind Law
- limit. In response, CWE indicated that the Town 21

1	was reviewing and updating its wind project law
2	(Ex(ACD-6) DPS-IR-04). The May 1, 2019
3	Update provides the amended and updated Town of
4	Troupsburg Local Law Number 1 of 2019, which
5	eliminated the height restriction, and adopted
6	setback distances that were a function of
7	turbine blade tip height, rather than a set
8	distance. With the revision in the local law,
9	and the project update that was later provided
10	in the May 24, 2019 Application Update, the need
11	for waiver of the height restriction was
12	eliminated, as indicated in the May 1, 2019
13	Update.
14	While that issue has apparently been resolved,
15	the May 24, 2019 Update presents a new issue.
16	Exhibit 31 was revised to state that "CWE does
17	not seek Siting Board override of any local laws
18	(Ex. 31, Section 31.e, pg. 6). Exhibit 6 was
19	revised with discussion of various criteria that
20	would require turbine heights to be limited at
21	certain locations to meet property line setbacks

## DAVIS

1		of the various town codes (May 24, 2019 Update;
2		Ex. 6, section 6.b.1 through 6.b.5; pp. 6-3
3		through 6-6). Section 6.b.6, however, was not
4		revised, that part still states "[d]epending on
5		the final turbine selection and layout, CWE may
6		request the Siting Board not apply the setback
7		requirements of those local laws in the contexts
8		described." The Applicant's proposal regarding
9		resolution of this issue is not clear. The
10		Applicant has not provided justification for the
11		potential waiver requests as required by 16 NYCRR
12		1001.31; and it has not provided an indication as
13		to when and under what circumstances such waiver
14		requests for the local laws of multiple
15		municipalities would be submitted for Siting
16		Board consideration.
17	Q.	Does the Application address compliance with
18		relevant New York State laws?

- 19 A. Yes. Exhibit 32 adequately addresses State Laws
- 20 applicable to the proposed Facility.
- 21 Q. Does this conclude your pre-filed direct

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# DAVIS

1		testimony regarding impacts of the proposed
2		Canisteo Wind Project at this time?
3	A.	Yes, generally, although I also provide
4		testimony in conjunction with the Staff Policy
5		Panel, including supporting specific recommended
6		Certificate Conditions appropriate for
7		requirements that should be associated with any
8		Certificate issued by the Siting Board.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? Okay.
3	It's so admitted. As a housekeeping matter, what we
4	were doing yesterday, was to try to identify on our
5	exhibit list and where where these exhibits
6	MS. VIGARS: The exhibits.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: are.
8	MS. VIGARS: Yes.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Do you have that
10	MS. VIGARS: I'm opening the document,
11	as we speak the master exhibit list. So, this is
12	D.P.S., Davis, these are pre-marked as Exhibits 64,
13	65, 66, 67, 68 and 69.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: So, that those are
15	the hearing exhibit numbers associated with Mr.
16	Davis's
17	MS. VIGARS: Mr. Davis's individual
18	testimony, that's correct.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: individual testimony
20	and what about the Panel's. Do they have some
21	exhibits?
22	MS. VIGARS: Yes. The Panel Exhibits
23	are pre-marked 95, 96 and 97.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. Mr. Dax?
25	MR. DAX: Thank you.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. VIGARS: Excuse me, Your Honor. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, I'm sorry. 3 MS. VIGARS: Could we go through the 4 5 process of admitting into the record --6 A.L.J. LEARY: Accepting testimony. MS. VIGARS: -- the policy panel? 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Yes. 8 MS. VIGARS: Thank you. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: Sorry. MS. VIGARS: Just bear with me one 11 12 second. 13 BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'q.) 14 Mr. Davis, before you is a Q. 15 document entitled, Prepared Testimony of Staff Policy Panel, submitted by Andrew Davis, Jeremy Floum and 16 17 Aaron Odell Keller. That document consists of a cover page and 26 pages of questions and answers, 18 dated July 12th, 2019, with three exhibits, labeled 19 S.P.P.-1 through S.P.P.-3, is that correct? 20 That's correct. 21 Α. 22 Was this testimony and exhibits 23 prepared by you or under your direct supervision? 24 Α. The testimony was prepared by the 25 -- by the Policy Panel represent -- or

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19					
2	representatives. To the extent that I'm on the					
3	Panel, yes. They're they're it's not entirely					
4	or exclusively my testimony.					
5	Q. I understand.					
6	A. It it involves testimony by					
7	the other two Policy Panel members.					
8	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Mr. Davis, could you					
9	pull the mic, you're rather soft spoken? Thank you.					
10	BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'g.)					
11	Q. However, there are portions of					
12	the D.P.S. Staff Policy Panel testimony, that were					
13	prepared by you or under your direct supervision, is					
14	that correct?					
15	A. That's correct.					
16	Q. Do you have any changes or					
17	corrections to make to that testimony?					
18	A. No, I do not.					
19	Q. Aside excuse me; strike that.					
20	If you were asked the same questions					
21	today, under oath, would you answer them the same					
22	way?					
23	A. Yes.					
24	Q. And, do you affirm the					
25	information contained in the testimony and exhibits					

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 to be true, to the best of your knowledge? Yes, it is. 3 Α. MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, I would like 4 5 to move that the pre-filed initial testimony of the Staff Policy Panel and exhibits of the Staff Policy 6 7 Panel, be entered into the record as if given orally during the hearing today. 8 9 A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? 10 admitted. MS. VIGARS: Your Honors, the witness 11 is now available for cross examination. 12 A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax? 13 14 MR. DAX: I'm handing out two 15 interrogatory responses that were received from the 16 Policy Panel. They are Items 192 and 193 on the --17 on the exhibit list. They are responses to C.W.E.D.P.S. -- -D.P.S.-02. That's Item 192 and the 18 19 response to C.W.E.D.P.S.-03. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: These are not in D.M.M. 21 and you are seeking to have them admitted? 22 MR. DAX: Yes, I would like to have them marked as -- for identification, I believe, as 23 24 Exhibits 215 and 216.

A.L.J. LEARY: So, we will mark D.P.S.

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1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19					
2	Response to Discovery Request, C.W.E.D.P.S2, Policy					
3	Panel Experience, dated July 31st, 2019 as Exhibit					
4	214.					
5	MS. PAULSEN: Your Honor, I believe					
6	Exhibit 214, is D.E.C. Response to Discovery Request,					
7	C.W.E.D.E.C1.					
8	A.L.J. LEARY: So, it should be 215?					
9	You are right, Ms. Paulsen. Mr. Dax, you're giving					
10	me bad information.					
11	MR. DAX: I said two I actually					
12	said 215 and 216.					
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, I'm sorry. I said					
14	214 because I looked over here and 213 was on top.					
15	So, we will mark D.P.S. Response to Discovery					
16	Requests, C.W.E.D.P.S3; Administrative and Standard					
17	Conditions as 216 Hearing Exhibit 216.					
18	CROSS EXAMINATION					
19	BY MR. DAX:					
20	Q. Mr. Davis, have you did they					
21	make their way around to you?					
22	A. I've got them.					
23	Q. And and, do you recognize					
24	these?					
25	A. I recognize them, yes.					

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 And, I -- I note that the --2 Ο. Exhibit 215, has a -- in the signature line, it says 3 Policy Panel, whereas in 216, there is no -- there's 4 5 no signature by the Policy Panel but was that prepared by the Policy Panel, the Response to C.W.E.-6 D.P.S.-03? 7 It was prepared by members of the 8 Policy Panel but not me. 9 10 Q. Okay. Not you but --. 11 No, I was on vacation when these were received and answered. 12 13 Q. Do you -- is the answer, to the 14 best of your knowledge, accurate? 15 Α. Yes. 16 And, do -- do you accept the Ο. 17 answer as the answer to the -- the questions posed in C.W.E.-D.P.S.-03? 18 19 Α. The answers answer the questions, 20 yes. And -- and, with respect to 21 Q. 22 Exhibit 215, the same questions, do you accept the 23 answers as truthful answers to the questions? 24 I -- I accept they are the Α. answers that are submitted by Staff, yes. 25

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19					
2	MR. DAX: Your Honor, I'd ask that					
3	I move that the Exhibits 215 and 216 be moved into					
4	evidence, based on the testimony.					
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? Okay.					
6	They're so admitted.					
7	MR. DAX: Nothing further, Your Honor.					
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Well, that was easy.					
9	MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, I do have one					
10	brief redirect.					
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Redirect. Okay.					
12	REDRECT EXAMINATION					
13	BY MS. VIGARS:					
14	Q. Mr. Davis, I'm going to direct					
15	your attention to Exhibit what's been marked as					
16	Exhibit 215.					
17	A. Okay.					
18	Q. Is there any additional					
19	information strike that.					
20	Do you have any experience with					
21	utility scale wind energy generating projects, beyond					
22	as specified in this I.R. question, beyond					
23	participating and managing or manage of construction?					
24	A. Yes, I do.					
25	O Can wou explain what that					

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 experience entails?

The -- I'd like to refer to Α. what's been marked as Exhibit 64, attached to my testimony was my personal professional curriculum vitae which lists a number of projects that I've been involved in reviewing for the Department before either the Public Service Commission and the -- or the Siting Board on electric generating and the environment. There's approximately 25 wind projects that I've, over the past 13 to 15 years, been involved in environmental assessment, review of permitting standards and issuance of -- or made recommendations to the Public Service Commission and the Siting Board, in terms of appropriate environmental and management controls that should be administered, as part of any certification for construction and operation.

Q. You detailed your experience as Staff to the Department. Do you have any experience with these types of facilities beyond your employment with the Department?

- A. No, I do not.
- Q. Okay.

MR. VIGARS: Thank you.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. I have one -- go ahead Mr. Davis. 3 THE WITNESS: In addition to that 4 5 permitting reviews, I've also made inspections of different aspects of construction and operation of 6 exist -- of wind farms that were construct -- under 7 construction and/or operation, to review impacts and 8 to assess compliance with approvals and Department or 9 Siting Board commissioning -- excuse me, certi--10 certification requirements. 11 12 MS. VIGARS: Is there anything further 13 you'd like to add? 14 THE WITNESS: No. 15 MS. VIGARS: Okay. A.L.J. LEARY: And --16 17 THE WITNESS: Just general --18 MS. VIGARS: Just -- thank you. 19 A.L.J. LEARY: And, the -- that last, 20 I believe the question posed was outside of your 21 responsibilities with the Department. Is the answer 22 you just gave, within your responsibilities as an 23 employee of the Department or in the private sector? 24 THE WITNESS: I have -- I have not 25 done any work in the private sector on wind farms and 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 those inspection and reporting experiences I summarized, are as part of my professional responsibilities under -- with the Department.

A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. I do have a question and it's a clarifying one and it's not on the Policy Panel testimony. It is on Mr. Davis's resource related and it is on Page Four, in which you — Line 16, in which you say the number of specific wind turbine sites, exceeds the number of sites that would need to be developed, particularly if the larger output wind turbines identified in the May 24th, 2019 application update are specified. I am — I heard a little bit about this yesterday but could you explain what that sentence means, with a little bit more detail?

THE WITNESS: If a question -- the question preceding that answer is, does the application adequately identify the location of proposed project facilities? And, my answer is that there's just -- the application describes the environmental setting and potential impacts in -- of the locations of all the turbine sites but that the proposed turbines include a range of generation output or capacity, which if larger turbines are

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 used, then fewer sites are needed. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: So, it is your 3 understanding that there -- there will be fewer sites 4 5 needed or it's -- we -- you cannot tell, based upon 6 the information you have? THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't know 7 which of the specific sites that are proposed for 8 approval, will ultimately be developed. Some -- we 9 10 heard discussion yesterday on this topic, about 55 or was it more than that out of the 117 that had been 11 studied. 12 13 A.L.J. LEARY: So, what makes you 14 think that the entire 117 will not be -- 117 sites 15 will not be developed? THE WITNESS: I quess it's my 16 17 observation that the general trend in the industry is towards larger output turbines and the Applicant 18 19 specifically in its May 28th or 30th, depending on 20 what document you look at, submittal of the application update, identified a significantly larger 21 22 output turbine. I assume that the Applicant's very 23 interested in that model. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. Anyone have 25 any additional questions, based upon me opening this

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19					
2	door for clarification?					
3	Thank you very much Mr. Davis. You					
4	may step down. Okay.					
5	Where's my list? I think we're going					
6	with D.E.C. Bats first.					
7	MS. PAULSEN: That's fine.					
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Well, is it just Ms.					
9	Denoncour?					
10	MS. PAULSEN: Yes, just Ms. Denoncour.					
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Will she					
12	approach? Ms. Denoncour, you were sworn in as a					
13	witness yesterday and I just want to remind you that					
14	you continue to be under oath. I don't need to swear					
15	you in again.					
16	THE WITNESS: Okay.					
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Thanks.					
18	MS. PAULSEN: And, for the record,					
19	it's Ms. Denoncour's birthday, so Happy Birthday.					
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Happy Birthday.					
21	THE WITNESS: Thanks.					
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION					
23	BY MS. PAULSEN:					
24	Q. Ms. Denoncour, did you prepare					
25	testimony, regarding bats for this proceeding that					

'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19					
2	was filed on July 12th, 2019?					
3	A. Yes.					
4	Q. Did you make corrections to your					
5	testimony, that were filed on August 9th, 2019?					
6	A. Yes.					
7	Q. Do you have any further					
8	corrections to your testimony?					
9	A. No.					
10	Q. If I were to ask you the same					
11	questions today, would you give the same answers, as					
12	contained in the pre-filed testimony?					
13	A. Yes, I would.					
14	Q. Are you sponsoring any exhibits					
15	to your testimony?					
16	A. Yes.					
17	Q. What are those exhibits?					
18	A. There's a list of references that					
19	we used in our direct testimony and the resume for					
20	myself and Carl.					
21	MS. PAULSEN: One moment. And, Your					
22	Honor, the exhibits referenced by Ms. Denoncour, are					
23	proposed Hearing Exhibits 51, 52 and 53.					
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you.					
25	BY MS. PAULSEN: (Cont'g.)					

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Q. Ms. Denoncour, do you affirm that
3	your testimony and sponsored exhibits, are truthful
4	and accurate, to the best of your knowledge?
5	A. Yes.
6	MS. PAULSEN: Your Honors, at this
7	point, I'd like to move the pre-filed testimony of
8	the D.E.C. Bats Panel and its sponsored exhibits into
9	evidence.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? It's
11	so admitted.
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# NEW YORK STATE BOARD ON ELECTRIC GENERATION SITING AND THE ENVIRONMENT

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In the Matter of the Application of

Canisteo Wind LLC

for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need Pursuant to Article 10 to Construct a Wind Energy Project.

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# DIRECT TESTIMONY OF BRIANNA DENONCOUR AND HEIDI KENNEDY

Division of Fish and Wildlife New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

July 12, 2019

1

#### DENONCOUR & KENNEDY

# WITNESS INTRODUCTION

- 2 Q. What is the first witness' name, employer, title and business address?
- 3 A. My name is Brianna Denoncour. I am employed by the New York State Department
- 4 of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC or Department) in the Division of Fish and
- 5 Wildlife, Bureau of Ecosystem Health (formerly known as the Bureau of Habitat) as a
- 6 Wildlife Biologist and Avian Ecologist. I have been in this position for 14 years. I currently
- 7 work in the NYSDEC Central Office, Albany, New York.
- 8 Q. What is the first witness' educational background, experience, and
- 9 professional certifications?
- 10 A. Please see a copy of my resume marked as NYSDEC-DK-1.
- 11 Q. What is the second witness' name, employer, title and business address?
- 12 A. My name is Heidi Kennedy. I am employed by the NYSDEC in the Division of
- 13 Fish and Wildlife, Bureau of Wildlife as a Wildlife Biologist (Biologist 1 Ecology). I have
- been in this position for approximately 16 years. I began working for the NYSDEC in 2001
- as a Habitat Biologist in the Division of Fish and Wildlife, Bureau of Ecosystem Health
- 16 (formerly known as the Bureau of Habitat), and I moved to my current position in 2003. I
- 17 currently work in the NYSDEC Region 8 Iroquois sub-office, 1101 Casey Road, Basom,
- 18 New York.
- 19 Q. What is the second witness' educational background, experience, and
- 20 professional certifications? and professional certifications?
- 21 A. Please see a copy of my resume marked as NYSDEC-DK-2.

1	Q.	What are your	collective re	esponsibilities a	at the	Department?
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- 2 A. As Wildlife Biologists, we assist in the programmatic oversight for the State's
- 3 statutory and regulatory threatened and endangered species programs. In this capacity, we
- 4 oversee the implementation of Article 11 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL)
- 5 (Article 11), and its implementing regulations set forth in Part 182 of Title 6 of the Official
- 6 Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (6 NYCRR) (Part
- 7 182). Included in this oversight is the review of Article 11 permit applications, as well as
- 8 compliance with the requirements of Article 11 for projects reviewed under Article 10 of
- 9 the Public Service Law (Article 10) and the Department's assessment of potential and
- realized impacts to birds and bats at wind and solar energy projects.
- 11 Q. Ms. Denoncour, what is your experience regarding rare, threatened and
- 12 endangered species and review of proposed wind energy projects?
- 13 A. I coordinate the Department's review of potential impacts that major wind and solar
- energy development projects have on wildlife and terrestrial habitats, including State-listed
- birds, bats, grasslands, and forests. This is for projects reviewed under Article 10 as well
- as those reviewed under the State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA).
- 17 I have reviewed several proposed wind energy projects that included a Part 182
- permit application for impacts to State-listed threatened and endangered species. I worked
- on the Hounsfield Wind Farm Part 182 permit and provided testimony as an expert witness
- 20 in several Article 10 proceedings regarding impacts to threatened and endangered species.
- 21 I have also been involved in developing protocols for conducting surveys targeting State-

#### **DENONCOUR & KENNEDY**

- 1 listed breeding and wintering grassland bird species, and I drafted and oversaw the release
- 2 and implementation of the Guidelines for Conducting Bird and Bat Studies at Commercial
- 3 Wind Energy Projects (2009, revised 2016) (Guidelines).
- 4 Q. Ms. Kennedy, what is your experience regarding rare, threatened and
- 5 endangered species and review of proposed wind energy projects?
- 6 A. As a Wildlife Biologist specializing in non-game birds, I am responsible for
- 7 reviewing projects with potential impacts to threatened and endangered species, primarily
- 8 marsh birds and grassland birds, in NYSDEC Region 8. I have reviewed several wind
- 9 energy and other development projects that may have impacts on wildlife and their habitats,
- 10 including State-listed threatened and endangered birds and their nesting, foraging and
- wintering habitat. My review has included Article 10 projects as well as those reviewed
- 12 under SEQRA.

21

- I have also been involved in habitat management and restoration to benefit a variety
- of species, including rare, threatened and endangered species such as grassland birds. In
- addition, I am a member of the Department's Grassland Bird Conservation Strategy Team
- and the Bird and Mammal Diversity Team's Grassland Bird sub-team. As part of these
- teams I have worked on planning efforts for grassland bird conservation in the State, the
- development of protocols for conducting surveys targeting State-listed breeding and
- wintering grassland bird species, and on the development of best management practices for
- 20 managing grassland habitats on State Wildlife Management Areas.

#### Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

#### DENONCOUR & KENNEDY

1 A. The purpose of our testimony is to provide an overview of the State's threatened 2 and endangered species program and, specifically, how the ECL, implementing 3 regulations, and responsibilities regarding the protection of wildlife should be applied 4 when assessing, avoiding, minimizing, and mitigating the impacts of wind energy projects 5 on grassland bird species. 6 Our testimony will: 1) provide background regarding the biology and behavior of 7 grassland birds; 2) summarize existing literature regarding the impact of wind projects on 8 grassland birds; and 3) identify certain State-listed species, listed in accordance with 9 Article 11 and the implementing regulations found at Part 182, that could be impacted by 10 the proposed Canisteo Wind Energy Project (Project). In that context, we will discuss: (i) 11 the factors the Department considers in making regulatory determinations pursuant to the 12 applicable statutes and regulations; (ii) how these factors apply to the Project; and (iii) 13 whether the Project has met the applicable State standards. 14 We are advised by Department Counsel that the threatened and endangered species 15 program, with its attendant statutory and regulatory authority, applies to the Project, as 16 proposed, and to the Siting Board's deliberations and required findings pursuant to Article 17 10. Accordingly, our testimony discusses how the Siting Board must apply the State's 18 statutory and regulatory threatened and endangered species program to ensure the Project's 19 compliance with Article 11 and its implementing regulations set forth in Part 182, and how 20 the Siting Board should apply the same to its deliberations and required findings under 21 Article 10 should it decide to approve the Project.

#### **DENONCOUR & KENNEDY**

# 1 Q. What information has provided the basis for your testimony?

2 A. Our testimony is based on the Project application – specifically Exhibit 22 and 3 corresponding Appendices - submitted by Canisteo Wind, LLC (Applicant) on November 4 2, 2018, together with Exhibit 22 related supplemental filings filed on January 28, 2019 5 and May 24, 2019, (collectively, the Application). We have also reviewed documents and 6 materials included in a list of references relied upon for this testimony, which is attached 7 hereto as NYSDEC-DK-3. We have reviewed all the above-referenced materials in the 8 context of ensuring that the Project meets the requirements of Article 11 and Part 182. We 9 also visited the Project Area on June 11, 2019 and June 27, 2019 to view the current 10 condition of habitat in areas with documented threatened and endangered species 11 occurrences and reviewed the Department's databases for relevant threatened and 12 endangered species information.

# 13 **BIOLOGY AND BEHAVIORS OF GRASSLAND BIRDS**

## 14 Q. What is a general description of grassland birds?

- 15 A. Grassland birds consist of those species that rely on open habitats lacking in tall
- trees, extensive shrub cover, and human infrastructure such as grasslands, hayfields,
- pastures, fallow fields, and wet meadows to successfully perform one or more essential
- life functions including feeding, nesting, roosting, wintering and migrating.

## 19 Q. What is the biology and behavior of grassland birds in general?

- 20 A. Grassland birds breed and winter, depending on the species, within large grassland
- 21 fields spread across the State. Different species vary in their preferences for the various

#### **DENONCOUR & KENNEDY**

1 habitat characteristics found within grassland field types. Most species require large 2 (greater than 25 acres) expanses of open habitat, generally free of large trees, hedgerows, 3 tall structures such as power poles, wind turbines, or meteorological towers, houses, busy 4 roads, or other human disturbances (Dechant et.al., 2002; Peterson, 1983; Morgan and 5 Burger, 2008; Smith and Smith, 1992). To successfully breed, some species require 80-100 6 acres or more of quality open habitat (Peterson, 1983; Environment Canada, 2013). 7 Vegetation, including grasses, sedges, some forbs, as well as agricultural crops such as hay 8 and alfalfa, provide cover for nesting, foraging, and roosting. While monocultures of corn, 9 soybeans, and other row crops are not preferred nesting habitat for most grassland birds, 10 these agricultural activities are often in place on a rotational basis on the landscape. Such 11 fields provide suitable nesting habitat when planted with hay, alfalfa, or left fallow for one 12 or more years following the presence of row crops. 13 Q. Are grassland bird species a particular conservation concern in New York 14 State? 15 A. Yes. Quality grassland habitat is a cover type that requires regular maintenance and 16 is declining in New York State, and grassland bird species have been declining faster than 17 any other habitat-species suite in the northeastern United States (Vickery and Herkert, 18 2001; Morgan and Burger, 2008; Ribic et.al., 2009; Stevens et.al., 2013). The primary 19 cause of these declines is abandonment of agricultural lands, causing habitat loss as once 20 open areas revert to later successional stages of shrub and young forest cover. Some other 21 threats to grassland bird species on the landscape include habitat fragmentation, mortality

#### **DENONCOUR & KENNEDY**

- 1 incurred during summer agricultural activities, predation by wild and domestic animals,
- 2 parasitism by brown-headed cowbirds (*Molothrus ater*), and human disturbance (Norment,
- 3 et.al., 2010; Brennen and Kuvlesky, 2005). Stabilizing the declines of populations of
- 4 grassland birds has been identified as a conservation priority by virtually all bird
- 5 conservation initiatives, groups, and agencies in the northeastern United States, as well as
- 6 across the continent (Vickery and Herkert, 2001; Brennan and Kuvlesky, 2005).
- As a result of this conservation concern and habitat loss, Grassland Focus Areas
- 8 were developed based on Breeding Bird Atlas data collected between 2000 and 2004
- 9 (Morgan and Burger, 2008; McGowan and Corwin, 2008). These Focus Areas are intended
- 10 to help identify areas in the State where conservation actions would be most effective in
- benefiting grassland bird species. The Project is proposed in Grassland Focus Area 2, the
- 12 Southern Tier Grassland Focus Area.

## 13 Q. What species of grassland birds are of particular conservation concern in New

- 14 York State?
- 15 A. There are two species of grassland birds in New York State listed as endangered:
- 16 short-eared owl (Asio flammeus), and loggerhead shrike (Lanius ludovicianus); four
- 17 species listed as threatened: northern harrier (Circus hudsonius), upland sandpiper
- 18 (Bartramia longicauda), sedge wren (Cistothorus platensis), and Henslow's Sparrow
- 19 (*Centronyx henslowii*); and three species considered species of special concern: horned lark
- 20 (Eremophila alpestris), vesper sparrow (Pooecetes gramineus), and grasshopper sparrow
- 21 (Ammodramus savannarum). All of these species are considered species of greatest

- 1 conservation need, as are the following three grassland bird species: American kestrel
- 2 (Falco sparverius), bobolink (Dolichonyx oryzivorus) and eastern meadowlark (Sturnella
- 3 *magna*) (NYSDEC, 2015).
- 4 Q. What threatened and endangered, species of special concern, and species of
- 5 greatest conservation need grassland bird species have been documented in the
- 6 Project area during surveys performed in support of the Application?
- 7 A. Two State-listed threatened and endangered grassland bird species have been
- 8 observed on the proposed Project site: northern harrier and short-eared owl. Three
- 9 grassland bird species designated as species of special concern have also been observed in
- the Project site: horned lark, vesper sparrow and grasshopper sparrow. Three grassland bird
- species of greatest conservation need have been observed in the Project site: American
- kestrel, bobolink, and eastern meadowlark.
- 13 Q. Do you have any comments on the surveys conducted in support of the
- 14 **Application?**
- 15 A. Yes. One 2018 breeding bird survey transect ( ) was located within Henslow's
- 16 Sparrow occupied habitat, however, it was sited in a narrow opening between forested
- 17 patches where Henslow's sparrows are less likely to be found. It is unclear why a transect
- 18 identified as "pasture/hay" and allegedly intended to target Henslow's Sparrows was
- 19 positioned close to forested habitat (20-30 meters). Open areas to the west and south of
- 20 contain fewer trees and more contiguous grassland appropriate for use by Henslow's
- 21 Sparrows.

- 1 Q. What threatened and endangered, species of special concern, and species of
- 2 greatest conservation need grassland bird species have been documented in the
- 3 Project Area during other surveys, and reported in the Application?
- 4 A. In addition to grassland bird species observed while conducting studies in support
- 5 of the Application, the following have also been documented in the Project Area during
- 6 the breeding season through the NYS Breeding Bird Atlas (BBA), US Geological Survey
- 7 Breeding Bird Survey (BBS), and recent eBird records: Northern Harrier (BBA, BBS,
- 8 eBird); American kestrel (eBird); upland sandpiper (BBA, eBird); horned lark (BBA, BBS,
- 9 eBird); bobolink (eBird); eastern meadowlark (eBird); Henslow's Sparrow (BBA, BBS);
- grasshopper sparrow (BBA, BBS, eBird); and vesper sparrow (BBA, eBird).
- 11 Q. What threatened and endangered, species of special concern, and species of
- 12 greatest conservation need grassland bird species have been documented in the
- 13 Project Area by the Department or other sources not included in the Application?
- 14 A. Northern Harrier, Henslow's sparrow, grasshopper sparrow, American kestrel,
- bobolink, and eastern meadowlark.
- 16 Q. Which of these species will your testimony focus on?
- 17 A. Our testimony will focus on Northern Harriers and Henslow's Sparrows, as they
- are State-listed threatened species observed in the Project area that are likely nesting and
- breeding in the Project area. See NYSDEC-DK-4; NYSDEC-DK-5; and NYSDEC-DK-6.
- 20 Q. What is the biology and behavior of Henslow's Sparrows?

- 1 A. Henslow's Sparrows are one of the rarest grassland bird species in New York State
- 2 (NYSDEC, 2015), with the second Breeding Bird Atlas in New York State documenting
- an 80% decline in the number of blocks with records compared to the first Breeding Bird
- 4 Atlas (McGowan and Corwin, 2008). Henslow's Sparrows are area-sensitive and prefer
- 5 large open fields with tall, dense vegetation, a well-developed litter layer, some standing
- 6 dead vegetation, and a low woody stem density (Herkert, 1998). Henslow's sparrows are
- 7 often loosely colonial, with territory size averaging 0.18-0.7 hectares (0.4-1.7 acres)
- 8 (Herkert, et.al. 2018).
- 9 Q. What is the documented biology and behavior of Henslow's Sparrow within
- 10 the Project area?
- 11 A. Henslow's Sparrows were documented during grassland bird surveys conducted by
- 12 NYSDEC Staff as part of ongoing monitoring of grassland bird use at managed grasslands.
- During these surveys at a site along within the Project area, one individual
- Henslow's Sparrow was documented on 6/24/2015 (morning survey) and two individuals
- were documented on both 7/8/2015 (evening survey) and 7/17/2015 (morning survey). The
- timing, behavior, and number of observations suggest that Henslow's Sparrow nested and
- 17 bred on the Project site. The fields where observations were made, and the surrounding
- fields, consist of high-quality grassland habitat managed for Henslow's sparrows and other
- 19 grassland bird species. In addition, Henslow's Sparrows were documented on the Project
- site during the BBA as a probable breeder in 2003, and they have also been documented
- 21 during BBS routes near the Project site.

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Q.

#### DENONCOUR & KENNEDY

What is the biology and behavior of Northern Harriers?

2	A. Northern Harriers breed, winter and migrate throughout most of New York State
3	(NYSDEC, 2015). Northern Harrier have large territories, and they require expansive areas
4	of open grassland and marshes for nesting and foraging (NYSDEC, 2015; Wilson et.al.,
5	2015). Northern Harrier were considered a widespread and common breeder in New York
6	until the mid-1950's. Northern Harrier usually fly slowly and low over the ground, their
7	wings held in a V-shape as they glide. Most males have either one mate or two mates at a
8	time, but some have up to five mates when food is abundant. Males court the females and
9	advertises their territory by performing sky-dancing displays: undulating, rollercoaster-like
10	flights up to 1,000 feet off the ground, sometimes covering more than half a mile (Cornell
11	Lab of Ornithology, 2017).
	<b>9.</b>
12	Q. What is the documented biology and behavior of Northern Harriers on the
	Q. What is the documented biology and behavior of Northern Harriers on the Project site?
12	
12 13	Project site?
12 13 14	Project site?  A. One Northern Harrier was documented incidentally at transect during the 2018
12 13 14 15	Project site?  A. One Northern Harrier was documented incidentally at transect during the 2018  Breeding Bird survey. Multiple Northern Harriers were also documented during the 2014
12 13 14 15 16	Project site?  A. One Northern Harrier was documented incidentally at transect during the 2018  Breeding Bird survey. Multiple Northern Harriers were also documented during the 2014  fall migratory bird survey (5 observations during September/October), large bird survey
12 13 14 15 16 17	Project site?  A. One Northern Harrier was documented incidentally at transect during the 2018  Breeding Bird survey. Multiple Northern Harriers were also documented during the 2014  fall migratory bird survey (5 observations during September/October), large bird survey  (45 observations between August 2017 and July 2018), and during the 2014-2015 eagle
12 13 14 15 16 17	A. One Northern Harrier was documented incidentally at transect during the 2018  Breeding Bird survey. Multiple Northern Harriers were also documented during the 2014  fall migratory bird survey (5 observations during September/October), large bird survey  (45 observations between August 2017 and July 2018), and during the 2014-2015 eagle observation surveys (19 observations).

- 1 a female Northern Harrier at the site on two separate occasions during the
- 2 breeding season of 2016. In addition, the second Breeding Bird Atlas has records of both
- 3 confirmed and probable Northern Harrier breeding, and Northern Harriers have been
- 4 observed during multiple Breeding Bird Survey routes.
- 5 Q. Do Northern Harrier and Henslow's Sparrow utilize the Project site in the
- 6 same manner?
- 7 A. Not entirely. Though both species depend on open areas of grassland, there are
- 8 some differences in what each species require for successful breeding. Henslow's Sparrows
- 9 require tall, dense grassy areas with some residual litter and standing dead vegetation
- during the breeding season. For Henslow's Sparrows, individual territories are relatively
- small, but they are area-sensitive, and large field sizes are required (Herkert, 1994; Herkert,
- et.al. 2018). Northern Harriers require large expanses of contiguous open grassland or
- marshy areas for foraging, tall, denser cover for nesting and roosting, and unobstructed air
- space for performing aerial courtship displays. Northern Harriers return to the same general
- area in subsequent years for breeding, particularly if they are successful in raising young.
- 16 O. What are your observations and professional judgements regarding the
- 17 grassland habitat in the Project Area based on your site visits?
- 18 A. The majority of the areas we visited consisted of unmowed hayfields, pasture fields,
- and fallow fields with various mixtures of grasses and forbs. It was late morning/early
- afternoon, and while no threatened and endangered grassland bird species were observed,
- 21 we detected several other grassland bird species. There were large expanses of habitat

#### Case No. 16-F-0205 DENONCOUR & KENNEDY

- 1 suitable for breeding Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers, both within areas where
- 2 these species have previously been documented, and elsewhere throughout the Project
- 3 Area. It is highly probable that these species, and possibly other threatened and endangered
- 4 grassland bird species, are present during the current breeding season.

#### 5 <u>IMPACTS TO GRASSLAND BIRDS</u>

- 6 Q. Are grassland birds including Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers
- 7 impacted by wind turbine facilities?
- 8 A. Yes. There are documented direct and indirect impacts to grassland birds from both
- 9 construction and operation of wind turbine facilities, specifically: (i) direct impact by
- 10 collision with wind turbines and other project infrastructure; (ii) direct impact to habitat by
- 11 the placement of project components in occupied habitat; and (iii) indirect impact by
- displacement of grassland bird species from otherwise preferred areas of habitat from both
- the presence of tall structures and construction activity.
- 14 Q, How will the Project, as proposed, impact Northern Harrier and Henslow's
- 15 Sparrow?
- 16 A. The Department has determined that construction and operation of the Project will
- 17 result in both direct and indirect loss of occupied Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier
- 18 habitat. Further, without proper work windows, Project construction may impact
- 19 Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier individuals.
- 20 Q. What does occupied habitat mean?

- 1 A. Occupied habitat means the areas where Henslow's Sparrows and Northern
- 2 Harriers have been documented exhibiting essential behaviors, as described above. See
- 3 NYSDEC-DK-7.
- 4 Q. Does the Project, as proposed, contain any components in occupied grassland
- 5 habitat?
- 6 A. Yes. There are 9 turbines, access roads, and a permanent met tower located within
- 7 Northern Harrier and Henslow's Sparrow occupied habitat. See NYSDEC-DK-7.
- 8 Q. What is known about the displacement of grassland birds due to tall
- 9 structures, such as wind turbines?
- 10 A. Most grassland bird species prefer an unobstructed view of the horizon and are
- disturbed by tall structures in the vicinity of their nesting, foraging and roosting areas, and
- they may utilize otherwise quality habitat to a lesser degree once such structures are present
- 13 (Shafer and Buhl, 2015; Pearce-Higgins et.al., 2012; Stevens et.al., 2013, Smith and Smith,
- 14 1992; Peterson, 1983). Indirect impacts to grassland birds caused by the presence of wind
- turbines or other tall structures include displacement from otherwise suitable habitat,
- 16 decreased nesting success, and changes in foraging behavior, with several studies
- 17 evaluating these impacts (Leddy et.al., 1999; Madders and Whitfield, 2006; Pearce-
- 18 Higgins et.al., 2009; Wilson et.al., 2015).
- 19 Q. Can you further explain the impacts to grassland birds during Project
- 20 construction?

#### DENONCOUR & KENNEDY

- 1 A. In areas occupied by grassland bird species for breeding, foraging or wintering,
- 2 construction activities are likely to prevent individuals from utilizing the area to perform
- 3 these critical life functions. Increased human presence, traffic, noise, ground disturbance,
- 4 and erection of tall structures may disrupt birds' normal activities. Nests or roosts may be
- 5 destroyed or otherwise directly impacted by construction activities that disturb the ground
- 6 at and around such areas.

#### 7 Q. Do you have any further comments on the availability of information

- 8 regarding wind energy facility impacts on grassland birds?
- 9 A. Long-term impacts of wind energy projects on the persistence of breeding and
- wintering grassland bird species on the landscape is understudied. However, several
- investigators have found increased bird densities with increasing distance from turbines
- 12 (Leddy et.al., 1999; Shafer and Buhl, 2015; Bay et.al., 2015). In addition, several studies
- have found lower overall abundance and densities of grassland birds near turbines several
- 14 years after the start of project operation than prior to construction or immediately following
- 15 construction (Garvin et.al., 2011; Shafer and Buhl, 2015; Stantec Ltd., 2014; Stewart et.al.,
- 16 2007). Overall, most studies conducted show indirect impacts of turbines on grassland
- 17 birds, but the drivers behind such avoidance are not well studied, and much more research
- is needed (Garvin et.al., 2011; Smith and Dwyer, 2016; Stevens et.al., 2013).
- To date, no currently operating wind energy project in New York State has been
- 20 issued an incidental take permit for grassland birds under Part 182. The majority of those
- 21 operating wind energy projects conducted only 1-2 years of post-construction monitoring,

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with an emphasis on mortality monitoring, and some evaluation of displacement/avoidance 2 impacts on breeding birds (NYSDEC, 2016). Changes in abundance and density of birds 3 at wind energy projects are unlikely to be adequately detected during studies conducted 4 only in the first 2-5 years after project construction (Madders and Whitfield, 2006; Stewart 5 et.al., 2007). Douglas et.al., (2011) recommends post-construction surveys occur in years 6 1, 2, 3, 5, 10, and 15 after the start of project operation to monitor long-term impacts to 7 grassland birds and account for annual fluctuations in populations. Multiple years of post-8 construction monitoring over the course of a wind energy project's lifetime are required to 9 sufficiently evaluate the long-term direct and indirect impacts on breeding and wintering 10 grassland birds, particularly State-listed threatened and endangered species. It should be noted that the Guidelines were developed to provide a broad overview of total bird and bat 12 fatality rates at a given site. The scope, duration, and methods described in the Guidelines 13 are not adequate for determining if a Project has impacted a threatened and endangered 14 species. The Department seeks post-construction wildlife monitoring for the Project that 15 will be designed to address questions regarding more species-specific impacts and provide 16 statistically-sound assurances that permitted levels of take are not exceeded.

#### APPLICATION OF PART 182 TO THE PROJECT

#### 18 Q. Does Part 182 apply to the Project?

- A. Yes. As previously mentioned in this testimony, Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier are State-listed threatened species that have been observed multiple times at the
- Project site. Based on the presence of suitable habitat, the documentation of multiple

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- 1 individuals, the dates of observations during the breeding season, and information
- 2 supporting the potential impacts from Project operation and construction on Henslow's
- 3 Sparrow and Northern Harrier, we conclude that the Project poses a threat to these species.
- 4 Therefore, Part 182 applies to the Project.

#### 5 Q. How does Part 182 apply to the Project?

- 6 A. Part 182 first requires that the Applicant avoid all impacts to threatened and
- 7 endangered species, in this case Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers. If such
- 8 impacts cannot be fully avoided based on a showing by the Applicant that full avoidance
- 9 is impracticable, then the Applicant is required to minimize impacts to Henslow's Sparrows
- and Northern Harriers to the maximum extent practicable. If impacts are demonstrated to
- be unavoidable, the Applicant must provide appropriate and effective mitigation, resulting
- in a net conservation benefit to Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers, as discussed
- in more detail below.
- 14 Q. How does the Applicant estimate the potential impacts to Henslow's Sparrows
- 15 and Northern Harriers from the Project?
- 16 A. The Applicant has not fully addressed the potential impacts of the Project on
- 17 Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers likely to be breeding in the Project area.
- 18 Q. What is required under Part 182 regarding avoidance and minimization of
- 19 take of listed species or their habitat, specifically Henslow's Sparrow and Northern
- 20 Harrier?

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A. Part 182 first requires that the Applicant avoid all impacts to threatened and endangered species, in this case Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers, to the maximum extent practicable. The Department's preferred outcome in all cases is avoidance of adverse impacts to protected resources, including threatened and endangered species. If an applicant can demonstrate that full avoidance of impacts to Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers is impracticable, appropriate minimization measures and mitigation are required under Part 182 to achieve a net conservation benefit to the impacted species. Uncertainty about the success of proposed mitigation approaches is unavoidable and, as a result, every effort should be made to first avoid and minimize any direct impacts to Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers. If full avoidance of impacts is demonstrated by an applicant to not be practicable, the Department will work with the applicant on its proposal to first minimize direct impacts to the maximum extent practicable before mitigation is adopted. However, the burden is on the applicant to propose and accomplish effective and successful minimization. Construction Impacts: The best way to avoid construction-related impacts to threatened and endangered grassland bird species is to design a project such that all infrastructure, construction activities, and other disturbances occur outside of occupied grassland habitats. If project impacts must occur in occupied grassland habitat, direct impacts to individuals of a listed species can be avoided if all work is done outside of the time periods during which birds may be present in the area. Due to the breeding time period for grassland bird species, to avoid direct construction-related impacts to breeding

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the species during the breeding season.

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1 threatened and endangered grassland bird species, no ground clearing, construction 2 disturbances, non-emergency maintenance, or restoration activities may occur in occupied 3 habitat between April 23 and August 15. As it relates to the Project, impacts are likely to 4 occur to breeding Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier, which requires all ground 5 disturbance activities in occupied habitat to occur outside the window of April 23 to August 6 15. 7 Operational Impacts: Some actions to avoid indirect impacts to listed grassland bird 8 species from operation of a wind energy project include: placing project infrastructure at 9 least 250 meters (m) away from any edge of all occupied habitat; co-locating infrastructure 10 as much as possible; and performing non-emergency maintenance and restoration activities 11 outside of the time periods during which birds are present on site, as described above. 12 Siting all project components as far away from the centers of grassland habitat, open fields, 13 and marshes as possible will minimize impacts to grassland bird species due to the presence 14 of tall structures. 15 Q. Does the Project, as proposed, avoid adverse impacts to Henslow's Sparrow 16 and Northern Harrier as required by Part 182? 17 A. No. The Project as proposed includes turbines and other infrastructure sited in 18 habitat occupied by Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier, and disturbance activities 19 have not been proposed to occur only during times that will avoid construction impacts to

1	Q.	Does the Project, as proposed, minimize, to the maximum extent practicable,
2	advei	rse impacts to Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier as required by Part
3	182?	
4	A.	No. The Application does not discuss the siting of Project components in relation
5	to occ	cupied threatened and endangered species habitat, including removing all or some of
6	the in	nfrastructure from those areas, and the Application does not contain proposed
7	const	ruction and disturbance dates that will avoid or minimize disturbance to Henslow's
8	Sparr	ows and Northern Harriers.
9	Q.	How can the Project, as proposed, avoid operational impacts to Henslow's
10	Spari	rows?
11	A.	The removal of Turbine and associated access roads from the Project
12	layou	t, or relocation of to an area greater than 250 meters from the edge of the
13	Hensl	low's Sparrow occupied habitat. See NYSDEC-DK-7.
14	Q.	How can the Project, as proposed, avoid operational impacts to Northern
15	Harr	iers?
16	A.	The removal of Turbines ,
17		from the Project layout, or the relocation of all such facilities
18	to an	area greater than 250 meters from the edge of occupied habitat. See NYSDEC-DK-
19	7.	
20	Q.	How can the Project, as proposed, minimize operational impacts to Northern
21	Harr	iers?

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- 1 A. The removal of some, but not all, of the Project components described above 2 (Turbines 3 I from the Project layout, or the relocation of some, but not at all, of such Project components to an area greater than 250 meters from the edge of occupied habitat. See 4 5 NYSDEC-DK-7. 6 Q. What is required under Part 182 regarding potential mitigation options for 7 unavoidable take of State-listed species that occurs after all practicable minimization 8 measures are implemented, specifically Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier? 9 After an applicant has avoided or minimized impacts to a listed species to the A. 10 maximum extent practicable, Part 182 requires mitigation for projects that are reasonably 11 expected to result in the take of listed species or their habitat. The Department has 12 calculated the amount of occupied habitat impacted by the Project for which mitigation is 13 required by using the methodology described below. 14 The Part 182 standards require that the project, in total, must provide a net 15 conservation benefit to the impacted species. While the Department does not itself issue 16 Part 182 permits for projects subject to Article 10 review, this same standard applies to 17 such project, including to the Project in the instant proceeding. This means that the
  - the action was taken. To meet this requirement, if an applicant has demonstrated that full

expected impacts to the affected species must be completely offset by proposed mitigation

such that it is reasonable to expect that the species will be at least as stable as it was before

21 avoidance is impracticable and implemented all necessary and appropriate minimization

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- 1 measures to the maximum extent practicable, then a mitigation measure must be reasonably
- 2 expected to have a positive impact on the species and not just exceed the calculated loss of
- 3 animals or habitat.

Part 182 does not specifically speak to species-specific mitigation. If avoidance cannot practically be achieved, and an applicant and NYSDEC agree upon minimization measures to be implemented, the Department encourages a potential applicant to propose one or more measures that are likely to result in a net conservation benefit to the affected species. In general, a mitigation measure must either demonstrably and reliably reduce the impact of an existing threat to the species or proactively increase the productivity or abundance of the species or its habitat. For a mitigation measure to be accepted as meeting the definition of net conservation benefit, the implementation of the action should be reasonably expected to successfully provide the necessary benefits. Below we provide a description of mitigation actions that the Department could potentially accept as mitigation for take of Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier. These descriptions do not necessarily preclude the Department from considering other, valid proposals for mitigation.

#### O. How should the Applicant develop a mitigation and implementation plan?

A. Ideally, mitigation actions are developed through consultation with, and approved by, the Department, implemented, and shown to be successful prior to the impactful action occurring. If it is not practicable to implement mitigation and achieve a net conservation benefit before an impact occurs, then a mitigation plan and implementation plan must be developed with, and approved by, the Department prior to the impact occurring, and

- 1 financial and legal assurances must be in place to ensure the mitigation action will occur
- 2 and net conservation benefit be achieved. A finalized mitigation plan demonstrating a net
- 3 conservation benefit to Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers, and an implementation
- 4 plan, both approved by the Department, are required before the Project is constructed.
- 5 Q. What is the most widely accepted mitigation measure for unavoidable
- 6 Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier impacts?
- 7 A. Conserving or creating quality grassland habitat and managing the lands with
- 8 Department-recommended best management practices is the most widely accepted
- 9 mitigation action for achieving a net conservation benefit to grassland bird species,
- including Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier. This can be accomplished by working
- with local conservation groups or land trusts, or buying the land outright. When managing
- fields for grassland birds, the location, the timing of mowing, the amount of thatch, and the
- vegetative makeup of the field are important characteristics that must be considered
- 14 (Morgan and Burger, 2008; NYSDEC, 2018). The size and shape of the fields being
- 15 considered for mitigation purposes, as well as the habitat types in the overall landscape
- surrounding the mitigation areas, are also of great importance.
- 17 O. Do Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier require the same type of
- 18 mitigation?
- 19 A. Though Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier each require different habitat
- 20 characteristics, both need large expanses of grassland habitat regularly managed to
- 21 maintain a vegetative structure beneficial to each of these species. While the specific

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- 1 management actions differ between Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier, the
- 2 Department is willing to accept a combined mitigation action for both species. Such
- 3 mitigation must include land management activities appropriate for creating or maintaining
- 4 habitat suitable for use by both species and on a schedule that does not disrupt breeding,
- 5 foraging, wintering, or other essential behaviors.
- 6 Q. Is the Department willing to accept other mitigation measures for Henslow's
- **7 Sparrow and Northern Harrier?**
- 8 A. Yes, provided that the proposed mitigation measures demonstrate a net
- 9 conservation benefit and comply with Part 182 standards.

#### 10 **PROJECT SPECIFIC PART 182 MITIGATION**

- 11 Q. How many acres of Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier occupied
- habitat will be directly and indirectly impacted by the Project, as proposed?
- 13 A. As discussed below, a total of 380 acres of breeding habitat occupied by Henslow's
- 14 Sparrow and Northern Harrier will be impacted by the Project as proposed. See NYSDEC-
- 15 DK-7.
- 16 O. How did you determine the areas of occupied Henslow's Sparrow and
- 17 Northern Harrier habitat?
- 18 A. We determined approximate acreage of occupied habitat for Henslow's Sparrows
- and Northern Harriers by evaluating records maintained by the Department of documented
- 20 presence of Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier in the Project area during the
- breeding period (late-April through mid-August). These records are based on information

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- submitted to Natural Heritage Program by Department staff or other entities containing observations of Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier during the breeding season, with individuals detected on multiple occasions and/or multiple individuals detected. The
- 4 Department defines occupied habitat of Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier as all
- 5 open areas greater than 25 acres that occur within each occupied habitat area. Any direct
- 6 or indirect impacts to such occupied habitat from the construction, operation, restoration
- 7 or non-emergency maintenance of the Project within these areas is considered a take of
- 8 occupied habitat.

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- 9 Q. How did you quantify the amount of occupied Henslow's Sparrow and
- 10 Northern Harrier habitat that is impacted by the Project?
  - A. Based on our literature review of grassland bird displacement distances, to quantify the amount of occupied habitat impacted by the Project, we first placed a radial buffer around each type of project component as follows: two hundred fifty meters (250m) around each turbine; one hundred eighty meters (180m) around each met tower; one hundred meters (100m) around the substation; and ten meters (10m) around each road. Taller structures were given a greater buffer distance. It was assumed that all electric collection lines will be buried. For any collection line that will remain above ground, a 10m buffer will be applied, and the amount of impacted occupied habitat and required area for mitigation must be adjusted accordingly. These buffers account for an estimated distance at which grassland bird species may be displaced from preferred habitat (i.e., indirect

- taking of occupied habitat) by a tall structure or other infrastructure (Pearce-Higgins et.al.,
- 2 2009; Leddy et.al., 1999; Wilson et.al, 2015; Shafer and Buhl, 2015; Wilson et.al., 2015).
- 3 Any Project component and associated buffer area that fell entirely outside of the
- 4 occupied habitat areas were not further considered as causing an impact to Henslow's
- 5 Sparrows and Northern Harriers. We determined the total acreage of all open areas that
- 6 were greater than 25 acres in size and that fell within the buffer area around Project
- 7 components located within or partially within the occupied habitat areas. This equals
- 8 approximately 304 acres (40 acres for Henslow's Sparrow and 264 acres for Northern
- 9 Harrier). An additional 76 acres (20.5 for Henslow's Sparrow and 55.5 for Northern
- Harrier) of grassland within the occupied habitat areas will be impacted as a result of
- effective field size around a Project component being reduced to less than 25 acres by the
- presence of infrastructure and surrounding buffers. The sum of these two areas is 380 acres,
- being the amount of occupied habitat impacted by the Project.
- 14 Q. What must the Applicant do to adequately mitigate these direct and indirect
- 15 impacts to Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier occupied habitat to result in a
- 16 **net conservation benefit?**
- 17 A. To achieve a net conservation benefit in this instance, an equivalent of 1,140 acres
- of quality grassland habitat must be protected and managed to mitigate for impacts to the
- 19 habitat of Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier.
- 20 Q. How did you calculate the amount of land required for mitigation?

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1 A. To calculate the amount of land that must be mitigated for, we first applied a 3:1 2 ratio to the amount of impacted occupied habitat. This equates to 1,140 acres (380 acres 3 multiplied by 3) needed to mitigate for impacts to breeding Henslow's Sparrow and 4 Northern Harrier habitat. 5 The 3:1 ratio for calculating the amount of mitigation required to offset impacts to 6 breeding threatened and endangered grassland bird species accounts for the possibility that 7 the target species may not colonize the mitigation area and successfully rear young. 8 Creating new breeding habitat or managing grassland not currently occupied by threatened 9 and endangered species, particularly if areas are intended for use by multiple species that 10 may have differing habitat requirements, has inherent uncertainty in the success of such 11 mitigation. Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier require large, contiguous areas of 12 quality grassland habitat for foraging and successful nesting, and a 3:1 ratio better ensures 13 that enough suitable habitat is made available to provide a net conservation benefit for 14 impacts to these species. 15 Q. How can an equivalent of 1,140 acres of quality, managed grassland habitat to 16 mitigate for impacts to the Henslow's Sparrow and Northern Harrier habitat be achieved? 17 18 A. The Department is not stating that the Applicant must acquire 1,140 acres at the 19 onset of the Project and continue to maintain it for the life of the Project to achieve a net 20 conservation benefit. Rather, the net conservation benefit can be accomplished by

conserving and properly maintaining a lesser amount of land for the life of the Project. The

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1 total amount of land and time that it must be managed depends on several factors, including 2 the: (i) existing condition of the target parcel(s) to be managed (whether currently in a 3 condition suitable for use by the target species, or need to be restored to quality grassland 4 condition); (ii) expected amount of time it would take, absent management, for grassland 5 habitat in the area to transition to a condition that is predominately unsuitable for use by 6 the target species (years of habitat suitability) (for this Project, the Department has 7 determined this to be five years based on various factors such as soil types, hydrology, 8 species of ground cover, average temperature, distance to forest edge, which dictate how 9 long a given field will remain suitable habitat); and (iii) number of years the Project is 10 expected to be operational (life of the Project). 11 All such lands must be protected by a legal agreement that allows for the 12 requirements of the net conservation benefit plan to be fulfilled, such as owning the land 13 in fee or conservation easement, as described above. This land must be managed to benefit both Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers for the amount of time required to achieve 14 15 a net conservation benefit through the management and acquisition, conservation, creation, 16 and/or restoration of an equivalent of 1,140 acres.

#### 17 Q. Can you offer any examples of what you have described above?

A. Below are some examples illustrating a possible approach for mitigating impacts to Northern Harrier and Henslow's Sparrow at the Project. The actual number of acres requiring management, the full duration of time management activities will be required on those acres, and the frequency of management during that time frame will depend on the

- size, shape, condition, and location of mitigation parcel(s), as well as the life of the Project.
- 2 The Department will work with the Applicant to determine these values while the
- 3 Applicant develops a final net conservation benefit plan for the Department's approval.
- Ex. 1: For a project with a 30-year life, habitat suitability duration of 5 years, and
- 5 1,140 acres of required mitigation, 228 acres of land must be managed for 30 years. This
- 6 is determined by dividing the life of the project by the years of habitat suitability to derive
- 7 the number of "successional lifecycles" during the project lifetime. This is reduced by one,
- 8 to account for no net conservation benefit occurring during the first "lifecycle." The result
- 9 is then divided into the total required mitigation acreage.
- 10 30 years divided by 5 years = 6 lifecycles
- 6 lifecycles minus 1 period = 5 lifecycles
- 12 1,140 acres divided by 5 lifecycles = 228 acres
- Ex. 2: For a project with a 20-year rated life, habitat suitability duration 5 years,
- and 1,140 acres of required mitigation, 380 acres of land must be managed for 20 years.
- 20 years divided by 5 years = 4 lifecycles
- 4 lifecycles minus 1 period = 3 lifecycles
- 17 1,140 acres divided by 3 lifecycles = 380 acres
- 18 Q. What is the Department's preferred mitigation to the Project, as proposed, for
- 19 unavoidable impacts to Henslow's Sparrows and Northern Harriers?
- 20 A. The Department's preferred mitigation for impacts to Henslow's Sparrows and
- Northern Harriers is the protection and management of existing grassland habitat on or

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- 1 within close proximity to the Project site, following Department-recommended best 2 management practices. The entirety of all mitigation lands must be located greater than 250 3 meters from the nearest existing or proposed wind turbine. The Department prefers 4 mitigation areas to be as contiguous as possible and will work with the Applicant to 5 determine the appropriate size, shape, number, and location of the mitigation area(s) for 6 the Project. The Department has determined that a minimum of one contiguous area not 7 less than 100 acres in size is required, and mitigation areas less than 25 acres in size will 8 not be accepted. The management and maintenance of quality grassland habitat must occur 9 for a sufficient duration of time and result in a net conservation benefit to Henslow's 10 Sparrows and Northern Harriers. Q. Does the Project, as proposed, provide for mitigation and a net conservation
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- 12 benefit as required by Part 182?
- 13 A. No. The Application does not propose any mitigation for impacts to listed grassland 14 bird species.
- 15 PROPOSED CERTIFICATE CONDITIONS
- 16 Q. What would your recommended Proposed Certificate Conditions include with
- 17 respect to threatened and endangered species?
- 18 In order to ensure that the Project complies with the requirements of Article 11 and A.
- 19 Part 182, and to ensure the other benefits described above, Department staff, including us,
- 20 recommend the following Proposed Certificate Conditions related to impacts to threatened

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- 1 and endangered grassland birds be included in any Article 10 Certificate issued by the
- 2 Siting Board for the Project:

#### Plans and Reports

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- A final Net Conservation Benefit Plan shall be prepared in consultation with and
   accepted by NYSDEC and meeting the requirements of Part 182. The final,
   NYSDEC-accepted Net Conservation Benefit Plan shall be filed no more than two
   months after issuance of a Certificate by the Siting Board and prior to Project
   construction. At minimum the Net Conservation Benefit Plan shall contain:
  - a demonstration that the mitigation actions described will result in a positive benefit to Northern Harrier (*Circus hudsonius*) and Henslow's Sparrow (*Centronyx henslowii*), and not just an offset for any potential take of individuals;
  - detailed net benefit calculations based on the actual location and type of minimization and mitigation measures to be taken;
  - o the location(s) and size of the mitigation parcel(s);
  - proof of access to and right to perform land management activities on the mitigation site(s);
  - identification of all persons that will be involved in implementing the Net
     Conservation Benefit Plan, with individuals responsible for funding and
     implementing the plan clearly identified;

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1 the signatures of all persons that will be involved in implementing the Net 2 Conservation Benefit Plan; 3 the management and maintenance actions required to achieve net 4 conservation benefit for impacted species; 5 a schedule for undertaking these activities; 6 an appropriate post-construction monitoring program to determine the 7 effectiveness of the mitigation; 8 adaptive management options and next steps to be implemented if the 9 permitted level of take is exceeded; and 10 o a letter of credit or other financial guarantee securing the Applicant's ability 11 to execute such management, maintenance and monitoring for the 30-year 12 life of the Project. A Post-Construction Avian and Bat Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan 13 14 (Monitoring Plan) shall be prepared in consultation with and approved by 15 NYSDEC. The final, NYSDEC-preapproved Monitoring Plan shall be filed prior 16 to the start of project operation. The Monitoring Plan shall include direct impact 17 fatality studies, habituation/avoidance studies, breeding bird surveys and include 18 details of these studies (i.e., the start date, number and frequency of turbine 19 searches, search area, bat monitoring, duration and scope of monitoring, methods 20 for observational surveys, reporting requirements, etc.) and be based in part on 21 NYSDEC's June 2016 Guidelines for Conducting Bird and Bat Studies at

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Commercial Wind Energy Projects. The Guidelines will be adapted as needed to
design a work plan for surveys capable of adequately detecting displacement
impacts, rare events and impacts to listed species.

#### **Construction Requirements**

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- All ground disturbance, tree clearing, construction, restoration, equipment/component storage, and non-emergency maintenance activities in occupied grassland habitat shall occur between August 16 and April 22.
- All temporary disturbance or modification of grassland habitat that occurs at any time of year as a result of construction or maintenance activities shall be restored to pre-existing grassland habitat conditions by re-grading and re-seeding with an appropriate native seed mix after disturbance activities are completed. These areas will include, but are not limited to, temporary roads, material and equipment staging and lay-down areas, crane and turbine pads, and electric line rights of way.

#### **Notifications**

- During construction, maintenance, and operation of the Facility, the Certificate
   Holder shall maintain a record of all observations of New York State threatened
   and endangered species and species of special concern, as follows:
  - Construction: During construction the onsite environmental monitors and environmental compliance manager identified in the Environmental Compliance Manual shall be responsible for recording all observations of threatened and endangered species and species of special concern. All

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observations shall be reported in the bi-weekly monitoring report submitted to the NYSDPS and NYSDEC and shall include the information described below under Reporting Requirements. If a threatened and endangered avian species or avian species of special concern is demonstrating breeding behavior it will be reported to the NYSDEC Region 8 Natural Resources Supervisor (NRS) and the NYSDEC Central Office Project Manager (PM) within twenty-four (24) hours; wildlife Post-construction: During post-construction monitoring inspections, the environmental contractor shall be responsible for recording all observations of threatened and endangered species and species of special concern. Observations of threatened and endangered species and species of special concern during wildlife surveys shall be reported as required in the post-construction monitoring and adaptive management plan; o Operation and Maintenance (O&M): During O&M the certificate holder shall be responsible for training O&M staff to focus on successfully identifying the following bird species: bald eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus), golden eagle (Aquila chrysaetos), short-eared owl (Asio flammeus), northern harrier (Circus hudsonius), Henslow's Sparrow (Centronyx henslowii); and upland sandpiper (Bartramia longicauda). The certificate holder shall report all observations to the Region 8 NRS and

Central Office PM within one week of the event:

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Reporting Requirements: All reports of threatened and endangered species and species of special concern shall include the following information: species; number of individuals; age and sex of individuals (if known); observation date(s) and time(s); GPS coordinates of each individual observed (if operations and maintenance staff do not have GPS available the report should include the nearest turbine number and cross roads location); behavior(s) observed; identification and contact information of the observer(s); and the nature of and distance to any project construction, maintenance or restoration activity; and

If at any time during the life of the Project any dead, injured or damaged federally or State-listed threatened and endangered species and species of special concern, or their parts, eggs, or nests are discovered within the Project Area (defined for the purpose of this condition as leased land or property parcels containing Project components) by the Certificate Holder, its designated agents, or a third party that notifies the Certificate Holder, the Certificate Holder shall immediately (within twenty-four (24) hours) contact the Region 8 NRS and Central Office PM (and United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), if federally listed species) to arrange for recovery and transfer of the specimen(s). The following information pertaining to the find shall be recorded: species; age and sex of the individual(s), if known; the date of discovery of the animal or nest;

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condition of the carcass, or state of the nest or live animal; the GPS coordinates of the location(s) of discovery; the name(s) and contact information of the person(s) involved with the incident(s) and find(s); weather conditions for the previous forty-eight (48) hours; photographs, including scale and of sufficient quality to allow for the later identification of the animal or nest; and, if known, an explanation of how the mortality/injury/damage occurred. Each record shall be kept with the container holding the specimen(s) and given to NYSDEC or USFWS at the time of transfer. If the discovery is followed by a non-business day, the Certificate Holder shall ensure all the information listed above is properly documented and stored with the specimen(s). Unless otherwise directed by NYSDEC or USFWS, after all information has been collected in the field, the specimen(s) will be placed in a freezer, or in a cooler on ice until transported to a freezer, until it can be retrieved by the proper authorities.

Northern Harrier, Short-eared Owl, Upland Sandpiper, and Henslow's Sparrow: If at any time during construction or operational life of the Project, a nest or roost of a northern harrier, short-eared owl, upland sandpiper, or Henslow's Sparrow is located, or if any of these species are observed in the Project Area exhibiting breeding or roosting behavior, the Central Office PM and Region 8 NRS will be notified within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery or observation, and prior to any disturbance around the nest, roost, or area where these species were seen exhibiting

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- any breeding or roosting behavior. An area at least six hundred sixty (660) feet in radius around the nest(s) or roost(s) of these species will be posted and avoided. The nest(s) or roost(s) will not be approached under any circumstances, and the 660-foot avoidance area will remain in place until notice to continue construction, ground clearing, grading, maintenance or restoration activities at that site is granted by the Region 8 NRS.
- 7 Other State-Listed Species: Excluding bald eagles, northern harriers, short-eared 8 owls, upland sandpipers, and Henslow's Sparrows if at any time during 9 construction or operational life of the Project a nest of any federally- or State-listed 10 threatened or endangered bird species is discovered within the Project Area, the 11 Central Office PM and Region 8 NRS shall be notified within twenty-four (24) 12 hours of discovery, and prior to any disturbance to individuals and occupied 13 habitats, including nests. An area of at least five hundred (500) feet in radius around 14 the nest will be posted and avoided. The nest will not be approached under any 15 circumstances, and the 500-foot avoidance area will remain in place until notice to 16 continue construction, ground clearing, grading, maintenance or restoration 17 activities at that site are is granted by the Region 8 NRS.
- 18 Q. Do you hold your opinions to a reasonable degree of scientific certainty?
- 19 A. Yes, we do.
- 20 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony on these topics at this time?
- 21 A. Yes, it does.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. PAULSEN: This witness is now 2 available for cross examination, Your Honors. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax? 4 5 MR. DAX: Thank you. CROSS EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. DAX: 7 In honor of your birthday Ms. 8 9 Denoncour, I've eliminated four hours of cross 10 examination. A. Fantastic. 11 12 Q. Can you hand those out? I am --I am circulating -- we are circulating a three-page 13 14 document. It is Item Number 191 on the list. It is 15 a Response to a Intero -- Information Request to 16 D.E.C.'s Bat Panel, Number C.W.E.-D.E.C.-07. And, 17 when it makes its way around to --. MS. PAULSEN: She has an -- the 18 exhibit. 19 20 MR. DAX: You have --21 MS. PAULSEN: Yes. 22 MR. DAX: -- you have it with you? 23 Okay. So, I would -- first I would ask that this be marked for identification as Exhibit 217. 24 25 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.)
3	Q. Ms. Denoncour, do you recognize
4	the document in front of you?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And, were you involved in the
7	preparation of of the response?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. There's and, I see that your
10	the names of the persons preparing the response,
11	are yourself and Scott, is that correct?
12	A. No, that's incorrect. It should
13	be myself and Carl Herzog.
14	Q. Okay. With that correction, is
15	this with that correction, are the answers that
16	are given in this response, accurate and truthful?
17	A. Yes.
18	MR. DAX: Your Honor
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I'm going
20	excuse me, one second. I'm going to amend this
21	exhibit to provide for Mr. Herzog's name on the is
22	it Mr. Herzog?
23	THE WITNESS: Yes.
24	MR. DAX: Carl Herzog.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: On the bottom of this

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	exhibit. So, is there any objection to doing that,
3	based upon I'm I'm not going to make you file a
4	corrected
5	MS. PAULSEN: Okay.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: exhibit. So but,
7	I would like everybody to amend this exhibit, Hearing
8	Exhibit 217, in that manner. Thank you.
9	MS. PAULSEN: Would you like me to
10	spell his name, for the record?
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Carl, C-A-R-L.
12	MS. PAULSEN: Yeah, C-A-R-L.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: And, it's H-E-R-Z-O-G.
14	MS. PAULSEN: That's correct, Your
15	Honor. Thank you.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
17	MR. DAX: Your Honor, I would like to
18	to move the Hearing Exhibit 217 into evidence.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? It's
20	so admitted.
21	MR. DAX: Nothing further.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Anyone else have cross
23	examination for this witness? Wow. Okay. Thank
24	you, Ms. Denoncour. You may step down.
25	THE WITNESS: Thank you.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Mr. Morgante. 2 (On the record, 9:04) 3 4 A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Morgante, you were 5 sworn in yesterday and I just want to remind you that 6 you still are under oath. THE WITNESS: Understood. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. And do 8 9 speak into the microphone a little. Yeah, there you 10 go. 11 THE WITNESS: Understood. A.L.J. LEARY: Did -- did Ms. Meagher 12 13 get copies of everything? Okay. So would you pass 14 this doc to her? And Mr. Dax, if you have copies --15 if there are any extra copies would someone please 16 provide Ms. Meagher and kind of remember she is also 17 making an appearance, and I gave her probably everything that you have provided so far because I 18 19 had extra copies up here. 20 MR. DAX: Yeah, I had passed out 21 enough copies to go to everybody --22 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. MR. DAX: -- on that side of the room. 23 24 A.L.J. LEARY: Loop it around. Thank 25 you. Okay.

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 1 2 MR. DAX: So Mr. Morgante is still under oath and is ready for cross examination on --3 4 on bats? 5 A.L.J. LEARY: I think did you bring his bat panel testimony in yesterday? I don't think 6 7 you did that. MR. DAX: Maybe I didn't, okay. 8 me a moment, would you --9 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah, please. Feel 10 free to take a minute. 11 BY MR. DAX: 12 Mr. Morgante, do you have in 13 14 front of you, the prepared rebuttal testimony of Bat 15 Panel, Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser, July 31st, 2019? 16 17 Yes, I do. And that consists of 34 pages of 18 Q. 19 typewritten questions and answers followed by, it 20 looks like sub 8 pages of references, is that correct? 21 22 Yes. 23 Ο. So the entire document is 42 24 pages, is that correct? 25 Yes. Α.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Q. And with that testimony, is there
3	were there 2 exhibits filed, they are Mr. Kaiser's
4	C.V. and a table Exhibit MK-R2 consisting of 2 pages,
5	is that correct?
6	A. Yes, that is correct.
7	MR. DAX: And those, Your Honor, are -
8	- are pre-marked as Hearing Exhibits 27 and 28.
9	BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.)
10	Q. And did you file testimony both
11	in a confidential format and in a redacted format?
12	A. Yes.
13	MR. DAX: So today we are moving into
14	the record, the redacted portion of the testimony and
15	and the confidential testimony will be handed
16	pursuant to your protective order.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: You're moving both into
18	evidence?
19	MR. DAX: Right, but
20	A.L.J. LEARY: The only
21	MR. DAX: One pursuant to the
22	protective order terms and conditions.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Which will not be
24	public.
25	MR. DAX: Which will not be public.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
3	BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.)
4	Q. And is if I were to ask you
5	each of the questions in the pre-filed testimony that
6	we talked about, would your answers be the same
7	today?
8	A. Yes, they would.
9	Q. And do you affirm that the
10	testimony is truthful and accurate?
11	A. Yes, I do.
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## CONFIDENTIAL SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER IN CASE 16-F-0205

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## PREPARED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF BAT PANEL MICHAEL M. MORGANTE AND ZACHARY D. KAISER

July 31, 2019

Michael M. Morgante Ecology and Environment, Inc. 368 Pleasant View Drive Lancaster, NY 14086

Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc. 9300 West 110<sup>th</sup> Street Suite 460 Overland Park, KS 66210 Case 16-F-0205

# Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

1	Q.	Will the first witness state your name and job title?
2	A.	Michael M. Morgante, Principal at Ecology and Environment, Inc. in
3		Buffalo, New York, where I have been employed for 25 years. I've been
4		involved in bird and bat studies, site characterization, evaluation of
5		potential impacts, and environmental permitting efforts with wind projects
6		for the last 16 years in New York and elsewhere.
7	Q.	Have you previously filed testimony in this proceeding?
8	A.	Yes, pre-filed testimony that was filed with the Canisteo Wind Energy
9		(CWE) Application.
10	Q.	Will the second witness state your name and job title?
11	A.	Zachary D. Kaiser. I am a federally permitted bat biologist, employed by
11 12	A.	Zachary D. Kaiser. I am a federally permitted bat biologist, employed by Ecology and Environment, Inc. for 3 years in their Overland Park, Kansas
	A.	
12	A.	Ecology and Environment, Inc. for 3 years in their Overland Park, Kansas
12 13	A.	Ecology and Environment, Inc. for 3 years in their Overland Park, Kansas regional office. I have 8 years of experience conducting biological
12 13 14	A. <b>Q.</b>	Ecology and Environment, Inc. for 3 years in their Overland Park, Kansas regional office. I have 8 years of experience conducting biological research at wind energy facilities, focusing primarily on impacts to bird
12 13 14 15		Ecology and Environment, Inc. for 3 years in their Overland Park, Kansas regional office. I have 8 years of experience conducting biological research at wind energy facilities, focusing primarily on impacts to bird and bat species. My resume is attached as Exhibit (MK-R1).

1	A.	Our testimony is being submitted to reput certain direct testimony
2		prepared by Jeremy Rosenthal on behalf of the New York State
3		Department of Public Service Staff ("DPS") and the direct testimony of
4		Brianna Denoncour and Carl J. Herzog prepared on behalf of the New
5		York State Department of Environmental Conservation ("DEC")
6		regarding potential impact on bats.
7	Q.	Are you presenting any exhibits with this testimony?
8	A.	Exhibit (MK-R1) and Exhibit(MK-R2).
9	Q.	Have you reviewed the direct testimony by Jeremy Rosenthal on
10		behalf of DPS?
11	A.	Yes.
12	Q.	Have you reviewed the direct testimony by Brianna Denoncour and
13		Carl J. Herzog on behalf of DEC?
14	A.	Yes.
15	Q.	Do you agree with the characterization of the state of bat population
16		decline and the role of wind turbines presented in pages 8-9 of DEC's
17		testimony?
18	A.	We agree with several of the points in the testimony; however, the
19		discussion is nonspecific and additional information regarding these topics

## Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

would be beneficial. Wind energy disproportionally impacts several bat species, while posing minimal risk to others. Three migratory tree bat species, hoary bat (*Lasiurus cinereus*), eastern red bat (*Lasiurus borealis*), and silver-haired bat (*Lasionycteris noctivagans*), comprise nearly 80% of all documented bat fatalities at wind energy facilities in North America, while other species, like the northern long-eared bat (NLEB; *Myotis septentrionalis*), comprise less than 0.01% of bat fatalities (Arnett and Baerwald 2013).

It is unknown whether tree bat populations can sustain the current levels of mortality observed at wind energy facilities because there is no infallible means by which to accurately quantify baseline population estimates for these species. Tree bats are difficult to study due to their solitary and cryptic nature and their ability to migrate long distances in short periods of time (Russell et al. 2015; Vonhoff and Russel 2015). Currently, range-wide and regional population sizes, as well as demographic structures remain unknown (Lentini et al. 2015; Russell et al. 2015; Frick et al. 2017). Studies have attempted to calculate baseline population estimates for tree bat species using genetic markers (Korstian et al. 2015; Vonhoff and Russel 2015) or stable hydrogen isotope ratio

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### Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

analyses (Pylant et al. 2016); however, differences in methodology, sample size, and the locality of sample collection has led to varying results (Korstian et al. 2015; Pylant et al. 2016). For example, Pylant et al. (2016) estimated the eastern red bat population size to be roughly 3.6 million individuals (95% CI: 423,000 – 4.1 million), while Vonhoff and Russell (2015) calculated a range between 74,500 and 1.5 million individuals. Hoary bat populations ranged from tens to hundreds of thousands of individuals in these studies (Vonhoff and Russell 2015; Pylant et al. 2016), while Frick et al. (2017) estimates the population conservatively to be 2.5 million individuals. Due to the ecology of these migratory tree bats and the difficulty associated with studying small, highly mobile, volant, nocturnal mammals, empirical population data will likely remain unobtainable into the foreseeable future. Without this information, it is difficult to scale population impacts per species or per state/region. However, it should be noted that these bat species are long-lived animals with low reproduction rates, so geographically widespread impacts, as observed in wind energy studies, are indeed a cause for concern.

Currently, we know peak but mortality generally occurs during late summer and fall months (i.e., July – October; Kunz et al. 2007; Arnett et

al. 2008; Thompson et al. 2017) when nightly wind speeds are low (Arnett
et al. 2008, 2010, 2011; Baerwald et al. 2009). In New York, 83% of all
bat fatalities found during post-construction mortality monitoring studies
occurred between July 1 and October 1 (NYSDEC 2017). We also know
that operational curtailment of turbines is currently the most effective
means by which to reduce bat fatalities (Arnett et al. 2011). In the
application, CWE proposed to curtail project turbines when wind speeds
are at or below 5.0 m/s from May 15 through September 30. Six studies
conducted in the Eastern and Mid-Atlantic United States indicate that this
approach could reduce bat fatalities by 47 - 87% (61% on average;
AWWI 2018; DNL-GV 2018), and Gruver and Bishop-Boros (2015)
indicates that no NLEB fatalities have been observed at wind energy
facilities implementing this operational threshold. With this estimated
level of fatality reduction for CWE, and assuming other proposed wind
projects in New York will follow, it may not become necessary to list
additional bat species in New York State (NYS). Further, none of the
migratory tree bats mentioned in the excerpt are currently proposed or
candidate species for listing in New York or nationally.

- 1 Q. Did you review the DEC calculations of bat (including NLEB)
- 2 mortality?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Do you agree with their methodology?
- 5 A. The general approach, which is to use a set of post-construction bat
- 6 mortality studies in New York and the region as a basis to estimate
- 7 mortality at new projects, is reasonable and consistent with CWE's
- 8 methodology except for four significant exceptions.
- 9 Q. Please explain the first exception.
- 10 A. The DEC calculations assume that NLEB mortality rates are correlated to
- the nameplate generating capacity of wind turbines (i.e., per megawatt),
- while CWE's calculations assume mortality rates are correlated to the
- number of wind turbines at a project. While there is a direct relationship
- between generation capacity and the size of the rotor swept area (i.e.,
- higher capacity turbines generally have larger rotor swept areas due to
- their longer turbine blades on taller towers), to date, only a few studies
- have researched the effects of turbine size on bat fatality rates (Barclay et
- al. 2007; Arnett et al. 2008; Baerwald and Barclay 2009; Zimmerling and
- 19 Francis 2016). Zimmerling and Francis (2016), found that tower height

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## Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

did not affect bat mortality levels at wind energy facilities in Canada; while Barclay et al. (2007), Arnett et al. (2008), and Baerwald and Barclay (2009; a continuation of the Barclay et al. [2007] research) observed increases in bat mortality with taller wind turbines. These latter three studies, however, have some limitations when applied to the CWE project: 1) they focused on wind turbine models that were manufactured over 10 years ago. These turbines are relatively small (e.g., 0.04 MW to 1.8 MW turbines) when compared to the modern 2.3 - 4.8 MW turbines<sup>1</sup> proposed at CWE. Currently, it remains unknown if bat fatalities will continue to scale upwards (or plateau) as modern turbines increase in size (i.e., up to 4.8 MW); almost no research into this topic has been completed in recent years. And, 2) fatality rates were calculated cumulatively for all bat species in these studies; species-specific fatality estimates were not calculated. As studies have shown, wind turbines disproportionately impact certain bat species (e.g., primarily migratory tree bats), while posing minimal risk to others (e.g., NLEBs; Arnett and Baerwald 2013). Therefore, an increase in turbine size and nameplate capacity may increase

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CWE proposes 2.3 - 4.8 MW turbines on 80-meter to 111.5-meter towers. Older wind farms typically did not exceed 80-meter towers.

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## Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

risks for certain species and not others, which will largely depend on species-specific foraging behavior and habitat use.

NLEBs primarily forage close to the ground within the understory of forested areas or within or under the forest canopy (LaVal et al. 1977; USFWS 2015). This species is commonly referred to as a "gleaning bat" because its wing shape (i.e., low aspect ratio and wing loading with rounded wingtips) make it adept at slow, maneuverable flight within cluttered forest habitat where it captures small insects resting on vegetation or in flight (Caceres and Barclay 2000; Lee and McCracken 2004; Thompson 2006). LaVal et al. (1977) marked 11 NLEBs with light tags and observed them frequently foraging between 1 and 3 meters above ground level. A recent aerial telemetry study conducted in Ohio found that NLEBs foraged almost exclusively within forested habitat (nearly 80% of the time) and individuals did not venture far from forest edges (<60 m; Leftwich and Wetzel 2019). Leftwich and Wetzel (2019) observed a preference by NLEBs to forage and commute within forests or along forested fence rows and waterways. Henderson and Broders (2008) also observed that NLEBs preferred to occupy forested habitat and rarely utilized open areas in fragmented forest-agricultural landscapes. NLEBs

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are relatively weak fliers, not adapted to open-air aerial hawking and chasing down insects at high speeds, like migratory tree bats (Norberg and Rayner 1987). Thus, NLEBs are likely to avoid the rotor swept zone of wind turbines due to increased energy demands for flight in higher wind speeds and lack of foraging opportunities. To date, very few NLEB fatalities have been observed at wind energy facilities (e.g., 43 individuals or 0.3% of all bat fatalities; Gruver and Bishop-Boros 2015), which may be indicative of this species' absence in the rotor swept zone. Acoustic data from 96 Anabat bat detectors spread across 19 proposed wind energy facilities in six states (i.e., Maine, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Vermont, and West Virginia) from 2005 to 2009 indicate that *Myotis* bats fly at low heights well below the rotor swept zone of wind turbines. Approximately 95% of *Myotis* bat activity in these studies was recorded by Anabat detectors placed at or below a height of 10 meters above ground level (Meinke et al. 2010). It is expected that newer, high capacity, wind turbines (i.e., 2.3 - 4.8 MW) on taller towers will have a rotor swept zone that shifts upwards rather than closer to the ground where NLEBs forage.

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Ultimately, the risk to all bat species, including the NLEB and migrator	ry
tree bats, originates from the spinning blades of the turbine itself, not the	ıe
turbine's MW capacity. Consider this example: General Electric (GI	Ξ)
produces onshore wind turbine models with 2.0 MW and 2.7 MV	W
capacities; both models have a 116-meter rotor diameter (General Electr	ic
2018). In this case, a GE 2.0 MW turbine with 116-meter rotor diameter	er
will have an identical rotor swept area to the GE 2.7 MW turbine wi	th
116-meter rotor diameter. A hypothetical 100 MW wind energy facili	ty
could therefore consist of 50 2.0 MW turbines or 37 2.7 MW turbine	s.
Both facilities, regardless of number of turbines, would by DEC	's
calculation present the same per MW fatality risk to bats, even though the	ıe
facility with 13 fewer turbines has a total rotor swept area that	is
approximately 26% smaller (i.e., 26% smaller area of risk to bats; see the	ne
calculation below).	
• Area of a 116-meter rotor = 10,568.32 square meters	
• 10,568.32*50 turbines = 528,416 square meters of rotor swept area	
• 10,568.32*37 turbines = 391,028 square meters of rotor swept area	
• Difference in rotor swept areas between the two 100 MW facilities	=

137,388 square meters

### Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

In this scenario, with the larger capacity 2.7 MW turbines, fewer turbines would be constructed on the landscape, which would reduce the overall rotor swept area and reduce the potential collision risk for bats (which the DEC method of calculation does not account for). Fewer, larger capacity wind turbines on the landscape reduces the probability of NLEBs interacting with these structures and decreases the potential risk of collision. Lastly, by constructing fewer higher capacity turbines on the landscape, the overall impacts to bat habitat will decrease. Fewer acres of forested habitat or other bat habitat would be modified or lost due to construction (e.g., less facility roads, turbine pads, collection lines), and it allows greater flexibility when siting turbine locations, i.e., higher quality bat habitat can be avoided without sacrificing generation capacity.

Overall, we believe the NLEB fatality rate per megawatt is an inaccurate calculation that overestimates fatality rates for NLEBs (and other bat species) and bat mortality is more likely to be correlated to the number of turbines on the landscape rather than the size of the generator in the nacelle. Fatality calculations on a per turbine basis is more reasonable.

### Q. Please explain the second exception.

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A. CWE believes that the dataset DEC used to calculate NLEB fatality estimates is geographically restricted and includes a data outlier. DEC limits their dataset to 16 sites in New York and one site at Wolfe Island, Ontario and does not include regional datasets from wind projects in neighboring states with similar NLEB habitat. For example, the CWE project is within several miles of the state of Pennsylvania; including postconstruction studies from this state (which there are many) is simply as relevant as including studies from Wolfe Island in neighboring Ontario, Canada. Lastly, of the studies at these 17 sites used by DEC in their calculations, only two had NLEB take, amounting to seven fatalities. The Wethersfield Windpark was responsible for six of the seven NLEB fatalities (86%), of which five occurred during a single year. To our knowledge, this level of NLEB take by a single project in a single year has not been observed at any other wind energy facility within the range of the species and is a data outlier.

### Q. What are the impacts of these discrepancies?

A. Because the nameplate capacity of CWE's turbines is larger than that of the average capacity of turbines in the data set of historical mortality studies, the DEC's per-MW methodology overestimates overall bat

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## Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

mortality. For all bat species, DEC calculates pre-curtailment mortality based on 6.7 bats/MW (resulting in 1,943 total bats/year), while CWE calculates pre-curtailment mortality based on 11.5 bats/turbine (resulting in 1,403 bats/year) using the (geographically-limited) dataset that DEC used in the Cassadaga case. This overestimation carries through to precurtailment NLEB mortality estimates and ultimately to mitigation needs. Secondly, the inclusion of the Wethersfield Windpark data outlier skews per MW fatality estimates and unrealistically inflates the per MW fatality estimate for NLEBs. A more robust dataset, including NLEB fatality results from neighboring states with similar NLEB habitat, would likely minimize the impact of this outlier and result in more accurate NLEB take estimates for NYS and the Northeastern United States. Q. Please explain the third exception. In order to calculate NLEB fatality rates while still accounting for the Α. effects of White-nose Syndrome (WNS) on the NLEB population in NYS, the DEC claims they are only using post-construction data from studies in years within the post-WNS era (as stated in page 14 of their testimony, "after 2008"). WNS was first recognized in NYS during the 2006-2007

hibernation season. It spread throughout much of the eastern half of NYS

Α.

## Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

during the 2007-2008 hibernation season and continued to spread to additional counties through the 2012-2013 hibernation season (WNS.org 2019). By including post-construction studies from 2009 – 2012 in their calculations, the DEC is including fatality data from a transitional stage in which WNS's impact was still unfolding within the state. Unquestionably, the NLEB population in New York between 2009 and 2012 was greater than it is today. Current DEC estimates state that NLEB populations have declined by 98% (NYSDEC n.d.) in the state. Overall, the inclusion of post-construction mortality data from 2009 – 2012 results in overestimations of the overall NLEB fatality rate for the state.

### Q. What is the impact of this discrepancy?

The overestimation of the NLEB fatality rate carries through to precurtailment NLEB mortality estimates, which impacts turbine operation and mitigation requirements for CWE. Per Table 2 in DEC's testimony, 2011 was the last year in which a NLEB fatality was discovered at an operational wind energy facility in the state (NYSDEC 2019). CWE expects NLEB fatalities to be an exceedingly rare event given: 1) this species' propensity to fly low within forested areas outside of the rotor swept area of wind turbines, 2) the fact that the project will be curtailing

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## Bat Panel Michael M. Morgante and Zachary D. Kaiser Ecology and Environment, Inc.

turbines at 5.0 m/s during the period of greatest risk to this species which has been shown to be an effective curtailment strategy by which to reduce *Myotis* bat fatalities (Hein et al. 2013; Young et al. 2013; Good et al. 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018; Gruver and Bishop-Boros 2015) and 3) the drastic population declines of this species in NYS due to WNS.

### 6 Q. Please explain the fourth exception.

To develop estimates of NLEB mortality for projects employing curtailment regimes, particularly the effectiveness of curtailment regimes for wind speeds between 5.0 and 6.9 m/s, the DEC relies upon fatality data from species other than NLEBs. This is problematic because NLEB foraging behavior and habitat use, particularly flight height, is quite different than that of other bat species which were used to calculate rates of curtailment effectiveness. DEC states in its direct testimony, "With respect to the NLEB specifically, curtailment is likely to be even more effective as a strategy for reducing fatalities. While there is no species-specific data on NLEB fatality rates that occur at curtailed turbines, it is a smaller bat than the tree bats and big brown bats which comprise most bats killed at turbines in New York State." Species-specific data of NLEB fatality rates at curtailed turbines does exist and shows that, based on 10

turbine curtailment studies, no NLEB fatalities have been found at
turbines curtailed at or above 4.0 m/s (Gruver and Bishop-Boros 2015).
No NLEB fatalities were observed during four years of post-construction
mortality monitoring studies (2014 – 2017; post-WNS years) at the Fowler
Ridge Wind Facility in Indiana while this facility was operating under a
5.0 m/s curtailment strategy (Good et al. 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018).
Similarly, the Criterion Wind Facility in Maryland and the Pinnacle Wind
Facility in West Virginia, also operating under a 5.0 m/s curtailment
strategy in 2012 and 2013, respectively, observed zero NLEB fatalities
(Hein et al. 2013; Young et al. 2013). As DEC acknowledges in its direct
testimony, curtailment is likely to be more effective for NLEB than for the
larger migratory tree bat species and big brown bats. Therefore, based on
the studies cited in Gruver and Bishop-Boros (2015), as well as Hein et al.
(2013), Young et al. (2013), and Good et al. (2015 – 2018), CWE expects
that a curtailment strategy of 5.0 m/s would result in complete avoidance
of NLEB take (see Exhibit_MK-R2). The DEC states that a 5.0 m/s
curtailment strategy will reduce NLEB fatalities by 80% overall. It
remains unknown how this 80% reduction rate was calculated by the DEC,
as no information was provided in their testimony.

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### Q. What is the impact of this discrepancy?

DEC concludes that take of NLEB will occur at a curtailment regime at 5.0 m/s, whereas CWE concludes that it will not. The analysis presented in Gruver and Bishop-Boros (2015) used pre- and post-WNS data from 182 wind energy fatality studies across the United States and in parts of Canada. It concluded wind energy facilities pose a very low mortality risk to NLEBs, with this species comprising only 0.3% of total bat fatalities, despite NLEBs once being one of the most common bat species on the landscape prior to the proliferation of WNS (USFWS 2015). Arnett and Baerwald (2013) estimate that NLEBs comprise <0.01% of all bat fatalities at North American wind energy facilities. This low fatality rate is likely a byproduct of the foraging patterns and habitat preferences for this species; that is, NLEBs fly low to the ground and forage within the forest interior. Gruver and Bishop-Boros (2015) indicate that no NLEBs fatalities have been observed at wind energy facilities operating under a curtailment strategy of 4.0 m/s or greater. Additional curtailment studies at wind facilities within the range of the NLEB also have not observed NLEB mortality when curtailing at 5.0 m/s (Hein et al. 2013; Young et al. 2013; Good et al. 2015 – 2018). Therefore, CWE believes that a 5.0 m/s

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1 curtailment strategy will lead to complete avoidance of take of NLEBs. In 2 their testimony, DEC does not provide any evidence that NLEBs have 3 been killed at wind energy facilities in New York or elsewhere operating 4 under any curtailment strategy, regardless of cut-in speed. 5 Q. DEC discredits the validity of the Gruver and Bishop-Boros (2015) 6 study. How do you respond? 7 A. CWE agrees with the DEC that the Gruver and Bishop-Boros (2015) study 8 was not published in a scientific journal; however, the main author of this 9 study has published numerous bat studies in relevant scientific journals 10 and Western EcoSystems Technology, Inc. has a 20-year track record of 11 completing post-construction mortality studies at wind energy facilities 12 within the United States. Few (if any) consulting firms or agencies have 13 the ability or access to compile data from 182 post-construction mortality 14 studies across the United States. At this time, there are no peer-reviewed 15 scientific studies that have calculated the effectiveness of curtailment 16 strategies on *Myotis* bats, which may largely be due to the rarity of *Myotis* 17 bat fatalities at individual wind facilities. To our knowledge, the Gruver 18 and Bishop-Boros (2015) study is the only available resource regarding

this topic, and likely contains the most robust dataset. It is arguably a

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better resource for calculating the effectiveness of curtailment strategies on *Myotis* bats, as opposed to using fatality data from tree bats and big brown bats (as DEC proposes), which have different foraging and flight behaviors and occupy different airspaces relative to small *Myotis* bats.

Overall, the dataset provided in the Gruver and Bishop-Boros (2015) study, like Arnett and Baerwald (2013), outlines how few *Myotis* bat fatalities, particularly NLEBs, have been discovered at operational wind facilities throughout North America over the last decade of research. It's evident that fatality risk to this species across its range from wind turbine collisions is very low; and when paired with the effects of WNS, the likelihood of NLEB take becomes an extremely rare event. Table 12 in Gruver and Bishop-Boros (2015) presents pre- and post-WNS Myotis fatality data at two wind facilities (Mount Storm, WV and Criterion, MD). Prior to the onset of WNS at these sites, 80 Myotis fatalities were discovered. Post-WNS, only 12 Myotis fatalities were documented (an 85% decline). While this difference in the number of fatalities at these sites pre-and post-WNS was not statistically tested, and it's unlikely the variability in fatalities per year is entirely attributable to the effects of WNS (i.e., Mount Storm and Criterion were curtailing at 4.0 m/s and 5.0

1		m/s, respectively), the sharp decline in Myotis fatalities between pre- and
2		post-WNS years as well as years with or without curtailment is striking. It
3		should also be noted that all 12 post-WNS Myotis fatalities that were
4		discovered during these two studies occurred at the Mt. Storm wind
5		facility operating under a 4.0 m/s curtailment strategy, not at the Criterion
6		wind facility operating under a 5.0 m/s strategy.
7	Q.	The DEC presents two sets of NLEB take estimates for CWE in their
8		testimony. What are they?
9	A.	On page 16 of their testimony, the DEC estimates the following take of
10		NLEBs at the project with and without curtailment strategies in place:
11		• No curtailment: 7.9 NLEBs/year or 235.5 NLEBs over 30 years
12		• 5.0 m/s: 1.6 NLEBs/year or 47.1 NLEBs over 30 years
13		• 5.5 m/s: 1.2 NLEBs/year or 35.3 NLEBs over 30 years
14		• 6.0 m/s: 0.8 NLEBs/year or 23.6 NLEBs over 30 years
15		On page 17 of their testimony, the DEC adds a second set of NLEB take
16		estimates for the project with and without curtailment strategies in place.
17		The estimates below include additional take due to the project being
18		located within occupied NLEB habitat.
19		• No curtailment: 248.5 NLEBs over 30 years

1		• 5.0 m/s: 60.1 NLEBs over 30 years
2		• 5.5 m/s: 48.3 NLEBs over 30 years
3		• 6.0 m/s: 36.6 NLEBs over 30 years
4	Q.	How do these two sets of NLEB take estimates for CWE differ and
5		why?
6	A.	The second set of take estimates includes an additional take of 13 NLEBs
7		over the project's lifespan regardless of whether a curtailment strategy is
8		enacted or not. Unfortunately, how DEC calculated this additional take of
9		13 NLEBs is not presented within their testimony. So, there is no means
10		by which CWE can assess the accuracy of this claim. The DEC needs to
11		clarify how they calculated this additional take estimate for NLEBs.
12	Q.	On page 34 of DEC testimony, the DEC states the CWE's proposed
13		mitigation plan does not meet the standards of Part 182 and is not
14		likely to achieve a net conservation benefit to NLEB. Do you agree
15		with this statement?
16		No, we do not agree with this statement. As outlined in Table 1 of the Net
17		Conservation Benefit Plan (NCBP) prepared by CWE, the project will
18		either result in the take of zero NLEBs or a net increase of six NLEBs,
19		depending on how NLEB take is calculated (i.e., per MW or per turbine

1		basis) and the number of maternity roost tree credits applied to mitigation
2		for CWE. The calculations in Table 1 of the CWE NCBP were sourced
3		from the DEC's direct testimony for the Cassadaga Wind Energy Project
4		(Case No. 14-02216). Following submittal of the CWE NCBP, the DEC
5		altered their per-MW take estimates for NLEBs. In the Cassadaga
6		testimony, the DEC estimates NLEB take at 0.025 bats/MW, as presented
7		in Table 1 of the CWE NCBP. Now, in their July 12, 2019 CWE
8		testimony (Case No.:16-F-0205), the DEC has increased the NLEB take
9		estimate to 0.027 bats/MW. This small difference in per-MW take has led
10		to a discrepancy in total take between CWE's filing of the NCBP and this
11		current testimony. Additionally, the DEC insists that CWE will take an
12		additional 13 NLEBs over the lifespan of the project due to its placement
13		within occupied NLEB habitat, which was not presented to CWE prior to
14		DEC's July 12, 2019 testimony.
15	Q.	DEC states on page 26 (line 9 - 11) that full avoidance of take of
16		NLEB can be achieved with a 5.0 m/s curtailment strategy during
17		May and June, but full avoidance during July – September requires a
18		6.9 m/s curtailment strategy. How do you respond?

A.

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In their testimony, the DEC does not fully explain their reasoning why one curtailment strategy is considered full avoidance during 2 months of the year but only 80% effective at reducing NLEB take in three other months of the year. They suggest that NLEB behavior "changes significantly" (lines 9 – 10 on page 27) between the May – June 30 timeframe and July 1 – September 30 timeframe, as the latter timeframe is "largely outside the maternity period." The DEC does not elaborate on what specific behaviors change, how this species would be at greater risk because of these behavioral changes during this timeframe, and how the timeframes were established.

CWE agrees with the DEC that bat behavior changes after bats leave their maternity grounds and migrate towards their hibernaculum. However, in this instance, the behavior of greatest concern is NLEB flight height. We question whether the flight height of NLEBs following the maternity season increases such that this species is more active within the rotor swept zone of a wind turbine and thereby more susceptible to collision. To date, specific migratory flight heights for this species have not been documented in the scientific literature. We do know that 1.) NLEBs generally fly low to the ground when foraging (LaVal et al. 1977;

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Nagorsen and Brigham 1993); 2.) this species prefers the forest interior and infrequently uses open areas in fragmented agricultural-forested landscapes (Henderson and Broders 2008), 3.) NLEBs show a preference to commute within forests (Henderson and Broders 2008) or along forested fence rows and waterways (Leftwich and Wetzel 2019); and 4.) to protect themselves from wind and predators, NLEBs are known to follow edge habitat during migration, rather than flying the shortest distance across an open area (WDNR 2017). Given this species' small size and relatively weak flight capabilities, it seems plausible that long distance migratory movements by NLEBs occur at or below the height of the tree canopy in forested habitats outside the reach of spinning turbine blades. Very few NLEB fatalities have been reported at wind energy facilities over the last decade, which may be indicative of this species' general absence in the rotor swept zone during migration.

CWE believes a 5.0 m/s curtailment strategy, regardless of time of year, will result in complete avoidance of NLEB take. To date, NLEB take has not been documented at any operational wind energy facility in North America implementing a curtailment strategy (Hein et al. 2013; Young et al. 2013; Gruver and Bishop-Boros 2015; Good et al. 2015, 2016, 2017,

1		and 2018). CWE believes a 6.9 m/s curtailment strategy is overly
2		conservative and a 5.0 m/s strategy would provide full avoidance of NLEB
3		take while allowing for greater amounts of renewable energy generation.
4	Q.	Do you agree the presence of NLEBs flying among the turbines during
5		the maternity season will lead to an increased likelihood of direct take,
6		even with 5.0 m/s curtailment strategy enacted?
7		With the project built within occupied NLEB maternity habitat, there is an
8		increased likelihood that this species may fly near operational turbines.
9		However, it is unknown whether this will lead to increased take of
10		NLEBs, as it is dependent on what airspaces this species occupies (i.e., in
11		or out of the rotor swept zone). It is expected that NLEBs will occupy
12		airspaces below the reach of spinning turbine blades in interior forest
13		habitats.
14		The NLEB has a vast geographic range, spanning the entire eastern
15		and central portions of the United States and most of southern Canada.
16		Prior to the proliferation of WNS, it was once one of the most common
17		species on the landscape. Yet, documented fatalities of this species at
18		operational wind energy facilities remained relatively low overall (<0.01%
19		of total bat fatalities in Arnett and Baerwald 2013; 0.3% in Gruver and

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Bishop-Boros 2015; 0.48% in NYSDEC 2019). Conversely, the similarsized little brown bat (*Myotis lucifugus*), also with a vast geographic range and impacted by WNS, as well as a very similar diet to the NLEB (consuming the same 10 orders of insect species in one study; Lee and McCracken 2004), has much greater observed fatality rates at operational wind facilities (6% of total bat fatalities in Arnett and Baerwald 2013; 8.1% of total bat fatalities in Gruver and Bishop-Boros 2015; 6.96% in NYSDEC 2019). This significant difference in observed fatalities among two very similar *Myotis* species is likely a byproduct of specific habitat selection and foraging preferences for each species. The NLEB is considered an interior forest foraging specialist, adept at slow maneuverable flight in cluttered habitat and gleaning insects from vegetation. The little brown bat, on the other hand, is considered a foraging generalist, which uses edge and open agricultural fields more often than NLEBs and will opportunistically consume any available insect 3-10 millimeters in size (Anthony and Kunz 1977, Feldhamer et al. 2009). Patriquin and Barclay (2003) observed a preference by little brown bats to forage in forest clear cuts, while NLEBs preferred undisturbed interior forests.

1		Thousands of wind turbines have been built in NLEB habitat
2		across the US and Canada, and this species is not a common species found
3		during post-construction mortality monitoring (even in pre-WNS studies).
4		If this species was largely susceptible to turbine collisions, there would
5		have been a large number of carcasses discovered in the field, like what
6		biologists have observed with little brown bats. As mentioned above, it is
7		expected that NLEBs will primarily reside within the forest outside the
8		reach of spinning turbine blades, and therefore we don't expect increased
9		take of this species. Lastly, the 5.0 m/s curtailment strategy enacted at the
10		Project from May 15 - September 30 will add further protections to the
11		NLEB.
12	Q.	DPS recommends, at a minimum, a 6.0 m/s curtailment regime from
13		July 1 to October 1 each year. How do you respond?
14	A.	This recommendation by DPS is based on the Bat-Wind Guidelines
15		(September 2016) as created by the Vermont Agency of Natural Resources
16		- Fish and Wildlife Department. This 6.0 m/s curtailment strategy is
17		derived from a single 2-year study conducted in the state of Vermont by
18		Martin (2015). They report a 60% reduction in bat fatalities at the
19		Sheffield Wind Facility in Vermont during the first year of the study but

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showed lower bat fatality reduction rates that were not statistically significant during the second year of the study. This was likely the only bat curtailment study in the state of Vermont at the time these Bat-Wind Guidelines were created, and thus the basis for their recommendation.

Overall, bat fatality rates are highly variable amongst studies, including those that implemented curtailment strategies (AWWI 2018). This variability likely results from a multitude of interacting factors, including: the specific wind site location, topographic, hydric, and biological characteristics of the wind site, bat species assemblages, presence or absence of migratory pathways for bats, weather conditions, roost and prey availability, and turbine size and placement. Reduction rates per curtailment strategy are also variable. Some studies have observed an 87% reduction in bat fatalities with a 5.0 m/s curtailment strategy (AWWI 2018), while other projects implementing curtailment strategies at higher wind speeds, say 6.0 m/s, have only observed a 38% bat fatality reduction (Arnett et al. 2013).

CWE created their Bat Conservation Strategy based on results from numerous scientific studies conducted over the last decade, and disagrees with DPS that a single, short-term curtailment study (i.e., Martin

1		2015) should be the basis for a long-term curtailment strategy at 6.0 m/s
2		for the project. Six studies conducted in the Eastern and Mid-Atlantic
3		United States indicate that bat fatality reductions range between $47-87\%$
4		(61% on average) when a 5.0 m/s curtailment strategy is implemented
5		(AWWI 2018; DNV-GL 2018). Overall, the scientific literature indicates
6		that a 5.0 m/s strategy will provide similar bat fatality reductions (61% on
7		average) to the 6.0 m/s strategy recommended by DPS, while allowing
8		CWE to generate considerably more renewable energy each year.
9	Q.	DEC and DPS recommend curtailment 30 minutes before and after
10		sunrise while CWE proposed curtailment between sunset and sunrise.
11		What is the basis for the difference?
12	A.	Before we answer the question above, we will define sunrise and sunset.
13		Sunrise is defined as the moment the top of the sun's disc first breaks the
14		plane of the horizon in the morning, and sunset is when the top of the sun's
15		disc sinks out of view below the horizon in the evening. Relative to CWE
16		and its curtailment strategy, daily sunset and sunrise times will be acquired
17		from the National Weather Service (or similar database) and will be based
18		off the coordinates (i.e., latitude/longitude) at the center of the project

Bat emergence times at sunset are variable across species and are
influenced by numerous factors acting simultaneously, including
temperature (Catto et al. 1995; Frick et al. 2012), cloud cover (Kunz and
Anthony 1996), precipitation (McAney and Fairley 1988), and other
climatic conditions (Frick et al. 2012), as well as prey availability (Erkert
1982; Rydell et al. 1996) and predator avoidance (Jones and Rydell 1994).
Changing light levels, corresponding with sunset and sunrise, are the
largest drivers of emergence and cessation of nightly bat activities (Lee
and McCracken 2001). Evidence from acoustic studies at other wind
energy sites show few acoustic calls of bat species recorded prior to sunset
or after sunrise (MidAmerican Energy Company 2018). CWE is unaware
of any published literature indicating that significant numbers of bats are
active 30 minutes prior to sunset or 30 minutes post-sunrise, that would
warrant curtailment during these time periods. Neither DEC nor DPS
provide any evidence in their testimony indicating that significant risk to
NLEBs or tree bats exist during these timeframes. Kunz (1971 and 1973)
observed peak foraging for NLEBs to occur during the first two hours
after sunset and the last two hours before sunrise. An abundance of
additional scientific literature indicates that bat activity across species

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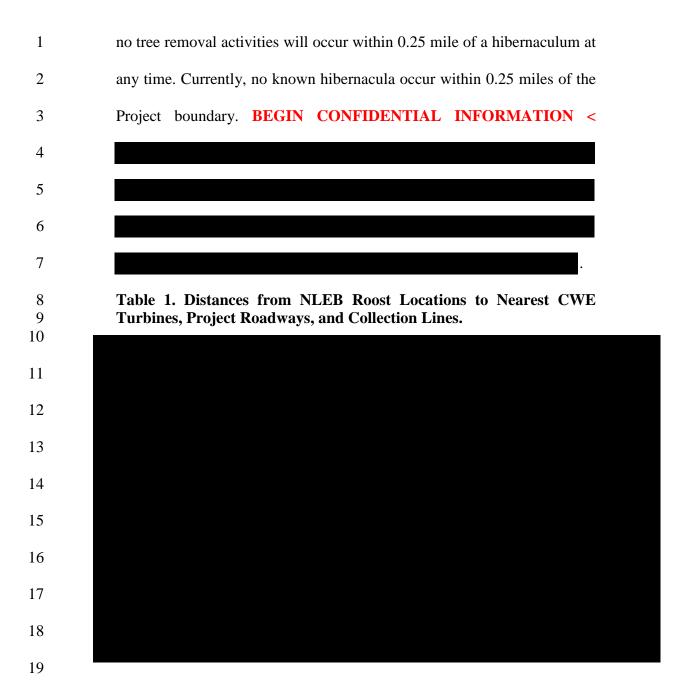
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tends to be greatest during the first three hours after sunset (Jones et al. 1996; Kunz 1974; Kunz and Brock 1975; Taylor and O'Neill 1988; Thomas and West 1991: Zielinski and Gellman 1999). Furthermore, 2018 telemetry data from CWE and one other proposed wind energy facility located nearby in New York indicated that radio-tagged NLEBs did not emerge from their roosts before sunset (Invenergy 2018, 2018a). This species was observed emerging, on average, 8.7 minutes after sunset (range: 0 – 25 minutes after sunset), and several individuals did not emerge until 30 or more minutes after sunset. Based on the scientific literature presented above, acoustic studies from other wind sites, and local NLEB telemetry data at the project and a nearby NYS wind site, CWE believes that curtailment should be limited strictly to night-time hours between sunset and sunrise. Q. There is a big difference between the proposed tree clearing window and that recommended by DEC. What is the basis for the difference? A. CWE proposes to follow tree clearing guidelines outlined by USFWS (2016) Key to the Northern Long-Eared Bat 4(d) Rule for Non-Federal Activities: 1) no tree removal activities will occur within 150 feet of a known occupied maternity roost tree from June 1 through July 31; and 2)

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20> END CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

- 1 CWE will consult with the DEC prior to commencement of tree removal
- 2 activities to confirm that no new NLEB roosts or hibernacula have been
- 3 discovered within the project area.
- 4 Q. Does that complete your testimony?
- 5 A. Yes.

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1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19			
2	MR. DAX: Your Honor, I ask that the -			
3	- the identified testimony and Hearing Exhibits 27			
4	and 28 be moved into evidence.			
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? So			
6	admitted.			
7	MR. DAX: The witness is available for			
8	examination.			
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Ms. Paulsen?			
10	Ms. Paulsen: Yes, thank you, Your			
11	Honor.			
12	CROSS EXAMINATION			
13	BY MS. PAULSEN:			
14	Q. Mr. Morgante, I'd like to direct			
15	you to Page 15 Line 2 of your testimony where you			
16	make a cite let me know when you're there.			
17	A. Yes, I am there.			
18	Q. Okay. You make a citation to			
19	wns.org. Did you intend for that citation to be			
20	whitenosesyndrome.org?			
21	A. I believe that to be the case,			
22	but I did not go to that site myself so if that			
23	what W.N.S. is the acronym or abbreviation for white			
24	nose syndrome.			
25	O Did you intend to gite to the			

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19			
2	website that the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service			
3	operates regarding white-nose syndrome?			
4	A. I believe that was the intention.			
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Wait a minute. Why are			
6	you believing this? This is your testimony			
7	THE WITNESS: Right.			
8	A.L.J. LEARY: is is that what			
9	was intended?			
10	THE WITNESS: Well, we wanted to show			
11	the data through that season and if it's a question			
12	asked to, is it the correct website or not maybe I'm			
13	leading into that if that was the question.			
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Ms. Paulsen, can you			
15	repeat the question for the witness?			
16	MS. PAULSEN: I'll I'll restart the			
17	line of questioning.			
18	BY MS. PAULSEN: (Cont'g.)			
19	Q. Mr. Morgante, are you aware that			
20	wns.org is is no longer an active website?			
21	A. I am not aware of that, but that			
22	could be a faulty reference then.			
23	Q. What was your intention in citing			
24	this this website?			
25	A It was to document the spread of			

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19		
2	the information that was in the sentences prior to		
3	that with the spread of a white-nose syndrome.		
4	Q. And again, is that intention to		
5	cite to the United States Fish and Wildlife Services		
6	white-nose syndrome website?		
7	A. Since they are the keeper of that		
8	information then that would be the place to do that.		
9	MS. PAULSEN: Your Honors, I would		
10	like to move for judicial notice of the website		
11	whitenosesyndrome.org.		
12	A.L.J. LEARY: I was under the		
13	impression you were just saying it wasn't any longer		
14	active.		
15	A.L.J. SHERMAN: The wns.org is not.		
16	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry.		
17	MS. PAULSEN: So wns.org is no longer		
18	an active website, but whitenosesyndrome.org is.		
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. You are moving		
20	what portion of, the entire website		
21	MS. PAULSEN: Correct, Your Honor.		
22	A.L.J. LEARY: for		
23	MS. PAULSEN: The entire website was		
24	cited in his testimony. Wns.org in its entirety was		
25	cited in his testimony. I'm attempting the get the		

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 - the correct website hyperlink into evidence. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Hold on a 3 Mr. Morgante, should that citation be to the 4 5 whitenosesyndrome.org website for the United States Fish and Wildlife service rather than wns.org? 6 7 THE WITNESS: Considering that the references section on Page 42 shows it as 8 whitenosesyndrome.org. I don't think there is -- I 9 think it was an acronym used in the rebuttal --10 11 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. 12 THE WITNESS: -- on Page 15 and is 13 shown what I believe to be correct in Page 42. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So I'm going to 15 ask Mr. Dax to stipulate that there's an error in the panel's testimony that I guess should be corrected, 16 17 Mr. Dax? MR. DAX: Yes, Your Honor. 18 19 clarify, on Page 14 this is a -- this is a word 20 processing thing that happened on Page 14 white-nose syndrome is spelled and then abbreviated W.N.S and if 21 22 you do the common search and replace then 23 unintentionally the website name got -- got 24 abbreviated incorrectly to W.N.S.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Ms. Paulsen,

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1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19			
2	would it be acceptable for Canisteo Wind to file a			
3	corrected version of this rather than having judicial			
4	notice of the entire website in that, is that okay?			
5	MR. DAX: Can we correct it right			
6	here. I'll I'll stipulate as you asked that			
7	that W.N.S. on the top of the Page 15 line 2 should			
8	be white-nose syndrome spelled out.			
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Is that okay?			
10	MS. PAULSEN: That's fine, Your Honor.			
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I know what			
12	you're trying to do. I just think there is a shorter			
13	circuit			
14	MS. PAULSEN: Okay.			
15	A.L.J. LEARY: to get there. Okay.			
16	Proceed.			
17	MS. PAULSEN: Okay.			
18	BY MS. PAULSEN: (Cont'g.)			
19	Q. Mr. Morgante, the Grover paper			
20	did not conduct its own study, correct?			
21	A. That is correct. They looked at			
22	an analysis of other studies.			
23	Q. So isn't it true the Grover paper			
24	compiles data from other studies conducted?			
25	A. Yes.			

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19			
2	Q. And then the paper is therefore			
3	an analysis of that compilation of data?			
4	A. Yes, that is fair.			
5	Q. And Mr. Morgante, do bats ever			
6	fly during the day?			
7	A. Yes, they do.			
8	Q. And have any of the post-			
9	construction studies in New York State regarding bats			
10	measure at the time of day that they are killed by			
11	wind turbines?			
12	A. Unless I am not aware that any			
13	study in New York State has used video camera or some			
14	type of technology that would record the time of			
15	death.			
16	MS. PAULSEN: No further questions,			
17	Your Honors.			
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Re-direct?			
19	MR. DAX: None.			
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Any other questions for			
21	this witness? Thank you very much, Mr. Morgante.			
22	Okay. We are moving on to Mr. Runner. Is Mr. Runner			
23	here?			
24	MR. DAX: He is.			
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Would you raise your			

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19			
2	right hand, please? Do you swear that the testimony			
3	you're about to give will be the truth and the whole			
4	truth?			
5	MR. RUNNER: I do.			
6	WITNESS; JACOB RUNNER; Sworn			
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. Would you			
8	please state your name for the record as well as your			
9	affiliation?			
10	THE WITNESS: It's Jacob S. Runner and			
11	I work for Environmental Design and Research,			
12	Landscape Architecture Engineering and Environmental			
13	Services, D.P.C.			
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax.			
15	BY MR. DAX:			
16	Q. Mr. Runner, do you have a copy of			
17	testimony, rebuttal testimony of Benjamin Brazell and			
18	Jacob Runner in front of you?			
19	A. I do.			
20	Q. Okay. I don't see it so I'll			
21	just take your word for it. And did you participate			
22	in the preparation of that testimony?			
23	A. I did.			
24	Q. And I have so I have in front			
25	of me 11 pages with a coversheet 10 pages of			

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19		
2	questions and answers typewritten, if I would ask you		
3	each of those questions today would your answers be		
4	the same?		
5	A. They would.		
6	MR. DAX: Your Honor, by by prior		
7	arrangement we will be submitting the the		
8	testimony of Benjamin Brazell by affidavit with our		
9	affidavits so we will not be dealing with that part		
10	of this package of testimony today.		
11	A.L.J. LEARY: What are you saying?		
12	MR. DAX: Mr. Brazell is on the panel		
13	and he will be submitting an affidavit.		
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, okay. For this		
15	testimony?		
16	MR. DAX: For this testimony.		
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.		
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## NEW YORK STATE BOARD ON ELECTRIC GENERATION SITING AND THE ENVIRONMENT

	X	
	:	
Application of Canisteo Wind Energy, LLC for a	:	Case 16-F-0205
Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and	:	
Public Need Pursuant to Article 10 for	:	
Construction of a Wind Project Located in	:	
Steuben County.	:	
	:	
	X	

#### REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF: BENJAMIN R. BRAZELL, PRINCIPAL

ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN & RESEARCH, LANDSCAPE, ARCHITECTURE, ENGINEERING & ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, D.P.C. (EDR) 217 MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 1000 SYRACUSE, NEW YORK, 13202

**AND** 

**JACOB S. RUNNER, PROJECT MANAGER (EDR)** 

20

## Benjamin Brazell and Jacob Runner

1	Q.	Please state your names, employer, and business address.
2	A.	Benjamin R. Brazell, Environmental Design & Research, Landscape
3		Architecture, Engineering & Environmental Services, D.P.C. ("EDR"), 217
4		Montgomery Street, Suite 1000, Syracuse, NY 13202-1942.
5	Q.	Did you file pre-filed testimony in this matter, which contained your
6		credentials
7	A.	Yes. Please see the pre-filed testimony that was filed with the Application.
8	Q.	Can the second witness please state your name, employer, and
9		business address.
10	A.	Jacob S. Runner, Environmental Design & Research, Landscape
11		Architecture, Engineering & Environmental Services, D.P.C. ("EDR"), 217
12		Montgomery Street, Suite 1000, Syracuse, NY 13202.
13	Q.	Please describe your educational background and professional
14		experience.
15	A.	I received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Environmental Science with a
16		concentration in Environmental Information and Mapping from State
17		University of New York College of Environmental Science and Forestry
18		(ESF) in 2012. While at ESF I completed advanced coursework in
19		conducting spatial analyses including Principals of Remote Sensing, GIS

for Engineers, Spatial Ecology, Geographic Information and Society, and

A.

#### Benjamin Brazell and Jacob Runner

Cartographic Design. Since my employment with EDR, I have worked in the capacity as Environmental Analyst/GIS Specialist, Senior Environmental Analyst/GIS Specialist, and Project Manager. I have over 5 years of experience performing and/or supervising projects involving environmental surveys, state and federal wetland permitting, spatial analyses, shadow flicker assessments, environmental impact assessments, and preparation of multiple state siting board applications and environmental impact statements. My resume is Exhibit \_\_\_\_ (JSR-1).

#### 9 Q. Please describe your current responsibilities with EDR.

As a Project Manager, I am responsible for conducting and/or overseeing wetland delineations, state and federal wetland permitting, environmental impact assessments, and preparation of numerous state siting board applications. I am also responsible for assigning, scheduling and coordinating staff, overseeing project teams, and providing quality assurance. I have also been responsible for conducting and/or overseeing numerous shadow flicker assessments across multiple states in the northeast and the midwest (New York, Ohio, Colorado, Kansas, Iowa). Additionally, I provided technical expertise to the Vermont Department of Public Service in review of shadow flicker analyses conducted by applicants of proposed wind farms.

## Benjamin Brazell and Jacob Runner

1	Q.	Did you file pre-filed testimony in this matter, which contained your
2		credentials?
3	A.	No.
4	Q.	Have you previously testified before the New York State Public Service
5		Commission or Siting Board on Electric Generation?
6	A.	I have previously submitted pre-filed testimony in Case 15-F-0122 and Case
7		17-F-0282.
8	Q.	What is the scope of the Panel's rebuttal testimony in this proceeding?
9	A:	This testimony is being submitted to rebut certain direct testimony prepared
10		by Andrew C. Davis, New York State Department of Public Service (DPS)
11		Utility Supervisor, and Timothy Brown, Citizens for Maintaining Our Rural
12		environment (CMORE), relating to shadow flicker.
13	Q.	Is the Panel sponsoring any additional evidence with your testimony?
14	A.	Yes. We are sponsoring information from the Danish Wind Industry
15		Association. Exhibit (JSR-2).
16	Q.	Do you agree with the DPS Staff Policy Panel proposed certificate
17		conditions regarding the threshold for limiting shadow flicker
18		operation?
19	A.	Yes. DPS Staff propose that shadow flicker shall be limited to a maximum
20		of 30-hours annually for non-participating receptors. The 30-hour threshold

#### Benjamin Brazell and Jacob Runner

1 is consistent with Certificate Conditions set forth by the Siting Board in 2 Case No. 14-F-0490 and is also consistent with thresholds established in 3 other jurisdictions as described in Section 3.3 of Appendix 24b of the 4 October 2018 Application. 5 Q. In his direct testimony Mr. Davis states that "These provisions do not 6 provide consideration of limiting exposures exceeding 30 minutes daily 7 to avoid or minimize such disturbances at non-participating 8 residences...". Do you agree that the Applicants proposed Certificate Condition 57 and Compliance Filing Attachment A Shadow Package 9 10 should have addressed a threshold of 30 minutes daily at receptors? 11 No. Mr. Davis references the 2012 NARUC Wind Energy & Wind Park A. 12 Siting and Zoning Best Practices and Guidance for States as the basis for 13 recommending consideration of a 30-minute per day threshold. NARUC 14 provides a Recommended Approach that restricts shadow flicker to 30-15 hours per year or 30-minutes per day at occupied buildings. The original 16 basis for a 30-minute limit traces back to a 2002 German guideline and a 17 1999 German government-sponsored study. The 2012 NARUC report Mr. 18 Davis cites, in turn cites two sources (Lampeter 2011 and Ellenbogen et al 19 2012), both of which only make reference to the 2002 German guideline 20 which suggested a maximum of 30 minutes per day. The German

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#### Benjamin Brazell and Jacob Runner

government-sponsored study (Pohl, et.al., 1999., Annoyance due to shadow flicker from wind turbines- laboratory pilot study [with appendix) and field study (with appendix)] placed 32 students and 25 professionals in either a control setting or an experimental group that was exposed to 60 minutes of shadow flicker. While this study indicates that 60 minutes of shadow flicker elevates annoyance it also states that "Whether a daily shadow value of more than 30 minutes per day is associated with unacceptable harassment could not be clarified in the context of this investigation due to a too small number of persons with more than 30 minutes per day." It is our understanding that these conditions were based on the laboratory experiment explained above and not actual field conditions. Moreover, according to the Danish Wind Industry Association, a German court ruled that 30 hours per year was acceptable at a neighbor's property (See Exhibit \_ (JSR-2). Thus, even though NARUC mentions a 30-minute limitation to minimize annoyance, the literature supporting this recommendation is not conclusive and it would appear the 30-hour limitation, which is more widely adopted, is more effective at minimizing annoyance to non-participants from shadow flicker. Are there practical modeling limitations with using a 30-minute

#### O.

#### threshold?

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#### Benjamin Brazell and Jacob Runner

1 A. Yes. The shadow modeling software (WindPro) uses reduction assumptions
2 in which the amount of shadow flicker is refined when used to predict
3 annual shadow exposure but not for daily exposure.

As described in Appendix 24b of the October 2018 Application, WindPRO software was used to evaluate shadow flicker. The software uses turbine locations, turbine dimensions, receptor locations, local topography, wind direction frequency, and sunshine frequency to calculate both a "worst-case" and an "expected case" shadow-flicker scenario. The "worst case" shadow-flicker model outputs assumes no clouds or fog, wind conditions allowing for continuous turbine operation, the turbine rotor is continuously perpendicular to the sun, and the turbine rotor is positioned between the receptor and the sun. The "expected case" model runs the analysis utilizing a monthly reduction factor for average sunshine and wind directions, although the blades are still modeled to be moving during all daylight hours when the sun's elevation is more than 3 degrees above the horizon. The WindPro software reports shadow flicker in days per year, hours per year, and max hours per day within the "worst case" scenario while only hours per year are reported under the "expected case" scenario because a monthly reduction factor is utilized and no daily reduction factor exists (see Attachment B to Appendix 24b of the October 2018

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1		Application). When assessing receptors for meeting the 30-hour / year
2		threshold the "expected case" scenario is used since this represents more
3		realistic conditions.
4	Q:	What has your experience been with shadow flicker limits in New
5		York?
6	A:	As stated elsewhere in this testimony, the Siting Board ruled that 30 hours
7		per year for non-participants was an acceptable standard. Prior to Article
8		10, in our experience in New York, 30 hours per year was a common
9		threshold considered by local jurisdictions with operating projects in their
10		review under local zoning and the State Environmental Quality Review Act.
11		As far as we know, there has never been a successful court challenge to this
12		standard in New York.
13	Q:	Has the Siting Board adopted a 30-minute shadow flicker standard in
14		other proceedings?
15	A.	No. To date only one wind project has been approved by the Siting Board
16		(Case No. 14-F-0409), and the certificate includes a 30-hour annual
17		threshold for shadow flicker (Condition 30).
18	Q:	Are there additional recent studies relevant to the topic of shadow
19		flicker thresholds?

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1 A: Yes. The Community Noise and Health Study conducted by Health Canada 2 (Voicescu et. al, 2016. Estimating annoyance to calculated wind turbine 3 shadow flicker is improved when variables associated with wind turbine 4 noise considered. exposure are 5 https://asa.scitation.org/doi/10.1121/1.4942403). One aspect of this study 6 evaluated annoyance from wind turbine noise and shadow flicker of 7 randomly selected participants (1,238 participants located between 0.25 8 kilometers and 11.22 kilometers from operational wind turbines). This 9 study concluded that when modeled shadow flicker minutes are evaluated alone (without other annoyance variables such as noise and blinking lights) 10 11 it provides an inadequate model for estimating annoyance to shadow flicker. 12 13 O: Do you have any additional comments regarding shadow flicker? 14 A: Yes. In his testimony, CMORE Member Timothy Brown outlines concerns 15 with how shadow flicker is modeled on his residence. He believes the 16 "surface dimensions of an entire dwelling would probably produce a lot 17 more hours of flicker than CWE claims". The receptor size used in this 18 analysis is industry standard and is the recommendation of WindPro (the 19 modeling software). The WindPRO 3.3 User Manual (available at:

http://help.emd.dk/knowledgebase/) states "The default parameters of 1m

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[meter] height and Im width window, Im above the ground level can be considered as a standard description of typical windows." The analysis was conducted using "Green House" mode, which is described in the WindPro 3.3 User Manual as "the receptor will not face any particular direction, but instead will face all directions. This is useful if the actual properties of the receptor are unknown or if there are wind turbines on more sides of the house that may contribute to the flickering impact". Based on our experience, it is industry standard to use these parameters in the initial modeling and analysis of shadow flicker.

Following final turbine model selection and layout finalization, the Applicant will prepare an updated shadow flicker analysis. If shadow flicker is modeled to exceed 30 hours per year at any non-participating residences, a "Phase II" shadow flicker analysis will be conducted, which will take into account any screening by existing yard trees, buildings, or proximity to stands of trees and the number and/or orientation of windows in residential receptors. If needed after receiving a complaint, the following mitigation options are available: 1) work with the landowner to become a Facility participant, 2) planting of trees or installation of window blinds to block the shadow flicker, or 2) operational curtailment of turbines so that the 30 hour

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- per year threshold is not exceeded. These mitigation options can be easily
- 2 implemented even after the Facility has been constructed.
- 3 Q. Does this conclude your testimony at this time?
- 4 A. Yes.

'	10-F-0203 - Callisted Willa Ellergy - 8-21-19
2	BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.)
3	Q. Mr. Runner, with the testimony
4	where there are 2 exhibits, one is a C.V. of yourself
5	consisting of 2 pages and one being a document titled
6	Danish Wind Industry Association, shadow casting from
7	turbines consisting of also 2 pages. Do you recall
8	those exhibits?
9	A. I do.
10	MR. DAX: Your Honor, those exhibits
11	have been previously marked as Exhibit 32 and 33.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you.
13	MR. DAX: And so I established I've
14	already asked you about whether you whether this
15	is truthful and accurate so I guess I will move this
16	into evidence.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? So
18	admitted.
19	MR. DAX: Witness is available for
20	cross-examination.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: Anybody have cross-
22	examination for this witness? Mr. Mullen, we have
23	MR. MULLEN: I don't need to explain.
24	I can I can ask him the questions.
25	MR. DAX: You don't have to.

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2	A.L.J. LEARY: You don't have to, but
3	I you're not going to get him if you don't
4	reach some deal with Mr. Miller you're not going to
5	get a chance to
6	MR. MULLEN: Okay. Fair enough. I
7	have
8	A.L.J. LEARY: have at this witness
9	again so I would
10	MR. MULLEN: Sure, I have few
11	questions.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: suggest you take
13	advantage of that now.
14	MR. MULLEN: Your Honor, I also have
15	one question on behalf of Mr. Sharkey.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
17	CROSS EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. MULLEN:
19	Q. Good morning.
20	A. Good morning.
21	Q. Have you identified how many non-
22	participating properties may experience over 30 hours
23	a year of shadow flicker?
24	A. We have.
25	Q. And how may was that, do you

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	recall?
3	A. I'll have to look at my
4	testimony. Actually, I'll have to look at, I believe
5	the exhibit that was prepared. So I'm looking at
6	Canisteno Canisteo Wind update portions of exhibit
7	Appendix 24B Shadow Flicker Report dated May 21st,
8	2019 that was submitted with the application
9	supplement.
10	MR. DAX: Which is part of Hearing
11	Exhibit 7.
12	THE WITNESS: Hearing Exhibit 7.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you, Mr. Dax.
14	THE WITNESS: So that shadow flicker
15	model was run using a worst case scenario as far as
16	number of turbine sites and the turbine model so in
17	this case shadow flicker generates model to increase
18	with a larger rotor diameter so we use the GE158 and
19	it had the same total tip height as the other models
20	proposed.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry, the GE there
22	should be a something point something before 158. So
23	what is that, those 2 numbers with the decimal point
24	between them?
25	THE WITNESS: I guess for our analysis

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 we didn't assume a megawattage, we use a, you know, 2 the program uses the size and dimensions of the 3 turbine so. 4 A.L.J. LEARY: So Mr. Dax, which of 5 6 the --I believe it's the 5.3 but I 7 MR. DAX: think Mr. Runner's testimony is that it doesn't 8 matter for purposes of shadow flicker analysis. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: It matters for me. So 11 I understand the kind of what is in your group of selected or options, turbine options that might 12 13 translate to this particular exhibit in the 14 application so that --15 MR. DAX: 5.3 megawatts. 16 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So if you choose 17 that one this is translatable. I assume if you choose any of them it's somewhat translatable, but 18 19 it's a pretty good match, right? 20 MR. DAX: Yes. 21 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Sorry. 22 THE WITNESS: Sorry. It's all right. 23 Under that scenario assuming 158 meter rotor diameter 24 at all 117 turbines sites the model predicted 154 25 receptors may experience shadow flicker over 30 hours

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 a year. A.L.J. LEARY: 154? 3 THE WITNESS: That is correct. 4 5 BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'q.) 6 Q. Did you say that was for 7 participating or non-participating? Oh, I'm sorry, that is across the 8 Α. board. 9 Could you categorize that into 10 Q. 11 participating versus non-participating? So of that 12 I believe I can, yes. 13 154, 85 of the receptors are participating. 14 Q. So it's -- it's close to half of 15 them that are non-participating. That's correct. 48 percent. 16 Α. 17 Okay. Of the non-participating Ο. 18 receptors, do you believe that the vegetative 19 obstacles are going to reduce them below 30 hours a 20 year? There is a potential for that to 21 Α. 22 occur, but without running the analysis I won't know 23 that for sure. However, I will say based on other 24 analyses that I've done for similar projects, you 25 know, using all the final layout that's, you know,

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	choosing the final number of turbines and the final
3	turbine type in conjunction with vegetation and
4	obstacles, it's that's a scenario that often
5	results in some that number reducing.
6	Q. So wasn't there some testimony
7	that it would reduce those though?
8	A. I don't believe so. If you could
9	point me to that then I could probably speak to that.
10	Q. Okay. I don't I don't
11	remember the exact place, I just had thought
12	generally that was what your at least the
13	implication had been throughout.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm going to ask the
15	witness to review his testimony to locate that place,
16	and if Mr. Dax and Mr. Mullen want to help him out,
17	feel free to do so, but this is your testimony.
18	THE WITNESS: Sure.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Find out
20	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: where in your
22	testimony if it is anywhere this is.
23	MR. MULLEN: If if yeah, if you
24	haven't testified to it. Yeah, it was in the
25	application.

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2	THE WITNESS: It's in the shadow
3	flicker report, right, yeah
4	MR. MULLEN: Okay.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
6	THE WITNESS: I just got to that
7	section here. So we utilized the vegetation viewshed
8	that was prepared as part of the V.I.A. for the
9	project and
10	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Sorry, could the
11	witness identify where in the report
12	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Yes.
13	A.L.J. SHERMAN: It's not in your
14	testimony, correct?
15	THE WITNESS: This is not in my
16	testimony, this is on Page 9 of the I'm trying to
17	remember the exhibit number we provided for this.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: 24B?
19	THE WITNESS: Exactly. But
20	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Hearing Exhibit 7.
21	THE WITNESS: Exhibit 7, yeah.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry.
23	THE WITNESS: It's on Page 9 of the
24	Exhibit 7, we explain how we, you know, starting
25	there and continuing on to Page 10 we explained how

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 we, you know, use the vegetation viewshed and overlay 2 3 that with the receptors and then, you know, ones that 4 were shown to be not having -- potentially not having 5 project visibility within that's not be subject to shadow flicker or have less shadow flicker. 6 BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'q.) 7 So did you help prepare that 8 9 analysis? 10 Α. I utilized the V.I.A. that was 11 prepared as part of the -- of the viewshed analysis 12 that was prepared --13 Q. Okay. 14 -- for the V.I.A. 15 Q. Are you familiar with what -- the 16 mitigation options that have been proposed for 17 flicker? 18 I am, yes. Α. 19 Q. Okay. And could you explain 20 those generally? 21 Sure. So I believe there's 3 Α. 22 options that we outlined in the report. And I'm just 23 going to switch to that page. So I'm looking at Page 24 17 of Exhibit 7, the last paragraph prior to 25 references, so we outlined 3 potential options, you

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 know, work with the landowner, become a participant 2 in the project, you know it would be planting trees 3 or installation of window blinds and then the third 4 5 would be operational for turbine. MR. DAX: And just for clarity. 6 7 is a part of exhibit -- Hearing Exhibit 7, it's Appendix 24B. 8 A.L.J. LEARY: Appendix 24. 9 10 MR. DAX: B. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. BY MR. MULLEN: 12 (Cont'q.) Under what circumstances would 13 14 curtailment be used? 15 Α. I guess, that would be a basis of 16 the complaint resolution plan which I -- I can't 17 speak to. Do you have a general idea on --18 19 on the order that you would intend to go through to 20 mitigate flicker issues? I mean, that would also be the --21 Α. 22 the applicant's choice. 23 But you're not familiar with that Q. 24 procedure? 25 Α. No, we just --

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Q. Okay.
3	A outlined potential mitigation
4	options.
5	Q. Are you familiar with what any of
6	the other projects are doing for mitigation?
7	A. I've seen similar, you know,
8	options presented
9	Q. Uh-huh.
10	A but again I'm not familiar
11	with what, you know, their curtailment or their
12	their options are for, you know, their levels of, you
13	know, did they do this first and this and this.
14	Q. Okay. And then in your shadow
15	flicker analysis that was performed for the for
16	the properties that may experience greater than 30
17	hours a year, did that include cumulative impacts
18	from other projects?
19	A. It did.
20	MR. MULLEN: I have I don't have
21	any other questions.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Anyone else? I'm going
23	to ask the witness just some clarifying questions,
24	but I'm looking at you because I think you're going
25	to know the vegetation viewshed analysis, did do

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 you have a hearing exhibit number to which that has 2 been assigned --3 MR. DAX: That is --4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: -- which is part of the V.I.A.? 6 7 MR. DAX: Yeah, that's part of the V.I.A. and there is -- it is part of exhibit -- it's 8 9 Appendix 24A and it was filed on -- it was part of 10 the supplement --11 A.L.J. LEARY: Right. MR. DAX: -- the application 12 13 supplement filed on January 28th, 2019 which said 14 D.M.M. 156. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: But it's not part of 16 Exhibit 7 or it is part of Exhibit 7? MR. DAX: No, it was filed earlier 17 than Exhibit 7. 18 A.L.J. LEARY: I'm not finding even 7 19 20 on this list, but --MR. DAX: There is -- there is an 21 22 update with the Hearing Exhibit 7 also an appendix 23 24A which may have -- which had something related to 24 the viewshed overlay, I'm not sure if it was an exact 25 replacement of that or something more qualitative. I

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 don't have it in front of me. Yeah, the -- the 2 update would be in Hearing Exhibit 7, Appendix 24A. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: It is a part of 7. 4 MR. DAX: Right, that's a part of 7. 5 6 A.L.J. LEARY: Same problem as 7 yesterday with Exhibit 1. So we can talk about that just before the site visit. Okay. What is the --8 why is it 30 hours a year that seems to be that magic 9 10 number of above which it is not preferred? 11 THE WITNESS: So 30-hours generally 12 represents 1 percent of daylight hours in a year. that's one basis for it. Besides that and kind of 13 14 being a standard that has been adopted over time that's about -- this could have been answered as a I 15 have for you. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: So it is some kind of a standard that everybody kind of works around, is that 18 19 -- or every one professionally that has expertise 20 like you do recognizes that as the number of the hours? 21 22 THE WITNESS: That's correct. A.L.J. LEARY: Is -- is that a health-23 24 based number, annoyance-based number, what -- how did

that -- how did that number happen?

25

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 THE WITNESS: I believe it's more of 2 an annoyance-based number. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. You mentioned 4 5 that you had seen what other projects were doing on 6 mitigation, is it basically the same 3 options for the other projects? 7 THE WITNESS: Yes, let me rephrase 8 that. On other projects that I've prepared shadow 9 10 flicker reports both in New York, Ohio and other 11 states, those are the options that we have agreed to 12 with applicants that are feasible for them to 13 implement. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: But I am asking you 15 just a slightly different question which is --THE WITNESS: Okay. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: -- what, once the 18 project's built, what it -- what are the regulators 19 requiring? what is the preferred sequence or what is 20 the preferred option? 21 THE WITNESS: Yeah, so usually when it 22 comes to the compliance phase of the project, our 23 role is -- is less into the complaint resolution 24 aspect of it which would be, you know, determining

which of those options is implemented rather it's we

25

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 run the analysis and provide the data to the client or the state agencies in those cases. And then the client takes it from there and determines which mitigation measures gets implemented. That's something we're not privy to and usually at that point we're just kind of left in the dark.

A.L.J. LEARY: Well, I -- I'm trying to get at the question of what other regulators are doing including in New York to your knowledge or other states, is -- are they -- are they accepting these three in this sequence or are they saying, no, you're going to go right to window blinds or plantings, I thought I saw something about planting some kind of foliage to block, is that -- that's not in these options, right?

THE WITNESS: Yeah, it is. So planting of trees and installation of window blinds.

A.L.J. LEARY: I see.

THE WITNESS: I see. And again unfortunately I'm not -- I am not sure at those stages in the project which way, you know, other state agencies have a preference for which things get implemented.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So they just

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 1 leave it to the applicant, to your knowledge? 2 THE WITNESS: Yeah, I mean I -- again, 3 I'm not sure, you know, that would -- maybe be a 4 question that could be directed towards the Applicant 5 6 in this case, it maybe the --7 A.L.J. LEARY: I'm asking you. 8 THE WITNESS: Okay. A.L.J. LEARY: So if you don't know 9 10 just say you don't know, but if you know something 11 about what I'm asking you about you got to tell me. 12 THE WITNESS: Yeah, no, that's fair. I do not know. 13 14 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. That's perfect. 15 Thank you. THE WITNESS: Yeah. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: Anybody, do you want to re-direct as a result? Mr. Mullen. 18 BY MR. MULLEN: 19 20 Q. Yes. Mrs. Spencer gave -- I had 21 another question that I'd like to ask. For the 22 breakdown that you gave us of the 154 receptors 23 between the participating and non-participating, do 24 you know -- did those -- those numbers include

cumulative flicker, the ones that were --

1	16-F-U2U5 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. No, I don't believe so.
3	Q. Those did not?
4	A. No.
5	Q. Okay.
6	A. So
7	Q. Thank you.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Any other questions for
9	this witness?
10	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Just just one
11	quick
12	THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.
13	A.L.J. SHERMAN: that one reminded
14	me, the 154 receptors across the board, you said 85
15	was participating?
16	THE WITNESS: That is correct.
17	A.L.J. SHERMAN: You said that would
18	be 52 percent, that does not seem to be
19	mathematically correct? Could it be 55 percent?
20	THE WITNESS: It could potentially be
21	that, yeah.
22	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Is there a figure on
23	there or you just
24	THE WITNESS: I have written here 85
25	which is 52 percent, however, that could have been ar

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	error. A typographical error.
3	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Okay. But the
4	numbers are correct?
5	THE WITNESS: The 85 is correct, yes.
6	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Okay. Thank you.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Which leaves 79 non-
8	participating?
9	THE WITNESS: That math seems to be
10	correct, yes.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: This is never ending,
12	but so
13	THE WITNESS: It's all right.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: more than 30 hours a
15	year will you give me for the non-participating, the
16	upward, the highest number of hours per year for non-
17	participating?
18	THE WITNESS: Yeah, so we have it in
19	the table that's presented as Table 1, summary of
20	receptors predicted to experience shadow flicker, we
21	have it categorized into different different
22	groups. So the highest non-participating number for
23	a, what's categorized as a Category 1 residence is a
24	is 60 hours and 37 minutes.

A.L.J. LEARY: And can you, based on

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	that table, tell me how many non-participating are
3	between 30 and 50 hours? And if you need to break it
4	down 30 to 40 or 40 to 50
5	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: feel free to do
7	that. I'm just trying to shorten this
8	THE WITNESS: Little counting here so
9	to help me with my breaking up my counting. From 30
10	to 40 hours is 19 and these are Category 1
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah.
12	THE WITNESS: year-round
13	residences.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: What about 40 to 50?
15	THE WITNESS: There's 12.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: And 50 to 60.
17	THE WITNESS: 9.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: And I'm not getting to
19	79, are there how many are above 60 hours?
20	THE WITNESS: These are just for
21	category one residences. So then if we move to the
22	next category of
23	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm I'm sorry.
24	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: It's greater than 30,

'	To-r-0203 - Callisted Willd Ellergy - 6-21-19
2	but I was assuming.
3	The WITNESS: For all
4	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
5	THE WITNESS: categories. Okay.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes. Yes.
7	THE WITNESS: So for all categories
8	there's 32 in the 30 to 40 hours. And if you could
9	kindly remind me what my next
10	A.L.J. SHERMAN: 40 to 50?
11	THE WITNESS: Yeah, what was the
12	the number I've provided?
13	A.L.J. LEARY: You came out with 19,
14	I'm sorry, 12.
15	A.L.J. SHERMAN: 12.
16	THE WITNESS: 12, okay. Was that
17	Number 17?
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Say again?
19	THE WITNESS: 17.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: 17. At 40 to 50 hours?
21	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: And then 50 to 60?
23	THE WITNESS: And what was my starting
24	number there?
25	A.L.J. LEARY: 32. Oh. vour starting

'	10-F-0203 - Callisted Willa Ellergy - 0-21-19
2	is 9.
3	THE WITNESS: Thank you. So it's 13.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: And then 60 plus or 60
5	to I think you said the highest was ranged that
6	you said Category 1. Is there another category that
7	has a higher than 60 hours and 37 minutes?
8	THE WITNESS: There is, yeah. So
9	let's say 60 to 7 70.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah.
11	THE WITNESS: It's 4.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Do you have any above
13	70?
14	THE WITNESS: We do, yeah. So there's
15	there's one Category 4 residence in the 94 hours.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: 94 hours, there's one
17	at 94. Okay. What do you have in the 70 to 80?
18	THE WITNESS: There's nothing in the
19	70 to 80 for non-participating and nothing for 80 to
20	90.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I'm still not
22	getting up to 79 of 67 but
23	MR. DAX: Your Honor, could I clarify?
24	The number should be 69, 1
25	A.L.J. LEARY: I see.

1	16-F-U2U5 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	MR. DAX: 154 minus 85 is 69.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
4	MR. DAX: Non-participants.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Thank you. I'm
6	closer to that number but I'm still not there but
7	that's okay. So just to review, these are just non-
8	participating?
9	THE WITNESS: These are just non-
10	participating, correct.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: You have 32 at 30 to 40
12	hours, 17 at 40 to 50 hours, 13 at 50 to 60, 4 at 60
13	to 70, 0 at 70 to 80 and 1 at 80 to 90. I'm sorry, 0
14	at 80 to 90 and then 90 to 100 you have 1. Does that
15	sound right, Mr. Dax?
16	MR. DAX: I've I have not been
17	keeping track.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Does that sound
19	right, Mr
20	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Do you have
22	anything else?
23	A.L.J. SHERMAN: I do not.
24	MR. DAX: I have, I have just one
25	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I also

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 have additional follow up question --2 A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, I'm sorry. 3 MS. VIGARS: D.P.S. has a follow-up as 4 5 well. 6 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. 7 MR. DAX: I'll go last, I hope. A.L.J. LEARY: I think you should. 8 9 BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: 10 Mr. Runner, in response to Judge Leary's question about the basis for the 30-hour 11 standard, did -- did you testify that it is not a 12 health-based standard? 13 14 That is correct. 15 Q. And instead you testified it's an annoyance-based standard. 16 17 That is correct. So is it your testimony that 18 19 annoyance is not a health issue? 20 MR. DAX: Objection. He is not a health expert, hasn't been offered as such. He 21 22 tested that -- testified based upon his knowledge, 23 but he's not offering health, we got a testimony that 24 would have been a question for a different witness. 25 A.L.J. LEARY: I'm going to overrule

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 that if the witness can respond because it's a fair 2 question based upon his previous response. 3 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat the 4 5 question, please? BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: 6 (Cont'q.) 7 Is it your testimony that Q. annoyance is not a health issue? 8 Α. Yes. 9 10 Would you agree that the 30-hour standard that's set forth in the National Association 11 of Regulation Utility Commissioners 2012 guidelines 12 titled, Wind Energy and Wind Park Siting and Zoning 13 14 Best Practices and Guidance's for States? I recall that document. 15 Α. 16 And do you know whether or not Ο. 17 the 30-hour standard is set forth in that document? Out of memory I do not. 18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: Do you know to show the 20 witness what you're referring to, Mr. Wisniewski? 21 MR. WISNIEWSKI: I only have it 22 online, Your Honor. I brought it up as they're 23 listed in the testimony. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: Did we have -- is this 25 NARUC 20 --

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. WISNIEWSKI: 2012. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: -- 12, do we have that 3 admitted yet? 4 5 MS. VIGARS: There may be a citation to it in Mr. Davis' testimony, but the document is 6 not attached in the exhibit. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. That's okay. 8 I'm just trying to help the witness and he's not able 9 10 to without the document being in front of him, I 11 think, respond to that question Mr. -- Mr. Wisniewski. 12 13 MS. O'TOOLE: Do you want me to put it 14 on my screen and show on my laptop? 15 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Sure. Your Honor, while -- while Ms. O'Toole was pulling it up for the 16 17 witness, can I just make one additional comment for the record? 18 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. 19 20 MR. WISNIEWSKI: I think in light of the witness' uncertainty about whether or not the 30-21 22 hour standard is based on health concerns, I think 23 this illustrates the importance of having the 24 Department of Health take a more active role in these

proceedings. I've been personally disappointed that

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the D.O.H. has not provided any testimony in this
proceeding. And they're looking up for the record
that are not here today, it will be extremely useful
if they were here to weigh in and whether or not 30hour is sufficient to protect public health.

A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. So noted for the record. I think that the best thing that I can say is I -- you need to tell someone that can do something about that who is not in this room --

MR. WISNIEWSKI: Understood, Your Honor.

A.L.J. LEARY: -- including Judge
Sherman and I. The Department of Health, I believe,
is the Siting Board member and has been actively
involved in a number of cases, particularly on the
issue of noise. This is something that I believe
that the Commissioner of the Health Department may be
very interested in hearing. And that is something
that you should feel free to raise to that agency
because certainly whatever enhances the Siting
Board's record is going to be beneficial to this
process and beneficial to the Siting Board as well as
the examiners and all parties including the
applicant. So thank you for raising that and that's

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 the best I can do for you. 2 MR. DAX: Your Honor, can I just, I 3 think Mr. Wisniewski misspoke when he characterized 4 5 the witness as being uncertain as to whether this was 6 a health or annoyance standard. The witness said 7 that his understanding is that it's an annoyance standard, not a health standard. It didn't reflect 8 any uncertainty into his -- his understanding. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: I think what Mr. 11 Wisniewski was getting at was, you know, that's the -- that's the million dollar question is annoyance, 12 13 does annoyance constitute some health triggering 14 kinds of analysis and that's not for us and most of 15 the people in this room to determine, I think, Mr. Wisniewski has his, you know, finger on the right 16 17 pulse that that is for the -- the health 18 professionals to address --19 A.L.J. SHERMAN: To the extent that 20 the testimony conflicts with Mr. Wisniewski's 21 representation, the transcript will reflect that. 22 A.L.J. LEARY: Right. 23 MR. DAX: Yeah, but I --24 A.L.J. LEARY: I heard --25 MR. DAX: -- I can't allow

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 mischaracterization to go, it's not my nature to just 3 A.L.J. SHERMAN: Yeah, I -- I 4 5 understand that, Mr. Dax. 6 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah, we -- we heard what the witness said. And I think what he said was 7 he did not consider annoyance to be a health effect, 8 or I guess, something, worse to that effect and I 9 10 don't mean to mischaracterize at all. So where are 11 we? 12 MS. MEAGHER: Your Honor, may I be 13 heard? 14 A.L.J. LEARY: Ms. Meagher. 15 MS. MEAGHER: Just in reference to 16 contacting the D.O.H., I did post a letter on D.M.M. 17 regarding that exact issue that there has been very 18 little participation on the part of the Department of 19 Health. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: And I did see that 21 comment. And again, I don't know what the Department 22 of Health looks at on our website for this 23 proceeding. But my, you know, my advice to you is 24 the same as a government, you know, employee for

however many years which I hate to admit, but you

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 want to direct it to someone who can do something 2 about that, you want to direct what your request is 3 and I'm not suggesting they'll do something about it, 4 5 I'm just saying that that comment we are going to 6 consider and I'm sure the Department of Health will know about it. 7 MS. MEAGHER: But as far as CMORE, 8 this is one of our biggest concerns is the health and 9 10 safety of the people that are living very close to 11 these turbines and these issues seem to repeatedly go unaddressed. 12 13 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Where are we? 14 Are you -- have you completed your questioning or is Ms. O'Toole --15 MS. O'TOOLE: It's done. 16 17 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, if I may proceed, it will -- it will be brief. 18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: And just for the 20 record, would you again say what NARUC 2012 in its full title is? 21 22 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes, Your Honor, and 23 Mr. Dax, feel free to correct me if I'm getting it

25 || BY MR. WISNIEWSKI:

wrong.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Mr. Runner, in front of you on a 2 Q. computer do you have a document titled Wind Energy 3 4 and Wind Park Siting and Zoning Best Practices and 5 Guidance for Research year 2012 published by the National Association of Regulatory Utility 6 Commissioners? 7 Yes. 8 Α. Q. And are you familiar with that 9 10 document? I had seen this document before. 11 Α. And is that document available 12 Q. 13 publicly on the internet? 14 Α. Looking at it on a web page, I 15 believe so. 16 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I'd ask 17 the presiding examiners take judicial notice of this document. 18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: Is there any problem 20 with us actually admitting this document since it is 21 a NARUC document? Does anybody have an objection to 22 admitting this document as a part of the hearing 23 exhibit? The witness has testified he recognizes it, 24 he --

MR. DAX: Right. I would normally

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2	object, but you didn't my objections didn't
3	succeed in in the cross examination of our noise
4	panel so I'm not going to object on this one.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Well, what would your
6	objection be to admission of this document if your
7	witness has just indicated he recognizes it?
8	MR. DAX: I don't think recognition is
9	enough to lay a foundation, but it seems to be so I'm
10	not going to make an issue out of it.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Well, what if you
12	want something further I think Mr. Wisniewski is
13	going to ask a few questions on it, I personally
14	think it's enough that he
15	MR. DAX: Then I then I think
16	that's
17	A.L.J. LEARY: he recognized, we
18	can't talk at the same time. I think it's enough
19	that the witness recognizes it, but let Mr.
20	Wisniewski proceed and I'll hear whatever objection
21	you want to so.
22	MR. DAX: I have no objection. I'm
23	not making an objection.
24	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I'm happy
25	to proceed if there is no objection.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. No, there's no 2 objection, it's admitted. 3 4 THE REPORTER: Can we get a number, 5 Your Honor? 6 A.L.J. LEARY: We're going to call it 218 and it'll be added to the list of hearing 7 exhibits. 8 THE REPORTER: Thank you, Your Honor. 9 10 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Mr. Runner, perhaps 11 with Ms. O'Toole's help, can you scroll down to the PDF page marked Page 27? 12 BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: (Cont'q.) 13 14 Q. Is the heading on the top of that 15 page Guidelines for Implementing Wind Park Siting and 16 Zoning Criteria and Setback Distances? 17 You're indicating the page number 18 on the bottom of the page? 19 Q. Yes, page number on the bottom of 20 the page which corresponds to PDF Page 50. 21 Α. Thank you. I'm there. 22 Does the page in front of you 23 contained a table titled Table 6, Wind Park Siting and Zoning Criteria recommended approaches and 24 25 setbacks distances?

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A. It does.
Q. Does the second material column
of the table contain information about shadow
flicker?
A. It does.
Q. I'm sorry, the second row, not
the second column, let the record reflect.
A. The
Q. The second row says shadow
flicker.
A. The first yes, yes. First
column of the second row.
Q. And is the second column of that
row titled Recommended Approach?
A. It is.
Q. And for shadow flicker is the
recommended approach restricts not more than 30 hours
per year or 30 minutes per day in occupied buildings?
A. That's what the document states.
MR. WISNIEWSKI: I have no further
questions, Your Honor.
A.L.J. SHERMAN: I'm sorry, Mr.
Wisniewski sorry about the name there. I got a
PDF page, but what is the document page?

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2	MR. WISNIEWSKI: The document page
3	so the PDF has 27 at the bottom of the page, but it's
4	Page 50 in the PDF so.
5	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Understood. And we
6	will need a hard copy to be supplied as well so.
7	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Can can I supply
8	that by email, Your Honor
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Sure.
10	MR. WISNIEWSKI: to all the parties
11	right now?
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Make sure all the
13	parties are copied. Are you are you finished with
14	your
15	MR. WISNIEWSKI: No further questions,
16	Your Honor.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: And anyone else?
18	MS. VIGARS: Yes.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry, Ms. Vigars.
20	THE WITNESS: Is that the end of my
21	testimony?
22	MS. VIGARS: No, I'm sorry.
23	THE WITNESS: All right.
24	BY MS. VIGARS:
25	Q. I'm going to hand you a document

that is the prepared corrected testimony of Andrew Davis. This is where the full reference to the NARUC standard is provided to clarify the record and provide some ease to all the parties. We have the hyperlink in here. So what I'd like to do is hand you Mr. Davis' testimony so you can read the full title of the document and confirm that the website listed in his testimony is the same that you're referring to on the laptop. Is that you're comfortable doing that?

- A. Yeah.
- Q. Thank you. So I'm referring to Mr. Davis' corrected testimony, page 11, lines 10 through 18. Can you just identify the professional citation listed in the testimony in those lines?
- A. Yes, it's the National Regulatory
  Research Institute for the National Association of
  Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC), put it
  there Wind Energy and Wind Park Siting and Zoning
  Best Practices for States 2012. Available at --
- Q. You know what, here's what I'd like to do. Please look at the website written out in the testimony and then look at the website address and the electronic document you're viewing on the

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2	laptop, can you confirm they're similar?
3	A. They're not similar.
4	Q. They're not similar.
5	A. Sorry. The one on the website
6	starts with pubs.naruc.org. The one on the
7	provided in Mr. Davis' testimony starts with an
8	nrri.org.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: I cannot assume that
10	MS. VIGARS: I can withdraw.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: they're the same
12	document, but it sounds
13	MS. VIGARS: That's absolutely fine.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: like they are.
15	MS. VIGARS: Yes.
16	THE WITNESS: yeah.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: So I'm going to ask the
18	witness, are you
19	THE WITNESS: It's probably sure,
20	the documents are available on many locations.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
22	MS. VIGARS: Okay.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: All right. Mr
24	MS. VIGARS: I'm sorry. I do have 2
25	quick substitute questions.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: Sure, sorry. 2 BY MS. VIGARS: 3 (Cont'q.) 4 Referring you back to the 5 numerical breakdown of non-participating landowners that we went through previously pursuant to the 6 7 A.L.J.'s questions, do you recall that line of questioning? 8 I do, yes. 9 Okay. Those numbers that you 10 were referring to -- and again, that's the number of 11 non-participating residences that were above 30 hours 12 and we did classifications 40 to 50 hours, 50 to 60 13 14 hours, et cetera. Are those numbers of non-15 participating residences, were they the expected impacted residences or the worst case residences? 16 17 They were based on the results 18 from the modeling software. It's labeled expected 19 case. 20 So those are the --Q. 21 Α. Those are the expected case 22 numbers. In the Exhibit 7, Hearing Exhibit 23 Ο. 24 7 that we referred to which is Appendix 24B, that 25 document provides columns that detail worst case and

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2	expected. Can you confirm that?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Okay.
5	A. So the exhibit or Appendix 24B
6	provides the expected case. It provides predicted
7	shadow flicker days per year and predicted daily
8	shadow flicker hour and minutes per day.
9	Q. Does that document also provide
10	the expected case and the expected worst case values
11	of shadow flicker?
12	A. It does not. Are you on 24A, the
13	original one?
14	Q. Is this 24A, the original? Yes.
15	A. Okay. I can look at that.
16	Q. Can you explain the discrepancy -
17	- I'm sorry. I'm sorry, 24B of the original shadow
18	flicker analysis.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: When you say original -
20	_
21	MS. VIGARS: Filed as part of the
22	original application.
23	A.L.J. SHERMAN: So part of Exhibit 1.
24	MS. VIGARS: Part of Exhibit 1.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Part of Exhibit 1.

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2	BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'g.)
3	Q. So I'm referring to the shadow
4	flicker report October 2018.
5	A. Okay.
6	Q. Can you turn to that document?
7	A. I have that document in front of
8	me, yes.
9	Q. Okay. Can you confirm that that
10	was filed as part of the original application?
11	A. It was.
12	Q. Okay. So this is in reference t
13	Exhibit 1, Hearing Exhibit 1, Appendix 24B, correct?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Okay. Turning to that document,
16	the shadow flicker analysis provides values for both
17	the expected shadow flicker and the worst case shado
18	flicker, is that correct?
19	A. As appendices, yes.
20	Q. Okay. Can you identify which
21	appendices?
22	A. I do not have the appendices in
23	front of me, but I can look at the table of contents
24	and I should be able to tell you.
25	Q. Okay.

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A. So it would be attachment B
WindPRO Overview Reports and Calendars.
Q. Okay. So the number breakdown we
were discussing earlier in your testimony pursuant to
the A.L.J.'s questioning. Are those numbers
again, are they the expected shadow flicker values or
the worst case shadow flicker values?
A. They are the expected shadow
flicker values.
Q. Thank you. How do those figures
compared to the 30-hour standard?
A. As in I guess I'm not clear or
what the question is.
Q. Okay. You testified in response
to a question from A.L.J. Leary that 30 hours per
year was a standard for exposure to shadow flicker,
correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Is that 30 hours per year the
worst case or the expected case exposure?
A. Expected case.
Q. Thank you.
A.L.J. LEARY: We're going to take a

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2	MS. VIGARS: Okay.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: I had a request to the
4	lady to my left running the show. So if we could
5	just do that and come back
6	MS. VIGARS: We can do that.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: to
8	MS. VIGARS: I'll confirm whether we
9	have anything further or if we're concluded.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. And then I think
11	Mr. Dax has some re-direct.
12	MS. VIGARS: Okay.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Let's take a
14	quick break.
15	MS. VIGARS: Okay.
16	(Off the record, 10:31 to 10:47)
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Ms. Vigars, do you have
18	any additional questions for this witness?
19	MS. VIGARS: We have nothing further.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
21	MS. VIGARS: Thank you.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Anybody else? Okay.
23	Mr. Dax, your call
24	MR. DAX: Yes, thank you.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: re-direct?

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2	MR. DAX: Yes.
3	RE-DIRECT EXAMINATION
4	BY MR. DAX:
5	Q. Mr. Runner, you went through a
6	series of questions about various numbers of
7	receptors that would have shadow impacts, do you
8	recall that?
9	A. I do.
10	Q. And were those numbers based upor
11	a screening analysis that did not account for
12	vegetation?
13	A. Those numbers were not based on a
14	screening analysis.
15	Q. They were based on
16	A. The assumption that, you know,
17	there's no no obstacles blocking.
18	Q. I meant screening in a different
19	sense of the word.
20	A. Sorry.
21	Q. Let me clarify. Were were
22	those numbers given on the basis of a modeling
23	analysis that did not account for vegetation?
24	A. That is correct.
25	Q. And vegetation may block shadows

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 from falling on some of those receptors, is that 2 correct? 3 Α. That is correct. 4 5 Q. Would you turn to what has been identified as this part of exhibit hearing -- Hearing 6 Exhibit 7, it's Appendix 24.B memo, Part of Exhibit 7 24 that was updated and filed on May 24th. Do you 8 have that in front of you? 9 10 Α. I do. And I see there, it's a -- it's 11 12 in the form of a memorandum from you to Eric Miller dated May 21st, 2019, is that correct? 13 14 Α. That is correct. Would you turn to Page 10 of that 15 Q. report, of that memorandum? 16 17 Α. Okay. And would you read the first full 18 Ο. 19 paragraph opening sentence? 20 The viewshed analysis indicates Α. 21 that 139 of the 154 receptors predicted to experience 22 over 30 hours of shadow flicker will not have views of 23 the project after taking to account the screening 24 provided by buildings, trees and other objects large 25 enough to be resolved by Lidar Technology.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Would you explain what you mean 2 Q. by the viewshed analysis in that sentence? 3 Α. Yes, so the -- there was a 4 viewshed analysis that was conducted. It took into 5 6 account, you know, shows where turbines may or may not be visible based on existing obstacles in the 7 environment including trees. 8 MR. DAX: Nothing further. 9 10 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I have a 11 follow-up question. 12 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay, Mr. Wisniewski. 13 BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: 14 Mr. Runner, you just mentioned Q. 15 Lidar Technology? I believe you misheard that, I 16 Α. 17 said the --Can you re-read the paragraph Mr. 18 19 Dax had you read before or can we have it read back? 20 Α. Yeah, it's the viewshed analysis 21 indicates that a 139 of the 154 receptors predicted 22 to experience over 30 hours of shadow flicker will 23 not have views of the project after taking into 24 account the screening provided by buildings, trees 25 and other objects large enough to be resolved by

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Lidar Technology. And resolved in this instance is 2 meant to indicate that they could be picked up by 3 Lidar Technology. 4 A.L.J. LEARY: What kind of 5 6 technology? THE WITNESS: Lidar. So it's a --7 A.L.J. LEARY: So hold on. Could you 8 9 spell that for the record, please? 10 THE WITNESS: It's L-I-D-A-R. 11 BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: And Mr. Runner, to your knowledge, does that mean that only objects 12 large enough to be resolved by Lidar would be large 13 14 enough to block the shadow flicker? I'm not sure if that's the case. 15 Α. Can you please explain how Lidar 16 Ο. 17 is relevant to the mitigation? To mitigation? 18 Α. 19 Ο. Yeah. 20 Α. I mean, this was not necessarily a kind of mitigation, but I guess in a way it is. 21 22 Lidar is, you know, it provides a better resolution 23 for existing objects in the environment. So it 24 allows you to indicate if there's -- for screening

trees, other buildings that might, you know, provide

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 a blocking mechanism for views from a given grid cell 2 to a turbine. 3 MR. WISNIEWSKI: No further questions, 4 5 Your Honor. MR. DAX: Your Honor, I have one 6 question to make some clarity on this issue. 7 BY MR. DAX: 8 9 Mr. Runner, was -- was Lidar used 10 to further refine the modeling that had indicated that the numbers that we've been talking about 11 earlier as to how many receptors would receive 12 shadows? 13 14 Α. In the context that it was used 15 to develop a viewshed, yes. Thank you. 16 Ο. 17 MR. DAX: Okay. A.L.J. LEARY: So what is the assumed 18 19 height? This is the mystery for me. What is the 20 assumed height of the vegetation that may block the number of hours of shadow flicker? 21 22 THE WITNESS: So using Lidar 23 Technology, it provides a height of those features, 24 exact height so you don't have to use an assumed

25

height.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. And does that 2 technology indicate that -- let me ask you this. Is 3 there a model that -- that this all goes into and 4 5 spits out what you just testified about? 6 THE WITNESS: In a couple of ways so 7 that the viewshed analysis that was prepared for the V.I.A., right, you know, we use G.I.S. and overlay 8 that on to the receptors that, you know, were 9 identified in the shadow flicker model. So not 10 11 directly those 2 pieces aren't put together and then spit out result. 12 13 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Do you want to 14 do anything else? 15 MR. DAX: No. A.L.J. LEARY: Any other questions for 16 17 this witness, Mr. Wisniewski? MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes, Your Honor. 18 BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: 19 Mr. Runner, when were the Lidar 20 measurements taken? 21 22 So as stated on Page 9 of this 23 exhibit that we've been discussing in the last 24 paragraph, I'll read the sentence and then that'll 25 provide some clarity, or the portion. So the New

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2	York State G.I.S. program office, light detection and
3	ranging data for Allegany and Steuben Counties 2016.
4	Q. And it's fair to say that the
5	Lidar data has not been updated since 2016?
6	A. That's something I'm not aware
7	of.
8	Q. Would you be able to provide a
9	breakdown by percentage of how much of the screening
10	is being provided by vegetation, buildings or other
11	objects?
12	A. That data is not in my report.
13	MR. WISNIEWSKI: No further questions,
14	Your Honor.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: That data is not in
16	your report but would you be able to do you have
17	that kind of data even if it's not in your report?
18	THE WITNESS: I'm not sure if you can
19	break out, you know, the individual cover types. I
20	imagine given the type of software, you probably can,
21	but that's not under my
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Thank you. Mr.
23	Dax?
24	MR. DAX: Nothing further.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Nothing further? Okay.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 Thank you very much. THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honors. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: The witness is excused. 4 5 Okay. On to, let's see --6 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, can I be heard on another issue? 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, yes. 8 MR. WISNIEWSKI: With regard to the 9 10 testimony that was just given about health issues? 11 We've been reviewing the D.M.M. docket and it appears that there are 2 filings from the Department of 12 Health that are relevant to this issue that are not 13 14 currently in the record. To bring them into the 15 record, we have a few ideas, but the first I would propose is that we'd be granted leave to call Ms. 16 17 Mona Meagher to the stand as a witness. We believe she's familiar with the 18 19 documents or can testify whether she is or not and we believe she'd be allowed, she would -- she could lay 20 a foundation that would allow them to be admitted 21 22 into evidence. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: Well, let's do this as 24 easy -- easily as we can because I actually think Mr.

Dax is not going to have a problem with this, but I

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2	could be dead wrong. So let's identify the 2
3	documents to which you are referring, number 1, and
4	then let's hear from the other parties about whether
5	this is something we got we have to get crazy
6	about to call and call Ms. Meagher. Not that
7	that's any reflection on you, Ms. Meagher, it's just
8	that we have still quite a bit to do today. And so
9	what are the what are the documents by name and if
10	you have the D.M.M. numbers?
11	MS. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, the first
12	documents is titled response to CMORE letter from the
13	Department of Health and the D.M.M. item number is
14	241.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: And the date of that
16	response to CMORE letter?
17	MR. WISNIEWSKI: 7/12/2019.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: And what's the other
19	document?
20	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Bear with me while I
21	go down to it. Thank you. The second document is
22	D.O.H., that's Department of Health comments filed by
23	the New York State Department of Health D.M.M. item
24	number 40.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: And what is the date of

'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	that document?
3	MR. WISNIEWSKI: January 26th, 2018.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: And those are D.O.H.
5	comments on
6	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Those are D.O.H.
7	comments on the preliminary scoping statement which
8	are referenced by the D.O.H. letter which was filed
9	after the application was filed.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So Mr. Dax,
11	there are 2 D.O.H. documents that are filed in
12	D.M.M., and the question is whether we can get them
13	into this hearing record along with some other things
14	that are in D.M.M. that I think are listed.
15	MR. DAX: I have no objection to those
16	2 documents being marked as exhibits. They're on
17	D.M.M., they're public. I I have no objection.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Anyone else want
19	to be heard on those two documents, any objection to
20	those being included in the hearing record?
21	MS. PAULSEN: No, Your Honor.
22	MS. VIGARS: I'd just like to confirm
23	that both documents were filed by Department of
24	Health, did I hear that correctly?
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	MR. WISNIEWSKI: That's correct.
3	MS. VIGARS: D.P.S. has no objection.
4	Thank you.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Mullen, any
6	objection?
7	MR. MULLEN: No objection.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Having heard no
9	objection, I'm going to add to the exhibit list as
10	Exhibits 218. Is that correct?
11	MS. O'TOOLE: 219.
12	MS. SENLET: 219.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Where is 218?
14	MS. O'TOOLE: 218 was the what was
15	emailed, Your Honor.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. I'm looking
17	over at my pile here and so 219 and 220.
18	MS. WISNIEWSKI: And Your Honor, do
19	you want me to email copies of those to all parties?
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Does anybody need Mr.
21	Wisniewski to email these documents?
22	MR. DAX: They're on D.M.M. I don't
23	need them.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: They're on D.M.M., I
25	don't think it's necessary, but I will have them

'	To-r-0203 - Callisted Willd Ellergy - 6-21-19
2	printed out and put in the official exhibit pile that
3	I have over here
4	MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you, Your Honor.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: so that they will be
6	certainly considered. Okay. Where are we?
7	MS. O'TOOLE: Which will be 219 and
8	which will be 220?
9	A.L.J. LEARY: 219 will be the first
10	that Mr. Wisniewski discussed which was the July
11	12th, 2019 D.O.A. res D.O.H.'s response to CMORE
12	letter. 220 will be the January 26th, 2018 D.O.H.
13	comments on the preliminary scoping statement.
14	MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you, Your Honor.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. We have next, I
16	think, we're going to save Mr. Hecklau for just
17	before the site visit. So we have Mr. Woodcock next,
18	I believe.
19	MR. DAX: It's fine, yes.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Is that okay?
21	MS. SENLET: Yes, Your Honor.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Mr. Woodcock,
23	are you here?
24	MR. WOODCOCK: Yes.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Great. Would you raise

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	your right hand, please? Do you swear that the
3	testimony you're about to give is the truth and the
4	whole truth?
5	MR. WOODCOCK: Yes, I do.
6	WITNESS; GORDON WOODCOCK, Sworn
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Would you state your
8	name and affiliation for the record?
9	THE WITNESS: Gordon Woodcock with
10	Invenergy.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. And your
12	witness.
13	BY MS. SENLET:
14	Q. Good morning, Mr. Woodcock, how
15	are you?
16	A. Doing well, thanks.
17	O Mr. Woodgook in front of you do
	Q. Mr. Woodcock, in front of you do
18	you have a document titled direct corrected
18 19	
	you have a document titled direct corrected
19	you have a document titled direct corrected rebuttal testimony of Gordon Woodcock?
19 20	you have a document titled direct corrected rebuttal testimony of Gordon Woodcock?  A. I do.
19 20 21	you have a document titled direct corrected rebuttal testimony of Gordon Woodcock?  A. I do.  Q. Originally filed July 31st,
19 20 21 22	you have a document titled direct corrected rebuttal testimony of Gordon Woodcock?  A. I do. Q. Originally filed July 31st, corrected August 2nd.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. And that document also has 8
4	exhibits attached to it, is that correct?
5	A. Yes. Just make sure I have them
6	all. Yeah.
7	Q. Aside from the corrections that
8	were made on August 7th, do you have any corrections
9	to your rebuttal testimony, Mr. Woodcock?
10	A. Yes, I have one. Let me find it.
11	On Page 15 lines 6 through 8 we indicate we mailed
12	Mr. Sharkey an updated notice of filing as part of
13	D.M.M. item number 155. He was not on that
14	particular mailing. He did receive a separate
15	notification, but it was not that one.
16	Q. How would you correct your
17	testimony, if you can walk us through the lines?
18	A. An updated notice of filing and
19	advisement of upcoming open houses sent in January
20	2019.
21	Q. Do you have any other corrections
22	to your testimony, Mr. Woodcock?
23	A. No, I do not.
24	MS. SENLET: Your Honor, I have a
25	procedural question and just wanted to figure out how

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
we can work it out. In Mr. Woodcock's testimony he
does identify in the rebuttal testimony that Mr.
Woodcock and Department of Agriculture and Department
of Agriculture and Markets staff, Mr. Saviola were
going to meet, they were about to meet right before
this testimony was filed. That meeting has occurred.

And if you look at Mr. Woodcock's testimony page 3, there is a table that lays out what happened right before that meeting. Mr. Woodcock and Mr. Saviola met last Wednesday and they came to some kind of agreement for all of the items that are listed on that table. I have been in communications with Mr. Wells -- Ms. Wells, the attorney for them. So we would like to get the outcome of that meeting into record. And I shared that with Ms. Tara Wells, she needs to share it with Mr. Saviola, I don't see that she will have any objections. My understanding is that with those corrections she still does not need to cross examine this witness. We are talking as we speak because she needs to clarify things with Mr. Saviola.

For procedurally how would you prefer for that correction to that table? Would you like Mr. Woodcock to identify them right now in the record

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 or would you like us to prefer -- provide in writing? 2 A.L.J. LEARY: Ms. Wells is not here -3 4 MS. SENLET: Correct, Your Honor. 5 A.L.J. LEARY: -- to be heard on this. 6 And I assumed that's because there was a meeting 7 between Mr. Saviola and the witness. I'm surmising 8 9 that. 10 MS. SENLET: Uh-huh. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: The best way to 12 proceed, you're free to ask him today. 13 MS. SENLET: Uh-huh. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: And I don't -- subject 15 to objection which I don't anticipate we will hear, but let's see. You're free to ask him about what 16 17 that purported agreement is, but without Ms. Wells here, it's a little unusual to do that. 18 19 A second option would be to submit 20 either with your post-hearing brief or more immediately so the parties don't have to address it 21 22 in their briefs, whatever that agreement is, whatever 23 that revised table is so in written form and you can 24 move it as an exhibit into the hearing record at that

time, as a hearing exhibit. As -- as a revision to

25

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	his or an update to his testimony. So I'm concerned
3	that Ms. Wells isn't here to sort of sit next to you
4	and propose
5	MS. SENLET: Uh-huh.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: what the procedure
7	would be. Anybody have any input on this at all? It
8	sounds like there's a deal reached, is that correct?
9	MS. SENLET: That's correct.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: But that deal was not
11	signed, sealed and delivered?
12	MS. SENLET: In writing right now.
13	I'm waiting on an email from Ms. Wells saying we go
14	ahead.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So it's not a
16	deal. If it's not in writing
17	MS. SENLET: It was it was
18	correct.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: it's not a deal.
20	MS. SENLET: It was an oral oral
21	agreement that we have reached last night.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Not a deal among
23	lawyers. It's not deal. So you can't ask this
24	witness anything about that.
25	MS. SENLET: If we may do it this way,

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19

once we have the deal in writing, we will admitted -we will ask to be admitted into evidence. We won't
wait until the hearing -- further hearing documents,
we will just do it immediately today or tomorrow --

A.L.J. LEARY: Terrific.

MS. SENLET: -- as soon as we have it.

And I will send it to all the parties. Ms. Tara

Wells will be also included in that list. And I will

ask her if she -- looking at that exhibit though

she's still not anticipate any -- any cross

examination for this witness and then she can

respond.

A.L.J. LEARY: Let's put aside her right to cross examine this witness because she's going to have that right after this hearing if all -- everything falls apart, that has been going on between you. The limitation on your questioning this witness without Ms. Wells here is that this witness may not say or testify that there's a deal reached between Ag & Markets and the applicant. This witness can't say what Canisteo Wind now proposes that will update that testimony. That's what that witness can say. You cannot talk about a deal, however, or ask questions about any agreement or anything Mr. Saviola

And

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 or Ms. Wells has said because they're not here. 2 I suspect they're not here because you, in good 3 faith, both of you worked out something that is an 4 5 agreement or tentative agreement. 6 So can you proceed in that way, feel 7 free to update his testimony verbally with Canisteo Wind's new position? 8 MS. SENLET: We can do that, Your 9 10 Honor. And then we'll follow up with a red line version of the testimony. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah, I wouldn't do 12 I would -- I would create a whole document 13 14 that simply revises that table consistent with what 15 you and Ms. Wells and Mr. Saviola and the applicant agreed to file that as a hearing exhibit --16 17 MS. SENLET: Okay. A.L.J. LEARY: -- standalone hearing 18 19 exhibit. And Ms. Wells needs to have agreed to that 20 in writing for us to see in order for you to file and 21 get that admitted, okay? That's -- I think that's 22 the best way to approach it. 23

MS. SENLET: Easiest way to approach it. Are you comfortable going through the table today Mr. Woodcock?

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25

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 THE WITNESS: I believe so, yes. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Terrific. But I 3 4 want the record to reflect that this testimony does 5 not reflect any agreement with the Department of Agriculture and Markets because they're not here to 6 7 concur and indicate that such an agreement has been reached. Okay? 8 MS. SENLET: Understood, Your Honor. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: And good luck. I hope 11 it actually gets finished soon. 12 MS. SENLET: Before we move on to that, should we finish everything else and then I 13 14 will ask questions about his rebuttal testimony? A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. 15 16 BY MS. SENLET: (Cont'q.) 17 Mr. Woodcook, I was asking you, besides the issues that we have discussed, do you 18 19 have any other corrections or additions to your 20 testimony that was filed, corrected on August 7th, 2019? 21 22 No, I do not. 23 Ο. If I've already asked you the 24 question, same questions today, would your answers be 25 the same?

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Yes, they would.
3	Q. Do you affirm that testimony and
4	the exhibits attached therein are true and accurate
5	to the best of your knowledge?
6	A. Yes, I do.
7	Q. Mr. Woodcock
8	MS. SENLET: Before we move on, I
9	would like to move Mr. Woodcock's rebuttal testimony
10	corrected August 7th, 2019 and the 8 exhibits that
11	are attached to the testimony into evidence, Your
12	Honor. And the exhibit numbers that were pre-
13	assigned for Mr. Woodcock's rebuttal testimony are 34
14	through 41.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you.
16	BY MS. SENLET: (Cont'g.)
17	Q. Mr. Woodcock, have you also
18	sponsored
19	A.L.J. SHERMAN: I'm sorry, did you
20	move those in?
21	MS. SENLET: Yes, would like to,
22	right.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? So
24	admitted.
25	BY MS. SENLET: (Cont'g.)

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Q. Mr. Woodcock, have you also
3	sponsored part parts of the application that was
4	submitted by Canisteo Wind Energy, LLC?
5	A. Yes, in pre-hearing or, I guess,
6	pre-hearing testimony, have exhibit 2, 3, 4, 6, 13,
7	18, 25 and 31 from the Article 10 permit application.
8	Q. Is there anything else that you
9	provided as part of the application, Mr. Woodcock?
10	A. I don't believe so.
11	Q. Okay.
12	MS. SENLET: And Your Honor, those
13	were identified as exhibit Hearing Exhibit 1 as
14	part of the application that was filed in November of
15	2016.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: What part of 1? I
17	heard very quickly
18	MS. SENLET: Okay.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: I just
20	MS. SENLET: Do you want me to just
21	lay them out again, the exhibits
22	A.L.J. LEARY: No, I think they're in
23	the record.
24	MS. SENLET: under the application.

# STATE OF NEW YORK BOARD ON ELECTRIC GENERATION SITING AND THE ENVIRONMENT

In the Matter of

CANISTEO WIND ENERGY LLC

Case 16-F-0205

Application of Canisteo Wind Energy LLC for a :

Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public :

Need Pursuant to Article 10 for Construction of a :

Wind Project Located in Steuben County.

# PREPARED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF GORDON WOODCOCK

July 31, 2019 Revised on August 7, 2019 and August 21, 2019

> Gordon Woodcock Invenergy LLC One South Wacker Drive, Suite 1800 Chicago, Illinois 60606

1	Q.	Have you previously filed testimony in this proceeding?
2	A.	Yes, testimony that was pre-filed with the Canisteo Wind Application.
3	Q.	What is the purpose of this testimony?
4	A.	To respond to testimonies filed by CMORE, John Sharkey, and his expert,
5		Mr. Nolt as they relate to community outreach, project participation, and
6		shadows. I will also respond to testimonies filed on behalf of the
7		Department of Agriculture and Markets concerning access roads and
8		drainage terraces, and the Department of Public Service's Consumer
9		Services Panel regarding community outreach and the Public Involvement
10		Plan (PIP).
11		AGRICULTURE AND MARKETS
12	Q.	Have you reviewed the direct testimony filed by Michael Saviola of
13		Department of Agriculture and Markets?
14	A.	Yes.
15	Q.	How do you respond to his recommendations about changes to the
16		access road locations, ECS impacts to diversion terraces, and
17		recommendation for a full time qualified agricultural drainage
18		specialist?

A.

#### Gordon Woodcock Invenergy, LLC

Invenergy consulted directly with landowners to get feedback on project component siting and incorporated that feedback into the layout submitted on May 24, 2019. Two access roads identified by Mr. Saviola, one to turbine 27 and one to turbine 32, were already shifted based on landowner feedback. In addition to the responses to recommended access road changes in the table below, CWE will reach out to Mr. Saviola to schedule site visits with CWE representatives and landowners to discuss the potential changes in more detail.

**Table 1: Agriculture and Markets Recommended Changes** 

Access Road to turbine #	Requested Change	Invenergy Response
7	The access road leading to T-7 should be moved approximately 400 feet south and follow the edge of the field.	The grades seem reasonable; however, this location will introduce some temporary, possibly permanent impact to wetland 6D to accommodate the large turning radius.
27	The access road leading to T-27 should be moved approximately 250 feet north and run adjacent to an existing small hedgerow in order to avoid bisecting this field into two smaller fields	Adjusted road based on LO feedback received 1/29/18 to follow existing road; LO was not otherwise concerned about access road. The suggested shift places the intersection of the access road at a 10% grade. In order to accommodate this request, a much larger road re-alignment would be required here.
32	The access road to T-32 should be shifted to the north directly adjacent to the hedgerow.	Access road has been moved as far north as it can go already (based on LO feedback); due to the steep slopes in the area, and the depth of cut required, we will be grading away from the road at a 3:1 slope for approximately 70'. This will render this corner of the field unusable anyway
67, 68	**	We believe Mr. Saviola means T67 and T68 (T66 is on its own road and does not have the ability to shift 300' to the east): This shift seems appropriate, based on the existing grades. The road may not be able to be shifted quite this far as we approach T67, as the grades east to T67 become very steep.
128	The access road to T-128 should be shifted slightly to the west and follow the edge of the existing wooded hedgerow.	Shifting the road as suggested would shorten the road by approximately 100°. This change results in vertical road geometry that is not drivable by component delivery vehicles.

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#### Gordon Woodcock Invenergy, LLC

# Q. How do you respond to Mr. Saviola's concerns regarding drain tiles?

A. In general, and as previously stated in CWE's response to DAM-2 Exhibit\_(GW-8), "The Applicant has sited the Facility to minimize impacts to agricultural lands and infrastructure to the maximum extent practicable. It is the Applicant's intention to first avoid disturbing or damaging subsurface drain tiles by meeting with landowners and identifying the approximate location of such tiles (if possible) prior to the installation of the buried collection lines. However, in the event that damage to drain tiles occurs during the installation of the buried collection system, the Applicant will confer with the landowner and repair the drain tiles to as close to preconstruction conditions as possible unless those structures are to be removed as part of the Facility design. The repair of drain tiles will follow NYSDAM specifications." For reference, CWE's drain tile repair specification may be found in the project site plans filed May 24, 2019 on the DMM (DMM Item No. 217, cwe\_11a\_Preliminary Design Drawings Part 7 -rev1.pdf, Drawing Number C-607, Detail 2).

# Q. How do you respond to Mr. Saviola's concerns regarding diversion terraces?

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#### Gordon Woodcock Invenergy, LLC

A. In general and as previously stated in CWE's response to DAM-2, "The Applicant has sited the Facility to minimize impacts to agricultural lands and infrastructure to the maximum extent practicable. The Applicant has met with landowners to identify areas where diversion terraces in agricultural lands exist during the siting process. However, if damage to diversion terraces occurs during the installation of the buried collection system, the Applicant will repair the diversion terraces to preconstruction conditions, unless these structures are to be removed as part of Facility design, or as otherwise discussed with landowners. Any repairs made to diversion terraces will be done in coordination with the local agriculture extension office and NYSDAM as necessary to address any impacts to diversion terraces." For reference, CWE's diversion terrace protection, mat, and repair specifications may be found in the project site plans filed May 24, 2019 on the DMM (DMM Item No. 217, cwe\_11a\_Preliminary Design Drawings Part 7 -rev1.pdf, Drawing Number C-607, Details 3, 4, and 5). Q. How do you respond to Mr. Saviola's request for a full-time agricultural drainage specialist to assist the Project Environmental Monitor?

1 A. CWE agrees that proper repair of drain tiles and diversion terraces is an 2 important consideration and should be handled by personnel proficient in 3 such work; however, a full-time consultant is unnecessary given CWE's 4 commitment to work with landowners identifying and avoiding drain tiles 5 and diversion terraces wherever practicable. CWE welcomes NYSDAM 6 staff review of Project Environmental Monitor qualifications to ensure the 7 consultant has sufficient experience and knowledge related to agricultural 8 drainage and engineered structures such as drain tiles and diversion 9 terraces. 10 **CMORE** 11 Q. Have you reviewed the direct testimony filed by CMORE for Timothy 12 Brown, Bruce Fry, and Jessica Lemay? 13 A. Yes. 14 Mr. Fry testifies on behalf of himself, his wife, children, and Q. 15 grandchildren that the project will impact him and his family. Does he 16 accurately state the project impacts on his property and negative 17 effects? 18 A. No, not entirely. Based on the latest layout submitted May 24, 2019 the 19 Fry residence (receptor 323):

1		<ul> <li>is predicted to have 47:51 hours of shadow hours per year instead</li> </ul>
2		of 60 hours.
3		• The modeled noise at that receptor is 43.5 dBA ESL instead of 44
4		dBA.
5		• Turbines 66, 67, and 68 are approximately 1575 ft., 1950 ft., and
6		2210 ft from his residence and do comply with the Town of
7		Greenwood and Town of Jasper setbacks which are the towns
8		hosting those turbines.
9		Regarding, Mr. Fry's statement that the negative effects of wind turbines
10		outweigh the positive, New York state has determined in the Generic
11		Environmental Impact Statement and its supplement in PSC Case 13-E-
12		0302 that renewable energy including wind is needed and beneficial. The
13		Article 10 process authorizes the Siting Board to make similar
14		determinations on a project specific basis.
15	Q.	Mr. Fry states that he first heard about the project from CMORE in
16		January 2019. Did CWE send any information to Mr. Fry's residence
17		before that date and was any information mailed to the Fry residence
18		after January 2019?

1	A.	Yes, as documented in Appendix 2c, rev 1 of the amended Article 10
2		permit application and on the DMM CWE sent out the following notices
3		that were mailed to the Fry residence:
4		1) CWE sent a mass mailing in August 2016 totaling 13,717 pieces
5		to area residents including all those in the 14839 postal code.
6		2) CWE sent a postcard in June 2017 to the listed stakeholders
7		which includes Bruce and Tamara Fry at the address listed in Mr. Fry's
8		testimony.
9		3) CWE sent notification in April 2019 of the Public Statement
10		Hearing to Bruce Fry again using the same address listed in Mr. Fry's
11		testimony. (2145 Alvord Hill Rd, Greenwood, NY 14839-9783.) (DMM
12		Item No. 194).
13		Additionally, the Applicant posted notices in area periodicals
14		intended to raise awareness of the Project and maintained a local office in
15		the Town of Canisteo starting in January 2018. Affidavits of publication
16		and copies of notices may be found on the DMM site (DMM item No.'s
17		18, 37, 54, 97, 137, 202, 205).
18	Q.	Mr. Fry indicates that he was incorrectly listed as a project
19		participant. How do you respond to that assertion?

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#### Gordon Woodcock Invenergy, LLC

1	A.	As noted in Exhibit 6 of the Article 10 permit application, CWE assumed
2		(for the sake of Figure 19-1 and the maps and setback tables contained in
3		Exhibit 6) that "properties are considered participating if they have signed
4		an agreement with CWE or discussing such an agreement with CWE".
5		CWE understands that those marked as "participating" because they are in
6		negotiations are under no obligation and may ultimately choose not to sign
7		an agreement and will ultimately be considered non-participating.
8		Following the production of the Turbine Setback Map – Jasper, provided
9		in April 2019 (in which the parcel is marked as a "Non-Participating
10		Property") CWE identified a handful of parcels adjacent to project
11		facilities with which CWE intended to engage to see if they were
12		interested in participating in the project by signing a lease or setback
13		agreement. Mr. Fry's parcel was among those prioritized for contact,
14		though after multiple attempts CWE was unable to make contact. Thus the
15		intended negotiations did not occur as anticipated. Given Mr. Fry's
16		publicly stated concerns about the project, CWE no longer considers his
17		parcel to be "participating".
18	Q.	Mr. Brown testifies on behalf of himself, his wife, children, and

grandchildren regarding concerns about shadow flicker interactions

1		with CWE. Does he accurately represent the project impacts and
2		interactions?
3	A.	No, not entirely. Based on the latest layout submitted May 24, 2019 Mr.
4		Brown's residence (receptor 120) will receive 40:38 hours of annual
5		shadows as he mentions. Mr. Brown also states that he has not been
6		offered a good neighbor agreement. However, Mr. Brown has been
7		actively posting on the DMM site since August 2018 and strongly opposes
8		the project. Since August 2018 he has also been a frequent attendee of
9		town board meetings in Jasper and Canisteo during which he has voiced
10		opposition to the project. Mr. Brown was not initially contacted regarding
11		a setback agreement because his residence is approximately 2300' from
12		the nearest turbine. That said, CWE welcomes the opportunity to discuss a
13		setback agreement with Mr. Brown.
14	Q.	Mr. Brown also indicates that CWE has not responded to repeated
15		requests for additional information regarding shadows. Is that
16		accurate?
17	A.	No. As Mr. Brown states, he and Mona Meagher corresponded with CWE
18		multiple times regarding receptor identification and shadow hours.
19		Contrary to his assertion that it was a tedious process, a property owner

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Q.

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#### Gordon Woodcock Invenergy, LLC

could readily identify their receptor on the noise contour map and cross reference that with the shadow hours provided in the shadow tables of Appendix 24b. To further address their concerns and to provide other options for identifying shadow hours at residences, I sent Ms. Meagher a digital file on December 6, 2018 that enabled lookup of any receptor in the project area based on address. Ms. Meagher showed proficiency with the tool when I met with her and Mr. Brown on February 13, 2019 during which she had a list of several receptors and their corresponding shadow hours. CWE provided receptor tables grouped by town and listed alphabetically by landowner at the April 16, 2019 public statement hearings along with updated maps showing receptors in the six Project towns. CWE has repeatedly responded to Mr. Brown and his CMORE counterparts to provide accurate information and discuss project concerns with them. Ms. Lemay indicates she had misleading discussions with an Invenergy representative, Tim Bizarro, regarding a setback waiver. Do you have any knowledge of this? We contacted the Lemays in 2017 to see if they were interested in participating in the project. My understanding of this interaction is that

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Mr. Bizarro spoke with Ms. Lemay and her husband a few times both on the phone and in person regarding their potential participation in the project by signing a setback waiver. Mr. Bizarro indicated that the payment terms can be frontloaded so that the landowner can choose to receive payments through sixteen years that equal the same net present value as the original offer of payments over a 40-year term. I have not heard any other complaints from area landowners asserting misleading business practices by Mr. Bizarro or any other Project representative, nor would Invenergy tolerate such behavior. We encourage landowners to consult with counsel before signing agreements and have paid legal fees for such consultations when landowners sign agreements. Are there any other aspects of Ms. Lemay's testimony that you would like to address? Yes, Ms. Lemay states that she first became aware of the project in November 2017 when contacted via mail by Mr. Bizarro. That may be Ms. Lemay's first acknowledged receipt of Canisteo material; however, as documented in Appendix 2c, rev 1 of the amended Article 10 permit application and on the DMM CWE sent out the following notices that were mailed to the Lemay residence:

1	• CWE sent a mass mailing in August 2016 totaling 13,717 pieces to
2	area residents including those in the 14885 postal code.
3	• CWE sent a postcard in June 2017 to listed stakeholders including
4	the Lemay residence at 3072 Prutsman Road in Troupsburg.
5	In addition, following the November 2017 contact the following
6	notifications occurred:
7	• CWE mailed a notification of the application filing on or about
8	October 2018 to the Lemay residence as indicated on the Affidavit
9	of Service (DMM Item No. 154).
10	CWE sent an updated notice of filing and advisement of upcoming
11	Open Houses to the Lemays in January 2019 as specified in the
12	Affidavit of Service (DMM Item No. 155)
13	• CWE sent notification in April 2019 of the Public Statement
14	Hearing to Jessica & Mark Lemay using the address 3072
15	Prutsman Rd, Troupsburg, NY 14885-9613. (Affidavit of Mailing,
16	DMM Item No. 194)
17	Additionally, the Applicant posted notices in area periodicals intended
18	to raise awareness of the Project and maintained a regularly staffed local
19	office in the Town of Canisteo starting in January 2018. Affidavits of

1		publication and copies of notices may be found on the DMM site (DMM
2		item No.'s 18, 37, 54, 97, 137, 202, 205). Finally, I corresponded directly
3		with Ms. Lemay by email and notified her on January 3, 2019 of the
4		January 29 and 30, 2019 open houses.
5		JOHN SHARKEY – PUBLIC PARTICIPATION
6	Q.	Have you reviewed the direct testimony filed by John Sharkey?
7	A.	Yes.
8	Q.	Mr. Sharkey testifies on behalf of himself as an individual party about
9		public involvement, visual impacts, socioeconomic effects,
10		environmental justice, and local laws and ordinances. He also
11		recounts his history and involvement in the project. Do you have any
12		comments regarding his statements regarding public involvement?
13	A.	Regarding communication between CWE and Mr. Sharkey, his testimony
14		contains contradictions and attempts to misleadingly portray CWE as non-
15		communicative for extended periods of time. He states that following an
16		initial Project notification from a neighbor in summer of 2016 and
17		subsequent consultation with Invenergy's local representative, Marguerite
18		Wells, Mr. Sharkey, " did not hear anything further about CWE until a
19		friend informed me that a meeting was being held on March 13, 2018,"

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1	yet later on page 14 of his testimony he acknowledges attending an open
2	house on July 18, 2017. Beyond that, the following notifications were sent
3	to his part-time residence in Troupsburg:
4	• A notification of the application filing on or about October 2018
5	(DMM Item No. 154).
6	• An advisement of upcoming Open Houses sent in January 2019.
7	• A notification sent in April 2019 of the Public Statement Hearing
8	(Affidavit of Mailing, DMM Item No. 194).
9	All mailings were sent to his Troupsburg address which is approximately
10	8700' from the nearest proposed wind turbine sites (sites 101 and 102).
11	Also, as indicated elsewhere in his testimony Eric Miller and I met
12	with Mr. Sharkey on July 17, 2018 (not 2017 as he indicates) at his
13	residence in Troupsburg, and following that, I met briefly with Mr.
14	Sharkey at Corning, Inc.'s headquarters in the morning of September 20,
15	2018. There were additional conversations at the Visual Impact
16	Assessment Community Meeting on August 2, 2018 at the Jasper-
17	Troupsburg Junior-Senior High School and at the Canisteo Open House on

January 29, 2019. CWE frequently communicated with Mr. Sharkey both

as an individual expressing his concerns about turbine locations and

1		separately in his self-proclaimed role as a community haison and President
2		of CMORE.
3	Q.	Mr. Sharkey outlines several issues associated with CWE Open
4		Houses and indicates that CWE failed to make information accessible
5		to the public. Does he accurately represent the Open Houses and
6		CWE's efforts to encourage public involvement?
7	A.	No. Mr. Sharkey mentions an issue with one of the Visual Simulations at
8		the January 2019 Open House. Jake Runner from EDR and I reviewed the
9		photo-simulation with Mr. Sharkey and noted that more turbines were
10		shown in the simulation than should have been based on the viewshed
11		shown in the legend. While CWE strives to accurately present information
12		to stakeholders Mr. Sharkey's complaint in this case is that CWE
13		exaggerated the Project's visual impacts in one of our graphics.
14		Mr. Sharkey also states that he was not provided any information
15		about the Article 10 process, potential environmental impacts, or how
16		people can participate or receive intervenor funding. CWE staff engage
17		personally and professionally with all Open House attendees. At a
18		minimum, Open Houses have:

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- detailed maps outlining noise impacts, visual impacts, and turbine locations,
  - informational flyers outlining the Project and intervenor funding,
- stakeholder sign-up cards,
  - official Project filings (PIP, PSS, Article 10 application and supplements on file at time of Open House), and
  - Invenergy staff and consultants on-hand to answer any procedural, technical, or general questions posed by attendees.

I spoke with Mr. Sharkey directly at the January 2019 Open House and did not mention the Article 10 process or intervenor funding to him knowing that he was well aware of the details based on my previous discussions with him and his participation in CMORE. Mr. Eric Miller from Invenergy and Mr. Jake Runner from EDR also spoke with Mr. Sharkey but may not have mentioned the Article 10 process for similar reasons. However, people unfamiliar with the Project are provided ample information about Article 10 and intervenor funds. Indeed, Mr. Sharkey himself has been involved in the intervenor funding request process, and despite the opposition from the local towns, Mr. Sharkey has been awarded intervenor funds totaling \$73,925 to date in this proceeding.

1	Thus, himself and his attorneys have had ample knowledge about the
2	intervenor funding.
3	Personally, I have explained the Article 10 process to stakeholders at
4	Open Houses. Photographs from the January 2019 Open Houses are
5	provided as Exhibit(GW-1) to provide an idea of how much information
6	is made available to Open House attendees. Appendix 2c, rev 1 from the
7	Application supplement provides example flyers that are handed out at
8	Open Houses.
9	CWE has maintained a regularly staffed local office in Canisteo since
10	January 2018 where project information is readily available for review and
11	discussion. Other Project document repositories included the following
12	locations:
13	Cameron Town Hall
14	Canisteo Town Hall
15	Greenwood Town Hall
16	Hornell Public Library
17	Jasper Town Hall
18	Jasper Free Library
19	Troupsburg Town Hall

1		West Union Town Hall
2		Wimodaughsian Free Library
3	Q.	Mr. Sharkey also asserts that the public was excluded from the
4		selection of representative viewpoints for photo-simulations. Is that an
5		accurate statement?
6	A.	No. CWE held three meetings on August 2, 2018 to solicit public input on
7		viewpoint selection for photo-simulations. These Visual Impact
8		Assessment (VIA) Community Meetings were well attended. CWE
9		opened each meeting with a brief introduction including an outline of the
10		Article 10 process and stakeholder participation. Project consultant EDR
11		explained the viewpoint selection process and shared example viewpoints.
12		Meeting participants then met with CWE and EDR staff to identify
13		additional candidate viewpoints on large-scale maps. Public input
14		influenced the VIA report provided in Appendix 24a of the Article 10
15		permit application. For example, Viewpoint 197 was added to simulate the
16		visual impacts of the Project near TripEnd Brewing which was requested
17		by a meeting participant.

1	Q.	vii. Sharkey expresses grave concerns about whether Annish
2		community members in the Project area have been properly
3		consulted. Do you share his concerns?
4	A.	No. CWE has spoken directly with many whom we believe are members
5		of the Amish community based on cultural attributes. In fact, eight
6		landowners who have leases for the project are identified as Amish in Mr.
7		Sharkey's exhibit listing members of the Amish community (Ex_JS-20) or
8		elsewhere in his testimony. This fact alone disputes Mr. Sharkey and Mr.
9		Nolt's claim that Amish community in the area is opposed to the Project.
10		CWE has maintained regular communication with all participating
11		landowners including Amish residents, sent project updates, and asked for
12		feedback on project component locations. We have received mailed
13		requests from one individual on Mr. Sharkey's list who asked us to adjust
14		an electrical collection route through his property which was done.
15		Furthermore, CWE has notified adjacent landowners as further outlined in
16		the Public Involvement Plan about upcoming events and opportunities to
17		comment on the project. CWE's efforts to engage landowners, including
18		Amish community members, directly through land agents and through
19		mailings have been respectful and effective. We have been present in the

1		community for years and have spoken with many different landowners and
2		residents regarding the Project, including those who are Amish.
3	Q.	Mr. Sharkey, and his expert Mr. Nolt, are especially concerned about
4		those residents of the host community that speak a language other
5		than English as the primary language at home. Were you able to
6		provide project information and outreach to those individuals?
7	A.	Yes. Mr. Sharkey cites language barriers as a potential concern and
8		references CWE's Public Involvement Plan which determined 5.7% of
9		Study Area residents have a language other than English as their primary
10		language. Although many of the Amish speak a German dialect at home
11		and within their Amish community and would be considered to speak "a
12		language other than English as the primary language spoken at home", it is
13		my experience that most are also fluent in English. I believe, Mr.
14		Sharkey's expert on the Amish would concur as he wrote previously: "All
15		speak a German dialect as their first language, but they also learn to read,
16		write, and speak English as their second language" (Nolt 2016).
17		Mr. Sharkey criticizes CWE mailings as being ineffective yet the
18		mailing for the Public Statement Hearing in April 2019 contains the
19		mailing address for the Siting Board and the envelopes listed Invenergy's

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office as the return address. Mr. Sharkey references a public comment from Mr. Enos Kauffman that was written on a mailing sent out by a project opponent. In that respect, it seems that mailings can be an effective method of communicating with the Amish community. I am confident that the steps taken under the Public Involvement Plan provided a meaningful public outreach to the Amish community as well.

#### **GRASSLAND BIRDS**

Q. Do you have any observations with respect to the land use of the fields that contain the nine turbines discussed on pg 15 of DEC's Grassland Bird Testimony (16-F-0205 NYSDEC Grassland Bird Panel)?
 A. Yes, DEC seems to make an assumption that the agricultural fields in question will be maintained as grassland bird habitat if the turbines were

not located in those fields. This assumption is unproven and speculative. Of the fields identified the Grassland Bird Panel as being in suitable habitat, all are currently mowed every year and 6 of the fields are currently managed in a regular rotation in which it will alternate between hay, corn and wheat on a regular basis. As they are currently managed there is no guarantee they will continue to provide suitable habitat as described by the

panel on pgs 6-8 in their testimony.

1		SOCIOECONOMIC EFFECTS
2	Q.	Mr. Sharkey comments that the Project will have a negative impact
3		on land prices and tourism. Is that an accurate conclusion?
4	A.	No. The most reliable and objective study to date which was released by
5		Lawrence Berkeley National Lab in August 2013 found no evidence of
6		wind turbines affecting home prices within the vicinity of a wind project.
7		This study and a related fact sheet are provided as Exhibit_(GW-2) and
8		Exhibit(GW-3). Regarding tourism, based on relatively recent studies
9		from Scotland (Exhibit(GW-4) and Exhibit(GW-5) which has a
10		thriving wind energy development industry CWE does not believe the
11		Project will have an impact on tourism in and around the Project Area.
12	Q.	Have you reviewed Dr. Nolt's testimony?
13	A.	Yes
14	Q.	Dr. Nolt testifies on behalf of Mr. John Sharkey, an individual party
15		with the purpose of educating the Siting Board about the Amish
16		community in the Project area. Does Dr. Nolt properly represent the
17		scope of CWE's communication with the Amish?
18	A.	No. Dr. Nolt decries our in-person communications as cold-calls that are
19		unlikely to establish trust within the Amish community. In reality, our

land agents communicate regularly with landowners before and after they
sign agreements. This is necessary to familiarize landowners with the
agreement details, answer questions about the project, and build a strong
working relationship with any participants. Based on the list of Amish
landowners provided by Mr. John Sharkey (Exhibit JS-20) and
information included elsewhere in his testimony, eight CWE-participating
landowners are members of the Amish community. Contrary to Dr. Nolt's
conclusion that no meaningful communication took place between CWE
staff and the Amish community, the participation of Amish community
members as part of the Canisteo Wind project is validation that trust exists
between CWE and members of the Amish community. CWE initially
reached out to members of the Amish community just as we did to other
landowners in the Project Area; however, once we established contact we
subsequently communicated with them in person and on their own terms.
Dr. Nolt goes on to postulate that the letter provided by Bishop
Enos A. Kauffman (Exhibit SN-05) implies community consensus against
the project. CWE has not received any other communications from
landowners presented as Amish by Mr. Sharkey in Exhibit JS-20
indicating they or their community are against the project.

1	Q.	Dr. Not indicates the "pulsating noise" will negatively impact the
2		Amish community and property values will be lowered. Do you
3		believe that concern is justified?
4	A.	No. I feel his testimony related to noise is highly speculative and not
5		backed by any real technical analysis. While I respect Dr. Nolt's depth of
6		academic expertise related to the Amish and their cultural history, I do
7		not feel he has the requisite background, nor has he thoroughly
8		researched either topic enough to determine the Project will adversely
9		impact the Amish community. Nor is he considering the benefits
10		provided to participating landowners.
11		Dr. Nolt notes on pg 17 that "each home within the Amish
12		settlement functions as a church building" but fails to identify how the
13		modeled noise levels would have an adverse impact on any of the
14		associated activities. CWE has proposed the most stringent design goals
15		and regulatory standards on non-participating homes (Category 1
16		receptors as described in Exhibit 19 - 19.g), precisely those locations
17		raised as a concern by Nolt.

1	Q.	Do you agree with Dr. Nolt that "the Amish settlement of Jasper-
2		Woodhull seems to have decided, collectively, to not take turbine
3		leases"?
4	A.	No, based on my testimony above regarding participating landowners in
5		the Amish community, it is clearly not the case. Though some in the
6		community may not wish to sign a lease, there is no evidence offered that
7		property with turbines "are effectively off-limits for future Amish
8		acquisition, no matter the price" as Dr. Nolt claims.
9		CONSUMER SERVICES PANEL
10	Q.	Have you read the testimony from the Consumer Services Panel?
11	A.	Yes
12	Q.	Do you feel that the Panel accurately characterized the Public
13		Involvement Plan (PIP) implementation and public outreach
14		activities?
15	A.	Overall, yes. The Consumer Services Panel noted that CWE did
16		inadvertently have issues with a few of the communications as outlined in
17		the PIP, though the Panel indicates they were remedied once we were
18		made aware of the issues. CWE has been actively engaging the Project
19		Towns and stakeholders since 2016. Since that time we have:

1		• mailed out over 18,000 notices,
2		held Open Houses on seven separate occasions totaling nine
3		opportunities to gather with stakeholders,
4		• regularly attended town board meetings in the six Project towns,
5		<ul> <li>and published over sixteen notices in area newspapers</li> </ul>
6		See Exhibit(GW-6) for a summary of our public engagement activities
7		through March 2019, and the PIP tracking report Exhibit(GW-7) for
8		town board meetings attended by CWE representatives.
9	Q.	The Panel approximates 65 commenters have submitted public
10		comments to the Siting Board, and states that 48 commenters voice
11		opposition. Do you agree with that count?
12		A. CWE closely monitors the DMM system and Canisteo Wind case
13		file for Public Comments. We view that feedback as a critical component
14		of the public involvement process and one that gives a strong voice to
15		project opponents. By my count there are 35 commenters opposed to the
16		Project on the DMM site out of 43 total commenters who in combination
17		provided 138 comments. My number allows that some commenters show
18		up with slightly different names, but they are the same person (e.g.,

1		Additionally, there are comments from people within a household that
2		show up separately (e.g., Sharon Brewer and James Koegel reside at the
3		same residence). This is not to discount their voice as individuals;
4		however, I do want to highlight the diversity of commenters is somewhat
5		less than may be perceived without additional information. Finally, while
6		supporters of the project may not post as frequently on the DMM site there
7		are many as evidenced by turnout at landowner dinners and visits to our
8		local office in Canisteo.
9	Q.	Does that complete your testimony?
10	A.	Yes.

1	References
2	
3	Nolt, Steven M. 2016. The Amish: a concise introduction. Johns Hopkins
1	University Press

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 A.L.J. LEARY: I think they're in the record, it's fine. 3 MS. SENLET: Okay. 4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: His testimony you weren't -- if you weren't just going to refer to them 6 as Exhibit 1 or Exhibit 7 I think there's some in the 7 Exhibit 7. So go ahead and do that. 8 9 MS. SENLET: Exhibit 2 will have some 10 parts in the original application and then there's an 11 update which will be the part of Hearing Exhibit 7. Exhibit 3, the location of facilities. Again, some 12 13 parts of that will be under Hearing Exhibit 7 with 14 the updates. Exhibit 4, land use. Exhibit 6 wind 15 for -- wind power facilities. Again, there will be updates that are included in exhibit -- Hearing 16 17 Exhibit 7. A.L.J. LEARY: 31. 18 19 MS. SENLET: Hold on one sec, Your 20 Honor. After Exhibit 6 we have Exhibit 13. A.L.J. LEARY: 13? 21 22 MS. SENLET: 13, real property. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: Uh-huh. 24 MS. SENLET: That will be part of 25 Hearing Exhibit 7. Exhibit 18, safety and security.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 Again, parts of Exhibit Hearing 7. Application Exhibit 25 effect on transportation, that will be 3 4 Hearing Exhibit 1, and the last one is Exhibit 31 5 local laws and ordinances and that will be parts of 6 Hearing Exhibit 7. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Is this witness available for cross? 8 9 MS. SENLET: If you want me to go 10 through the rebuttal table quickly now --A.L.J. LEARY: Sure. 11 12 MS. SENLET: -- we can do that. 13 BY MS. SENLET: (Cont'q.) 14 Mr. Woodcock, could you please Q. 15 open Page 3 of your rebuttal testimony? Α. 16 Okay. 17 Do you see a table in the middle 18 of the document there, in the middle of the page? 19 Α. Yes. Yes, I do. 20 Q. And Mr. Woodcook on page 3, 21 starting line 6, you do state that C.W.E. -- starting 22 on line 6, C.W.E. will reach out to Mr. Saviola to schedule site visits with C.W.E. representatives and 23 24 landowners to discuss the potential changes in more

detail. Is that correct?

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Have you met with Mr. Saviola
4	after you filed your rebuttal testimony?
5	A. Yeah, we met on August 14th, last
6	Wednesday.
7	Q. And have you discussed these
8	access road issues that are discussed on your
9	testimony page 3?
10	A. We did for each location, look at
11	it and met with landowners in some spots.
12	Q. Those are the locations that are
13	listed on your table towards left as 7, 27, 32, 67,
14	68 and 128?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Okay. And you do have Invenergy's
17	response to the right hand side. After your meeting
18	with Mr. Saviola happened last week, could would
19	you be able to update your response?
20	A. Yes, I don't have that table in
21	front of me to review the discussions that we had,
22	but we can paraphrase.
23	Q. Sure.
24	MS. VIGARS: Objection.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Again, go ahead, Ms.
	1

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MS. VIGARS: D.P.S. is concerned, we are not an active party to this meeting. D.P.S. is concerned that it was potentially disclosing settlement conversations between the applicant and the Department of Agriculture and Markets. Again, I'm unsure as to the extent -- to the extent the witness can speak to the applicant's revised position on some of these issues that may be the preferable direction to stay within. But again, I'm just raising a concern.

A.L.J. LEARY: I'm --

MS. SENLET: I --

A.L.J. LEARY: Hold on a second. This is why I directed and -- and made the boundaries of this witness's testimony not about the discussions with Ag & Markets. So if this testimony changes Mr. Woodcock's existing testimony in the record, you can do that right now.

MS. SENLET: Uh-huh.

A.L.J. LEARY: I agree with Ms.

Vigars, however, and sustain the objection that this is not about settlement, you're not going to get a chance to change this back somehow, if things fall

apart with Ag & Markets, if this is in fact the deal.

I don't want to know whether it's the deal. I don't want anybody in the room to know it's the deal. The only question in my view is, is Mr. Woodcock changing his testimony as it's contained in that table.

You're free to ask him what changes he makes to that table right now and you're free to file a red line copy of that. Okay. So that's it.

No, I met with Mr. Saviola or we discussed X, Y & Z none of that, it can come from this witness. So I'm cautioning the witness in that way because I just heard you drift into after we met with Mr. Saviola and it was open -- you opened the door, Ms. Senlet, by rightly so trying to set that foundation. So let's just stay with, are there changes to his testimony on that table. What are they, tell us what they are.

MS. SENLET: Correct. And my questioning after this point will be what is your updated Invenergy response to that table.

A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah, I did hear that.

MS. SENLET: And we will just deal
with that.

A.L.J. LEARY: I did hear that. I

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	think the offense was getting there and not quite
3	there so I'm thank you, Ms. Vigars, for raising
4	it. And I was starting to get a little nervous, but
5	let's just hear what the change testimony is cold.
6	MS. VIGARS: From the applicant's
7	perspective.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: From the applicant's
9	perspective.
10	MS. SENLET: You ready, Mr. Woodcock?
11	THE WITNESS: Yes.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
13	BY MS. SENLET: (Cont'g.)
14	Q. Mr. Woodcock, what will be your
15	updated response to access road to turbine number 7?
16	A. For turbine number 7, the changes
17	C.W.E. is updating the site plan and moving the road
18	south out of the field.
19	Q. What will be your updated
20	response to road to turbine 27?
21	A. C.W.E. is updating the site plan
22	and indicating that finished road there will match
23	MS. VIGARS: Objection.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
25	MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, D.P.S. and

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D.E.C. have concerns, I think I'll let Ms. Paulsen.

MS. PAULSEN: It sounds from the beginning of his testimony that there's changes in project components and no party including D.E.C. staff has had the opportunity to review those changes and assess whether or not from D.E.C.'s perspective any resources would be impacted.

A.L.J. LEARY: I think that's right.

Hold on one second. So proceeding in this way, would

it be acceptable to D.P.S. staff to all parties and

D.E.C. once the update to this table is filed as a

standalone document which --

MS. SENLET: Uh-huh.

A.L.J. LEARY: -- it should be in an affidavit filed by Mr. Woodcock, the parties have the opportunity to take a look at the new locations and file testimony, post-hearing testimony objecting to these, you know, new locations that Ag & Markets has are -- I'm sorry, that Canisteo Wind is now proposing.

MS. SENLET: Of course, Your Honor.

Just to clarify, the requested change, the locations are not changing, the requested changes the first column in that table. So there is nothing new, there

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 is a requested change.

A.L.J. LEARY: Now when you move something that's new, that's big new, and it can be moved into a wetland, for example, or I mean, I -- I don't know, these are -- these are access roads, all of them, but access roads have an impact on streams, wetlands and so forth. I understand that may be where Ms. Paulsen is coming from and Ms. Vigars. So moving them they're just seeking the opportunity to see where you're moving them and to -- to have an opportunity to be heard about that.

 $$\operatorname{MS.}$  SENLET: We have no objections to that, Your Honor.

A.L.J. LEARY: And so I also would ask both Ms. Paulsen and Ms. Vigars to explore with this witness what those questions could be and whether those questions can be answered that still does not foreclose your opportunity after the hearing to be heard on and see in black and white, what these say, what this table actually says and then to again submit. And -- and if you want to recall Mr.

Woodcock, you can try to do that if it gets to that, but it's -- it's just a little unusual. And yet I think it may advance something here and that's why,

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 you know, I think it should be allowed. So as long 2 as you're protected, is that an acceptable way, Ms. 3 Vigars and Ms. Paulsen, to proceed? 4 5 MS. VIGARS: Yes. MS. PAULSEN: It is acceptable except 6 what is the time frame of all the discussions. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: I think --8 9 MS. SENLET: We're hoping that --10 A.L.J. LEARY: -- as Ms. Senlet indicated you can file the table and updated form 11 12 with Mr. Woodcock having signed an affidavit 13 attesting to it by --14 MS. SENLET: Before the end of the week, Your Honor. 15 16 A.L.J. LEARY: -- by Friday? 17 MS. SENLET: Right. A.L.J. LEARY: Close of business would 18 19 be good. And then you will have the opportunity, 20 does next Wednesday, does --MS. VIGARS: Your Honor --21 22 A.L.J. LEARY: -- oh, you -- we have 23 problems with the end of the summer. I'm hearing it, 24 I'm hearing it before I'm even hearing it. So what 25 do -- what do you --

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. VIGARS: I do not have -- I don't 2 my whole staffs' availability into next week to 3 4 commit to a deadline of Wednesday. This is -- this 5 affects multiple -- potentially multiple staff 6 panels. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Then what I'm going to do is wait to hear from you both and any 8 9 other party that wants to have -- to be heard on this 10 about the timing, about a) whether you need to respond and b) the timing of that response. What's 11 our dates for post-hearing briefs? 12 13 MS. DAX: September 27th is the 14 initial brief. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: 27. I think we have a little bit of a cushion to resolve that before 16 17 September 27th, I would hope. If I may, Your Honor? Just 18 MR. DAX: 19 I want to remind -- remind you and other parties that 20 a number 3 a very similar thing happened. A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. 21 22 MR. DAX: And was resolved post-23 hearing in initial briefs and --24 A.L.J. LEARY: Let's hope that 25 happens.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. VIGARS: Can I ask one clarifying 2 question? What's the applicant's intended form of 3 the filing, would his information be in written 4 5 testimony or revisions to this chart, will maps be made available? 6 7 MS. PAULSEN: And shapefiles, shapefiles are important. 8 9 A.L.J. LEARY: Well, I believe Mr. 10 Woodcock's testimony is that they intend to update 11 the site plan. So what are we talking about timing on updating that because certainly that's a -- has to 12 be done in kind of an immediate way. 13 14 MR. DAX: We can -- I will confer with 15 the people that prepare the Exhibit 11 -- Application 16 Exhibit 11 site plans and determine whether we can 17 focus in on this. A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Miller needs to 18 19 talk to you. He's getting up, he is coming here. 20 MR. DAX: Yeah, I will need to talk to 21 the people that prepare site plans and understand 22 whether a subdivision of the site plans can be prepared on this, whether -- or whether there's 23 24 another way to resolve it, in which case we will talk

to, we will confer with counsel for D.E.C. and D.P.S.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: There is an existing 2 site plan in the record now --3 4 MR. DAX: Right. 5 A.L.J. LEARY: -- that can easily be used to convey this information, I believe. But in 6 7 an informal way, I'm looking for the revised site plan that would be your application that you -- that 8 9 Canisteo Wind wants the Siting Board to consider. 10 there's two interests to be served. Interest 1 is 11 what Ms. Paulsen and Ms. Vigars need. Interest 2 is what the Siting Board needs as the final 12 13 representation of this project in -- in the site plan 14 layout. 15 So I think you could serve the D.E.C. 16 D.P.S. interest in an informal way maybe, but you're 17 not going to serve the Siting Board in that informal 18 way, at some point that needs to be filed. So just keep that in mind if -- if that's Mr. Woodcock's 19 20 testimony as a result of whatever happened here. Those two needs need to be addressed. 21 22 MR. DAX: Right, we -- we will --A.L.J. LEARY: Obviously D.E.C.s and 23 24 D.P.S.s more immediately.

MR. DAX: First yeah, we will -- we

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 will address those concerns right away. A.L.J. LEARY: Okav. 3 MR. DAX: And then if it turns out 4 5 that these are acceptable changes to the parties, then we will file revised site plans for those 6 sections for the Siting Boards' review. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Perfect. 8 MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor, may I be 9 10 heard on this? 11 A.L.J. LEARY: Before I lose my 12 thought, would Ms. Vigars and Ms. Paulsen, can you 13 use the existing site plan and notations by Mr. 14 Woodcock, Ms. Senlet, Mr. Dax, Mr. Miller, whoever 15 knows what the -- the close to approximation is, can you use that as a representation because I -- I have 16 17 a feeling this revision -- actual revision of the site plan will take a little bit longer and I want to 18 19 address your concerns hopefully by tomorrow, if you 20 can pull out a site plan map and so they can take it 21 back at whenever your people can look at it. 22 MS. PAULSEN: Your Honor, from D.E.C. 23 staff's perspective they need updated shapefiles to 24 do the review.

A.L.J. LEARY:

I see.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. PAULSEN: Yes. And that is what's 2 integral to -- to their review. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: And -- and is that for 4 5 the overlay on the wetland delineation streams and --MS. PAULSEN: It would be various 6 7 resources including wetland streams and occupied habitat. 8 A.L.J. LEARY: What about it Mr. Dax? 9 MR. DAX: I suspect that Ms. Paulsen 10 11 is assuming a much bigger set of changes than are 12 really at play here. I suspect that -- that upon a 13 quick review of the existing site plan and a 14 conference with Mr. Woodcock, they would understand 15 that it's no big deal. I could be wrong. A.L.J. LEARY: Well, it's all on the 16 17 eye of the beholder, isn't it? MR. DAX: Well, yeah, but --18 A.L.J. LEARY: So there's two 19 20 beholders here. There's you and there's Ms. Paulsen. MR. DAX: Well, but either there's a 21 22 wetland that's impacted or there is not, I mean, 23 that's not --24 A.L.J. LEARY: I -- I think that's 25 right, but that's not the only resource that --

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. DAX: Streams. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: I think -- well, 3 4 there's -- there's -- there's some things going on 5 here that I am not going to speak for D.E.C., but I 6 agree with Ms. Paulsen about and I'm not suggesting 7 you're wrong either. That could be the result. But it is in the eye of the beholder. Let's -- let's 8 9 have you meet with Ms. Paulsen. Is tomorrow still 10 happening? Just from the preliminary this could be a 11 perfect thing you can preliminarily talk about 12 tomorrow, along with the agenda and then meet next 13 week about and get a little more specific. If you 14 can't -- can't live with this, you can't live with it 15 and you can say that. You'll have an opportunity to say that. 16 17 MS. PAULSEN: And D.E.C.'s amendable 18 to -- to speaking about the exchange of information 19 for a review of the purpose. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: Right. And I -- I just 21 asked Mr. Dax that you go into it assuming that it 22 could be a big deal. 23 MR. DAX: I always do. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Okay. Where 25 were we --

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MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor --

A.L.J. LEARY: -- Ms. O'Toole.

MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor, I just like to note for the record my strong objection to this conduct by the applicant changing the goalposts on what is said to be the last day of this hearing after the majority of the witnesses have come and gone. We don't know what the change is going to be. We don't know how that will impact anything and the applicant's assertion that it's a small change and possibly no big deal is meaningless. I'd like to request that this hearing be adjourned and carried over until such time that that information and a final site plan has been circulated to the parties.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. We're going to reserve on that motion. And I'm going to give you an opportunity and highly recommend that you crossexamine this witness to see the kind of information that makes it a big deal or not a big deal. Because I don't know as I sit here and neither do you, whether this is a significant change to the project layout. So let's -- let's have some testimony from the witness. We're going to reserve, you can renew. We're still going to reserve after you renew. But at

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 some point, we'll have conferred and let you know 2 what our ruling is on that. 3 MS. O'TOOLE: And respectfully, Your 4 Honor, I would like to add to that motion that in the 5 event that there are changes and that we need to 6 7 consult our experts with regard to those changes that the applicant be required to make an additional 8 payment and that additional intervener funds be made 9 10 available. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: That really involves you seeking to have the Siting Board determine that 12 13 the changes to the application that occurred post-14 compliance constitute a revision --15 MS. O'TOOLE: Uh-huh. 16 A.L.J. LEARY: -- and meet that 17 criteria to warrant submission of additional intervener funding. So I need to have that in 18 19 writing. The applicant and other parties have to 20 have an opportunity to be heard on that. You are free to do that, but let's hear the witness for now 21 22 and --23 MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you, Your Honor. 24 MR. WISNIEWSKI: And Your Honor, to be 25 clear that motion may not be brought depending on

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 what the revision is. We understand that not all 2 revisions are a big R revision. 3 4 MS. O'TOOLE: Yes. 5 MR. WISNIEWSKI: But we need to hear more from the witness. 6 MS. O'TOOLE: We're reserving are 7 right. 8 9 A.L.J. LEARY: Not all amendments to 10 the application constitute a revision within the meaning of 16 NYCRR 1000.2AK. That is correct. So I 11 12 understand. Let's -- anybody else want to be heard on this before we continue with Mr. Woodcock's 13 14 testimony? 15 Okay, let's go. Everybody can explore 16 this area. Please do not explore the discussions 17 that occurred between Mr. Saviola from Aq & Markets and Mr. Woodcock. And I again caution Mr. Woodcock, 18 19 do not discuss anything about those -- that meeting with Mr. Saviola or the discussions. Thanks. 20 21 BY MR. SENLET: (Cont'q.) 22 Mr. Woodcock, if we can go back 23 to your testimony on page 3. Uh-huh. 24 Α. 25 Q. I believe the last response you

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2	gave was regarding access road number 27, is that
3	correct?
4	A. That's correct.
5	Q. And what will be your updated
6	response for number 32?
7	A. No change to the testimony.
8	Q. What will be your updated
9	response to roads number 67 and 68?
10	A. Without causing anymore
11	consternation and it would be that we plan to make an
12	adjustment to the access road as described.
13	Q. What will be your updated
14	response to number 128?
15	A. No change to
16	Q. No change to your earlier
17	response?
18	A. No.
19	Q. Is that it, Mr. Woodcock?
20	A. Yes, that's it.
21	MS. SENLET: That will be the end of
22	this line of questioning, Your Honor. Mr. Woodcock
23	is ready for cross-examination.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. Can you go back,
25	Ms. Senlet, and
	1

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2	MS. SENLET: Sure.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: because we were
4	interrupted by some important concerns raised by the
5	parties on access road 27. He indicated that the
6	our site plan would be updated to provide for what?
7	THE WITNESS: To show the road would
8	be at finished grade.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry?
10	THE WITNESS: To show that the road
11	surface would be essentially level with finished
12	grade. And allow for farm vehicles to cross over the
13	road.
14	A.L.J. SHERMAN: So that roads not
15	moving. It's just the grade that was finished.
16	THE WITNESS: Just clarifying that,
17	yeah, the
18	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Okay.
19	THE WITNESS: the finished grade
20	would be at farm level.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: And no change to access
22	road 32. What's the change to access roads 67 and
23	68?
24	THE WITNESS: Plan to make the
25	requested change.

20

21

22

23

24

25

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MS. SENLET: Our requested change is listed on -- already in the testimony, Your Honor.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I want to note and limit. I believe D.E.C. and D.P.S. have had an adequate opportunity to address access road 27 to clarify the grade of the road, and it's not moving. So I'm going to just limit testimony or whatever you're going to do later if you're going to do anything to not be including access road 27. There are no changes to 32 or 128. You've already had an opportunity based upon Mr. Woodcock's testimony to submit testimony about those. So anything after the hearing about AR32 and AR128 is off limits as well. I do think you have to have an opportunity to respond to AR7 which is moving. The access roads moving south, and I'll give you an opportunity to be heard on access roads 67 and 68 which is -- which is a change.

MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, for my own benefit, can we have the witness clarify the changes to access road number 7?

A.L.J. LEARY: Yes, let's do that on cross. And so Ms. Senlet, have you completed your tes -- testimony, your corrections --

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2	MS. SENLET: Yes, Your Honor.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: to the table?
4	MS. SENLET: He can clarify in cross.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Who you want
6	to go first?
7	MS. VIGARS: Right.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Ms. Vigars?
9	CROSS EXAMINATION
10	BY MS. VIGARS:
11	Q. Mr. Woodcock, can you please
12	restate the changes to access road 7?
13	A. We plan to make the requested
14	change from them.
15	Q. I'm sorry. What was the
16	requested change?
17	A. The requested change is in the
18	second column of the table. And it says the access
19	road leading to T7 should be moved approximately 400
20	feet south and follow the edge of the field. So
21	Q. Thank you.
22	A. So emphasis on approximately.
23	Q. So to clarify, your testimony is
24	being updated to note that access road 7 and access
25	roads 67 and 68. The applicant will make the
l l	

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2	requested changes identified in the column labeled
3	requested change in your testimony, is that correct?
4	A. Yes, our plan is to modify the
5	routes, the access road routes as described.
6	Q. Okay. With regard to access road
7	number 7, your initial response states that there's
8	possible permanent impact to wetland 6D. How will
9	the requested change impact that identified wetland
10	6D?
11	A. I don't know. We
12	Q. I'm sorry?
13	A. I do not know how it will impact
14	that specific wetland we would we would need to
15	look at it with, you know, our wetland consultants
16	and see if there is any impact to that wetland by
17	that change.
18	MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, could we take
19	a moment to confer with Mr. Davis and D.E.C.?
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
21	MS. VIGARS: Thank you.
22	(Off the record, 11:41 to 11:57)
23	MS. VIGARS: At this time, the
24	possible continued cross-examination of this witness.
25	We would It would be our preference for to see

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 the applicants filing that they intend to provide to 2 all the parties that embodies these changes. And I 3 also believe it would be helpful if we had a visual 4 aid to accompany. The changes to the testimony and 5 the modifications to the project. I believe the 6 7 applicant's willing to do that. We could -- D.P.S. 8 would even be happy to -- in the -- given the time, shortness on time, even an approximate revise map. 9 We would -- that would be helpful for our evaluation. 10 11 A.L.J. LEARY: But it's not going to 12 sail to your technical staff, you need to shapefiles. 13 Or is it -- what -- you want to make that 14 determination tomorrow when you look at --15 MS. VIGARS: If we --A.L.J. LEARY: -- a visual on this. 16 17 MS. VIGARS: It would be helpful to 18 have the visual quickly and then shapefiles may be 19 needed to follow up. I think D.E.C. requested 20 shapefiles based on their programs. 21 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. 22 MS. VIGARS: I'll let D -- D.E.C. 23 speak to that. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So you don't

have any further questions for this witness today?

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 MS. VIGARS: No, not at this time. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. MS. PAULSEN: Your Honor, D.E.C. is 4 5 also reserving cross. And Ms. Vigars is correct that 6 -- again D.E.C. staff is requesting shapefiles for 7 the proper changes. 8 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. A.L.J. SHERMAN: Could I -- can I have 9 10 1 clarification from both counsel? Reserving cross 11 as to this, not as to the entire refiling. 12 MS. PAULSEN: Correct. 13 MS. VIGARS: Correct. 14 A.L.J. SHERMAN: Thank you. 15 MS. PAULSEN: Reserving crossexamination based on the -- the project changes. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. And as I 18 stated before, it looks to me like there's only 19 really 2 areas to this table that you would need to 20 focus on. So it's not an open door to review 21 everything. Unless good cause is shown for some 22 Who -- do you -- did you not have any 23 further questions for this witness or any questions 24 for this witness?

MS. PAULSEN: I do not have any

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2	questions, Your Honor.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Mr. Wisniewski
4	and Ms. O'Toole?
5	MS. O'TOOLE: Yes, Your Honor.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Hold on.
7	MS. O'TOOLE: Just passing out
8	exhibits.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, good. Don't speak.
10	221.
11	MS. O'TOOLE: May I begin?
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
13	BY MS. O'TOOLE:
14	Q. Mr. Woodcock, could you please
15	describe your role at Canisteo Wind?
16	A. Sure. I'm the lead developer for
17	Canisteo, responsible for local involvement, working
18	with the land agents, providing support on the permit
19	application.
20	Q. Now, Mr. Woodcock, you
21	acknowledged that there is an Amish population in the
22	project area, is that correct?
23	A. There are residents that have
24	been identified as Amish within these hearings, or
25	within these proceedings.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Have you ever completed any 2 Ο. cultural training for interfacing with the Amish 3 community? 4 Have I personally? 5 Α. 6 Ο. Yes. No. 7 Α. Now, in front of you is what's 8 Ο. 9 been admitted as Hearing Exhibit 166. It's item 10 number 172 on Your Honor's list. It was admitted 11 yesterday. It's a 2-page document entitled Canisteo Wind Energy, LLC response to Sharkey 3, 12 13 interrogatory/document request, dated June 3rd, 2019. 14 Did you prepare this document? 15 Α. Did you say that's 166? Ο. 166. 16 17 Yes. Okay. Also in front of you is 18 Ο. 19 what's been marked as Hearing Exhibit 167 which is 20 item number 173 on Your Honor's list, which is a 3page document entitled Canisteo Wind Energy, LLC 21 22 response to Sharkey 5 interrogatory/document request, 23 dated June 17th, 2019. Do you see that document? 24 A.L.J. LEARY: You just lost me. Bear 25 I have -- I -- I am with you on C.W.E.

1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
2	response to Sharkey 03.
3	MS. O'TOOLE: Yup.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: You just referenced
5	Hearing Exhibit 173?
6	MS. O'TOOLE: It was item 173, Hearing
7	Exhibit 167.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Got it. And that is
9	Sharkey 05?
10	MS. O'TOOLE: 172 is Sharkey 3. No?
11	Am I off by one?
12	A.L.J. LEARY: You are. Hearing
13	MS. O'TOOLE: Okay. I apologize.
14	This chart is very small.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: So Hearing Exhibit 166.
16	MS. O'TOOLE: Is Sharkey 3.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: I have Sharkey 1 in my
18	hands.
19	MS. O'TOOLE: Okay.
20	THE WITNESS: I have extra copies of 2
21	and 3 over here. I think 03 and Sharkey 03 and
22	Sharkey 05.
23	MS. O'TOOLE: Yeah, Hearing Number
24	Exhibit 166, Sharkey 3.
25	A I. I IFARY. No no This isn't

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 here is the exhibit. 2 MS. O'TOOLE: All right. So my 3 apology to more accurately reflect the item number, 4 5 Hearing Exhibit 166 which is -- was attached as 6 Exhibit SN02 to Dr. Nolt's testimony, C.W.E. response to Sharkey 03 is item number 171. I apologize, this 7 chart is very small. 8 9 A.L.J. LEARY: And it's Exhibit 16 --10 Hearing Exhibit 166. MS. O'TOOLE: Yes, admitted yesterday. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: So what I was handed 12 13 was Sharkey 01. Is that not -- is that coming? 14 MS. O'TOOLE: That's coming. I -- I 15 just --16 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Good. 17 MS. O'TOOLE: -- given the configuration of this room and to expedite this 18 19 hearing. I gave all exhibits that were not already 20 admitted to Your Honor, or not previously been distributed. 21 22 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. MS. O'TOOLE: Okay. So to further 23 24 clarify, Hearing Exhibit 167 which was attached to 25 Dr. Nolt's testimony as Exhibit SN-03 C.W.E. response

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 to Sharkey-05 is item number -- on Mr. Dax's chart, Is everyone following me? May I continue? 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Sure. 4 5 BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'q.) Okay. Referring back to Hearing 6 Q. Exhibit 167, do you have that document in front of 7 you, Mr. Woodcock? 8 9 Α. To confirm, that's C.W.E. 10 response to Sharkey 05? 11 Q. Yes. Yes. 12 Α. Did you prepare this document? 13 Q. 14 Α. Yes. 15 Q. And does this document appear to 16 be a true and accurate copy of the document you 17 prepared? 18 I believe so, yeah. 19 Q. Okay. Also in front of you is 20 what was marked for identification yesterday as 21 Hearing Exhibit 200, a 3-page document entitled 22 Canisteo Wind Energy, LLC response to Sharkey-10 23 interrogatory/document request, dated August 16th, 24 2019. Do you have that document in front of you?

Α.

Yes.

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2	A.L.J. LEARY: I need
3	THE WITNESS: That's Sharkey 10?
4	A.L.J. LEARY: I need this.
5	MS. O'TOOLE: You got it yesterday,
6	Your Honor.
7	MR. WISNIEWSKI: I I also
8	A.L.J. LEARY: I I'm sorry. It's
9	here.
10	MS. O'TOOLE: Yes.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Good. Go ahead.
12	MS. O'TOOLE: And It also was emailed
13	around for everyone's convenience. But I handed out
14	my copies yesterday when Ms. Senlet questioned about
15	this exhibit.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
17	THE WITNESS: So that's Sharkey 10?
18	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
19	Q. Yes.
20	A. Yeah.
21	Q. Did you prepare this document?
22	A. Yes, I did.
23	Q. And does that appear to be a true
24	and accurate copy of the document you prepared?
25	A. Yes, it does.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. O'TOOLE: At this time, Your 2 Honor, we would ask that Hearing Exhibit 200 be moved 3 into evidence. 4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: Isn't this already admitted? 6 7 MS. O'TOOLE: Yesterday it was not offered for admission. It was only offered for 8 9 identification. 10 A.L.J. LEARY: I have next to it that it was admitted and it's -- it is re-admitted at your 11 12 request. MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you. We'll take a 13 14 double admission. 15 BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'q.) 16 Okay. Now, Mr. Woodcock, turning 17 your attention to Canisteo Wind's response to Sharkey In that document you identified 8 landowners 18 19 whom you believed to be Amish -- Amish who have 20 leases with Canisteo Wind, is that correct? Yeah, this is based on the 21 Α. 22 information that was presented listing Amish 23 landowners in the project area. 24 Q. Could you read their names, 25 please?

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Sure. Eli Farmwald is landowner 2 Α. number 1. Landowner number 2 is Lester Farmwald. 3 Landowner number 3 is Levi Miller. Landowner number 4 4, David Herschberger. Landowner number 5, Jacob 5 Stutzman. Landowner number 6, Melvin Mullet. 6 Landowner number 7, Andy Byler and landowner number 7 8, Harvey Miller. 8 Okay. Now, please turn your 9 attention to Canisteo Wind response to Sharkey 5, 10 11 Hearing Exhibit 167. Are you there? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. Could you read question 1 for the 14 record, please? 15 Α. Please identify the following for 16 (including the names, addresses, dates of 17 communication and mode of communication) landowners, residents, potential stakeholders and/or other 18 19 community members that Canisteo Wind Energy, LLE --LLC communicated with who self-identified or are 20 identified by others as Amish and/or Mennonite. And 21 22 then part A? 23 No, that's fine. In response to 0. 24 this question, did you provide a table with 6 names? Yes, we did. 25 Α.

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2	Q. Does Eli Farmwald appear on this
3	table?
4	A. No, he does not.
5	Q. Does Lester Farmwald appear on
6	this table?
7	A. No, he does not.
8	Q. Does Harvey Miller appear on this
9	table?
10	A. No, he does not.
11	Q. Did Canisteo Wind enter into
12	leases with these 3 individuals without communicating
13	with them?
14	A. No, definitely not.
15	Q. Now, on the table Levi Miller is
16	identified as a participating landowner, is that
17	correct?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. But David Herschberger, Jacob
20	Stutzman, Melvin Mullet and Andy Byler were not, is
21	that correct?
22	A. They're not indicated as
23	participating.
24	Q. When did Canisteo Wind enter into
25	leases with Misters Herschberger, Stutzman, Mullet

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	and Byler?
3	A. I would have to look back at
4	their specific agreements to know the the dates
5	when we entered into agreements with them.
6	Q. Do you have an understanding of
7	the year you entered into leases with them? Or
8	Canisteo Wind entered into leases?
9	A. We've been in the project area
10	for a long time now. Some of these would be 2013,
11	2014 perhaps. Some of them would be more recent.
12	Q. Do you understand that the
13	information request in an Article 10 proceeding are
14	considered continuing?
15	A. I'm not sure what you mean by
16	that.
17	Q. Meaning that if additional
18	information comes to the applicant's attention that
19	it's required to update the response to information
20	request?
21	A. I was not aware of it, but
22	Q. Okay. Turning back to those
23	property owners whom Canisteo Wind believes to be
24	Amish, do any of the 8 property owners identified in
25	Canisteo's response to Sharkey 10, Hearing Exhibit

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	200 have leases for turbines on their property?
3	A. So 7 of the 8 landowners listed
4	here have wind leases with us. And 1 has what we
5	would call a setback agreement.
6	Q. Could you explain for the record
7	what that means?
8	A. A setback agreement?
9	Q. Yes.
10	A. A setback agreement is an
11	agreement that compensates the landowner for a
12	turbine that's within a certain distance of their
13	property line or residence.
14	Q. So is it fair to say that there
15	will not be turbines located on their properties?
16	A. On which one?
17	Q. The one with the setback
18	agreement that you are referring to.
19	A. Right. That does not allow for
20	project components. That's correct.
21	Q. Okay. And so will project
22	components be located on the other 7 properties?
23	A. At least 4 of the remaining 7,
24	yes.
25	Q. And what project components or

1	$\frac{16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19}{1}$
2	what types of project components will be located on
3	those 4?
4	A. Collection routes, access roads.
5	Q. So to be clear, there will be no
6	turbines located on any of the properties identified
7	in
8	A. Correct, they're
9	Q Hearing
10	A adjacent to, but not the time
11	a turbines are no no turbines are planned on
12	those parcels.
13	Q. For clarity of the record, please
14	let me finish my question before
15	A. Oh, I apologize. Sure.
16	Q before you answer.
17	A. Okay.
18	Q. I'll try not to interrupt you
19	either.
20	A. Fair enough.
21	Q. Okay.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: I need some clarity in
23	the record right there on that particular testimony.
24	So Sharkey 10 lists 8 people, correct?
25	THE WITNESS: Right, that's correct.

'	10-F-0203 - Callisted Willa Ellergy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: And of those 8, you
3	indicated 1 had a setback
4	THE WITNESS: Yes.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: agreement with
6	Canisteo Wind. Which of the 8 has the setback
7	agreement?
8	THE WITNESS: That would be landowner
9	number 8, Harvey Miller.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. And you
11	indicated that 4 others have agreements in the nature
12	of access roads or other project components?
13	THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Which were those 4?
15	THE WITNESS: I going off of memory
16	here, but I believe Eli Farmwald, David Herschberger.
17	Landowner number 4, David Herschberger. Landowner
18	number 5, Jacob Stutzman and landowner number 7, Andy
19	Byler.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Herschberger, Stutzman,
21	Byler and Farmwald?
22	THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: And so we now are left
24	with I'm sorry, Farmwald was Eli or Lester?
25	THE WITNESS: Landowner number 1, Eli.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So now we're 2 left with turbines remaining on the remaining? 3 THE WITNESS: Well, just -- we have 4 5 the wind leases with him, but they may not currently have any -- they were signed up, but then ultimately 6 7 in this design and the latest layout, they do not actually have project components on their parcel. So 8 they are -- they do have wind leases with us, but 9 10 they just aren't -- currently not hosting wind leases. And the wind lease also does allow for some 11 compensation if you're adjacent to project components 12 or turbine. 13 14 A.L.J. LEARY: Are any of this 15 adjacent to a project -- the turbine? THE WITNESS: Really pushing my memory 16 17 here, but some of them are I'd have to go back to confirm which ones, I believe -- I -- I would have to 18 19 look at the map to confirm which were adjacent to 20 turbines. 21 MS. O'TOOLE: May I -- may I, Your 22 Honor? 23 A.L.J. LEARY: Uh-huh. 24 MS. O'TOOLE: It --25 A.L.J. LEARY: One more question.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. O'TOOLE: 2 Okay. A.L.J. LEARY: I just -- so under the 3 4 existing layout, as updated. The remaining people on 5 this list may have wind leases. THE WITNESS: Yes. 6 A.L.J. LEARY: But will not have 7 turbines on their property? 8 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Thanks. 11 BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.) 12 Mr. Woodcock, is there a document that would refresh your recollection as to which of 13 14 these 8 properties are adjacent to wind turbines? 15 Α. Yeah, one of the layout figures 16 or one of the -- the exhibits probably, 3-1 maybe, 17 figure 2-2, could look at it and go through and identify. 18 19 Q. Do you have that document with 20 you here today? 21 I do not. Α. 22 Do you know if anyone from 23 Invenergy who is with you here today has that document? 24 25 I do not. So -- yeah, if it's --Α.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. O'TOOLE: If you'll give us just a 2 moment, Your Honor, we'll attempt to locate that 3 4 document so we can get an answer to Your Honor's 5 question. 6 BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.) 7 Could you give the -- the number 0. again, please? 8 9 I believe 3-1 Exhibit or figure 3-1 10 from the Article 10 application would have the information. 11 12 Q. Thank you. Would that be the one filed on May 24th of 2019? 13 14 Α. Yeah, any -- anyone would be 15 referenced in the application supplement from May 24th. 16 17 MS. O'TOOLE: Let the record reflect that Mr. Wisniewski is showing the witness on his 18 computer what is D.M.M. number 207 is the document 19 20 that the witness just referenced. So I'm currently looking for the hearing exhibit number. 21 22 MR. DAX: It's part of Hearing Exhibit 23 Well, that's -- excuse me, Hearing Exhibit 7. 24 MS. O'TOOLE: Yes. 25 A.L.J. LEARY: And then what is this

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	document?
3	MS. O'TOOLE: This appears to be
4	C.W.E. 03, figure 3-1, proposed major electric
5	generating facility location revi revision 1, date
6	
7	A.L.J. LEARY: So this is the location
8	map, site location update, Mr. Dax?
9	MS. O'TOOLE: This was the document
10	that the witness requested.
11	MR. DAX: I'm sorry, the question?
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Is this the updated
13	site location map?
14	MR. DAX: Yes.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: What is this?
16	MR. DAX: This is from part of Hearing
17	Exhibit 7 from May 24th.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
19	MR. DAX: It's figure 3-1, rev 1.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Applicant Exhibit 3
21	MS. O'TOOLE: 7.
22	MR. DAX: Application Exhibit 3,
23	figure 3-1, revision 1.
24	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
25	Q. No? Is that not the correct

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	document?
3	A. No, it doesn't look like you
4	know, I could pull up some notes from
5	MR. DAX: To to to
6	clarify, let why don't we look at Exhibit
7	figure 4 which was the one? 4-4.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Application Exhibit 4-
9	4?
10	MR. DAX: 4-4. Revision 1. Also,
11	from Hearing Exhibit 7.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: That look right?
13	THE WITNESS: I'm still looking, Your
14	Honor.
15	MS. O'TOOLE: Is that right? Let the
16	record reflect that the witness is looking at the
17	document that Mr. Dax just identified as which is
18	as part of Hearing Exhibit 7 on Mr. Wisniewski's
19	computer.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
21	A.L.J. SHERMAN: And that's D.M.M.
22	209?
23	MR. DAX: I believe that's right.
24	It's D.M.M. 207.
25	A.L.J. SHERMAN: 207?

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2	MR. DAX: Part of D.M.M. 207.
3	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Is it figure 4-4?
4	MR. DAX: 4-4, rev 1.
5	MS. O'TOOLE: Let me know when you're
6	ready, Mr. Woodcock.
7	MR. DAX: Is that not is that
8	THE WITNESS: She was just trying to
9	open up the file so it can searchable which will make
10	it a little faster.
11	MS. O'TOOLE: That's fine.
12	A.L.J. SHERMAN: I have 4-4 at 3. Oh
13	no, I'm sorry, it is 207. I was looking at your item
14	number which is 209.
15	MR. DAX: Oh, okay. How many numbers?
16	THE WITNESS: So okay. So I think
17	I'm ready to go through this. And your question, can
18	you repeat it, please?
19	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
20	Q. The question was whether any of -
21	- which of the 8 identified proper Amish
22	properties in Sharkey 10, Hearing Exhibit 200, if
23	any, are adjacent to proposed wind turbines?
24	A. Let me check. So Lester
25	Farmwald, landowner number 2 would be.

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2	A.L.J. LEARY: Did he say Farmwald
3	Farmwald?
4	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Yes, and Lester 2.
5	THE WITNESS: And landowner num
6	number 8 Harvey Miller.
7	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
8	Q. Is that all?
9	A. From this list, yes.
10	Q. Okay. And you just testified
11	that Mr. Miller and Mr. Lester Farmwald had
12	properties adjacent to proposed turbines, is that
13	correct?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. What could you define what
16	adjacent means for the record, please?
17	A. In this case parcel that's
18	next to a parcel with the wind turbine.
19	Q. Does that necessarily mean that
20	the wind turbine is next to the house on that
21	property?
22	A. I don't know what you mean by
23	that.
	Q. Withdrawn. Was it your testimony
24	

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Yes, that's correct.
3	Q. Are you aware that Mr. Byler has
4	sold his farm?
5	A. I'm aware that he split his
6	property.
7	Q. And what do you mean by that?
8	A. That he divided it. So he
9	retains ownership of part of the property under a
10	separate parcel and he sold it to a neighbor, a
11	friend, I don't know.
12	Q. Do you have an understanding of
13	whether Canisteo's Wind leases run with the land?
14	A. I would have to look at this
15	specific lease, but yeah and what do you mean by
16	that?
17	Q. In the event that property was
18	transferred to another property owner, would the
19	lease still be in effect?
20	A. I'm not giving legal advice of
21	course. But, yeah, that's my understanding.
22	Q. Is it your understanding that any
23	future owner will be entitled to the compensation
24	under that agreement?
25	A. Yes.

1

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Q. Okay. And is it your position that Canisteo Wind's leases with the 8 members of the Amish community represented in Hearing Exhibit 200 is representative of trusts from the entire Amish community in the Jasper-Woodhull area?

So I -- you know, I hesitate to answer that. I would say that, you'll see Canisteo Wind has been active in the project area for years now. And we've engaged with town leadership. We've engaged with stakeholders. We've engaged with individual landowners. And we've engaged with individuals that have been identified as Amish in these proceedings. So I -- you know, while the Amish, I think, are a tight-knit community, it's my understanding. They're not community-owned property. So when we've approached the individuals I can only say that -- that we have support from those individuals. And from the folks that have signed leases with us. And the -- you know, the 8 that have been identified here as Amish based on cultural attributes. We probably have a couple other landowners that are Amish based on what we perceive is -- as Amish cultural attributes. But they weren't identified on -- as Amish in these hearings. So I

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2	can't say specifically that they are or not.
3	Q. Moving on. Has Canisteo Wind
4	performed or commissioned any study regarding the
5	impact on home prices within the vicinity of the wind
6	project?
7	A. Have we performed any studies on
8	
9	Q. On any potential impact on home
10	price home value?
11	A. No, we have not performed any
12	studies.
13	Q. And has Can Canisteo Wind
14	performed or commissioned any study regarding the
15	impact on tourism in the vicinity of the wind
16	project?
17	A. Have we commissioned any studies?
18	No, we have not commissioned any studies.
19	Q. Turning your attention to
20	Canisteo Wind's response to Sharkey 1. Do you see
21	that in front of you?
22	A. Just a minute, please. Yes.
23	Q. And this is item I believe,
24	218 on Mr. Dax's list.
25	MS. O'TOOLE: May we have a proposed

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	hearing exhibit number, Your Honor?
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. I believe it's
4	221.
5	MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you.
6	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
7	Q. Referring to proposed Hearing
8	Exhibit 221. Are you familiar with this document?
9	A. Yes, I am.
10	Q. Did you prepare this document?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Is this a true and accurate copy
13	of the document that you prepared?
14	A. Based on a quick scan, yes.
15	Q. You may take a longer than a
16	quick scan if you
17	A. All right.
18	Q feel more comfortable.
19	A. Yes, looks correct.
20	MS. O'TOOLE: At this time, Your
21	Honor, we would ask that proposed Hearing Exhibit 221
22	be admitted into evidence.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? So
24	admitted.
25	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'a.)

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Q. Mr. Woodcock, do you have an
understanding of whether there is a home located on
the property belonging to Harvey Miller which
Canisteo Wind has a wind lease for?
A. Can you be specific?
Q. Is
A. Which parcel?
Q. Certainly, if you refer to your
response to Sharkey 10, Hearing Exhibit 200?
A. Landowner number 8?
Q. Yes.
A. Yeah, I see it.
Q. And does that have a a parcel
number there?
A. 307.00-01-004.000.
Q. Does do you have an
understanding of whether or not that property is
improved with a residence?
A. I do not, off the top of my head
Q. Okay. I'd like to turn your
attention back to Hearing Exhibit 7, which is figure
4-4, tax parcel's-rev 1?
A.L.J. LEARY: Just for the record.
That is not Hearing Exhibit 7. Is it it's
That is not Hearing Exhibit 7. Is it it's

'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	Application Exhibit 7 or is it Hearing Exhibit 7?
3	MR. DAX: It's part of Hearing Exhibit
4	7.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Sorry, apologies. My
6	mistake.
7	MS. O'TOOLE: Mr. Wisniewski will walk
8	it over to you.
9	BY MR. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
10	Q. Do you have figure 4-4 in front
11	of you?
12	A. Yes, I do.
13	Q. And does do you see on figure
14	4-4 the property I.D. that you just identified as
15	belonging to Harvey Miller?
16	A. Yeah, I do. I'm looking at sheet
17	19.
18	Q. On sheet 19, is that property
19	shaded gray?
20	A. No, it is not. It's well,
21	shaded gray, yeah.
22	Q. Yes.
23	A. Or it's not shaded actually it's
24	too yeah.
25	Q. On that property is it is

'	10-F-0203 - Callisted Willa Ellergy - 0-21-19
2	there a notation that that property is vacant?
3	A. I don't believe that's shaded as
4	vacant land. I believe it's just that's just the
5	the background area, the aerial imagery.
6	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor,
7	permission to ask the questions since I have the
8	document over here.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Yup. Go ahead.
10	MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you.
11	BY MR. WISNIEWSKI:
12	Q. Can you confirm that the document
13	has a color-coded key on the right-hand side?
14	A. Yeah, the legend.
15	Q. There's a legend?
16	A. Yeah.
17	Q. And does the legend list the land
18	use for each parcel?
19	A. It does.
20	Q. Or that land is
21	A. It does, yeah.
22	Q. And each one of those land use is
23	a vacant land?
24	A. Yes, it is.
25	Q. And is the color a vacant land

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	array?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. And what color is Mr. Miller's
5	land shaded?
6	A. That's just background aerial
7	imagery. It's not
8	Q. So you so then you're saying
9	that this document lacks information for the land use
10	of Mr. Miller's property?
11	A. I am saying that it's not vacant
12	land. I guess, according to this.
13	Q. If it is not shaded how strike
14	that question. Does this document complete does
15	this document included a complete list of land uses
16	for all tax parcels?
17	A. Yeah, it does. It does. He's
18	not categorized.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: He's not categorized as
20	what?
21	THE WITNESS: As any of these these
22	we don't have a null
23	A.L.J. LEARY: As any of these, and
24	for the record
25	THE WITNESS: As any of these, sorry -

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 - any --A.L.J. LEARY: -- what does that mean? 3 THE WITNESS: So let me be clear. 4 5 legend indicates different shadings, 1 is hatched which would be facility site. A light green is 6 7 agricultural. Yellow is residential. Gray is vacant land. Green, all of is wild forested conservation 8 9 lands and public parks. Mr. Miller does not have any 10 shading at all in this particular map. A.L.J. LEARY: Could you point out his 11 12 parcel? 13 THE WITNESS: Right there. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: So that does not mean 15 vacant land? 16 THE WITNESS: No, if you look at --17 for example, that would be, I know it's a little tricky to see but that would be. 18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: No, it's not tricky to 20 see --21 THE WITNESS: Okay. 22 A.L.J. LEARY: -- that is the same 23 color that it appears in the background that there 24 may be some foresting or other undergrowth. But they 25 look like the same thing to me. But --

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	THE WITNESS: Oh, to to my eye,
3	that doesn't look like it was shaded.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: Well, to your
5	knowledge, are they the same thing? To your
6	knowledge
7	THE WITNESS: No, to me
8	A.L.J. LEARY: is this vacant land?
9	THE WITNESS: No, to me, I I look
10	at that like he was not characterized in this map.
11	He was not categorized.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So is there
13	anyone else on this map that's not characterized?
14	THE WITNESS: I would have to go
15	through the 35 odd parcels.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Well, just find another
17	one.
18	THE WITNESS: Okay.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: That you that is
20	similar to this, uncharacterized.
21	THE WITNESS: Well
22	A.L.J. LEARY: So here's here's
23	one.
24	THE WITNESS: Yeah, are they?
25	A.L.J. LEARY: That looks not

'	10-F-0203 - Callisted Willd Ellergy - 0-21-19
2	characterized?
3	THE WITNESS: No, I would say that
4	that has the gray vacant land designation outside of
5	the facility site. For example, those aren't shaded
6	or characterized.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: What about this?
8	THE WITNESS: That, to me, looks like
9	it is vacant land. You can see it sort of has that
10	hazy gray
11	MS. O'TOOLE: Could you identify for
12	the record what properties your pointing to?
13	THE WITNESS: Yeah
14	A.L.J. LEARY: We're looking at
15	where is that?
16	THE WITNESS: it was, this is the
17	Morales property, 304.00-01-023.111.
18	MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: So sorry. The
20	information on these maps is incomplete because it's
21	
22	THE WITNESS: I would say
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Excuse me.
24	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Because it does not

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 have everyone characterized according to the legend, 2 is that your testimony? 3 THE WITNESS: No, my testimony is that 4 5 Mr. Miller's parcel -- Mr. Harvey Miller's parcel specifically does not have a characterization 6 7 apparently which looks -- looks like just a mistake to me. 8 BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: 9 (Cont'q.) 10 Ο. Can you please state for the 11 record the parcel number where the parcel owned by Mr. Harvey E. Miller? 12 307.00-01-004.000. 13 Α. 14 Q. And is it your testimony today 15 that there are any other parcels in this exhibit that have not been characterized by land use? 16 17 Within the facility site? Is it your testimony today that 18 19 in the exhibit that is presently before you which 20 includes tax parcel information for properties that are under lease with Invenergy that the only property 21 22 under lease with Invenergy that lacks land use 23 information is Mr. Miller's property? 24 I cannot say that definitively Α. 25 without looking through each sheet on this file. So

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	
3	Q. Do you any explanation of why Mr.
4	Miller's property would lack that information?
5	A. I would be speculating.
6	Q. Did you review this map in
7	preparing your response to Mr. Sharkey's information
8	request?
9	A. No, I did not.
10	MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor, may I have a
11	moment to confer with Mr. Wisniewski?
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Sure.
13	(Off the record, 12:36 to 12:38)
14	MS. O'TOOLE: We have no further
15	questions of this witness.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Anybody else
17	have questions for this witness?
18	MS. MEAGHER: I do, Your Honor.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Ms. Meagher.
20	MS. MEAGHER: I'd like to leave a
21	little documents with us. Can you pass this down?
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Take your
23	take the microphone.
24	MS. MEAGHER: All right.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: And if you have

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	something you want to hand to the witness, I can help
3	you with that.
4	MS. MEAGHER: I just want to know
5	A.L.J. LEARY: We're back on the
6	record.
7	MS. MEAGHER: if the rebuttal
8	testimony is his rebuttal testimony has already
9	been submitted into the record, correct?
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
11	MS. MEAGHER: Okay. I also wanted to
12	reference it was the application Exhibit 6, and I
13	don't know that was number, I think, 286. It might
14	have been on the exhibit list.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I don't have a
16	286.
17	MS. MEAGHER: Well, it was under
18	Exhibit 6.
19	MR. DAX: I think she was referring to
20	Exhibit 6, Revision 2.
21	MS. MEAGHER: Yes.
22	MR. DAX: Which is was filed on May
23	28th, and is D.M.M. number 220.
24	MS. MEAGHER: 220.
25	MR. DAX: And is part is Hearing

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Exhibit Number 8.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Hearing Exhibit 8.
4	MS. MEAGHER: All right. Okay.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
6	MS. MEAGHER: Yup. And then also
7	do I have a question about that exhibit? Yes. And
8	then in my questioning, I would also like to
9	reference, it's under D.M.M., the updated shadow
10	flicker maps submitted on July or, not July, June
11	19th. And I believe is the D.M.M. number on the
12	right or the left of those? Okay. So it would be
13	D.M.M. number 228.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm going to suggest we
15	take these one at a time.
16	MS. MEAGHER: Okay.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: And so if you have one
18	that you want to ask the witness a question about.
19	MS. MEAGHER: All right. I didn't
20	know if you wanted them all
21	A.L.J. LEARY: No. Let's just so
22	MS. MEAGHER: upfront.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: the the first
24	one, which I think you identified or Mr. Dax
25	MS. MEAGHER: It's his rebuttal

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2	testimony.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
4	BY MS. MEAGHER: (Cont'g.)
5	Q. On page 9, line 13 and 14, you
6	state that Mr. par Mr. Fry Sparso (phonetic
7	spelling) was among those prioritized for contact,
8	though, after multiple attempts C.W.E. was unable to
9	make contact. Can you tell me what the how many
10	times is multiple?
11	A. 3, 4 something like that.
12	Q. Okay. Who made that contact?
13	A. Our land agent, one of our land
14	agents.
15	Q. And do you know who that would
16	be?
17	A. In this case, I believe it's
18	it would be Mike Mulcahy.
19	Q. Okay. When were these contacts
20	made?
21	A. You know, I would have to look or
22	confer with Mr. Mulcahy to know specifically when he
23	was at the Fry residence.
24	Q. And by and by what means were
25	these contacts made?

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 I know that he stopped by the 2 property at least twice and I believe that he made --3 attempted to contact him by phone as well. 4 5 Q. So did anyone ever actually speak 6 to Mr. Fry? 7 No. Α. Is it fair to say then that at no 8 time were you in discussion with Mr. Fry regarding a 9 10 setback lease? 11 Α. It's fair to say that we attempted to contact him and we weren't -- were 12 13 unable to do so, yeah. 14 Q. But you were never actually in 15 discussion with him regarding the lease? No. Not in formal discussions, 16 Α. 17 no. Okay. Starting on page 8 and on 18 19 to page 9, it says, "Mr. Fry indicates that he was 20 incorrectly listed as a project participant." And then it goes on to say, as noted in Exhibit 6 of the 21 22 Article 10 permit applications on to page 9 that the 23 properties are considered participating if they have 24 signed an agreement with C.W.E. or are discussing 25 such an agreement with C.W.E. Okay. Would you agree

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 that you were -- neither had a signed lease with Mr. 2 Fry nor were discussing a lease with Mr. Fry? 3 Well, we -- we have approximately Α. 4 5 212 landowners that are signed. We have, you know, others that we're in active negotiations with another 6 7 as indicated here that we intended to contact. 8 at the time, you know, we have not been able to contact Mr. Fry despite repeated attempts and that's 9 10 my mistake for, you know, not properly prioritizing. A.L.J. LEARY: Excuse me. 11 12 question is a very clear one and I need you to answer 13 that question on the record. 14 THE WITNESS: Okay. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: After Ms. Meagher 16 defined what -- or repeated how Canisteo Wind defined 17 participating. I think you need to answer that question --18 19 THE WITNESS: Sure. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: -- about whether Mr. 21 Fry was either a signatory on a lease or in 22 discussions within Canisteo Wind's definition is, 23 what is the case there? Was he one or the other? 24 THE WITNESS: We were not in active 25 discussions with him, no.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: But he was included on 2 that list as a participating landowner. 3 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 4 A.L.J. LEARY: Is that correct? 5 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 6 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So just do the questioner a favor, Ms. Meagher here. 8 9 THE WITNESS: Okay. 10 A.L.J. LEARY: And so listen carefully to the question and answer the question. If you want 11 12 to add something after that, feel free to do that. 13 But the record needs to hear your answer to that 14 question. 15 THE WITNESS: Fair. I understand. BY MS. MEAGHER: 16 (Cont'g.) 17 That being said, that answers my 18 question. Would it be -- would you say then if that 19 is the case with Mr. Fry that there were also other 20 landowners that were listed as participating that were indeed not participating? 21 22 As noted in the testimony or 23 rebuttal that states we identified a handful of 24 parcels and we intended to engage, so there were a

couple that were not contacted we intended to

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 contact, but we had not yet at the time of the map production.

- Q. Would you then agree that if you've included non-participating property owners as participating property owners that then in your data presented to under shadow flicker that those numbers are likely not correct?
- A. I'd have to confer with the person who ran those modeling. The modelings -- again, these are -- this was the public presentation in that data not the private characterization of it.
- Q. Because Mr. Fry was listed as non-participating and then later was listed as participating under the amendments made on the 24th of May and, therefore, that changed the data of how many non-participating shadow flicker -- non-participating property owners were receiving shadow flick -- flicker, correct?
  - A. Can you restate that?
- Q. Mr. Fry was previously a nonparticipating property owner. Then you mislabeled
  him, made a mistake, as you say as a participating
  property owner. A lot of that data related to on
  shadow flicker, who was participating and who was

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 non-participating and how many non-participating property owners were receiving shadow flicker. So that means that Mr. Fry was no longer included in that data. So that data is then incorrect, is it not?

MS. SENLET: Objection, Your Honor. I think there was a very long statement in that question. If he can have 1 question for the witness, perhaps he will be able to answer better.

A.L.J. LEARY: Ms. Senlet, Ms. Meagher is the only person on your side of the table who is not a lawyer. So I think all of us need to give Ms. Meagher a little latitude and, in fact, a little assistance. You want to assist your witness in answering that question, fine. But I'm going to assist her, and I'm going to overrule your objection. You're objecting to the form of the question, I think, and we don't really follow the rules of evidence. So I think you're — you're probably right. But I think what Ms. Meagher is trying to say in — in a quick way, almost too fast, because there's a lot of information here is what is going on with the shadow flicker numbers if there are people included as participating that — I think that your

shadow flicker expert testified about this morning, 2 no shadow flicker numbers. Let me ask it this way. 3 Mr. Woodcock, did you give the shadow flicker 4 witness, whose name escapes me --5 6 MR. MULLEN: Runner. 7 MS. MEAGHER: Runner. 8 A.L.J. LEARY: -- run -- Runner, the numbers -- the -- the listing of who is participating 9 10 and who is not participating? Who gave him that information? 11 12 THE WITNESS: We give him that information. 13 14 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So at what point 15 in time did you give him that information? THE WITNESS: It's constantly updated 16 17 as we sign landowners. A.L.J. LEARY: Got it. 18 19 And my question is a 20 follow-up to your handful of others, handful of others. Let me just ask you, when you said there are 21 22 handful of others listed as participating that you 23 intended to talk with, right? 24 THE WITNESS: Uh-huh. 25 A.L.J. LEARY: How many people listed

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1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	on the participating list is a handful? How many of
3	those, and who are they?
4	THE WITNESS: I don't have names in
5	front of me. But, yeah, 3 or 4 parcels.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: So your testimony is
7	there's 3 or 4 parcels. Or 3 o 4 persons listed as
8	participants who are not?
9	THE WITNESS: On this map.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: On what map?
11	THE WITNESS: This well, on the
12	for the sake of Figure 19 1, that's referenced here.
13	So this is what I I believe this is this is
14	I believe referencing the publicly available version
15	of the real property map, where we are identifying
16	participating or non-participating.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
18	THE WITNESS: And for
19	A.L.J. LEARY: And so that has not
20	been updated?
21	THE WITNESS: That map?
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Correct.
23	THE WITNESS: I don't believe we have
24	submitted a revision to that map. We have updated
25	our data now that Mr. Fry has publicly said he is

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	not doesn't want to participate. We have updated
3	the data.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm talking about Mr.
5	Fry and the handful of others.
6	THE WITNESS: We have updated that
7	data now with respect A.L.J. LEARY: Wait, hold
8	on. What's that mean? Updated that data? Why in
9	D.M.M what in the application is that update, to
10	your knowledge?
11	THE WITNESS: I don't know if it has
12	been submitted to D.M.M.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
14	MR. MULLEN: Your Honor, could I
15	interject for a minute?
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes? You want to be on
17	the record?
18	MR. MULLEN: Yes. I I believe if
19	there is a confidential exhibit that disclosed who
20	the people who were who were
21	A.L.J. LEARY: Participate
22	MR. MULLEN: listed as
23	participating but haven't signed leases yet. I don't
24	know if that
25	A.L.J. LEARY: There is, in fact, I

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Isn't that correct, Mr. Dax? 2 believe. MR. DAX: Yes. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: And that -- that 4 5 document has footnotes that define participating. believe it's footnote, or 1 footnote, but footnote 2. 6 Does that sound familiar, Mr. Woodcock? 7 THE WITNESS: They're not the specific 8 footnote, but the existence on the map -- of the map, 9 10 yes. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: No. I'm not talking And Mr. Mullen isn't either, he's 12 about a map. talking about a listing of participating non-13 14 participating witnesses. Correct, Mr. Mullen? 15 MR. MULLEN: Landowners. A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry. Landowners. 16 17 MR. MULLEN: Yes. A.L.J. LEARY: What did I say, 18 witnesses? 19 20 MR. MULLEN: Yeah. A.L.J. LEARY: It's time for lunch. 21 22 MR. MULLEN: Yes. I was talking about 23 there is a list of who is listed as participating but 24 hasn't signed, which I guess is a broader category 25 than some of the people you're discussing right now.

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 But that's --

A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. So this is a problem and I'm directing this to both the witness and -- and Mr. Dax and Ms. Senlet. That definition of participating isn't going to fly. You need to define by the close of this hearing who has signed a lease and who hasn't. It doesn't matter to the Siting Board if you're in discussions whether the -if the deal's done, it's a signed deal. If it's not, it's not. It's black-white. So that's where -- you know, I'm struggling with how -- how much is done here and what's been identified as a maybe. You can't identify in this record anything as a maybe. You can say in a footnote, these people we're still in discussion with but you can't call them participating because participating mean the deal's That is how we're going to define in this proceeding participating because they've signed the deal.

If they haven't signed the deal, they can't be identified in that way. So there is information in the record here that is inaccurate in terms of how we view lots and lots of issues, including shadow flicker or noise or how much of --

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 how much work the applicant has to do in terms of 2 getting the project build? Can it be built on land 3 4 that you either have a lease on or you owned? That's 5 an important issue here for the Siting Board. 6 So when is that information going to 7 be updated on who is actually participating, not in discussions, who is -- has signed a deal and 8 9 therefore -- and who hasn't. You cannot create a 10 third category, but you can't just have those 2 11 categories and define it as a maybe. It might 12 Hasn't happened yet, might happen but give 13 us that information straight. Do not define 14 participating if you don't have a lease or other 15 agreement with a landowner. When can you update that list? 16 17 We'll provide an updated MR. DAX: Figure 13, Exhibit 13, that's Figure 13-1. 18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: I'm talking about the 20 confidential list Mr. Mullen refers to. Is that -- I don't have that --21 22 MR. MULLEN: Yeah. I think that is 13 23 24 A.L.J. LEARY: It -- is it?

MS. MEAGHER: That's -- it's a map.

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2	MR. MULLEN: Yes.
3	MS. MEAGHER: It's the figure.
4	MR. DAX: That's Figure 13-1 is a map.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. I don't need a
6	map.
7	MR. DAX: Well then
8	A.L.J. LEARY: I need the lease Mr.
9	Mullen is referring to with the footnotes.
10	MR. MULLEN: Oh, I I apologize. I
11	was talking about the map.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: You are?
13	MR. MULLEN: Yes.
14	MR. DAX: And this map
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I'm talking
16	about the list with the footnote.
17	MR. DAX: Can I? Well, this is not
18	this is the map that has all the information you want
19	and the categories are participating in in-
20	negotiation. This Figure 13-1 it's a it's a
21	confidential doc document that was filed pursuant
22	to the protective order. It's
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Is there is there a
24	confidential document that you filed that lists all
25	of the landowners on it?

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. DAX: No. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: And has that footnote 3 4 that defines not in that way but in the way that I 5 have indicated? MR. DAX: We did not provide a list 6 such as you described, we pro -- the Figure 13-1 is 7 one that's called for by the regulations. 8 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. 9 10 MR. DAX: And that provides the information that you're looking for. And as I said, 11 it had a category of participating and in-12 negotiation. And on that map, in -- in yellow, there 13 14 may be some in-negotiation properties listed as in-15 negotiation. 16 A.L.J. LEARY: It's clear, though, 17 that you've identified that correctly. MR. DAX: But -- okay. 18 A.L.J. LEARY: Correct? 19 20 MR. DAX: Yes. 21 A.L.J. LEARY: They're in 22 negotiations? 23 MR. DAX: Right. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: Here's my question, and 25 I am sorry, I do not have fresh in my mind what this

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 document is. I want to say it's a noise document. 2 It's indicating, you know, who's -- who -- you know, 3 what the dBA in each of these homes are. And on that 4 5 document, there are footnotes and I could be 6 mistaken. Mr. Miller, help me out here, the definition. And I think Mr. Woodcock is familiar 7 with this. The definition is they are -- they have 8 signed a lease, definition of participating and sign 9 10 a lease or in discussions. Is that -- what is this? MS. MEAGHER: Well, that's exhibit --11 12 yeah, a page on Exhibit 6 -- 6, page 15. It's the 13 only page I had copy, but is that the footnote you're 14 looking for? A.L.J. LEARY: It is. But this is not 15 the document I'm thinking. 16 17 THE WITNESS: Are -- are you referring 18 to the tables that were provided at the public 19 statement hearing? 20 MR. MULLEN: I have the map, if that's what you want, Your Honor. 21 22 A.L.J. LEARY: I do not need a map. 23 This is a list, and I think we should -- should just 24 move on. But I want to caution the applicant that

you can't define and list someone is participating if

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 they have not signed a lease in any document in these 3 proceedings. 4 MR. DAX: In the public versions, we 5 list them as participating because we do not want to disclose the very things that the Siting Board, the 6 7 R.A.O. has protected in this Article 10 applications, which is Figure 13-1. If we were to provide a list 8 9 like that, we would have disclosed the information 10 that the R.A.O. and Your Honors have already 11 protected in the form of 13-1. A.L.J. LEARY: You can disclose it to 12 13 the parties who have signed the protective order and 14 to the examiners and to the Siting Board. That's my 15 point. And --16 MR. DAX: Okay. We -- we have done 17 that with -- with 13-1. If you want us to create a -- a list of --18 A.L.J. LEARY: That's a confidential 19 20 document. You've already done that. 21 MR. DAX: Right. That's what I'm 22 saying. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. What I will do tonight is look through carefully the application 24 25 updates and find the document I am recalling, which

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has this footnote and this may be another separate
document that has the same footnote that I've been
handed, which anyone is welcome to see. It's exhibit
-- Application Exhibit 6, which list as the footnote,
Footnote 3, "Non-participating properties -- " this
doesn't make sense. But --

MS. MEAGHER: Yeah, considered participant --

A.L.J. LEARY: -- I think what it intends to say is properties are considered -- actually, it does say, "Properties are considered participating if they have signed an agreement with C.W.E. or are discussing such an agreement with C.W.E." So --

MS. MEAGHER: Might I add --

A.L.J. LEARY: As long as -- as long as you understand what my concern is by listing somebody as participating who is not participating which is the point of Ms. Meagher's testimony to this witness, Mr. Woodcock, about Mr. Fry and the handful of others that may be listed on 13 or elsewhere as participating when they are not, in fact, participating.

That needs to be fixed if it is, in

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 fact, the case. So let's -- let's move on, but I --2 I want to clarify that this record can't accept 3 somebody as participating unless you have a signed 4 lease. 5 6 MS. MEAGHER: Uh-huh. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: You can tell us you're in discussions and you might have a signed lease in 8 two days. But -- and you can update, but you can't -9 10 - you can't rely on something here when someone has 11 not signed a lease. You can't rely on that today. 12 MR. MULLEN: Your Honor, can I -- can 13 I inter --14 A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Mullen? 15 MR. MULLEN: Yes. The towns do 16 believe that it would be helpful in leaving a 17 confidential, but to have a table with receptor I.D.s of who is not participating but is in negotiation. 18 19 We -- we think that would be helpful. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: That's what I thought I 21 I thought that there was a table here. There had. 22 is no table that's similar to the one. Mr. Mullen --23 Mr. Woodcock? 24 THE WITNESS: We did provide a table

at the public statement hearing that contained that

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	information. And I believe we've updated it.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: That's not really in
4	D.M.M. though so.
5	MR. MULLEN: Specific specifically
6	with the people who are in-negotiations?
7	THE WITNESS: Participating or non-
8	participating.
9	MR. MULLEN: Right. But what what
10	I am asking about is someone who is listed as
11	participating but hasn't yet signed.
12	THE WITNESS: Yeah. That that
13	subcategory.
14	MR. MULLEN: Okay. Well, we need to
15	add that subcategory.
16	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
17	MS. MEAGHER: Might I also add, Your
18	Honor, that my point is they are trying to make a
19	third category of also people that they intend to
20	engage?
21	A.L.J. LEARY: I understand
22	MS. MEAGHER: Okay.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: this is a pretty
24	black and white thing for me.
25	MS. MEAGHER: Okay.

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A.L.J. LEARY: It's all about, did they sign a lease or other agreement, or did they not and how they are characterized on this record? So if we could just -- Mr. Dax, can I ask your team to take a look at this issue this evening and let me know tomorrow to what degree there is information here that is not quite what -- you know, I can close this record with? Because it doesn't have that accuracy of what, I believe, you told me was on that map which I agree with you is accurate. If they are in discussions, you've noted it. But there are other documents, perhaps, in this record that do not make that clear.

MR. DAX: We will look at -- I'm going to look at the maps that were provided at the public statement hearing which are on D.M.M. number 188 and see what information is on those maps and what information may be incorrect or what information may have a categorization that has done to enable the protection of confidential information while still providing the underlying information to the public which is what was done at the public statement hearing.

A.L.J. LEARY: I don't want you to

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	only look at maps, I want you to look at any table
3	that identifies
4	MR. DAX: Well, this has tables.
5	There are receptor tables
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
7	MR. DAX: that are included with
8	the map.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Perfect. I
10	think that's what I'm I'm talking about, right?
11	What D.M.M. number is that?
12	MR. DAX: 188.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: And is that May 24th?
14	MR. DAX: No. These were provided on
15	April 9th.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. That may need to
17	be updated, it sounds like.
18	MR. DAX: Right. Well that's what
19	we'll do. We'll look at that and see what
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. And you did not
21	update that on May 24th because maybe you haven't
22	releases
23	MR. DAX: Well, that was not part of
24	the application up you know, updates.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: I see.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. DAX: That was something that we 2 did at your direction for the public statement 3 4 hearings --5 A.L.J. LEARY: Got it. Okay. 6 MR. DAX: -- in response to Ms. 7 Meagher's concerns. A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Great. 8 Meagher, did you have any other questions for this 9 10 witness? 11 MS. MEAGHER: I have one more quick thing, sorry. 12 BY MS. MEAGHER: 13 (Cont'q.) 14 One page 10 of your testimony, Q. 15 line 17, to paraphrase basically state that Mr. Brown 16 and I multiple times corresponded with you regarding 17 shadow flicker receptors and shadow flicker hours. On page 11 line 4, you state that you provided me 18 19 with a K.M.Z. file to identify shadow flicker on 20 December 6, 2018. Is that correct? 21 Α. Yes. 22 Was this information ever made Ο. 23 available to the general public, the K.M.Z. file? 24 Α. To the general public, no, there 25 was not. From our perspective, a good format to

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2	present that information, however, and we knew your
3	interest in identifying shadow receptors and wanted
4	to give you the most powerful tool that we could give
5	you
6	Q. Right.
7	A to identify receptors in
8	locations.
9	Q. At what point did more detailed
10	requested shadow flicker maps become available to the
11	public?
12	A. Let me just make sure I'm
13	understanding that. When did we update the shadow
14	flicker map or when did we provide updated maps?
15	Q. Provide more the more detailed
16	shadow flicker maps that we had been requesting?
17	A. It I believe it was through
18	the public statement hearing, so April 2019.
19	Q. I believe that you you put in
20	receptor numbers on April 19th, but actual shadow
21	flicker maps that showed the outlines were not
22	presented until June 19th on D.M.M. numbers 272. So
23	it was over 6 months since we had requested that
24	information before it was provided to us.
25	A. Well, as I said, we felt like

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	we'd given you a an even more powerful tool than
3	maps to identify receptors.
4	Q. To myself personally, but not to
5	the general public, correct?
6	A. You were the one asking for that
7	information, yes.
8	Q. But this information was not
9	provided to the general public until June 19th of
10	2019?
11	A. The map that you were
12	specifically you're referring to? That's correct.
13	The information was there and identifiable. In the
14	existing application, it was not in the format that
15	you requested.
16	MS. MEAGHER: That concludes my
17	questions.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you.
19	MS. MEAGHER: You're welcome.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Anyone have additional
21	questions? Ms. O'Toole?
22	MS. O'TOOLE: Just one more question.
23	Well, a a preface and then a question.
24	BY MS. O'TOOLE:
5	O Mr Woodcock you testified that

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	you're responsible for providing the list of
3	participating vs. non-participating landowner
4	information to the cons C.W.E.'s consultants. Is
5	that correct?
6	A. That is correct.
7	Q. So to your knowledge, was the
8	noise impact analyses performed by Canisteo Wind don
9	listing property owners who are only under
10	negotiation for the leases but not actually under
11	lease as participating?
12	A. I would want to confirm before
13	answering that.
14	Q. Is there something you can look
15	at to confirm?
16	A. Not at present, not in front of
17	me, no.
18	Q. Do you what would you want to
19	look at to confirm?
20	A. I would want to confer with our
21	consultant.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: While you do that,
23	we'll take a quick break.
24	MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you.
25	(Off the record, 1:05 to 1:15)

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A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax and I were just discussing a couple of the application updates and the identification for purposes of noise and shadow flicker exposure, if you will, and whether those numbers with respect to the participating property owners were accurate under the preferred definition of participating which would only include those people who had signed leases. Not people who were in discussions or going to be in discussions or intending to be in discussions.

So the significance of this is, as I mentioned to Mr. Dax, that numbers for both shadow flicker hours as well as noise dBA applying to participating versus non-participating are different. So there may be information here applying a set of numbers for shadow flicker noise to a person or persons to whom those numbers should not apply because they haven't signed the lease yet.

So those are the kind of documents I would ask that you look at just to --

MR. DAX: And update.

A.L.J. LEARY: -- and update and give them a robust. And they may since May was a couple of months ago, be updated --

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 MR. DAX: Right. A.L.J. LEARY: -- northward to 3 4 encompass additional lease agreements or other 5 information. 6 MR. DAX: So here is what I propose, 7 if it's satisfactory to you. In exhibits like 15 other exhibits were made, do numbers of participating 8 9 or numbers of receptors, we will go through and make 10 sure that in categorizing them as participating or 11 non-participating. First, if they were up-to-date. And then in a non-public version we will further 12 13 break down a category to reflect the breakdown on 14 Exhibit 13, Figure 13-1, which has the in-15 negotiation. So that if it's participating, it's a 16 done signed deal. If it's in negotiation, it's in 17 negotiation and then all the others are listed as non-participating. And that will be done under this 18 19 protect-- protective order. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: Great. 21 MR. DAX: Is that satisfactory? 22 A.L.J. LEARY: I think that is. 23 MR. DAX: Okay. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: I do caution you based 25 on Mr. Woodcock's testimony that you cannot include

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 in-negotiations anybody you intend to talk to. 2 MR. DAX: Yeah. I get it. 3 hear you loud and clear. 4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor. 6 A.L.J. LEARY: Thanks. Yeah. 7 MS. O'TOOLE: We would request that 8 also identified are those people who have been 9 10 previously misidentified as being in-negotiation or in-discussion or having a lease. 11 MR. DAX: Yeah, we'll -- we will clear 12 13 -- we will update it and correct it as indicated. 14 MS. O'TOOLE: But it's -- but setting 15 that out, I mean, there are hundreds of names given the short amount of time we have between now and 16 17 briefing, and that this potentially impacts many of the studies that issue in this hearing. We would 18 19 request that those names to be set out in a separate 20 column as well. A.L.J. LEARY: I'm not sure what 21 22 you're asking for, but I'm not getting the sense that 23 this is hundreds of names. 24 MS. O'TOOLE: I'm talking about the

handful of people like Mr. Fry that Mr. Woodcock has

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	testified about, but has been unable to identify.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: So you need to identify
4	those
5	MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you, Your Honor.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: in a confidential,
7	but I'm I'm thinking that's what you're intended
8	to do anyway.
9	MR. DAX: Yeah.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: I mean, I'm
11	MR. DAX: I think she wants an
12	amendment
13	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm looking at Mr.
14	Miller. He is like
15	MR. MILLER: That's fine.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. He's
17	MR. WISNIEWSKI: But, Your Honor, I
18	don't I don't think I agree that should be
19	confidential. If there is no negotiation, there is
	not no no interest to protect.
20	
21	MR. DAX: No, there will there will
22	be a pub
23	MR. WISNIEWSKI: We're simply looking
24	for clarity in the record of
25	MR. DAX: There will be a public list

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 that says participating or non-participating. That will be the public list. 3 male: So then I think the question 4 will be --5 6 MR. WISNIEWSKI: And -- and -- and what -- I think what Ms. O'Toole and what -- also I 7 am asking for Mr. Sharkey's behalf is a list -- a 8 list of the specific landowners who have previously 9 10 been characterized as in-discussion when, in fact, there was no discussion. And I don't --11 A.L.J. LEARY: I think that's doable 12 13 as a part of this exercise. 14 MS. O'TOOLE: Thank you. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: I just don't want that 16 to be public. I just -- I want to protect the people 17 who are in-negotiations, it's their business. MR. WISNIEWSKI: And then --18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: Do you follow me? 20 MS. O'TOOLE: But --21 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your -- Your Honor, I 22 understand and -- and my point is that, you know, say 23 there is only 5 of these people, they would be 24 disclosed as there being no negotiation. It's a 25 correction. So there are -- because there's no

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	actual negotiation, it's just C.W.E. reaching out to
3	that party. I don't think there's any actual
4	interest to protect.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: But they're they're
6	going to be listed as non-participating. You want
7	something further than that? And maybe an asterisks
8	that says these were incorrectly identified
9	previously?
10	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Exactly.
11	MR. DAX: They they can compare the
12	list to determine that.
13	MS. O'TOOLE: Well
14	MR. WISNIEWSKI: But the burden
15	A.L.J. LEARY: They didn't no, no,
16	no.
17	MR. WISNIEWSKI: An asterisks would be
18	fine, Your Honor, something that
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah, just
20	MR. WISNIEWSKI: marked to those 4
21	or 5 will be not marked.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: This is a this is a
23	new non-participating, yeah. Thank you, Mr. Miller.
24	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Mr. Miller can do it.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Let's go on, I'm

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 going to ask if you still have a pending question, 2 Ms. O'Toole --3 MS. O'TOOLE: I do. 4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: -- for Mr. Woodcock? MS. O'TOOLE: I'm waiting on an answer 6 7 to that question. THE WITNESS: Yeah. Let's -- we start 8 9 over. Repeat the question. 10 BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'q.) 11 Okay. So the question was, was 12 the information that you provided to the Canisteo Wind's noise consultants which include -- did it 13 14 include as participating property owners, people who 15 are only under negotiation? Yeah. We used the publicly --16 Α. 17 the public status. Correct. 18 A.L.J. LEARY: What's that mean, 19 public status? 20 MS. O'TOOLE: No. 21 THE WITNESS: Well, the people in 22 negotiations were considered as participating. 23 BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'q.) 24 For the purposes of the noise Q. 25 study, correct?

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Yeah.
3	Q. So it is possible that to follow-
4	up that question, that there are people who are
5	characterized as participating who negotiations fell
6	through with?
7	A. It's possible.
8	MS. O'TOOLE: Okay. I have no further
9	questions of this witness, Your Honor.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Anyone else have
11	questions for this witness on cross? Ms. Senlet and
12	Mr. Dax, would you like to re-direct?
13	MS. SENLET: We would like to. Can we
14	go off? Can we talk to the witness very briefly,
15	Your Honor?
16	A.L.J. LEARY: You just had about 20
17	minutes to talk to the witness. Sorry.
18	MS. SENLET: Your Honor, we were we
19	were still waiting for the questions to be finalized
20	with the cross, it wouldn't take too long. It
21	wouldn't take too long.
22	MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor, we would
23	object to this request as it sounds like they'd like
24	to speak to the witness about what questions they are
25	going

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	MS. SENLET: Confer with our witness
3	in terms of whether we need to do more clarification,
4	Your Honor, that's the that's the objective.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: You can decide that.
6	Decide that with Mr. Dax. I mean
7	MR. DAX: Other every
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Everybody else, okay.
9	MR. DAX: every other person
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Here's what we need
11	to leave here at 1:30 for the site visit.
12	MR. DAX: Can we
13	A.L.J. LEARY: And we still have
14	witnesses to get through today. Mr. Miller has been
15	very patient.
16	MR. DAX: Mr. Hecklau.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Hecklau is here.
18	You know
19	MR. DAX: Mr. Hecklau really needs to
20	get on today.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: I I understand. And
22	we really need to get out at the site visit today,
23	too. So
24	MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, can I address
25	the site visit briefly?

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: Yes. 2 MS. VIGARS: Mr. Davis advises that 3 4 there are thunderstorms, and high temperatures 5 predicted for today. In contrast, tomorrow is clear, 6 sunny and 74 degrees. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Good. Take the Please make it fast. Can I ask everyone if 8 break. 9 you need a break that you hold it very strictly to 3 to 5 minutes so that we all get back here --10 11 MR. DAX: Okay. A.L.J. LEARY: -- and continue along? 12 13 So Mr. Woodcock. Okay. 14 (Off the record, 1:23 to 1:33) 15 BY MS. SENLET: (Cont'q.) 16 Mr. Woodcock, if you recall you 17 were asked some questions during your crossexaminations regarding tax parcels, the Hearing 18 19 Exhibit Number is 7. They are identified as D.M.M. 20 207 on the application lists. Do you recall that? 21 Α. Talking about Sharkey 05? 22 Ο. No. I'm --23 C.W.E. responses. Α. 24 I'm talking about the Q. No. 25 figures that you looked at which are --

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Oh, yeah. Yeah.
3	Q identified as Figure 4-4.
4	A. Uh-huh.
5	Q. And they were identified as parts
6	of Hearing Exhibit Number 7 and they are D.M.M. as
7	207.
8	A. Okay.
9	Q. Is that correct?
10	A. Yeah, sounds right.
11	Q. Are those tax marks tax parcel
12	maps that you looked at a couple of minutes ago?
13	A. Right.
14	Q. About half an hour ago.
15	A. Figure 4-4 is on this computer.
16	Q. And you were asked some questions
17	regarding those tax marks tax maps
18	A. Yes.
19	Q in conjunction with your
20	response to Mr. Sharkey's I.R. number 10?
21	A. Right.
22	Q. Do you have that I.R. in front of
23	you?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. And if you recall one of the

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	questions that you were asked was, whether there are
3	any participating landowners listed on Mr. Sharkey's
4	I.R.s I.R. question 10. Who are who have lands
5	next to proposed turbine sites, is that correct?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. And I believe there were a lot of
8	people looking at the map with you at that point, and
9	you identified 1 or 2, but I believe during the break
10	you were able to look at those that map a little
11	bit clearly.
12	A. Right. So you know, there's
13	Q. So if you would like to just
14	A a lot of parcels on the map and
15	we're just going through it. I apparently missed
16	property that was adjacent to a turbine.
17	Q. Which property will that be, Mr.
18	Woodcock?
19	A. Well, the 2 that are adjacent to
20	turbines are landowner number 2, Lester Farmwald, and
21	landowner number 4, David Herschberger.
22	Q. So you do see Mr. Farmwald on
23	sheet 28 of that map?
24	A. Right. Yes.
25	Q. And his property is located right

'	10-r-0203 - Cantistee Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	next to which turbine?
3	A. Let me just confirm. It was
4	adjacent to turbine 106.
5	Q. How about landowner number 4?
6	A. Mr. Herschberger.
7	Q. And just let us know which sheet
8	you're at.
9	A. That is sheet 28. Sorry, that
10	may not be right. Well, that is sheet 28, the
11	turbine number is obscured. Let me find them on
12	another sheet. Also, on sheet 32 and it's adjacent
13	to turbine 116.
14	Q. Thank you, Mr. Woodcock.
15	MS. SENLET: That's it, Your Honor.
16	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Just a point of
17	clarification. Is that a correction that landowner 8
18	is not adjacent?
19	THE WITNESS: Let me confirm.
20	MS. SENLET: Yeah.
21	MS. O'TOOLE: Can I have one re-re-
22	direct, Your Honor?
23	THE WITNESS: He is also adjacent to,
24	sorry, that's turbine 28.
25	A.II. SHERMAN: That's clear.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	THE WITNESS: And that is sheet 19.
3	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Thank you.
4	MS. O'TOOLE: May I ask one question,
5	Your Honor?
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
7	RE-RE-DIRECT EXAMINATION
8	BY MS. O'TOOLE:
9	Q. Mr. Woodcock, referring to
10	Hearing Exhibit 200, C.W.E. response to Sharkey 10,
11	the 8 landowners identified in exhibit. Were any, to
12	your knowledge, represented by counsel during lease
13	negotiations?
14	A. I would have to go back and look
15	at those exhibits. Like I said, we have 212, I
16	think, signed landowners. I have to go back and look
17	at those agreements and really confirm them.
18	Q. Is your testimony that you don't
19	know or that you just want to confirm?
20	A. I do not know.
21	Q. Who would know?
22	A. Who would know it?
23	Q. Yes.
24	A. Either the landowner or the land
25	agent.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Q. Who at Canisteo Wind would know?
3	A. The so we have various land
4	agents. So the land agent that specifically worked
5	with this landowner.
6	Q. Do you know which land agents
7	worked with these landowners depicted on Hearing
8	Exhibit 200?
9	A. Yeah. Again, I think some of
10	these leases are probably from 2013 or 2014 that land
11	agent may not be with Canisteo Wind anymore.
12	Q. With regard to these leases that
13	are you said that you have testified, maybe from
14	2013 or 2014, were those leases obtained in
15	conjunction with this project or a previous project?
16	A. As far as I know all of these
17	leases are specific to Canisteo Wind, not from
18	another project. We do have another project in the
19	area, Marsh Hill in the Town of Jasper. Ido not
20	believe there is any relationship between these 2.
21	MS. O'TOOLE: Okay. No further
22	questions, Your Honor.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Anyone else? Okay.
24	Thank you very much, Mr. Woodcock.
25	THE WITNESS: Thank you.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Hecklau. Are we
3	is has everybody have a snack at least of some
4	kind? No? Do you want to take a break and
5	MR. DAX: I think we need a break
6	before we bring Mr. Hecklau up.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
8	MR. DAX: I mean, just for
9	A.L.J. LEARY: It seems we're going to
10	do the site visit tomorrow. Let's come back 2:30
11	MR. DAX: Okay.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: if possible.
13	MS. SENLET: Thank you, Your Honor.
14	
15	(Off the record, 1:40 to 2:36)
16	A.L.J. LEARY: On the record. Let's
17	see. Is it Mr. Hecklau or Dr. Hecklau?
18	MR. HECKLAU: Mister please.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Hecklau
20	MR. HECKLAU: Yes.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: would you raise
22	and am I saying your name correctly, Hecklau?
23	MR. HECKLAU: Yes, you got it
24	perfectly, thank you.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Raise your right

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 hand. Do you swear that the testimony you're about to give is the truth and the whole truth? 3 MR. HECKLAU: I do. 4 5 WITNESS; JOHN HECKLAU; Sworn. 6 A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. Would you 7 please state your name and your affiliation for the record? 8 THE WITNESS: (Clear throat) Excuse 9 10 My name is John Hecklau. I'm a Principal with me. 11 Environmental Design and Research or E.D.R. A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax? 12 13 MR. DAX: Okay. Thank you. 14 DIRECT EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. DAX: 16 Mr. Hecklau, together with Mr. Ο. 17 Perkins, were you responsible for the V.I.A. that was filed with the application? 18 19 Α. Yes, I was. 20 And I apologize, Visual Impact Q. 21 Assessment. And that's part of the original 22 application, so it's part of Hearing Exhibit 1 for 23 the record. And were you also responsible for the 24 Hearing Exhibit 24 Revision 1 that was filed in 25 January of this year that's part of exhibit hearing -

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	- Hearing Exhibit 2?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. And were you also responsible for
5	Exhibit 24 Rev 2 and its appendices including a
6	revised V.I.A. that was filed in May of of this
7	year?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And that's part of exhibit
10	Hearing Exhibit 7. And did you, with Mr. Perkins,
11	pre-file prepared rebuttal testimony?
12	A. I did.
13	Q. And do you have a copy of that in
14	front of you?
15	A. I do.
16	Q. And did you make corrections to
17	that testimony?
18	A. Yes, I did.
19	MR. DAX: Your Honor, we we
20	circulated those corrections over the weekend. Would
21	you like me to take through the corrections?
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Unless they're
23	substantive.
24	MR. DAX: There are several ones that
25	are substantive.

'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: Give me an example of
3	that.
4	MR. DAX: There are two that I would
5	characterize as substantive and they are on Page
6	23 at Lines 13 through 15 there is a correction made.
7	Do you have that correction in front of you, Mr.
8	Hecklau?
9	THE WITNESS: I do.
10	BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.)
11	Q. Would you explain what the
12	correction is?
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Page 13?
14	MR. DAX: Page 23.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry, Line 13.
16	MR. DAX: Line 13.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Got it.
18	BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.)
19	Q. What why don't you read the
20	text as it was and as it is corrected?
21	A. Sure. So Line 13 starts only 5
22	of the selective viewpoints and then in parenthesis,
23	"including the ones Dr. Palmer chose to focus on,"
24	close parenthesis, received average contrast
25	readings, et cetera. The correction is simply

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	crossing out the parenthetical.
3	Q. So that you're no longer it no
4	longer includes the parenthetical including the ones
5	Dr. Palmer chose to focus on, is that correct?
6	A. That's correct.
7	Q. And on Page 25 is the other one
8	that I would characterize as substantive. Would you
9	turn to Page 25 and look at the correction in Lines 7
10	through 8 and explain what that is?
11	A. Sure. So 7 through 8 is
12	referring to a landscape similarity zone or zones
13	within the study area and Line 7 starts, identify
14	landscape similarity zones and then with within
15	parentheses, it said, "residential/agricultural."
16	A.L.J. LEARY: It says rural
17	residential/ agricultural.
18	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Yes, ma'am,
19	you're right. And in reality that's not one of the
20	L.S.Z.s or Landscape Similarity Zones we used in this
21	study. So we crossed that out and replaced it with
22	the world with the words rural valley and rural
23	upland to correctly indicate the landscape similarity
24	zones we're referring to.
25	BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.)

'	To-r-0203 - Callisted Willd Ellergy - 6-21-19
2	Q. And with those corrections and
3	the other minor corrections in this corrected
4	testimony, would you if I were to ask you each of
5	the questions that is set forth in this document,
6	would your answers be the same as as given in the
7	document?
8	A. Yes, sir.
9	Q. And you affirm that those answers
10	are truthful and accurate?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Now, with your rebuttal
13	testimony, were there exhibits filed?
14	A. They were.
15	Q. And I have exhibits Hearing
16	Exhibits 29 through to 31 and are they identified in
17	the testimony?
18	A. They are identified in our
19	testimony as EDR-01, EDR-02 and EDR-03.
20	Q. The contents are described, what
21	I mean by identified are the
22	A. Oh.
23	Q are the nature in the contents
24	
25	A. Yes, sir.

'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Q of the exhibits identified?
3	A. Yes, they are.
4	Q. And are they did they are
5	they truthful and accurate?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. And you adopt them as your
8	exhibits?
9	A. I do.
10	MR. DAX: Your Honor, I ask that those
11	the testimony and the exhibits be moved into
12	evidence?
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? Okay.
14	So admitted.
15	
16	
17	
18	
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25	

#### NEW YORK STATE BOARD ON ELECTRIC GENERATION SITING AND THE ENVIRONMENT

\_\_\_\_\_

Application of Canisteo Wind Energy, LLC for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need Pursuant to Article 10 for Construction of a Wind Project Located in Steuben County.

\_\_\_\_\_

# REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF GORDON PERKINS SENIOR PROJECT MANAGER/VISUALIZATION SPECIALIST

&

JOHN D. HECKLAU PRINCIPAL, ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN & RESEARCH,
LANDSCAPE, ARCHITECTURE, ENGINEERING
& ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, D.P.C.
217 MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 1000
SYRACUSE, NEW YORK, 13202

1	Q:	Please state your names, employer, and business address.	
2	A:	Gordon W. Perkins and John D. Hecklau, Environmental Design &	
3		Research, Landscape, Architecture, Engineering & Environmental	
4		Services, D.P.C. (EDR), 217 Montgomery Street, Suite 1000, Syracuse, NY	
5		13202-1942.	
6	Q:	Did you file pre-filed testimony in this matter, which contained your	
7		credentials	
8	A:	Yes. Please see the pre-filed testimony that was filed with the Application.	
9	Q:	What is the scope of your rebuttal testimony in this proceeding?	
10	A:	Our testimony is being submitted to respond to the direct testimony	
11		provided by James F. Palmer, of T.J. Boyle Associates, and Jessica Lemay,	
12		of Citizens for Maintaining Our Rural Environment (CMORE), in regard to	
13		the Visual Impact Assessment (VIA).	
14	Q:	What is your experience conducting visual impact assessments for	
15		wind power projects in New York State and elsewhere?	
16	A:	EDR has conducted visual impact assessments for a wide variety of	
17		infrastructure projects for over 30 years. The firm has been conducting	
18		VIAs for utility-scale wind projects since 1999. Between us, we have had	
19		a role in the completion of approximately 35 visual assessments for	
20		proposed wind farms in New York State. We have also completed visual	
21		assessments for wind projects though out the United States including the	

Outer Continental Shelf, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, New Hampshire, 1 2 and Ohio. Specific information regarding our experience on these projects is available in our curriculum vitae filed with the Canisteo Wind 3 Application. 4 What is the purpose of this Testimony? 5 **Q**: A: The purpose of our testimony is to rebut portions of the testimony prepared 6 7 by Dr. Palmer and Ms. Lemay regarding his findings associated with the 8 VIA submitted as a part of the Article 10 Application for the Canisteo Wind 9 Project. 10 Q. Dr. Palmer raises several concerns regarding the VIA. Do you agree 11 with Dr. Palmer's opinion that the viewshed analysis included in CWE's VIA is not sufficient for the Siting Board to make the necessary 12 findings and determinations required by PSL 168? 13 A. No. The purpose of a viewshed map, consistent with the requirements of 16 14 CRR-NY 1001.24, is to identify "areas of project visibility within the 15 facility study area". The viewshed mapping prepared as part of the VIA for 16 the Canisteo Wind Project fully complies with the Article 10 regulations 17 and the methodology outlined in the Project's Preliminary Scoping 18 19 Statement (PSS) and Visual Impact Assessment Protocol (VAIP). To our 20 knowledge, it is consistent with the methodology and mapping format used

A.

in all of the other viewshed analyses prepared and submitted to the Siting Board in Article 10 applications filed to date. As part of the Canisteo Project's Article 10 Application, the analysis was found to be complete, and includes the same type of information provided in another case (Cassadaga [Case No. 14-F-0490]) where the Siting Board has already rendered an opinion regarding the visual impact of a wind project, and in two other cases where the Hearing Examiners have been able to issue a Recommended Decision (Eight Point [Case No. 16-00256 and Baron Winds [Case Number 15-F-0122]).

Q: Have you reviewed *The Creation and Interpretation of Viewsheds* 

Q: Have you reviewed *The Creation and Interpretation of Viewsheds*Divided into Distance Zones and its Application to Canisteo Wind

(Exhibit JP-02) authored by Dr. Palmer?

Yes. In this document, Dr. Palmer present an alternate approach to viewshed analysis that he believes offers advantages over the "traditional viewshed analysis" included in CWE's VIA and other Article 10 VIAs submitted to date. This approach is not necessary to meet the requirements of a viewshed analysis as set forth in 16 CRR-NY 1001.24(b). These regulations require that an applicant include the delineated distance zones on a viewshed map along with "Visually-sensitive sites, cultural and historical resources, representative viewpoints, photograph locations, and public vantage points

within the viewshed study area..." The purpose of this requirement is to allow determination of potential project visibility from these specific locations. The viewshed maps included in the VIA prepared for the Canisteo Wind Project provides the information necessary to make this assessment. Along with identifying visibility or lack of visibility relative to these resources, the maps also indicate whether that visibility is possible under daytime or nighttime conditions, the number of turbines potentially visible, and the influence of vegetation and structures on turbine visibility.

- Q. Dr. Palmer suggests that the viewshed maps included in the VIA are flawed because they do not consider "visual distinction", as required by the Article 10 regulations. Do you agree?
- A. No. As described in Exhibit JP-02, it appears that, Dr. Palmer interprets "visibility distinction" to mean an evaluation of the potential visibility of various portions of individual turbines. We, and apparently all other Article 10 applicants to date, interpret this term to mean a distinction between areas where visibility of a proposed project is either available or not available within the visual study area. This is clearly indicated on the viewshed maps included in the VIA prepared for the Canisteo Wind Project.

- Q. Dr. Palmer also suggests that the distance zones defined in CWE's VIA
  are "not adequate for characterizing the visibility of large wind
  turbines". Do you agree with this assertion?

  A. No. As stated in the VIA, the distance zones (foreground, middle ground,
  and background) shown on the Project viewshed maps in the CWE VIA are
- 5 and background) shown on the Project viewshed maps in the CWE VIA are consistent in size with those used in a variety of agency-developed visual 6 7 assessment methodologies, as indicated in a listing of agency recommended 8 distance zones presented as Exhibit \_\_ (EDR-01). The distance zone break-9 down used in the CWE viewshed analysis is also consistent with 10 recommendations provided in A Visual Impact Assessment Process for 11 Wind Energy Projects, published by the Clean Energy States Alliance (Vissering, 2011). This guide, which was reviewed and contributed to by 12 multiple visual professionals (including Dr. Palmer), was developed 13 specifically for the assessment of wind projects, and recommends use of the 14 same distance zone terminology (foreground, middle ground, and 15 background) and distances (0-0.5 mile, 0.5-4.0 miles and >4.0 miles) used 16
- Q. Dr. Palmer suggests the following, "The Applicant's VIA only shows buffer or boundary lines at specified distances from the project wind turbines. The end result is a map that purports to show

in the Canisteo VIA.

as many as 81 turbines being visible in the foreground distance zone 1 2 just 11 north of Turbine 31. This absurd result indicates there is an error in the analysis--it is physically impossible for that many turbines 3 to be located in a viewer's foreground." How do you respond to this 4 assertion? 5 6 A. The VIA does not suggest that as many as 81 foreground turbines can be 7 seen from any single location within the visual study area. Rather, the 8 analysis suggests that a total of 81-122 turbines will be potentially visible 9 from a location which may also have a view of one or more foreground 10 turbines. The foreground distance zone identifies any location in which a 11 foreground view of one or more Project turbines is theoretically possible. As stated in Section 1 of the VIA, one purpose of the VIA is to 12 "Evaluate potential Project visibility within the study area." The viewshed 13 maps accomplish this by indicating how many turbines are potentially 14 15 visible from any location within the study area (with a color overlay) and 16 general distance to the nearest turbine (with distance zone boundary lines). Q. What distance zones does Dr. Palmer recommend and what is your 17 expert opinion on the application of these distance zones? 18 19 A. Dr. Palmer recommends defining distance zones as: Immediate Foreground

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(0 to 0.5 mile), Foreground (0.5 to 2.0 Miles), Near-Midground (2 to 5

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miles), Far-Midground (5-10 miles), and Background (10-20 miles). Although different terminology is used, each of these distances within 10 miles are represented in the Canisteo VIA. However, we believe the inclusion of a distance zone that extends from 10-20 miles, is without merit. In our experience, wind projects viewed at distances over 10 miles result in minimal visual impact. Although under certain conditions they can easily be seen at such distances, their visual prominence and contrast with the landscape are greatly reduced. Based on our experience, defining and addressing visibility from such a distance zone in the VIA would likely result in an overall reduction in impacts due to the fact that views beyond 10 miles typically receive very low contrast ratings. We have found this to be the case with offshore projects where views closer than 10 miles to shore are generally unavailable. It is worth noting that the study referenced by Dr. Palmer (Sullivan, 2012) in support of his classification of distance zones is out to 20 miles is titled Wind Turbine Visibility and Visual Impact Threshold Distances in Western Landscapes. As indicated by the title, this study is applicable to western landscapes, where atmospheric conditions, vegetation patterns, terrain, and distinct lack of screening elements often result in longer distance visibility.

The distance zones utilized in the VIA for the Canisteo Wind Project are appropriate for projects in the Southern Tier of New York State.

Q. Dr. Palmer indicates that the definition of distance zones should be adjusted to reflect the greater potential visibility of wind turbines. Do you agree?

A.

Dr. Palmer's emphasis on the "visible characteristics of wind turbines" when defining distance zones is not particularly relevant. As indicated in Section 3.4 of the VIA, the definition of distance zones relates more to the visibility and character of existing features of the landscape than the nature of the proposed project. As an example, the background distance zone is defined in the VIA as follows:

Background: Over 4.0 miles. The background defines the broader regional landscape within which a view occurs. Within this distance zone, the landscape has been simplified; only broad landforms are discernable, and atmospheric conditions often render the landscape an overall bluish color. Texture has generally disappeared and color has flattened, but large patterns of vegetation are discernable. Silhouettes of one land mass set against another and against the skyline or horizon are the dominant visual characteristics in the background. The background contributes to scenic quality by providing a softened

backdrop for foreground and mid-ground features, an attractive vista,
 or a distant focal point.

Q.

A.

This definition is relevant and appropriate, regardless of the type of project being evaluated. While the nature of a proposed project should certainly be considered when determining a project's visual study area (e.g. extending the study area from 5 to 10 miles for wind projects), the distance zones (foreground, middle ground and background) have more to do with the existing visual environment within these zones than with the scale of project components.

- Regarding viewshed analysis, in his testimony, Dr. Palmer states the following, "Setting minimum visibility to 10 meters is important because the practice of using the "highest elevation of facility structures to calculate visibility does not assure that a sufficient amount of the tip is visible to be recognized."
- We disagree. The tip of the blade represents the maximum achievable height of any given wind turbine in the proposed array. Evaluation of potential visibility at this height allows us to determine the maximum area of potential effect, and is the standard approach used in visual impact assessment. Furthermore, 16 CRR-NY 1001.24(b)(1) clearly states, "The viewshed maps shall provide an indication of areas of potential visibility

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based on topography and vegetation and the highest elevation of facility **structures**." (emphasis added). This analysis is then used to inform subsequent analyses performed in the VIA and allows these analyses to focus on resources with potential visibility. Rather than misrepresenting Project visibility as Dr. Palmer asserts, the maximum height approach provides a conservative and inclusive analysis. Once the maximum area of visibility was established, a second viewshed analysis was conducted that considers the height of the FAA light in order to determine areas in which nighttime visibility of the aviation obstruction lights may be possible. This second analysis serves a dual purpose, in that it can also be used (and was used during field review) to determine areas in which there would likely be visibility of the turbine blades and nacelle. Dr. Palmer justifies his proposed approach by stating that "Visual impact intensity increases as more of the turbine becomes visible". While this statement is generally true, it completely ignores the sensitivity of the viewer, landscape setting, and the backdrop against which the turbine is viewed. Dr. Palmer is suggesting the use of viewshed mapping as a means of evaluating visual impact, rather than just potential project visibility. Typically, and as is the case in the Project VIA, viewshed analysis is a first step in determining where subsequent analyses (e.g., field review,

- representative viewpoint selection, and panel evaluation) should focus to characterize a project's visual impact. Visual impact is not based on visibility alone.
- Q. Dr. Palmer suggests that the rating evaluation results provided in the
  VIA are "not meaningful" and "...do not provide the Siting Board with
  information sufficient to quantify the visual impacts of the project."
  How do you respond?

A.

EDR disagrees with this assertion. The evaluation process conducted by EDR is entirely consistent with the requirements of the Article 10 regulations, and has been used as the basis for decision making on dozens of wind projects in the Northeastern U.S. The form completed by the rating panel provides a sampling of professional opinions and comments regarding the visual character of the Project and it provides distinct and easily interpreted results in a quantifiable matrix relating to potential visual effects on a variety of LSZs and viewer groups found within the visual study area. However, the rating panel results are not the only metric used in determining potential visual impacts. The VIA uses the results of the viewshed analysis, field review, analysis of visibility from visually sensitive resources (VSRs), and the visual simulations, in concert with the rating panel results, to make visual impact determinations.

Q. 1 Dr. Palmer is critical of the visual impact assessment methodology used 2 in the VIA and the way it differs from the methodology utilized by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM). How do you respond? 3 4 EDR's rating method was developed based on several established visual 5 assessment methods, including the BLM methodology. Our early VIA's 6 utilized the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Visual Resource Assessment 7 Procedure (VRAP) (Smardon, et. al, 1988). Because this methodology 8 proved cumbersome, we developed a simplified version of the VRAP, 9 followed by a modified version of the BLM methodology. Similarities and 10 differences between the BLM methodology and the methodology used by EDR, and the reasons we prefer the latter, are outlined below: 11 12 The BLM methodology does not use quantitative scores in the visual 13 contrast rating process. EDR finds that such scores are helpful in 14 determining average contrast ratings for individual viewpoints. The BLM 15 system is qualitative, which makes it difficult to average multiple scores 16 accurately. 17 The BLM methodology requires on-site evaluation of project contrast from 18 selected viewpoints in the field. We believe this is unnecessary, as various materials are made available to the rating panel to provide additional 19 20 viewpoint information and context, including panorama/context photos,

- maps, viewpoint information and Google Earth files. This material allows
  the panel members to "tour" the site and understand the context of each
  view where the project is shown.
- The four visual contrast rating categories used by the BLM (None, Weak,
   Moderate, and Strong) are roughly equivalent to the five categories used by
   EDR (Insignificant, Minor, Moderate, Appreciable, and Strong).

- The BLM form requires that visual contrast be evaluated in terms of line, form, color, and texture. Although not explicitly stated on the form, the instructions EDR provides to the rating panel indicate that these same factors should be considered, along with a variety of other factors that influence visual contrast/impact. These are consistent with other factors to be considered, as outlined in the BLM Manual (Manual 8431).
  - Separate from the BLM's Visual Contrast Rating methodology, the BLM also has a Visual Resources Inventory process (Manual H-8410-1). This process looks at scenic quality and public use to determine an area's VRM classification and associated sensitivity to visual change. EDR's rating form provides an opportunity for evaluation of existing scenic quality. In addition, EDR's visual impact assessment process defines LSZs to characterize scenic quality and viewer activity within various portions of a

- visual study area. Definition of LSZs within a study area is a requirement of the Article 10 regulations.
- The factors utilized by the BLM in selecting key observation points (KOPs)
   for the preparation of visual simulations are very similar to the viewpoint
   selection criteria used by EDR.
- The landscape features considered on the BLM rating form

  (landform/water, vegetation, and structures) are similar to, but less

  comprehensive than, those considered in EDR's evaluation (landform,

  vegetation, water, sky, land use, and viewer activity).
- The BLM Manual includes definitions of various landscape and contrast
   considerations, which is appropriate given that this methodology is
   typically conducted by BLM employees that are not design professionals.
   These definitions are not explicitly provided to EDR's rating panel, as
   panel members are typically registered landscape architects or other visual
   professionals familiar with these considerations.
  - Opportunities for recommended mitigation measures are provided on both the EDR and BLM evaluation forms.

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EDR has been using some variation of this rating methodology since 1999.
 Over this 20-year period, it has proven to be a cost-effective, accurate, and
 defensible means of evaluating visual impact. This methodology 1)

documents the basis for conclusions regarding visual impact; 2) allows for independent review and replication of the evaluation; and 3) allows a large number of viewpoints to be evaluated in a reasonable amount of time.

A.

- Q. Dr. Palmer stated in his testimony that, "panel of raters have not presented credentials to indicate that they have expert knowledge of the role scenery plays in various viewer activities or the sensitivity of different viewer groups." What are the qualifications of the Rating Panel professionals presented in the VIA?
  - In regard to the experience and professional qualifications of members of the rating panel, all are extremely well qualified to evaluate Project-related impacts on scenic quality. All three rating panel members have years of experience conducting such evaluations, all are registered Landscape Architects, and all are very familiar with the landscapes of Central and Western New York. Douglas Brackett is a Registered Landscape Architect with EDR who has over 40 years of professional experience. He has served on rating panels addressing the visual impacts of a variety of projects (including over 10 wind projects since 2004). Kellie Connelly, and Jocelyn Gavitt are independent Registered Landscape Architects who have served on rating panels and conducted visual studies with EDR and for their own firms for over 15 years. Between them, they have evaluated the visual

impact of dozens of energy generation and transmission projects. Both have their own Landscape Architecture practices and both have served as adjunct faculty members in the Landscape Architecture Departments at various universities (including the SUNY College of Environmental Science and Forestry and Rhode Island School of Design). Mr. Brackett grew up in Erie County and has spent his adult/professional life in Madison County, New York. Ms. Connelly was raised in the Western New York area, and Ms. Gavit is a long-time resident of the Town of Cazenovia in Central New York. As such, they are intimately familiar with the landscapes of Central and Western New York, and have all the educational qualifications and experience required to conduct assessments of impacts to scenic quality in rural Upstate New York.

- Q. Dr. Palmer is also critical of the fact that the rating panel members did not conduct their assessment in the field. How do you respond.
- A. Conducting the visual impact evaluation in the field presents a variety of logistical and cost concerns, and as mentioned in a previous response, is not necessary to provide the panel with a full understanding of the visual study area and the specific viewpoints being evaluated. To familiarize them within the site, the rating panel was provided with landscape context sheets which provided the mapped location of each selected viewpoint on an aerial

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following advantages:

photograph and a larger context topographic map, contextual photographs to show areas outside the simulated view, camera elevation, direction of view, LSZ, distance to nearest turbine, and camera and Project information. Viewer position and cone of view at each selected viewpoint were also provided to the rating panel in Google Earth for additional contextual information. This information was provided to give each panel member sufficient information regarding the landscape context and land use associated with each of the evaluated viewpoints. They are also provided with information on the VSRs and viewer groups that may be affected, and a meeting is held with the panel to review each viewpoint (with EDR staff that had been there) and respond to any questions the panel members may have. We believe this eliminates the need for the rating panel members to complete the rating forms in the field. Q. Dr. Palmer suggests that the number of rating panel members used in the evaluation was inadequate. Do you agree? A. EDR conducts visual evaluations using panels that typically range in size from three to five individuals. In our experience, panels of this size offer the

Panels of this size are adequate to determine project characteristics that
 consistently result in high and low levels of visual contrast in different
 landscape settings.

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- 2. A representative range of opinions on the visual effect of a project is presented (reflecting the variability in perception and preference often seen in the larger public).
- They generate a manageable data set that can be easily summarized andinterpreted.
  - Our observations indicate that larger panels do not typically result in substantially different evaluations/scoring, but rather tend to move results toward the middle, reducing the influence of panel members at either end of the scale.
- Q. Dr. Palmer provided an example of an alternative sample numerical contrast rating (Smardon and Hunter 1983) in his testimony. Can you explain the differences in results using this method versus the methods employed by EDR?
- 17 A. Dr. Palmer applies an alternate scoring method to two of the viewpoints
  18 evaluated in the Canisteo VIA (Viewpoints 93 and 184). Although he
  19 implies that use of the alternate system would result is a very different
  20 outcome, the results are actually quite similar, as outlined below:

- Regarding his contrast rating of Viewpoint 93, Dr. Palmer states, "The Total
   Visual Impact Severity is 34 or "Severe," which is near the highest possible
   visual impact". Using his alternate rating form (Maine DEPLW0541 A2002, Maine DEP, 2003), 36 is the maximum achievable score.
- EDR's panel evaluation of the same viewpoint resulted in an average visual contrast rating of 3.5 out of a maximum achievable score of 4.0.

- Other than the terms used to describe the potential visual contrast, both results suggest that the Project's visual contrast from this particular viewpoint location is close (within 88 94%) to the highest achievable score using either rating method. Additionally, EDR provides each individual rating forms in the VIA so that variability and the perception of individual rating panel members can be understood.
  - Dr. Palmer goes on to say, "The results of this analysis could be generally extended to other Immediate Foreground views where the sweep of a turbine's blades is visible in the Rural Upland..." There is no evidence presented to indicate that other foreground views will result in a similar contrast rating score. Dr. Palmer demonstrates a bias in making this leap without scientific evidence.
  - In his evaluation, Dr. Palmer includes several quotes from the individual EDR rating panel members to support his conclusion. Ironically these

- VIA, reinforcing the fact that Dr. Palmer's method does not result is substantially different results, than EDR's. Had all of the rating panel comments been included in Dr. Palmer's testimony, the full range of panel reaction, and the basis for their somewhat lower scores would have been clear.
  - Regarding Dr. Palmers evaluation of Viewpoint 184 from the VIA, he states that, "the resulting resolution is very poor—another indication that this simulation is poorly presented. This simulation is inadequate to make accurate visual contrast judgements because it is impractical to view it at the proper distance and the image resolution is inadequate..." Dr. Palmer appears to have retrieved the visual simulations from the DMM site, which limits the document size. The rating panel performed the ratings on high resolution visual simulations (as stated in 4.2.2 of the VIA) that were more than adequate to decipher project details.
  - Dr. Palmers rating results of Viewpoint 184 suggest a rating of 34, or severe. EDR's rating panel results found the impact to be 2.9, or appreciable. Again, Dr. Palmer chooses selected comments from EDR's panel members to emphasize the severity of the impact, ignoring comments that help explain the slightly reduced contrast rating.

Q. Dr. Palmer indicates that the Canisteo VIA does not make a 1 2 determination as to whether the proposed Project's visual impact is "reasonable". Do you agree? 3 A. Dr. Palmer is correct, the Project VIA does not make a determination of the 4 "reasonableness" of the Project's visual impact. While such an assessment 5 is required by some agencies in other states (e.g., use of the "Quechee 6 7 Analysis" in Vermont), such a determination is not required under Article 8 10 or any other New York State regulation. The VIA is intended to provide 9 to the Siting Board an objective assessment of Project visibility and visual 10 effect. We understand that it is up to the Siting Board to determine if the 11 Project's impacts (on visual and other resources) are acceptable. The VIA thoroughly evaluated potential Project visibility from within the 12 visual study area, including visibility from identified VSRs, using viewshed 13 analysis, line-of-sight cross sections, and field review. The appearance of 14 15 the Project was illustrated in visual simulations from representative open 16 views throughout the study area, and the visual effect was evaluated by an experienced rating panel. The Project's visual impact was described in the 17 VIA in a viewpoint-by-viewpoint narrative, and in a summary of contrast 18 19 scores from the rating panel. The completed rating forms from all the panel 20 members are also included as an appendix to provide additional detail. In

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sum, this information is in full compliance with the requirements of Article 10, and provides the Siting Board with all of the information necessary to understand the visibility and visual impact of the proposed Project and render a decision on whether that impact is acceptable within the context of Article 10..

## Q. Dr. Palmer concludes that the Project will "have a major visual impact on a large proportion of the study area". Do you agree?

No. Dr. Palmer's conclusion appears to be based on his evaluation of the two viewpoints that received the highest contrast ratings, and ignores the fact that 1) the viewshed analysis indicates that only 19.2% of the visual study area is likely to have views of the Project, 2) where views are available, Project visibility will be limited to fewer than 10 turbines in most locations, 3) only five of the selected viewpoint simulations (including the ones Dr. Palmer chose to focus on) received average contrast ratings greater than 3 on a scale of 0-4, 4) rating panel scoring and comments on simulations from viewpoints over 4 miles from the nearest turbine (which represents the vast majority of the visual study area) generally indicated insignificant to moderate visual contrast, and 5) the visibility and appearance of wind turbines is not universally considered to be adverse by

- the general public. For all of these reasons, we disagree with Dr. Palmer's conclusions.
- Q. Dr. Palmer expresses concern that the cumulative impact of multiple wind power projects in the Southern Tier of New York State is not being adequately addressed. Is this a legitimate concern?
- A. Cumulative impact is a legitimate concern, and it is addressed in the 6 7 Canisteo Wind VIA through viewshed analysis and visual simulations. Dr. 8 Palmer's concern seems to extend beyond the context of this VIA when he states "I am concerned that an impact process tied to the permit approval 9 10 for individual projects means that this incremental but expansive change is 11 creating a new Rural Industrial Landscape." Although wind farms are by definition power generating facilities, the turbines are not viewed by the 12 majority of people as "industrial" in character. The turbines are clean and 13 sculptural in form and are not perceived as industrial, the way a factory or 14 conventional power plant might be. Although this term is widely used by 15 16 wind power opponents to imply greater impact, we do not believe it is consistent with the way most people view wind turbines. 17
- Q. Dr. Palmer also expresses concern over the visual impact of the Project on Amish receptors within the study area. Were Amish-owned properties specially evaluated in this VIA?

Α. The Amish were not identified as a sensitive viewer group in any of the 1 2 public outreach conducted in support of the VIA, and properties owned or used by a specific religious group are not typically singled-out for 3 4 evaluation in a VIA. However, Amish land owners within the study area 5 are considered to fall within one of the broader viewer groups identified in the VIA (local residents); their properties generally fall within one of the 6 7 identified landscape similarity zones (Rural Residential/Agricultural); and 8 views in the vicinity representative properties owned by Amish residents within the study area (e.g., Viewpoints 52 and 197) were evaluated as part 9 of the VIA. 10

Q. Dr. Palmer suggests that additional analysis of visual impact on the
Amish community should have been included in the VIA. Do you
agree?

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No. As stated above, we consider the Amish to be members of the community within the visual study area. Dr. Palmer's position implies, but provides no evidence, that the Amish are somehow more sensitive to visual impact from the proposed turbines than other viewer groups. This ignores the fact that, despite their rejection of many modern conveniences on religious grounds, the Amish live in the modern world and view features of modern society on a daily basis. They share the road with automobiles, do

1 business with non-Amish members of the community, and shop at 2 supermarkets and department stores. 3 Q: Do you have any additional comments regarding testimony the visual analysis undertaken for Canisteo Wind Energy? 4 5 A: Yes. Jessica Lemay outlines concerns with how the visual simulations were prepared near her residence and business. She believes that "turbines 111 6 7 and 112 were incorrectly left out of the report". Additionally, based on 8 public comments made by Ms. Lemay on the DMM for this project, she 9 asserts that Viewpoint 197 from Trip End Brewery was positioned in such 10 a way to intentionally minimize potential turbine visibility. A marked-up 11 photo from the deck of brewery was provided by Ms. Lemay to illustrate her concern (see Exhibit \_\_EDR-02). 12 As the visual experts responsible for the preparation of the Project VIA and 13 the May 24<sup>th</sup> addendum to VIA, we can assure Ms. Lemay that there has 14 never been any attempt on the part of our professional staff to influence the 15 outcome of the VIA in any manner. As stated in the EDR's viewpoint 16 selection is based on the following criteria (as stated in Appendix 24a): 17 They provide open views of proposed turbines or provide 18 19 representative views of the screening effects of vegetation and/or

buildings from selected sites.

- They illustrate Project visibility from VSRs identified by local stakeholders and state agencies.
- They illustrate typical views from LSZs where views of the Project will be available.
- They illustrate typical views of the proposed Project that will be available to representative viewer/user groups within the visual study area.
- They illustrate typical views of different numbers of turbines, from
  a variety of viewer distances, and under different lighting/sky
  conditions, to illustrate the range of visual change that will occur
  with the Project in place.
- The photos obtained from the viewpoints display good composition, lighting, and exposure.

In addition to this approach and in accordance with 16 CRR-NY 1001.24, a letter was sent to municipal representatives and state agencies to solicit input on the identification of sensitive resources. Additionally, in August of 2018 a public open house was held to gain additional input from stakeholders regarding the selection of viewpoints for simulations. In fact, this public meeting is what ultimately led to the production of the visual simulation from Trip End Brewery.

While we aim to capture the most open and unobstructed view available from each location, it is also necessary that the viewpoints be publicly accessible. During the fieldwork, the brewery was not open for business, so the field technician took photographs from the most open and accessible location available (the photo from Viewpoint 197 included in the VIA). For this viewpoint EDR prepared a panoramic simulation that showed the nearest proposed turbine and other more distant turbines that would be visible. Other turbines in proximity to this viewpoint were substantially screened by foreground trees and the adjacent brewery building. In response to Ms. Lemay's concerns regarding the simulation from Viewpoint 197, EDR used the photo provided by the commenter (see Exhibit \_\_ (EDR-02)), and prepared a wireframe photo rendering to demonstrate the correct scale and position of the turbines as they would be seen from this location (see Exhibit \_\_(EDR-03)). This rendering provides an accurate depiction of turbine scale and position in the landscape as would be seen from the brewery deck.

#### 16 Q. Does this conclude your testimony at this time?

17 A. Yes.

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1		INDEX OF EXHIBITS
2		
3	EDR-01	Agency Guidance for Distance Zones
4		
5	EDR-02	Jessica Lemay Rough Edit
6		
7	EDR-03	EDR Wireframe Rendering

'	To-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	MR. DAX: So the witness is available.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: I just have a question,
4	Mr. Dax, and for the witness on the correction of
5	Page 25, with the revision of the rural
6	residential/agricultural to the rural valley, did you
7	say?
8	THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am, rural valley
9	and rural upland, two two different landscape
10	similarity zones that's referring to.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: And I I'm just not
12	getting the significance of this. Is it just the
13	wrong words for the category
14	THE WITNESS: It is.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: it doesn't affect
16	the outcome?
17	THE WITNESS: That's correct. It just
18	makes the testimony consistent with the terminology
19	that was used in the visual impact assessment.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Perfect. Okay, thank
21	you. So who has cross examination for this witness?
22	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Mr. Sharkey does,
23	Your Honor.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Proceed.
25	MR. WISNIEWSKI: And I'll be speaking

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 on his behalf. 2 CROSS EXAMINATION 3 BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: (Cont'q.) 4 5 Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Hecklau. Good afternoon. 6 7 Thank you for being here all Q. week. Mr. Hecklau, what were your responsibilities 8 in preparing the Canisteo Wind Visual Impact 9 10 Assessment? I basic -- I basically oversaw 11 Α. the production of the document, provided some QAQC 12 and also interacted with the team that was doing the 13 14 individual analyses on a regular basis. 15 Q. And can you define QAQC for the 16 record? 17 I'm sorry. That would be 18 reviewing for accuracy and proper presentation, 19 quality assurance basically. 20 And how large was the team that Q. was working on the visual impact assessment? 21 22 So it would be myself, several 23 people within our visualization group probably 3 and 24 then the rating panel which was another 3, so maybe 6 25 or 7 people.

1	16-F-U2U5 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Q. Thank you. Mr. Hecklau, what
3	were Mr. Perkins' responsibilities in preparing the
4	Canisteo Wind Visual Impact Assessment?
5	A. Gordon oversees our visualization
6	group and so he was directly responsible for
7	orchestrating and overseeing the technical analyses
8	that were performed for the project.
9	Q. And to be clear Mr. Perkins is
10	not here today?
11	A. Unfortunately, he is on vacation
12	this week.
13	Q. But you are qualified to answer
14	questions about anything contained in either the
15	testimony or your visual impact report?
16	A. I'll do my best.
17	Q. Thank you. I believe you've
18	already said this, but I'll ask it again. What does
19	E.D.R. stand for?
20	A. Environmental Design and
21	Research.
22	Q. Has E.D.R. ever conducted post-
23	construction monitoring or evaluation to compare
24	predicted visual impact with the actual visual impact
25	of a project?

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19

A. Informally, we oftentimes do go back and -- and verify the sort of the accuracy of our simulations by comparing them to photographs of a built project and we're actually involved in a project with SUNY College of Environmental Science & Forestry right now doing just that on the Hardscrabble Wind Project in Herkimer County and also on the Block Island Wind Project offshore of Block Island, Rhode Island -- Rhode Island.

- Q. And did -- have you come to any conclusions based on --
- A. I mean, the conclusions that we've done --
  - Q. -- those ongoing --
- A. -- excuse me, the -- the comparisons we've done in-house have always shown things to be extremely accurate. The work we've done with SUNY E.S.F. at the Hardscrabble project, they had a webinar on this just a week ago and they indicated that the accuracy they characterized as 97 percent.
- Q. Can -- would you please describe the methodology you were using to conduct these informal analyses?

1	16-F-U2U5 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. The in-house analyses?
3	Q. Correct.
4	A. Basically what it would involve
5	is taking simulations that we've prepared for a given
6	project, going back to the viewpoints that we used
7	where we took the original photographs after the
8	project is built, you know, re-photographing, trying
9	to frame the project and the landscape in a similar
10	context as we could to the original and then just
11	basically doing a side-by-side comparison.
12	A. And is that methodology based on
13	any scientific or academic literature?
14	A. No, it's just sort of a
15	commonsense comparison.
16	Q. Are the results of your informal
17	studies ever published?
18	A. Nothing is published. I think
19	they have been presented in some other hearings, but
20	not in a pub not in a publication.
21	Q. Have they been peer reviewed or
22	reviewed by other professionals outside E.D.R.?
23	A. Other than the SUNY E.S.F. study
24	that I just mentioned, no.
25	Q. Mr. Hecklau, how did E.D.R.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 identify the vegetated viewshed in the project area? 2 So the -- the viewshed that was 3 performed in the supplemental submittal, supplemental 4 5 V.I.A was based on a Lidar analysis, which Mr. Runner earlier talked about a little bit. Lidar is this 6 7 technology which basically can provide a, we call it a D.S.M., a digital surface model of the earth based 8 on light -- laser light mapping of the earth's 9 10 surface and so what it includes is -- is not just the 11 ground surface of the earth, but any structure, tree, 12 element that is detectable, you know, by that 13 technology. 14 Q. And is it your understanding that 15 that information was gathered in 2016? Α. That's correct. 16 17 And to your knowledge it has not been updated since then? 18 19 No, we would have used whatever 20 was the most -- the most current publicly available data available. 21 22 Is it possible that the vegetated 23 viewshed side could have changed between 2016 and 24 now? 25 Α. 3 years. I mean, that seems like

'	10-F-0203 - Callisted Willa Ellergy - 0-21-19
2	any change would be relatively minor, but it's
3	possible.
4	Q. And what leads you to the
5	conclusion that any change will be relatively minor?
6	A. I'm just thinking in terms of how
7	much a tree would grow in 3 years and that's fairly
8	minor. The structures that are being picked up,
9	those likely won't change unless there's a lot of new
10	building going on in the particular area we're
11	talking about. You know, it's not under heavy
12	development pressure or something that would change a
13	lot of the structures that are within the study area.
14	Q. Is it possible that areas of
15	vegetation could have been cleared or burned?
16	A. That is possible.
17	Q. Mr. Hecklau, how did E.D.R. go
18	about classifying the other landscape visibility
19	zones?
20	A. I'm sorry?
21	Q. How did E.D.R. go about classifying
22	the other landscape similarity zones?
23	A. Oh, okay. So when you say other
24	you mean any landscape similarity zone because we
25	T'm not sure we've have talked about any vet.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 I apologize. Other than the 2 Q. vegetated viewshed, were there other landscape 3 similarity areas that you identified for your 4 5 analysis? Okay. So just to clarify from my 6 Α. end, the vegetated viewshed is not a landscape 7 similarity zone. It's basically a visibility 8 9 analysis. The landscape similarity zones are areas 10 of similar landscape character that we define within the study area and as Dr. Palmer mentioned the other 11 day, they're based on the topography, the vegetative 12 cover, the land use, things of that nature, broad 13 categories that sort of defined the visual character 14 of the landscape. 15 Thank you. And I apologize for 16 Ο. 17 being imprecise. I don't have the benefit --No problem. 18 Α. 19 Q. -- of having Dr. Palmer with me -20 - with me here today and I am not a visual impact 21 expert. So please feel free to ask me to clarify if 22 my question makes no sense. 23 Sure. Α. 24 Q. Can you please identify the 25 landscape similarity zones that you used within your

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 visual impact assessment? 2 Yes, the ones we defined on this 3 Α. 4 project were referred to as forest, which were those 5 areas that were essentially fully forested with an overstory canopy. We have rural valley and rural 6 upland which were the couple that I mentioned in my 7 correction, which are more agricultural areas either 8 in a upland hilltop setting or in a valley setting. 9 And then I think we had a village/city L.S.Z. and a 10 hamlet L.S.Z. which are more settled areas of the --11 of the project. 12 13 And can you please describe the 14 methodology used to classify the similarity zones? You know that's -- that's 15 Α. 16 outlined in the V.I.A. and I -- I would rather look 17 at that and --Feel free to refresh your memory. 18 19 Α. Sure. Okay. So this is 20 described on Page 16 of the Visual Impact Assessment under the heading Landscape Similarity Zones. 21 22 could read it if you'd like or I could just sort of 23 paraphrase it. 24 Q. You can paraphrase, please. 25 So basically it's a -- it's a

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 geographic information system analysis and it's based on mapped land cover, elevation, proximity to various landscape and land use features. Basically, what we do is we -- we use that G.I.S. derived data to look at different cover types. So forest, it -- it goes through a detail of how did each one. City village L.S.Z. was identified as the area inside or within a thousand feet of the map boundary of the City of Hornell and villages of North Cornell and Canisteo, Alfred, Hanover and Edison. Hamlet L.S.Z. was identified by visual delineation of the developed areas around named Hamlets using aerial photographs. The Forest L.S.Z. was defined as areas identified as deciduous, evergreen, or mixed forest in the USGS 2011 National Landcover Dataset and then it says, "finally the all areas remaining unclassified were divided into either the rural valley or rural upland L.S.Z.'s based on elevation. All areas below the median elevation of the study area were classified as rural valley. All areas above that elevation were classified as rural upland."

Q. Thank you. Would you agree that the use of distance zones in Visual Impact Assessment helps the group objects based on the distance from an

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 observer?

A. The distance zones, I think, have a couple functions. On the mapping, it can clarify how far a particular location or resource is from a given turbine. It also is used when you describe the view that is available at various distances and in — in the V.I.A. we define foreground, middle ground and background as the distance zones and for each of those there is a definition of what the land — how the landscape appears within those zones and that's used to — to help kind of have the viewer understand that there are different — things look differently at different distances, and also when a project is added to the — to the view in a simulation, you can — then accurately characterize it as a foreground, middle ground and background element in the view.

- Q. So then generally speaking, objects in any given distance zone are presumed to have a similar level of impact or that at least would be different from objects in other distance zones?
- A. No, I mean we don't really use the distance zones to define impact. It's -- it's more to define the landscape into which an object is being placed when we're doing a simulation.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Q. So then distance zones are really 2 about the -- the distance from an object to the 3 observer? 4 Yes. As I said, that -- that 5 Α. 6 helps -- there is a mapping benefit that it has in 7 that regard, but also just to define characteristics 8 of landscape and if you'd like, I could go to the section of the V.I.A. where we -- where we present 9 10 that. 11 Q. Unless the judges would like to hear it I don't think it's necessary at this point. 12 13 Okay. Fine. Α. 14 Q. Mr. Hecklau, would you agree that 15 all other things being equal, the distance from an 16 observer to a visible wind turbine is directly 17 related to the potential visual impact of the turbine? 18 19 Α. No, not necessarily. 20 Q. So then you would not agree that 21 as a turbine -- that a turbine that is further away 22 from the individual all things being equal would have 23 a lower visual impact than the turbine that is closer 24 to an individual? 25 Α. That's too general a statement.

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I wouldn't agree with it.

- Q. Mr. Hecklau, do you understand what all other things being equal means?
- A. I do, but every turbine is viewed in a different context. So when you say all things being equal, I assume you mean how much of the turbine is visible, how close it is, the characteristics of that determine the view, but what about the context, right. A turbine viewed up close in the setting of a Hamlet may appear very different than a turbine viewed up close in a forest, let's say. The setting is very important and the context of the view goes directly to how much impact that that view might have.
- Q. So let's assume identical context and setting, all possible and potential variables are the same, with the only difference being that one turbine is farther away and the other is closer, which one would have a higher visual impact or if you can't answer that, which would be more visible?
- A. Generally the one closer would be -- would be more visible and would generally have a higher impact, correct.
  - Q. Thank you. Mr. Hecklau, would

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 you agree that in general, all other things being equal, closer turbines in a foreground distance zone would have a higher visual impact than turbines farther away in the background distance zone or Yeah, I think are -- you know, the rating panel results would suggest that that's

Thank you. So just to be clear, distance zones help us understands the type and

degree of visual impact from wind turbines?

Again, I'm not -- I'm not sure the word distance zones is the same as distance, I think the last few questions you asked me had to do with distance and that was -- that was my response in regard to distance zones, I'd mentioned earlier is more of a term used to characterize the landscape and how it appears at different distances.

But isn't it true that distance

Yes, but the reason we include them in the report is -- is not just to present a distance. It's to describe the landscape characteristics as they're viewed within that

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 distance. 2 Mr. Hecklau, would you agree that 3 Ο. 4 all other things being equal, if 2 turbines are 5 equidistant from an observer and the entire rotor sweep of the first turbine is visible that only a 6 small portion of the second turbine is visible, would 7 the first turbine be more visible? 8 Α. Would it be more visible? 9 10 Ο. Yes. It would be more visible because 11 12 you'd see more of it, but it wouldn't necessarily 13 have greater visual impact. 14 Q. All other things being equal 15 assuming identical context and setting in every 16 possible way, if there are 2 identical turbines in 17 every way with the exception that 1 is fully visible and 1 is partially visible, which turbine would have 18 19 a higher visual impact? 20 Again, I can't give you a --Α. that's a --- that depends on circumstances. Now, 21 22 We have, on many occasions, had rating I'll explain. 23 panel members who felt that there was a substantial

impact when they saw simply a blade rising above a

landform rather than the full nacelle I think the

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 reasoning being that when you see the full nacelle you fully understand the presence of the turbine and what it's doing, whereas a blade simply rising above the background horizon on a periodic basis from a visual standpoint can look odd. So it's -- that's an example of where it wouldn't necessarily be more visibility equals more visual impact.

- Q. Mr. Hecklau, have you revert -reviewed any peer reviewed research about how the
  public perceives the visibility of wind turbines?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And in -- would you conclude that that research supports that the public would have a similar reaction as the peer review -- as the review you just described in that it might very well be that in general the public would view only the tiny portion of the tip of 1 visible turbine as having a higher visual impact than the full turbine?

MR. DAX: Objection. If counsel has a reference it would be better for him to provide it.

If he doesn't have a reference then I object to the question.

A.L.J. LEARY: That's --

MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I didn't

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 mention the reference, the witness did. I don't know what the reference is.

A.L.J. LEARY: Well, ask him that question, what's the reference he's talking about.

BY MR. DAX: (Cont'q.)

- Q. Mr. Hecklau, what is the reference you were just speaking about?
- A. You asked me if I had ever read it -- reviewed a peer reviewed article regarding public attitudes or public perception on turbines, my answer is yes. I'm not referring to a specific reference.
  - Q. Can you give me any references?
- A. Well, I can -- I mean, the most recent one that's out is the Department of Energy study which surveyed 1,700 neighbors to wind projects, 250 different wind projects in 24 states and then asked a variety of questions about how people perceived the -- the turbines and it was -- the questions were directed towards those living within 5 miles and it broke it down by distances to -- to be more specific than that.
- Q. And it's your understanding that that study shows that people living at a similar

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 distance from a turbine, if there were 2 identical 2 turbines in every way, one being fully visible and 3 one being partially visible. Those people would find 4 that the larger turbine -- the more visible turbine 5 6 has a less of an impact than the partially visible turbine? 7 Again, that's not the question 8 I mean I -- I -- I am --9 you asked me. 10 Q. That is the question I'm asking 11 now. 12 Α. Then no, that -- that's not 13 asking people to compare 2 identical turbines at --14 and -- and -- and explain which one they think has a 15 greater impact. It's more of a survey of people's either acceptance or lack of acceptance of turbines 16 17 in the landscape. So then is it fair to say, Dr. 18 19 Hecklau, that in your professional opinion that 20 amount of visibility, the amount of a turbine that is visible is not related to the visual impact of the 21 22 turbine? 23 No, I think it has bearing on it. It absolutely does, but -- but I think it's -- it's 24

too simple to just say that it's always the case one

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'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	way or the other.
3	Q. But it is relevant to the
4	determination of visible impact?
5	A. Absolutely.
6	Q. Thank you. Dr. Hecklau, as part
7	of your visual impact assessment, isn't it true that
8	you modeled the visibility of turbine model GE3.6-137
9	with the tip height upraised upraised tip height
10	of 592 feet?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. And did you also use the same
13	model GE3.6-137 turbine for your viewshed mapping and
14	for your visual simulations?
15	A. I believe so or at least the
16	dimensions thereof.
17	Q. And in your visual simulations
18	that depict a turbine on the landscape
19	A. Uh-huh.
20	Q did you use the model GE3.6-
21	137?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. And is it fair to say that you
24	used the GE3.6-137 because it represents the tallest
25	turbine under consideration and will therefore have

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	the largest visual impact?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. And is it fair to say that a
5	higher power turbine such as the GE4.85.3-158 is
6	another one of the turbines that Canisteo Wind is
7	considering for the project?
8	A. That's my understanding.
9	Q. But is it also true that the
10	model of GE4.8 5.3-158 being proposed as an identical
11	tower height of 592 feet?
12	A. I don't know the exact
13	dimensions, but it's within it's within a foot or
14	2 I believe.
15	Q. That's fair enough, I'm not
16	trying to trap you there.
17	A. Okay.
18	A.L.J. SHERMAN: I'm sorry, Counsel,
19	you said tower height?
20	MR. WISNIEWSKI: I'm sorry, not tower
21	height,
22	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Tip height.
23	MR. WISNIEWSKI: let me correct the
24	record, yes.
25	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Thank you. That's

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 that's okay. BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: (Cont'q.) 3 Is it fair to say that the 4 5 turbine models in towers under consideration both the GE485.3-158 and the GE3.6-137 are both have a total 6 height of about 592 feet? 7 That's my understanding, yes. 8 Α. 9 Ο. So because those 2 turbines 10 models are the same height, they would really both represent an equivalent worst-case scenario for the 11 12 Visual Impact Assessment, right? 13 Α. Yes. 14 Ο. Isn't it also true that you 15 modeled shadow flicker impacts for the GE4.85.3-158, but not the GE3.6-137? 16 17 I was not involved in the shadow 18 flicker study, so I can't address that. 19 Q. Do you know which turbine was 20 used in the shadow flicker study? I do not. 21 22 MR. DAX: I think the record reflects 23 that number in one of the exhibits that was discussed 24 this morning with Mr. Runner. I think it's the memo 25 Appendix 24B, I believe, memorandum that was talked

1	16-F-U2U5 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	about.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: That he did, you cited
4	Page 10 to that?
5	MR. DAX: Right.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: It's to Mr. Miller,
7	memo to Mr. Miller?
8	MR. DAX: It was a memo from Mr.
9	Runner to Mr. Miller and I think that data is in
10	there.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Is that correct? I'm
12	asking the witness.
13	MR. DAX: He just said he doesn't
14	know.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, I'm sorry, he
16	doesn't know, so you're testifying.
17	MR. DAX: I'm I'm trying to
18	clarify.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm kidding, I'm
20	kidding for the record. I have 24B.
21	MR. DAX: Yes.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: As that memo?
23	MR. DAX: Yes, I think that has the
24	number that Mr. Wisniewski was asking about. That's
25	I'm just trying to be helpful.

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2	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes, I'm I'm
3	MR. DAX: I can stop too.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: It's okay, we like
5	helpful, we do. Thank you. Is that helpful to you,
6	Mr. Wisniewski?
7	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes.
8	BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: (Cont'g.)
9	Q. Mr. Hecklau, do you know the
10	rotor diameter of the GE3.6-137 turbine?
11	A. By the name, I'm assuming it's a
12	137 meters.
13	Q. And do you know the rotor
14	diameter of the GE4.8/5.3158 turbine?
15	A. That's sounds like it would be
16	158 meters.
17	Q. So then is it your understanding
18	that the GE485.3158 has a larger rotor swept diameter
19	than the GE3.6-137?
20	A. That that sounds correct.
21	Q. And would you then agree that the
22	GE485.3 has a rotor swept area approximately 33
23	percent larger from the GE3.6137?
24	A. You know, I'd have to do the
25	math, but assuming you've done it then I have no

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	reason to argue with it.
3	Q. Mr. Hecklau, isn't it true that
4	the photo simulations and the Canisteo Wind V.I.A.
5	included pictures of the smaller GE3.6137 and the
6	larger GE4.85.3-158?
7	A. They include photos with the
8	the GE3.6 with the smaller rotor diameter.
9	Q. Which is a 33 percent smaller
10	swept area than the 158 model?
11	A. As you've indicated.
12	Q. And is it your testimony that
13	that is the worst case scenario for visual impact?
14	A. The are you asking what is
15	what we simulated the worst case scenario?
16	Q. Yes.
17	A. It's the worst case scenario in
18	terms of turbine height and turbine number. It's not
19	the largest rotor diameter if the other turbine was
20	used.
21	MR. WISNIEWSKI: I have no further
22	question.
23	MS. O'TOOLE: Yes, you do.
24	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes, sorry.
25	MS. O'TOOLE: You have two.

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2	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Okay. Strike my last
3	statement.
4	MS. O'TOOLE: I'll pass through that.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Is that the same as the
6	zip?
7	MR. WISNIEWSKI: No, they're
8	they're different file type, Your Honor.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah, that's what I
10	thought.
11	MS. VIGARS: I don't have it with me.
12	MR. DAX: I meant zip drive, that's
13	what I should have said.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
15	MS. O'TOOLE: Oh, I'm just putting it
16	into the record.
17	MR. DAX: Okay.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: So before let's go
19	off the record for a second.
20	(Off record)
21	A.L.J. LEARY: We are going to give
22	Canisteo Wind Energy response to Sharkey 02IR a
23	hearing number of what do you have, 5 221. 222?
24	Hearing Exhibits number 222, anybody have anything
25	different?

'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	MR. DAX: 222.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Great. And we will
4	give Canisteo Wind Energy response to Sharkey-08IR,
5	Hearing Exhibit number 223.
6	MS. VIGARS: Your Honor.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
8	MS. VIGARS: Are either these IR
9	responses or the U.S.B.'s, confidential?
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Wisniewski, do you
11	know?
12	MS. O'TOOLE: I don't believe so.
13	MR. DAX: I don't either, Your Honor.
14	MR. WISNIEWSKI: The responses are not
15	marked as confidential, Your Honor. I don't recall
16	them being confidential.
17	MS. VIGARS: There is a State file
18	attached to in the on the thumb drive as Exhibit
19	223 so I just want to
20	MS. O'TOOLE: I would have expected if
21	the applicant intended the response to be
22	confidential it would have been marked in their
23	response.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: And I'm not I'm I
25	don't need to worry about critical energy

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2	infrastructure, right, here?
3	MR. DAX: Right.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I can see that's
5	fine in Sharkey-08, but I can't tell in the generated
6	facilities. Okay. Let's assume they are not
7	confidential. Go ahead, proceed.
8	CROSS EXAMINATION
9	BY MS. O'TOOLE:
10	Q. Mr. Hecklau, do you have what's
11	marked as Proposed Hearing Exhibit 222, entitled
12	Canisteo Wind Energy LLC response to Sharkey-02
13	interrogatory/document request?
14	A. Yes, I do.
15	Q. Are you familiar with this
16	document?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Did you prepare this document?
19	A. It was prepared under my
20	supervision.
21	MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor, we would
22	request that Proposed Hearing Exhibit 222 be moved
23	into the record.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? So
25	admitted.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
3	Q. Mr. Hecklau, do you have in front
4	of you what is marked as Proposed Exhibit 223
5	entitled Canisteo Wind Energy LLC response to
6	Sharkey-08 interrogatory/document request?
7	A. I do.
8	Q. Are you familiar with this
9	document?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Did you prepare the response to
12	this document?
13	A. Again, it was prepared under my
14	supervision.
15	MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor, we would
16	seek to have Proposed Exhibit 223 admitted into the
17	record.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? So
19	admitted.
20	MS. O'TOOLE: Now we have no further
21	questions, Your Honor.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Can I just ask
23	the witness about the public perception of wind
24	facilities?
25	THE WITNESS: Sure.

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A.L.J. LEARY: What is the public percept -- I'm talking about the latest literature because now we have more wind than we did with the study that is 10 years old. So talk to me about any of the literature in the last couple of years that talk about public perception.

THE WITNESS: So the -- the -- the most comprehensive one to date and the most current is one -- is the one that I referred to earlier. It's a study that was authored by Ben Hoen and Dr. Firestone, I think his name is, at the University of Delaware. It was done for the Department of Energy out of their Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory and it's --I don't believe actually all the results are really published yet, but they had a series of webinars basically sharing the results. As I mentioned earlier it's like 1,700 neighbors of wind projects, 24 States, all within a 5-mile radius of operating projects, and those States include New York State, so several projects there. It was a survey asking people about their attitude toward winds projects and the overwhelming -- the thing that -- that was most striking to me was the degree of positive reaction to the projects as opposed to what's oftentimes portrayed

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 by opponents or the media of people hating these 2 projects. So I have some numbers I can share but if 3 I --4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: Well, let me ask you 6 just a couple follow-up because --7 THE WITNESS: Sure. A.L.J. LEARY: -- this is very helpful 8 9 particularly for the Siting Board to understand specifically in New York. What is the date of the 10 11 Department of Energy surveys, not the date that the 12 published results occurred, but the date of the 13 surveys? 14 THE WITNESS: You know I'd have to go 15 back to the abstract that they provided and see if they even mentioned it, ma'am. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. THE WITNESS: I don't know that --18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: And what was the date 20 D.O.E. issued the actual results of the surveys? 21 THE WITNESS: I want to say it was 22 January of 2018. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Is this -- from 24 your recollection, do you know whether the size of a 25 particular wind project affected the perception, in

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 other words, did that factor into any other reported 2 results, thus the size of the project? 3 4 THE WITNESS: You mean in terms of 5 number of turbines? A.L.J. LEARY: Correct. 6 THE WITNESS: I don't believe so. 7 think it was the -- there were a variety of sizes 8 9 that's not data I'm privy to. 10 A.L.J. LEARY: So let me ask you your 11 opinion about that whether that would in fact impact 12 somebody's perception based on how many turbines they 13 see. 14 THE WITNESS: It certainly could. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. 16 THE WITNESS: I -- I'm relatively 17 certain that one of the New York projects was probably -- was probably Maple Ridge which is almost 18 300 turbines. 19 A.L.J. LEARY: Well, it was done in 20 21 two phases that's why I asked you what the actual 22 results -- when those actual results were taken, so I 23 believe it was built in two phases. 24 THE WITNESS: Maple Ridge? 25 A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.

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2	THE WITNESS: No, it was all all
3	built at once.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: You're the expert.
5	THE WITNESS: I'm relatively certain
6	of that.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Do you know?
8	MR. DAX: I think it was built in two
9	phases, Your Honor
10	MS. O'TOOLE: Yes.
11	MR. DAX: but I I think that
12	phases were concluded quite a while ago. The second
13	phase is concluded a while ago.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
15	THE WITNESS: I mean if they were
16	phases they were back to back.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: I see Mr. Miller
18	holding up two fingers. So I'm sorry to disagree,
19	Mr. Hecklau.
20	THE WITNESS: Okay. Well, if they
21	were two phases, they were back to back because I
22	think it all was
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Of course. But the
24	question is when was the survey taken. So if you
25	took it today, would the survey be different if the

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	survey for D.O.E. was done after only phase one or -
3	THE WITNESS: Well, if we are still
4	referring to Maple Ridge when that project was built
5	you know, back in the early 2000s so
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah.
7	THE WITNESS: for sure the full
8	facility was up and running at the time they did the
9	surveys.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: The whole thing?
11	THE WITNESS: Yes.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, that right, okay.
13	Great. Thanks very much.
14	THE WITNESS: You're welcome.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Anybody have you
16	have redirect?
17	MR. DAX: I have one redirect.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Actually, I'm sorry,
19	Mr. Dax. Ms. Vigars.
20	MS. VIGARS: I think D.P.S. has some
21	questions.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Ready to go?
23	MS. VIGARS: Yes.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
25	CROSS EXAMINATION

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 BY MS. VIGARS: 2 One follow-up question based on 3 this discussion, this survey and the study that we've 4 been referring to, can you provide the full citation 5 to that published study, you mentioned the abstract 6 is available? 7 I have a hard copy of the 8 abstract and I think we might be able to provide a 9 10 web link; I can provide that as a follow-up. 11 Q. Okay. That would be very 12 helpful. Is the full study results published at this 13 time? 14 I don't know that answer. 15 Q. Okay. 16 You know, the abstract indicated Α. 17 that a number of publications were anticipated to come out of it because they looked at things beyond 18 They also looked at noise and other issues 19 visual. 20 and so I think they anticipated a number of different 21 publications, some of which may be out, some of which 22 may not. I just -- I don't really know the current 23 status yet. 24 So is the weblink to the most up-Q. 25 to-date project information -- I'm sorry, the

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 publishing information on this study? 2 The web link they could provide I 3 Α. think would -- would take you to the same abstract 4 5 that I'm referring to. It may be updated since we 6 printed that abstract. 7 That would be helpful. Α. Okay. MR. DAX: We'll circulate that to all 8 parties. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: The abstract -- just 11 for the record, the abstract is not -- it's not going 12 to cut it. We need -- if you want to get the full 13 report in and I would suggest that that's where 14 you're going, Ms. Vigars, that's what we go for, that 15 full report should come in. The abstract, in my view, is nothing more than, you know, somebody 16 17 summarizing some things about. I prefer the entire 18 report just so the examiners and the Siting Board and 19 all the parties can really take a look at it and see 20 if there is anything useful so. THE WITNESS: If it's available we 21 22 certainly could do that. The -- the abstract, just 23 to clarify, Your Honor, it's --24 A.L.J. LEARY: I can't imagine it's 25 not available on the D.O.E. webpage.

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THE WITNESS: Perhaps it is.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.

THE WITNESS: But the abstract it's not -- what I'm referring to is not like an abstract at the start of a scientific article, it might be a couple paragraphs. It's multiple pages of summarized So it -- it does have some substance to it. results.

A.L.J. LEARY: I still think that the full report is necessary if we're going to be complete. I would never rely on just that at -myself, but there is always some qualifier that may be a factor that enhances my understanding. try to find it during your testimony. I was not able to find it just from a Google search, but that's does not mean it's not buried somewhere in, you know, congressional research service or D.O.E.'s webpage or something, but if you would like, Ms. Vigars, to include this I -- I will entertain you moving it into the record. Does anybody have an objection to this D.O.E. report coming in, not having seen it and I'll give you a chance to object later? Anybody have a problem if we can get it into the record?

MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I have no objection with the caveat that the studies provided

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2	sufficient time to have my expert review it and it
3	should definitely be included.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: Right. So let's
5	let's work on this and I'm going to ask Mr. Hecklau,
6	Ms. Vigars, Mr. Davis, Mr. Dax and even you, Mr.
7	Wisniewski, to make some effort to find this and
8	MR. DAX: We have a web link to
9	what appears to be a summary which then has links to
10	5 project results based on 5 topics.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: You want to take a look
12	at that Ms. Vigars and see which of those 5 links if
13	not if all of them you want in or I don't mean to
14	make work for you, but if you want to get this in to
15	the record, let us know. And can you circulate the
16	link?
17	MR. DAX: Is everybody online?
18	MS. VIGARS: Yes.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: I am.
20	MS. VIGARS: I am not but that is
21	A.L.J. LEARY: We don't have to do
22	this now.
23	MS. VIGARS: okay.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: We can but
25	MS. VIGARS: So just to clarify, my

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 goal here was to identify with specificity this 2 survey that we're referring to. I don't know if I 3 were necessarily interested in having it moved into 4 5 the record, but the witness is referring to it. Like we've done in all of our experts' testimony, we often 6 7 provide links to formal publications. I will certainly stipulate to the fact that the report is 8 what it states to be available online, publicly 9 10 available. It's not necessarily -- I'm not holding 11 this witness accountable for this survey, but we're 12 referring to it in testimony, so we should have the 13 actual --14 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. MS. VIGARS: -- reference information 15 to it. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: And we can take judicial notice of an official government 18 19 publication, so feel free to use it. Let us know if 20 you actually want it in so everybody knows that it's going to be used by somebody in the briefing. Okay. 21 22 Is that it for you, no? 23 MS. VIGARS: If you'll bear with me 24 one moment.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Let's go back on

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 the record. 2 BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'q.) 3 Mr. Hecklau, so in response to a 4 5 question by Mr. Wisniewski, you described the landscape similar -- similarity zones, do you recall 6 that? 7 Yes. 8 Α. And the zones -- the 9 Q. Okay. 10 landscape similarity zones you identified previously 11 are the first one was city village, the second one is forest, the third hamlet, the fourth rural upland and 12 the fifth rural valley, is that correct? 13 14 Α. Yes, ma'am. 15 Q. Okay. I'm going to refer you to the V.I.A. report Appendix E, visual impact rating 16 17 form instructions. What exhibit is this? I'm sorry. But we're referring him to E. I'm sorry, Appendix F. 18 19 This is the original application. And it was 20 Appendix F to the original application materials, do you have that available? 21 22 I have an Appendix F, but it's --23 I'm not sure it's the same Appendix F. It's -- it 24 deals with public outreach.

MR. DAX: Are you -- you're referring

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 to Appendix F to Appendix 24.A? 2 MS. VIGARS: I'm referring to this 3 4 document. I think it's Appendix E. I apologize. 5 can hand it to the witness. BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'q.) 6 7 It's titled Visual Impact Rating 0. Form. 8 9 Yes, I have that. Α. 10 Ο. Okay. It's part of Appendix E. 11 It's a portion of Appendix E. So Appendix E starts 12 with a table of context -- table of contents coversheet and the visual impacts rating instruction 13 14 form is included as part of that appendix. Do you 15 have that available to you? Α. I do. 16 17 Okay. Thank you. So in that Ο. portion, the Visual Impact Rating Form Instructions, 18 in addition to those 5 categories identified 19 20 previously in your testimony. Again city village, forest, hamlet, rural upland and rural valley, this 21 22 Appendix E portion also includes open water and 23 transportation corridor -- corridor as landscape 24 similarity zones.

Uh-huh.

Α.

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- Q. Do you see that?
- A. I do.
- Q. Please explain why these zones were not included.
- Yes, I think -- I think these were put in initially when we were still contemplating how to break the study area down into similarity zones, and there are some state highways that have the characteristics that we might normally think of as a transportation zone which is usually like an interstate highway or divided highway with lot of highway infrastructure. I think maybe the Canisteo River may have also been considered for use as an open water landscape similarity zone, but upon further examination we -- we chose to lump those in with other sub-zones surrounding them because they didn't really rise to the level of sort of a significant component of the landscape in the study area. So this is -- this probably should have been deleted, but was not.
- Q. Do you recall which landscape similarity zones those items you identified were lumped into?
  - A. It would probably depend. I

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2	mean, so for instance a transportation corridor that
3	went through the City of Hornell would probably have
4	been lumped into the city/village L.S.Z. Most of the
5	roads that run through the study area are in valley,
6	so outside of the settlements it might be the rural
7	valleys L.S.Z. It might also be forest, you know,
8	depending on what was surrounding it.
9	Q. Is there any way you could
10	confirm?
11	A. I could check back with my staff.
12	I mean, I think the
13	Q. Okay. That concludes our
14	questioning. Thank you.
15	A. Okay.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax, redirect?
17	MR. DAX: I have one re-direct
18	question, but I also have three questions that I
19	would like to ask Mr. Hecklau, the nature of I would
20	guess sur surrebuttal. He wants the opportunity
21	to respond to three things that he heard during the
22	testimony, the surrebuttal oral testimony of Dr.
23	Palmer.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. What are those
25	three things?

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. DAX: One has to do with the --2 the term visual distinction, which was a term that 3 Mr. -- that Dr. Palmer used. One has to do with the 4 relevance or the currency of the Vissering study the 5 2011 Vissering report, and the other one is the 6 comment that was made by Dr. Palmer in which he said 7 that the viewpoints used for the photo simulations 8 were picked by the project developer. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Any objections? 11 Okay. Go ahead, proceed, Mr. Dax. REDIRECT EXAMINATION 12 BY MR. DAX: 13 14 Q. Okay. Starting with those last 15 three first, Mr. Hecklau, is visual distinction a term that has a generally accepted definition to your 16 17 knowledge? No, it isn't. 18 Α. 19 Q. The -- in the -- the Vissering 20 document that you and Dr. Palmer had referred to, does that provide specific definition of distance 21 22 zones? 23 Α. It does. 24 And are the zones defined in the Q. 25 Vissering document, the zones that -- are they

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- A. Yes, they are.
- Q. And is it accurate that the viewpoints that were selected for photo simulations were prick -- picked by the project developer?

No, the viewpoints that were Α. ultimately selected for use as simulations were developed through sort of an iterative process where there was quite a bit of stakeholder and public outreach conducted as part of the project, and Appendix F of the V.I.A. basically outlines that But to summarize, you know, sensitive process. resources were identified and input was -- was sought from various stakeholders on resources that should be considered within the study area. There was followup correspondence after we'd done some photo documentation to share with stakeholders and residents what we felt were -- would be appropriate locations for the simulations and then there was also a -- a community meeting where we presented some of that information to the public at large and asked for input. And so the final group of simulations that were prepared are really largely shaped by that

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2	public input along with, you know, the the data
3	that we used to to, you know, come up with the
4	initial list of candidates.
5	Q. Thank you. Now, I'm
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Excuse me. Largely
7	shaped. Did you accept all of the public's select
8	or nominations, if you will, of viewpoints?
9	THE WITNESS: Not all them, ma'am.
10	The if in Appendix F, every viewpoint that was
11	suggested by the public is listed and it's quite a
12	few.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I just want the
14	record to be clear. You did not include every single
15	one that they suggested, how could you, right?
16	THE WITNESS: That's right, ma'am.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: So but who made the
18	final decision on the selection? Who made that final
19	decision even though it was largely shaped by or, I'm
20	sorry if I mischaracterize your testimony, input from
21	the public input from the towns, et cetera, who made
22	the actual decision?
23	THE WITNESS: E.D.R. made the final
24	decision.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: E.D.R.?

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 THE WITNESS: Correct. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: And did you make that 3 decision on your own or in conference with the 4 5 applicant? THE WITNESS: I -- I never had any 6 conference with the applicant on that. This was 7 always an internal discussion. 8 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I understand, 9 10 but that's not the question about whether you did or 11 didn't. Did E.D.R. and the applicant do that 12 together or was it just solely E.D.R.'s unilateral decision? 13 14 THE WITNESS: I don't know the answer. I don't believe that -- I believe it was our 15 decision, but I -- I can't say that somebody didn't 16 17 correspond with the applicant on that, share the -share the proposal. I just don't know that. 18 A.L.J. LEARY: What would -- what 19 20 would you normally do, I mean with that -- is that normally the protocol you would follow when you're 21 22 being retained by an applicant to just unilaterally 23 select the viewpoints? 24 THE WITNESS: No, it wouldn't. If --25 if that's the way I came across I -- I -- it wasn't

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 meant that way. When -- when we make the final selection, it's based on all the input that we receive and -- and the first -- there is criteria that we list in the V.I.A. for what we think are basis, you know, the scientific basis for selecting those viewpoints. So we want to have representative distances, directions, landscape similarity zones. We want to include sensitive resources of various That's sort of where we start from all that types. data that's out there which we document in the V.I.A. about what constitutes sensitive resources and character zones within the study area. From that we come up with a list of candidates that we think as visual professionals -- are good candidates for visual simulation because they represent viewer groups and resources within study area. We then share that with the stakeholders and in this case at a public meeting --

A.L.J. LEARY: And the applicant? Do you share that with the applicant?

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{THE}}$$  WITNESS: Yes, we share with the applicants in the mix.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.

THE WITNESS: But we're not asking the

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2	applicant for
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
4	THE WITNESS: direction. We're
5	asking the stakeholders for direction.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Yes.
7	THE WITNESS: I mean, it's very rare
8	on a on a visual study that an applicant either
9	requests or suggests those specific viewpoint be
10	included.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: You guys are the
12	experts.
13	THE WITNESS: Well, unless unless
14	there is something they are aware of that we're not,
15	you know,
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
17	THE WITNESS: a particularly
18	sensitive resource that may not be known to the
19	public they may have come across it, but yeah
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
21	THE WITNESS: usually that's the
22	case.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So I'm not sure
24	where that leaves us because I thought maybe that's
25	where you were going that somehow

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2	MR. DAX: I'm done with that question
3	
4	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
5	MR. DAX: I have my real redirect
6	questions still to go.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Okay.
8	MR. DAX: Yes, but that we were just
9	responding to the comment that left the record with
10	the idea that it was a unilateral decision by the
11	applicants and that was that was the out that
12	was the suggestion left by Mr by Dr. Palmer
13	yesterday.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm I'm still
15	I am still in the don't know about that because it
16	sounds like E.D.R. made the decision.
17	MR. DAX: Right. E.D.R. made the
18	decision based on all the input. I think
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
20	MR. DAX: I think Mr. Hecklau's
21	testimony is exactly right. I don't
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
23	MR. DAX: there is nothing
24	inaccurate or misleading or anything about that
25	answer.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. 2 MR. DAX: It is just perfectly 3 4 accurate. 5 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I still have cross-examination on that line of questioning. 6 MR. DAX: This was -- this was a --7 we're now getting very far afield from --8 9 A.L.J. LEARY: Well, you opened the door looking for surrebuttal and I let you do it, 10 11 it's okay. MR. DAX: Dr. Palmer -- Dr. Palmer was 12 13 given surrebuttal in a very unusual procedure 14 yesterday. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: We -- we don't need to 16 revisit that, Mr. Dax. What -- what -- where we are 17 is today. You open the door to surrebut Dr. Palmer's testimony. I've let you do that. Now, the -- the 18 19 party who represents Dr. -- Mr. Sharkey and brought 20 Dr. Palmer into the mix has a right to ask follow-up 21 questions about that and I'm going to let that 22 happen. So but --23 MR. DAX: Okay. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: -- do you want to wait 25 for your redirect until --

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. DAX: Yes, I'll wait -- yeah, 2 let's keep -- you like to keep the record together on 3 4 the topic --. 5 A.L.J. LEARY: Well, on those issues 6 and I don't want you straying somewhere else, Mr. 7 Wisniewski, just --MR. WISNIEWSKI: No, Your Honor, it 8 will be limited in scope. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Go ahead. CROSS EXAMINATION 11 BY MR. WISNIEWSKI: 12 Dr. Hecklau, you just mentioned 13 14 some public meetings for the solicitation of 15 representative viewpoints. Did your initial 16 solicitation for representative viewpoints include 17 those public meetings? 18 Α. No, that was a -- that was a 19 suggestion that we -- that we followed from, I 20 believe, CMORE. And did -- did CMORE suggest that 21 Q. 22 to you or did the applicant suggest that to you? 23 Α. I think that you're referring to 24 the public meeting that was held in Canisteo? 25 Q. Correct.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 It came to us. I mean I -- I 2 Α. can't remember the exact mechanism that it came to 3 4 us, but it was in a comment that was provided either 5 by Dr. Palmer or CMORE that we discussed, and the decision was made to do what was suggested. 6 7 Did any stakeholders provide you 0. -- did any stakeholders nominate potential 8 9 representative viewpoints before the meeting 10 occurred? We got nominations from the 11 solicitations we made. We did get -- we did get 12 suggestions from a variety of parties. 13 14 Q. And had you selected any of those 15 nominations as visually -- as representative 16 viewpoints before the meeting? 17 I'm trying to remember the sequence. I believe so. I believe that -- that --18 19 that stakeholder input had already been factored into 20 the candidate viewpoints that we presented at the meeting, but I -- I don't know that for sure. 21 22 Do you recall if visual impact 23 assessment had already been conducted before the 24 meeting was held? 25 No, it had not. Α.

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2	Q. At the meeting do you recall how
3	many viewpoints were nominated by the public?
4	A. I don't off the top of my head,
5	but it is in the V.I.A. and the appendix.
6	Q. Do you recall of all the
7	nominated viewpoints, how many were ultimately
8	selected as representative viewpoints?
9	A. I believe it was 4 out of the 17.
10	Q. So only 17 were nominated?
11	A. 17 is what we ultimately did. We
12	prepared simulations from 17 viewpoints.
13	Q. Mr. Hecklau, you noted that one
14	of the viewpoints that you modeled is representative
15	of a view from Mr. Sharkey's residence, is that
16	correct?
17	A. I I didn't indicate that.
18	Q. Are any of the representative
19	viewpoints from residences?
20	A. They're in the vicinity of
21	residences. They're all taken from public vantage
22	points, so at road locations near residences.
23	Q. So then would you say that any
24	road location near a residence could be considered
25	renresentative viewnoint?

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. But not the residence itself?
4	A. No, we don't typically go onto
5	private property.
6	MR. WISNIEWSKI: I have no no
7	further questions, Your Honor.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax.
9	MR. DAX: Ms. Angus, carrying over to
10	the witness Mr. Hecklau a laptop with the last page
11	of Appendix 24 24A memo called visual memo filed
12	as part of the May 24th updates, it's hearing
13	which is part of Hearing Exhibit 7 and it's in
14	D.M.M.2 208. Again it's Exhibit 24, Appendix 24.
15	memo. And I didn't bring copies with me because I
16	wasn't intending planning this in advance.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: It's already in the
18	MR. DAX: Yes, it's in the record.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: hearing list. We
20	all have it.
21	BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.)
22	Q. So do you have that in front of
23	you, Mr. Hecklau?
24	A. I do.
25	Q. And and what does that what

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2	is the what is shown on the last page of that
3	memorandum, which is a memorandum from you and Mr.
4	Perkins to Eric Miller?
5	A. It's it's 3 different turbines
6	that would be under consideration for use.
7	Q. And what are the 3?
8	A. It's the GE137, the GE158 and the
9	Vestas V150.
10	Q. And what is the hub height give -
11	- give the name of the turbine and the hub height of
12	each?
13	A. Okay. So the GE137 has a hub
14	height of 112 meters or 367 feet. The GE158 has a
15	hub height of a 101.5 meters or 333 feet and the
16	Vestas V150 has a hub height of 105 meters or 344
17	feet.
18	Q. And what is the tip height of the
19	3?
20	A. The total height at the blade tip
21	for the GE137 is 180.5 meters or 592 feet. For the
22	GE158, it's 180.5 meters or 592 feet and for the
23	Vestas V150 it's a 180 meters or 591 feet.
24	MR. DAX: I have nothing further, Your
25	Honor.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: I thought that Mr. 2 Wisniewski asked about the rotor diameter and you 3 have not asked that question, but I am going to ask 4 the witness to, for the record, indicate the 5 6 different rotor diameters. Mr. Wisniewski, am I 7 missing something? MR. DAX: It's on the record -- it is 8 9 on the record already. 10 A.L.J. LEARY: Did you -- did you 11 recite rotor? 12 MR. DAX: No, I mean it was in a 13 response to Mr. Wisniewski's questions earlier. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: I'm still going to ask 15 you to read the -- because that's completing this information. So for the record, would you read the 16 17 rotor diameter of those 3 models? THE WITNESS: Sure. For the GE137 18 the rotor diameter is 137 meters or 449 feet. For 19 the GE158 the rotor diameter is a 158 meters or 518 20 feet and for the ves -- Vestas V150 the rotor 21 22 diameter is 150 meters or 492 feet. 23 MR. DAX: That's all -- that's all I 24 have, Your Honor.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Great. Anybody

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	else? Okay. Who do we have? We have Mr. Miller.
3	Do we need does anybody need a break other than
4	Mr. Miller?
5	THE REPORTER: Your Honor, I think we
6	should have a break.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: You want a break?
8	The reporter: Yeah.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
10	THE REPORTER: Less than 5 minutes.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Less than 5 minutes,
12	everybody.
13	(Off record)
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Miller, would you
15	raise your right hand, please? Do you swear that the
16	testimony you're about to give is the truth and the
17	whole truth?
18	MR. MILLER: I do.
19	WITNESS; ERIC MILLER; Sworn.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Please state your name
21	and your affiliation with for the record.
22	THE WITNESS: My name is Eric Miller.
23	I am Vice President of Development for Invenergy and
24	Canisteo Wind Energy.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 MR. DAX: Thank you. DIRECT EXAMINATION 3 BY MR. DAX: 4 5 Q. Mr. Miller, do you have in front of you a package of various pre-filed testimonies 6 that were filed by you in this proceeding? 7 Α. Yes. 8 Ο. I have in front of me a -- a 9 10 document consisting of 28 pages, 7 of which are typed written questions and answers followed by your 11 curriculum vitae and then a document entitled 12 applicant's proposed certificate conditions. Is this 13 14 -- is this your pre-filed testimony that was filed 15 with the application? Α. It is. 16 17 And in the first 2 pages of that pre-filed testimony, it lists the exhibits of the 18 19 application for which you were responsible or had 20 shared responsibility with Mr. Woodcock, is that 21 correct? 22 Α. That's correct? 23 And then I have in front of me a 24 document entitled The Prepared Rebuttal Testimony of 25 Eric Miller consisting of 39 pages of typed written

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 questions and answers. It's dated July 31st, 2019. Was this prepared by you and filed with the rebuttal 3 4 filing? 5 Α. Yes. And then there is a document 6 Ο. entitled Prepared Supplemental Rebuttal Testimony of 7 Eric Miller dated August 16th, 2019, consisting of 6 8 9 typed written pages of questions and answers. Did 10 you file that testimony in this proceeding? I did. 11 Α. 12 And if I were to ask you which of the questions in those 3 documents today would your 13 14 answers be the same as given in the testimony? 15 Α. It would. 16 And do you attest that those Ο. 17 answers are truthful and accurate? Α. Yes. 18 19 Q. And with your testimony -- with 20 your rebuttal testimony, did you file 4 exhibits --21 the 4 exhibits accompanying your -- your pre-filed 22 rebuttal testimony? 23 Α. Yes. I have in front of me a document 24 Q. 25 entitled Exhibit EM-R1 Proposed Certificate

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Conditions Revision 2 dated 7/31/19. Is -- is that 2 one of the documents that we just referred to? 3 Α. Yes. 4 5 MR. DAX: And that has been pre-6 marked, Your Honors, as Hearing Exhibit 11. And then 7 there is a Hearing Exhibit 12 -- what has been premarked as Hearing Exhibit 12 is a document referring 8 to -- labeled budget estimate for Invenergy Aircraft 9 10 Detection Lighting System Solution for Canisteo Wind 11 farm consisting of 10 pages. Was that an exhibit 12 filed with the rebuttal testimony? 13 THE WITNESS: It was, yes. 14 BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.) 15 And I have pre-marked as Hearing 16 Exhibit 13, a confidential -- it is filed in both 17 confidential and redacted form and I'm only talking about the redacted version here, a response to -- a 18 19 response to a DPSIOR DPS-8 an economic analysis of 20 curtailment. Is that -- was that also provided as an 21 exhibit with your testimony? 22 Yes, it was. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: And that was EM. 24 MR. DAX: That -- that is Hearing 25 Exhibit 13.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 A.L.J. LEARY: I understand, EMR3? 3 MR. DAX: No, it's DP -- it was a --4 it was a response. 5 A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry. 6 MR. DAX: It was a response to a -- a question that we posed to -- it was a -- it was a 7 response to a D.P.S.I.R. that was prepared by Mr. 8 9 Miller. 10 A.L.J. LEARY: I understand, but it's attached to Mr. Miller's testimony? 11 MR. DAX: Oh, that was -- that would 12 13 have been EMR3, I'm sorry. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: That's what I asked. 15 Okay. 16 MR. DAX: Yes, EM -- EM --17 A.L.J. LEARY: Please, identify those as well as the hearing exhibit number? 18 19 MR. DAX: Okay. 20 BY MR. DAX: (Cont'g.) 21 And EMR4 identified in your test Q. 22 -- rebuttal testimony also identified as Hearing Exhibit 14 consists of a table of that as -- in the 23 24 left column says D.E.C. proposed condition and in the 25 right column C.W.E. comment consisting of 5 pages,

'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	was that also was that your Hearing Exhibit EMR4?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. And those exhibits the
5	exhibits you intend to, were those the exhibits that
6	you attached to your to your rebuttal testimony?
7	A. Yes.
8	MR. DAX: Your Honor, I'd ask that
9	those exhibits be the testimony and those exhibits
10	be moved into evidence.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Just so I understand,
12	what you've just covered is all of Mr. Miller's
13	testimony that has been submitted in this matter?
14	MR. DAX: That's right.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: So that would include
16	the July 31st, 2019 rebuttal, the August 16th
17	surrebuttal and is there anything else?
18	MR. DAX: Yes, the the original
19	testimony that accompanies the application Hearing
20	Exhibit 1.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: That's right. And that
22	was dated?
23	MR. DAX: That would have been
24	November 2nd, 2018 roughly.
25	A.I.J. LEARY: Thank you. Any

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 objections? Okay. So admitted both the testimony and the exhibits. 

GENERATION SITING AND THE ENVIRONMENT				
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In the Matter of	:			
	:			
CANISTEO WIND ENERGY LLC	:	Case 16-F-0205		
	:			
Application of Canisteo Wind Energy LLC for a	:			
Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public	:			
Need Pursuant to Article 10 for Construction of a	:			
Wind Project Located in Steuben County.	:			
	:			
	X			

# PREPARED SUPPLEMENTAL REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF ERIC MILLER

August 16, 2019

Eric Miller Invenergy LLC One South Wacker Drive, Suite 1800 Chicago, Illinois 60606 Case 16-F-0328

### Eric Miller Invenergy LLC

1	Q.	Have you previously filed testimony in this proceeding?
2	A.	Yes. I offered testimony in support of portions of the Application for
3		which I was responsible with the Application and rebuttal testimony dated
4		July 31, 2019.
5	Q.	What is the purpose of this testimony?
6	A.	To address testimony submitted by the towns on decommissioning
7		primarily the report prepared by Energy Ventures Analysis titled
8		"Canisteo Wind Energy Center Decommissioning Assessment" and dated
9		August 2019.
10	Q.	Are you sponsoring any exhibits with your rebuttal testimony?
11	A.	No.
12		DECOMMISSIONING SCOPE
13	Q.	Do you agree with the scope of decommissioning as analyzed by EVA?
14	A.	Not fully. I agree with the need to ensure inoperable or abandoned wind
15		turbines are not left in place on leased land. But I do not agree that funds
16		should be set aside to ensure removal of those facilities that create little or
17		no environmental, public safety or visual impacts, or that remain useful, or
18		buildings on CWE's private, fee-owned property. Specifically, I do not
19		think it's appropriate to require CWE to set aside funds to remove grave

Case 16-F-0328

## Eric Miller Invenergy LLC

1		access roads, buried cables, or the O&M building. Removal of the
2		collection substation is also questionable, as this infrastructure would
3		likely be useful in the future.
4	Q.	Why do you think roads should not be covered by a decommissioning
5		bond?
6	A.	Property owners consider the gravel access roads built for the project to be
7		valuable improvements. The roads are built with a firm base and can be
8		used even when fields are wet. Owners appreciate the ability to access
9		their property during varied conditions, and owners that farm their
10		property find the roads valuable for transporting trucks loaded with hay,
11		corn, and other harvested crops. Removing the road would cause a
12		temporary environmental disturbance, and I believe it would be rare that
13		an owner would want to have a road removed. Given this, I find it an
14		inappropriate use of resources to set aside money for road removal.
15	Q.	How much of the EVA decommissioning estimate is due to road
16		removal?
17	A.	EVA's estimate in Figure 11 shows a cost of \$1.573 million for road
18		removal. Assuming 117 turbines, this amounts to \$13,444 per turbine.
19	Q.	Why do you think the O&M Building should not be covered by a
20		decommissioning bond?

#### Eric Miller Invenergy LLC

1 A. The O&M building will be a new building built on private property. The 2 building should have useful life beyond the life of the wind turbines and 3 will be readily, and likely to be, repurposed if it was no longer needed by 4 the wind farm. In addition, it is inconsistent to require decommissioning 5 funds be posted for a new building just because it is related to a wind 6 I am not familiar with other private owners that build new 7 residences, barns, or commercial buildings being required to post security 8 for the eventual removal of their building. For these reasons, I find it an 9 inappropriate use of resources to set aside money for O&M building 10 removal. 11 Q. EVA Figure 1 allocates \$9,784 per turbine for decommissioning of 12 collection lines and the substation. Do you think this is an 13 appropriate set-aside for these activities? 14 A. No. I do not think it's a wise use of resources to remove buried cables 15 after they are no longer needed. As part of wind turbine removal, the 16 cables would be disconnected from the wind turbines and thus de-17 The cables will be buried 3-4 feet or more below grade. energized. 18 Removing the cables would create an environmental disturbance, 19 especially in locations where they are bored underneath streams or

Case 16-F-0328

### Eric Miller Invenergy LLC

1		wetlands, with little benefit. For this reason, I recommend the cables be
2		left in place and no decommissioning funds be allocated for this task.
3		The collection substation should continue to be useful equipment even if
4		the wind turbines are removed. It would be connected to the transmission
5		system by a relatively new transmission line and could be an asset for a
6		business looking for a location to generate electricity or a draw power
7		from the grid. I recommend it be left in place for future use.
8	Q.	Did you review EVA's analysis of wind turbine salvage value?
9	A.	Yes. EVA discusses salvage value on page 11 of its report. The estimate
10		ignores the sale of the turbine for reuse and instead considers the value of
11		the steel and copper in the turbine. They estimate each turbine will have a
12		salvage value between \$29,273 and \$118,743, with an average of \$74,008
13		per wind turbine.
14	Q.	Given your comments in this testimony, do you agree with the
15		decommissioning security requirement of \$156,000 per wind turbine
16		that is presented by EVA in Figure 1?
17	A.	I recommend a value of \$97,000 per wind turbine, based on the modified
18		version on EVA Figure 1 presented below. In this summary, I include a
19		credit for wind turbine salvage value but used only the lower value in the
20		95% confidence interval given in the EVA analysis.

Case 16-F-0328

### Eric Miller Invenergy LLC

Cost Category	Median Cost –	Median Cost – CWE
	EVA	
Wind Turbine and Base	106,639	106,639
Collection Lines and	9,784	0
Substation		
O&M Building	4,260	0
Access Road Reclamation	11,999	0
Meteorological Towers	600	600
Permitting *	2,137	2,137
BoP Subtotal	28,780	2,737
Turbine + BOP	135,418	109,376
Contingency (10%)	13,542	10,937
Indirect Costs (5%)	6,771	5,469
Total	\$155,731	125,750
Use (Rounded)	\$156,000	126,000
Salvage (rounded)	0	-29,000
Net after Salvage	156,000	97,000

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# 2 Q. Does this complete your testimony?

3 A. Yes.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	MR. DAX: The witness is available for
3	examination.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: Who has cross? Let's
5	go with Mr. Mullen. We haven't heard enough from you
6	this afternoon.
7	CROSS EXAMINATION
8	BY MR. MULLEN:
9	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Miller.
10	A. Good afternoon.
11	Q. Are you overseeing this project
12	with Canisteo Wind Energy?
13	A. I am.
14	Q. And is it fair to say that you've
15	testified somewhat extensively to environmental
16	benefits of wind turbines?
17	A. Not quite. I mean we got one
18	other case and I've been involved in that one, that's
19	the number 3 exhibits.
20	Q. In the in the testimony that
21	you filed in this case.
22	A. Yes, I agree.
23	Q. Okay. Would it be fair to say
24	you believe this project is healthy for the
25	environment?

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Okay. And that one of your goals
4	as a developer is to ensure that environmental
5	impacts are mitigated?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Is it your perception in
8	developing the one of the more passionately
9	contested environmental issues has been its effect in
10	a viewshed?
11	A. Yes, I agree.
12	Q. And are you aware of the town's
13	preference with to have radar-activated lighting?
14	A. Yeah, I know that's in one of the
15	towns' laws and I know it from speaking with you,
16	that it's something the towns are interested in, but,
17	you know, I have not heard that directly from all of
18	the towns, but in general, yes.
19	Q. So you are aware in in
20	general?
21	A. I know it's an issue, yes.
22	Q. And you viewed it in the issues
23	list and the testimony that was filed by Cathy
24	Spencer, correct?
25	A. I don't have that list memorized,

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 but I don't doubt it was there. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: Can you speak up, Mr. 3 Miller? Thank you. 4 5 THE WITNESS: Okay. (Cont'g.) 6 BY MR. MULLEN: 7 Okay. You talked about one of Q. the towns having in their law? 8 9 Α. Yes. 10 Ο. And are you aware that it says a developer shall install radar-activated lighting 11 system if feasible and approved by an F.A.A.? 12 13 Α. Yes. 14 Q. Okay. And are you generally 15 familiar with the public service law requiring an applicant to seek to mitigate impacts? 16 17 Generally, yes. Okay. And that they should 18 19 mitigate them to the maximum extent possible -feasible? 20 21 Α. I'm going to defer to my legal 22 counsel on that. I don't know the exact wording and 23 I know these things to be fairly important. 24 Okay. Are you aware that one of Q.

the impacts that is considered is the effect on

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	community character?
3	A. Yeah, I know community character
4	comes up in the discussions. I believe it's covered
5	in the application so yes, it's a it's a topic
6	that's covered.
7	Q. How would you describe the
8	community character of the Canisteo Wind project
9	area?
10	A. It's a rural area. It's largely
11	agricultural, rolling hills and to be developed.
12	Q. Would you say that there are
13	beautiful views in the area?
14	A. It's all a matter of opinion, but
15	
16	Q. What's your opinion?
17	A. Yes, I think it's a nice place.
18	Q. Now, have you what have you
19	done to look into the feasibility of installation of
20	the radar activated lighting?
21	A. We contacted a vendor that
22	that offers a it sells radar-activated lights and
23	we asked for a quote from that vendor and that's
24	what's included as the second exhibit with my
25	tastimony

'	10-F-0203 - Callisted Willa Ellergy - 6-21-19
2	MR. MULLEN: Would anyone like a copy
3	of that?
4	A.L.J. LEARY: I would.
5	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Eric, if you have
6	plenty, I'll take one too.
7	MR. DAX: This is Hearing Exhibit 12
8	for the record.
9	BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'g.)
10	Q. Have you done anything other than
11	obtaining this quote?
12	A. We've also received information
13	from another vendor that sells a different
14	technological solution which is dimmable lights.
15	It's another option.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: Is that in the record,
17	Mr. Miller?
18	THE WITNESS: That one is not, no.
19	BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'g.)
20	Q. Now, in addition to this quote,
21	your testimony also discusses additional cost, your
22	July 31st testimony, I believe, Pages 20 to 21 in
23	that testimony, is that correct?
24	A. Correct.
25	O. And you testify in there that it

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 would -- in order to install a system that it would 2 likely take two radar units, correct? 3 Α. Correct. 4 5 Q. And that installing the infrastructure required other -- other than what --6 what is purchased from the company that gave the 7 quote would be an additional \$975,000 correct? 8 Α. Correct. 9 10 And that ongoing operation and 11 maintenance for 30 years would cost \$900,000, correct? 12 13 Yes. Α. 14 Q. Okay. And that -- that complete 15 cost over 30 years was estimated at \$2.8 million? Α. Yes. 16 17 How -- how did you come up Ο. Okay. with the \$975,000 and \$900,000 estimates? 18 So the \$975,000 -- so the -- the 19 20 quote that we received is for the hardware and it does not include the cost to actually install the radar 21 22 units and so we had to make some estimates of what it 23 would take. We didn't know exactly what those were, 24 but we had to make estimates. We have to basically 25 obtain land by entering into land agreements from

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 somebody. We would have to construct a concrete pad site to have this tower on. You would have to pay to have the cables buried underground to get to that site which may not be near the -- may not be along an electrical collection system line, almost probably not and so we made estimates for those distances having an idea of what it cost to bury cables. We added that up and came up with -- with this \$975,000 and that's for two sites. The \$900,000 is based off of a, I believe, it's a price in their estimates of what the annual maintenance charge is and that's -- or the monthly maintenance charge and that's simply multiplying that up by 30 years.

- Q. Okay. And how many turbines did they base that on?
- A. I believe they based it on a 100 -- let me just verify, 122.
- Q. 122. And so for the maintenance cost, is that something that is divisible by the turbine?
- A. In this case, no. It was a fixed quote. It was a per month charge. It didn't vary it by number of turbines.
  - Q. Did you ask them whether the

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 amount would change depending on the number of turbines? 3 We have not, but that's 4 Α. something, you know, this is not a first quote, so 5 maybe that's something that could be negotiated. 6 7 Do you think that it might be Q. able to be adjusted based on the number of turbines? 8 I think it's possible, but I 9 Α. 10 don't think it's going to be a significant difference. I think there's a certain fixed cost for 11 these guys to be able to monitor a site and have 12 someone available to come out and maintain the radar 13 14 unit if something comes up and that's there, whether 15 there's -- regardless of the number of turbines. I would suspect that's a relatively fixed cost. 16 17 And you've testified essentially that you do not believe that the potential benefit of 18 19 this system is worth the cost, correct? 20 That's correct. Α. 21 Is there a price that you believe Q. 22 would be a reasonable price to construct the system? 23 It's difficult to say given the -24 - I think there are some questions about how 25 beneficial it would be given some of the other

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 factors. One of them is that some of the -- the other projects in the area already exist and don't So there was a question of how have this system. much of a -- of an impact, how much it's changing the lights in the area. I think something that's also not factored in is that the lights that are being used now are LED lights and I think that's different than some of the older turbines that people might be familiar with. Around 2010 they began installing -they switched from incandescent lights to LED lights. With the LEDs my understanding is they're able to direct those upwards more and so you have less light downwards. So if you look at the older projects, they may not be a good example of what you're going to have here. So all of those -- those are factors that change the fact of how much benefit a system like this would have. So I think you have to weigh the cost versus the benefits.

Q. Okay. So regarding the other area turbines, would you say that that's sort of a cumulative analysis that you're discussing there?

A. It's a dangerous term, I'd rather not say that. I -- I just -- I think that that's a loaded term. The term cumulative has been used, I

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 think, means different things to different people. 2 I'm not sure that applies here and I'll have to think 3 about that so. 4 Well, are you taking it into 5 Q. account with the other projects would you say that's 6 7 a --Yes. 8 Α. -- fair a cumulative definition? 9 10 Α. I'm saying I -- I think that the 11 -- the benefit of this system should be considered factoring in whether or not there's other lights in 12 13 the area that are also going to be dimmed. 14 Q. Okay. And is that a similar 15 analysis that you believe should be done with sound and flicker? 16 17 No, those are different kind of 18 analysis that I honestly don't have an answer prepared for that. That's a different situation. 19 20 Q. Could you expound on that why you believe those are different scenarios? 21 22 I honestly would need time to 23 think about it. I don't want to make a snap decision and judgment and declare those to be equal because 24 25 they are -- yeah.

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19

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Do you think that anything about Ο. this project has been a snap decision?

- Α. No, it's not.
- Q. Okay. And so as you put time into thinking about this in considering the radar activated lighting system, one of the things that you discussed and -- and that you've talked about a little bit already just now, was how the other -because of the other wind farms you should not have to use radar activated lighting, correct?
  - Α. Essentially, yes.
- Okay. Now which wind farms are you talking about?
- Α. I am thinking of the Marsh Hill Wind Farm that's in the middle of the project that currently operates without radar activated or dimmable lights. The 8-Point project which was issued a siting certificate yesterday and I believe it has a condition in there that says they have to consider the feasibility of radar activated lighting, but it was not a clear decision as to whether or not that project will have radar activated lights, but that's a project in Baron. It's a project that might be in the area, it's further north and from

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	some of the areas how are these visible and Howard
3	already has lights and unless, you know, those aren't
4	radar activated.
5	Q. And do you think that that if
6	8-Point has ends up with radar-activated lighting
7	that that should be an indicator that you also
8	should?
9	A. I would agree that that makes the
10	benefits of having radar-activated light at this
11	project greater, but I think it would be the
12	counter is I think if 8-point does not have radar-
13	activated lights, I think you start to question how
14	much benefit there is for spending \$2.8 million for
15	radar-activated lights on this project.
16	Q. Do you know whether it's possible
17	to combine a radar system for both projects?
18	A. I do not know that.
19	Q. Now, on Pages 28 to 29 of your
20	testimony, the July 31st testimony.
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. Is there a discussion towards the
23	bottom of that page on cumulative impacts?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Talking about lines beginning

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	in line 17 and
3	MR. DAX: Mr. Miller may may have a
4	different printout, so if you would want to look at
5	the other package.
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you. It's not on
7	here. Which you're saying Page 28?
8	BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'g.)
9	Q. Yes. And lines beginning on line
10	17. You know, I do have the the printout that I
11	have does have some of the confidential information
12	or so
13	A. That's probably the difference,
14	okay.
15	Q. Okay.
16	A. What are the words you're getting
17	at? You're talking about cumulative impacts?
18	Q. Yes, you find it in there?
19	A.L.J. SHERMAN: There is a heading,
20	it says cumulative impacts.
21	THE WITNESS: Got it. I'm at the
22	heading, yes.
23	BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'g.)
24	Q. Okay. And do you agree in there
25	that you said that Canisteo Wind Energy is not

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 responsible for impacts created by other wind farms. There appears to be an assumption that because of nearby projects their wind energy projects you could be assigned responsibility for those projects impacts?

- A. Yes, that's what it says.
- Q. And so is it -- is it your opinion then that related to noise and flicker, those are those kind of cumulative impacts that you shouldn't be responsible for, but we should not -- we should consider cumulative analysis for radar?
- A. As if I have more time to sit here and think about this, you know, you're really looking at this in reverse. What if -- what if another wind project or let's say -- let's say we're talking about noise, let's say somebody invented -- somebody decided that all the snowmobiles were going to be motor driven snowmobiles that made no noise whatsoever. So suddenly does that mean they should turn around to us and say, 'Hey, your wind project is making more noise and the snowmobiles got more quiet, so you should be more quiet too'. And suddenly I should have to change the way we operate the wind farm. I mean that's comparing to very loud noise

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source to very quiet noise source in the wind farms,
but the same thing is going on here with the lights.
We are doing it in reverse. If one of the projects
is to come up with a -- is to install something that
is going to minimize impacts, which I agree is a good
thing to minimize the impacts, does that mean all the
other projects should do the same thing? That's I
think we look -- I think it's a reverse situation.

- $\mbox{Q.} \quad \mbox{We -- we think that Marsh} \\ \mbox{Hill should have them as well.}$
- A. I understand. I understand this. I'm not debating whether there's a benefit. I'm just saying it's a cost benefit question.
- Q. Okay. Now a little bit later on and I get our pages are -- our pagination is little bit different. Do you remember discussing that noise assessment could be undertaken by examining project noise as an addition to existing ambient noise levels?
  - A. Yes, it's in there, yeah.
- Q. Okay. And so if we made that analogous to the lighting situation, wouldn't we be considering Canisteo Wind the light that's added in addition to the existing light levels?

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Yes.

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Q. Okay. And if we could circle back to the mitigation in general, you discussed that there's a possibility of another mitigation option?

A. Yes.

Α.

Q. Could you explain a little bit about the dimming solution you mentioned earlier?

Α. Sure. So what's been discussed so far is a radar-activated system which is where you have a remote radar that monitors the sky and triggers, you know, has an on-off switch basically all the lights and a central controller that can turn off all the lights. That's what we've been talking about. That's a relatively complicated system. simpler system that vendors are also offering is a dimmable LED light where my understanding is that the light intensity on these turbines is designed to work on the, you know, that foggiest of nights, maybe not the absolute foggiest, but they design it to work on a night when it's pretty foggy or not very clear. what happens is on nights when it's relatively clear, it's brighter than is actually necessary. So what they do is you can buy a system that has a dimmable LED light up there and it has a photo -- has a sensor

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	that determines how what the visibility is that
3	night and it adjusts the brightness of the lights for
4	the visibility on that particular point in time so
5	you have lower impacts. And those systems are less
6	complicated and require less maintenance. They are
7	still costly. The lights are expensive.
8	Q. Do you have an idea of what the
9	additional cost would be for a dimming solution?
10	A. It appears that for a a site
11	like this one instead of \$2.8 million you might be
12	looking at \$1.5 million.
13	Q. And do you believe that that
14	would be a reasonable cost for substantial
15	mitigation?
16	A. I think that's more reasonable.
17	Again it's a question of the benefit.
18	Q. Is the cost of those primarily
19	related to the light itself?
20	A. I think you'll have to pay
21	they charge the light is essentially the same. I
22	think it has you're paying extra for the dimmer
23	technology. You're paying some extra for the
24	controllers and you're paying some extra for the
25	sensors that have to be mounted on the turbines, but

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 there is no radar unit.

- Q. Is the sensor that sense how clear it is?
- A. Yes, but the maintenance is less also, because the other one you have to have a radar technician basically available to come out and work on things. This one you don't have to have a radar technician.
- Q. Now, going back to the radar estimate, the budget estimate that you received back in 2018. You say in your testimony that 2 radar units are likely required, can you explain why?
- A. In the -- in the quote and I'll admit it's not laid out, this needs to be researched more, but with the vendor, but my read of this is that a single radar would require -- single radar solution would require an antenna that's outside of the project area. And so that's an additional installation cost to be able to get the cable further out there. They seem to be suggesting that a two-radar solution is more robust and can all be done inside of the project area. So that's not been resolved. I'd -- it's based on my experience I expect it will probably -- you'd probably end up with

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	the two radar solution is what I've assumed here.
3	Q. Do you know where the point
4	generally is outside the project area?
5	A. I do not. This is relatively new
6	technology. I've not seen it installed.
7	Q. But you didn't ask them whether
8	they would need to go?
9	A. No, we've not done that. That
10	clearly would have to be done to follow up on this
11	more.
12	Q. And that would inform you more or
13	what the cost would be?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. But the proposal did say didn't
16	it that one radar unit could be effective?
17	A. It did say that.
18	Q. Regarding the 2 unit solution,
19	are there certain turbines that might add be a
20	much higher cost to to cover? What I'm asking is,
21	you know, if you had if you had all your turbines,
22	119, if you only needed the second unit to cover 10
23	of them or something like that, do you have any idea
24	whether that might be the case?

I don't.

Α.

25

'	10-f-0203 - Callisted Willa Ellergy - 0-21-19
2	Q. Do you think that that would have
3	be worth checking into?
4	A. Absolutely, yes.
5	Q. One of the things that you
6	discussed in order to show the difficulty in the
7	project is the size of the project, correct? Because
8	there are so many turbines that requires
9	A. Are you talking about the radar
10	system?
11	Q. Yes.
12	A. Yes, in the varied terrain and I
13	guess part of it as well.
14	Q. Now, regarding the size of the
15	project, doesn't the size of that the project
16	bring economies of scale in other areas?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. And doesn't the size of the
19	project mean that many more lights will potentially
20	be viewable from the Canisteo Wind Project than
21	other projects?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. Do you think that those are
24	potentially good reasons for strongly considering
25	radar activated lights?

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. Again that's a cost benefit
3	question. I mean that's up to others.
4	(On the record)
5	BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'g.)
6	Q. On the additional cost, speaking
7	of costs, the 975,000 and the 900,000 dollar cost for
8	installation and maintenance. How much time did you
9	take to estimate those costs?
10	A. Approximately two hours.
11	Q. Okay. And those costs were
12	estimated over for the maintenance costs and the
13	analysis in general over 30 years, correct?
14	A. Yes, it's a 30 year maintenance
15	cost.
16	Q. Have you divided that cost down
17	to a per megawatt per year cost?
18	A. No.
19	Q. Do you think that that would be
20	fairly simple to do?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. And so if we divided so the
23	one the one radar unit solution, you have
24	estimated 2.4 million dollars, correct?
25	A. Yeah, that was correct.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Yeah. And so if we divided that 2 Ο. by 30 years, that would be eighty thousand dollars a 3 year, correct? 4 5 Α. Okay. And then if we divided that by 6 290, it would be 276 dollars roughly, correct? 7 I'll trust your math, yeah. 8 Α. 9 Q. Okay. Per megawatt per year? 10 Α. Yes. 11 Okay. And is it possible -- it Q. 12 is possible, isn't it that there are less than 119 turbines that are constructed in the project? 13 14 Α. That's correct. And so if there were fewer 15 Ο. 16 turbines, the -- there could be additional --17 potentially additional cost savings from not having to install much equipment, correct? 18 19 Α. Yes. If you --20 Q. And for maintenance? 21 Well, if we're looking at the Α. 22 radar solution, it appears that the one item that's 23 linked to turbines is the cost of the light control 24 module which looks to be, you know, looks like if you 25 were down to 90 turbines, you might save 20,000

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	dollars.
3	Q. And I'm assuming that there'll be
4	some installation savings wouldn't there? If you
5	don't have to install it on as many turbines?
6	A. We've actually not factored that
7	in because we have to install a light anyway. So
8	this is additional cost beyond what it cost to
9	install lights. So there is really those savings
10	are already covered.
11	Q. There were pretty it seems
12	like there would be maintenance cost savings from the
13	con a contract with the company?
14	A. Again, they gave us a fixed per
15	month cost.
16	Q. And that fixed costs was based or
17	a 122 turbines, correct?
18	A. Correct. Maybe they'd come back
19	and say it's slightly less but.
20	Q. Okay. Is it true that the cost
21	of the radar system would be less than the cost of a
22	turbine?
23	A. I can't answer that.
24	Q. Well
25	A. The turbine

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1
              16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
                               -- we've talked about the --
2
                        Ο.
                               -- turbine price is very
3
                        Α.
         different.
4
5
                             -- resale but let's compare it to
                        Q.
         the resale value.
6
7
                              It's more money than the resale
                        Α.
         value of a turbine.
8
                              Well, and when you had estimated
9
10
         the resale value, you have that 2.2 million, correct?
11
                              I -- I don't recall, but -- okay.
         It's more than two -- 2.8 is more than 2.9.
12
                              That'd be pretty close --
13
                        Q.
14
                              -- a 2 -- whatever. 2.8 is more
         than 2.2, I'll grant you that.
15
                              It'll be pretty close to the cost
16
                        0.
17
         of a used turbine?
18
                              Sure, yes.
19
                        Q.
                              Okay. Do you agree -- do you
20
         think that it's possible that radar-activated
         lighting would substantially reduce the visual impact
21
22
         during darkness hours?
23
                              I -- I think it's going to depend
24
         on what type of night you're talking about. If this
25
         is -- again, if we're talking about the LED lights
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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
which is almost certainly what we would use on this.
And if you're talking about less -- fewer impacts,
and if you're talking about those lights on a cloudy
night, you probably don't have much of an impact. So
it -- it varies. And -- and the term significantly
is -- I don't know who the right person is to be the
judge of that.

- Q. But you -- so --
- A. There is -- there is also question for radar-activated lights. You know, how often -- is it really going to be activated, you know, --
  - Q. So do you think it's possible?
- A. -- we all think there is not a lot of plane traffic. I'm sorry. But, you know, we haven't used these systems before. It might be that you would spend 2.8 million dollars and it turns out that it's very sensitive and it trips, you know, it leaves the lights on 90 percent of the hours because of the number of plane traffic around here. We just don't know this. We don't have experience operating.
- Q. Could you have already studied that in a feasibility analysis?
  - A. Conceivably. But again, this is

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2	
3	Q. You you could have, correct?
4	A. Sure.
5	Q. Have you researched the federal
6	aviation administration rules or procedure for
7	applying for radar-activated lighting?
8	A. I have not. Not personally, no.
9	Q. Okay. You've talked a little bit
10	about LED lights. Those those would be used
11	regardless of whether it's radar activated or not,
12	correct?
13	A. Correct.
14	Q. All right. And I I'm ready to
15	move away from the radar activated light question.
16	And I want to ask about light synchronization.
17	A. Okay.
18	Q. Have you looked into
19	synchronizing with other projects?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. Which projects have you looked
22	into?
23	A. I've not looked into any specific
24	project. I think this is laid out in the application
25	that we talk about. I basically talked to some of
- 1	

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 the vendors to find out how that works. And what was explained to me is that the lights are -- the flashing is controlled by G.P.S. G.P.S. has location information and also timing information and basically it's as simple as you go into the turbine and you can set the light up there. It could go on every odd second. I don't actually know how many seconds they're on or off for. But you time, you set them all to go on and off on a certain, you know, pattern and you make sure that all the lights in your project would go up and you say if they're going to go off on, you know, the fifth second and last for two seconds, you set them all to be identical so the whole project lights up in synchronization.

It would seem to be a simple matter.

And these are with newer turbines, you know, if you had another new project, it's most of them I understand are G.P.S. controlled now. It would be a simple matter technically to go up there and make that happen. It would be interesting, you know. I - I can't control what NextEra does on the 8 point project, so I can't commit that we're going to synchronize with them and maybe another project. And

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Howard may not have G.P.S. lights because of the
3	vintage. So it's possible it will be hard to
4	synchronize with them. So technically it's seems
5	straight forward if you got new equipment.
6	Q. You are willing to at least look
7	into synchronizing the 8 point as well as Marsh Hill,
8	correct?
9	A. Correct.
10	Q. Okay. Regarding the letters of
11	credit now for decommissioning in general. Are you
12	- is it your position that they the letters of
13	credit will not be provided until operations begin?
14	A. I don't exactly I don't recall
15	the exact trigger date, if you will, when the
16	when the security has to be in place.
17	Q. Okay.
18	A. It's often it's often
19	operations date.
20	Q. Okay. And are are you
21	familiar with the D.P.S. and the town's position that
22	they be provided prior to construction?
23	A. I don't doubt that. I'm sorry.
24	I don't have that one memorized.
25	Q. Well, is is there a

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 substantial cost savings to not having them prior to 2 construction? 3 Substantial, I mean you would 4 5 have -- if you had to bid a -- put a bond in place, you know, that's a certain cost, that's a percentage 6 of the cost of the decommissioning bond. Generally, 7 you like to have those once the project is up and 8 operating genera -- generating revenue during the 9 10 construction phase, you -- there is no revenue coming 11 in so you try to manage the costs as the best you 12 can. 13 Q. But --14 But it -- it's a matter of moving 15 it forward, you know, 9 months, 12 months. But there will be towers standing 16 Q. 17 and infrastructure put in place? Α. Yes. 18 19 Q. And what would happen if those 20 towers were built and they were never powered? You're asking from a 21 Α. 22 decommissioning standpoint I assume? 23 Q. Yes. 24 Α. Yes. Well, our land contracts 25 would require us to have those removed.

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Q. But the letters of -- the letters of credit would never go into effect with that?

A. If they were not put into effect by the time. Yeah. If they're not put in effect by C.O.D., correct. I think it's worth pointing out that in lots of -- in other municipalities, not in New York but in other states, it's pretty common that decommissioning bonds not be required until the 10th or 15th year of operation because it's understood that the risk of the chance of a project like this actually becoming obsolete is very low in the very early years. And -- and that's not an uncommon situation as where the decommissioning bonds are not required until later in the project's life cycle.

Q. Speaking -- you are talking about using -- you've proposed not to use the letters of credit, correct, bonds?

A. I think we proposed a bond.

Because it -- I'm not a finance expert but my

understanding is with the letter of credit, you

basically have to have the money sitting in the bank

waiting there and not doing anything and if you have

a bond, you can, it's more flexible. You're still on

the hook for the money. Stood -- financially more

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	flexible arrangement with the bond. Both of them
3	offer equal levels of protection.
4	Q. I I had I had thought you
5	had changed that at some point. And do you agree
6	that the security instrument should be active for the
7	life of the project?
8	A. Yes. As long as the
9	decommissioning money is required, yeah.
10	Q. Okay.
11	A. Yes. There should be security
12	available for the life of the project.
13	Q. Okay. And are you do you
14	believe that that should be adjusted periodically
15	that the the values of the security, correct?
16	A. Yeah. That's appropriate.
17	Q. And that would be intended to
18	keep cost estimates accurate and take inflationary
19	considerations into account?
20	A. Correct.
21	Q. Do you believe the towns should
22	be involved in that process?
23	A. The way things are envisioned in
24	New York, the towns are the ones who would hold the
25	decommissioning bond or security would be for their

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	benefit. So they're in the they're in the loop in
3	this and so it makes sense for them to be involved,
4	yes.
5	Q. Okay. And do you think they
6	should be involved with determining reasonable
7	amounts of security?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. Okay. And you had a pro
10	provision that you had proposed, it stated that the
11	host town could draw fifty percent of the funds, if
12	you did not renew the security instrument prior to
13	its expiration date. Are you do you remember
14	that?
15	A. Actually, I'm not as familiar
16	with that. Was that in the original plan?
17	Q. Yes.
18	A. Okay.
19	Q. I didn't understand what that
20	meant. It seemed risky
21	A. I I'd have to pull it up and
22	look at it. Thank you.
23	Q. All right. This is Exhibit 29 of
24	the application. Let's see what the matter number
25	was. And it's a DMM number 115.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax, do you happen
3	to have the Hearing Exhibit Number for this?
4	MR. DAX: Exhibit 29, that is part of
5	ex Hearing Exhibit 1.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you. Not
7	updated?
8	MR. DAX: Not updated in that sense,
9	but there had been elements updated both in Mr.
10	Miller's rebuttal testimony and in his surrebuttal
11	testimony, going to the topic of decommissioning.
12	The Applicant has moved some cases closer to the
13	town's positions on a certain elements of
14	decommissioning.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Is this no longer
16	excuse me, sorry.
17	MR. MULLEN: No problem.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Is this no longer a
19	valid document in whole or in part?
20	MR. DAX: I I don't have it in
21	front of me. So I'll need to pull it up and look at
22	it.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Do you want to take
24	MS. O'TOOLE: Here we go.
25	A.I.J. LEARY: Ms. O'Toole was

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	MR. DAX: Wait, never mind, I was just
3	given
4	A.L.J. LEARY: just handing you
5	MR. DAX: I was just given, yeah,
6	this is this is no longer valid in its entirety.
7	It's no longer current. I don't want to say it's
8	invalid. It's no longer current.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: So are you saying we
10	have to I have to weed through the examiners,
11	I've to weed through Mr. Miller's rebuttal testimony
12	to figure out how this has changed?
13	MR. DAX: Well, you would you would
14	want to read the section called decommissioning which
15	is about one page long.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: So the answer to that
17	is yes?
18	MR. DAX: Yeah. Well, I no you
19	said read through. I don't accept read through. I
20	think you can zero in.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: I said weed.
22	MR. DAX: Yeah. Yeah. Read, you can
23	read to the
24	A.L.J. LEARY: No, weed.
25	MR. DAX: Oh, weed.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: W-E-E-D.
3	MR. DAX: You definitely don't need to
4	weed.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Implying
6	A.L.J. SHERMAN: She is a gardener.
7	MR. DAX: I garden too. In fact the -
8	- the weeds are growing right now.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: So
10	MR. DAX: There there are elements
11	in I think if you looked at Mr. Miller's
12	surrebuttal testimony and if you look
13	A.L.J. LEARY: I have read it.
14	MR. DAX: and if you look at page
15	36 of his rebuttal testimony, you'll see that
16	movement has been made, I would say in the direction
17	of the town's and the D.P.S.'s, position on certain
18	elements.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Rebuttal or
20	surrebuttal?
21	MR. DAX: Both, his third page, 36 of
22	his rebuttal and all of his surrebuttal. And if you
23	would like us to provide a red line, I'm being
24	advised to offer that by my wise colleague here.
25	That we do that if we we make a red line to

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Exhibit 29 of the application Exhibit 29.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: Before you get there,
4	exhibit I'm sorry. Mr. Miller's rebuttal page 36?
5	MR. DAX: Yes. You'll see that he has
6	made he made he has made some changes in what
7	had been the applicant's position, right starting
8	right from the top.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: As to the resale value
10	of the turbines that
11	MR. DAX: That and then he goes on to
12	say, "And we accept the requirement that letters of
13	credit be used to provide financial assurance to the
14	host town."
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Got it.
16	MR. DAX: And then there
17	A.L.J. LEARY: That's an important
18	component. That's why I'm asking this very question.
19	MR. DAX: Right.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So
21	MR. DAX: And then the surrebuttal has
22	further shifts in the direction of the town's
23	based on the town's decommissioning report.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: And he's got a table

here that changes some things I'm going to assume.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Is that right?
3	MR. DAX: And you're talking about the
4	surrebuttal?
5	A.L.J. LEARY: No, no. I'm talking
6	about the rebuttal, bear with me. I just went by it.
7	MR. DAX: I don't think there is a
8	table in the decommissioning part of this of his
9	rebuttal testimony.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Updated loss generation
11	estimates. Sorry.
12	MR. DAX: That's not in that, right.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: That's not
14	MR. DAX: The the rebuttal
15	testimony only discusses decommissioning at pages 35
16	through 36.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Letter of credit
18	okay. And it sounds like based on the other
19	testimony, I just read the numbers were not salvage
20	value but the actual numbers in terms of the value of
21	the
22	MR. DAX: Mr. Miller has
23	A.L.J. LEARY: turbines.
24	MR. DAX: has accepted not trying
25	to offset decommissioning costs with the resale value

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 but is maintaining the position that we -- that 2 salvage value should still be an offset. 3 4 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Any -- anything 5 in the surrebuttal that we should note that is going to sort of impact what I'm going to call application 6 7 Exhibit 29, which is part of Exhibit -- Hearing Exhibit 1. 8 That element I just referred 9 MR. DAX: 10 to --11 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. MR. DAX: -- which was agreeing that 12 13 the Applicant no longer seeks to offset the 14 decommissioning cost with a resale -- turbine resale 15 value. That's one. And then the numbers, the -- the 16 actual ed cost estimates that were first prepared by 17 the town's decommissioning expert and then Mr. Miller reacted to them and -- and accommodated to some 18 extent those -- those numbers. 19 20 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Perfect. 21 Anything else? 22 MR. DAX: I think that's it. A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Well, Mr. 23 24 Miller, if it occurs to you where this sort of stands 25 right now in terms of how we should view exhibit --

that mean?

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 application Exhibit 29, just keep that in mind during your testimony. Sorry, Mr. Mullen.

BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'q.)

Q. Page -- we are talking about this a 50 percent draw, if security lapses. It's on page -- 29-5 is the page it's on.

A.L.J. LEARY: Do you need a copy?

THE WITNESS: I see it.

BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'g.)

Q. Okay. Yeah. Can -- what does

A. So I'm glad we had a discussion to give me a chance to look at it and recall what this is. So what this is — when I have done these before, we have obtained bonds to cover the decommissioning amount and the — you get a — make sure I get the structure right. But instead of going out and getting a bond that's going to be in place for 30 years you get a bond that's in place for, you know, a year-and-a-half and you make sure there is a requirement in there that you continue to get new bonds. And so that there is always some overlap and so the town always has protection.

And that struck -- you can set these

up so that the town has protection and that they're always covered and one of the ways you do that is you make sure that if there is any elapse -- anytime if - if you ever allow the bond to lapse, the town's got the authority to draw the money. Even if the turbines have not been -- are still operating, they're not decommissioned. That's a -- that gives the town's the leverage to make sure the bonds are constantly renewed. And that's what this is. This is saying that if the bond was not renewed, that the towns could draw 50 percent of the money. Trust me, that's enough to scare the wind company in making sure that they will always renew the bond. That's the purpose of it.

Q. What -- what -- what happens, suppose you're near end of life on the project and just decide not to renew. Wouldn't the -- the towns would only receive half of what the amount would be, correct? The amount that they would need to decommission if you walked away from the project?

A. I understand the scenario you're laying out. And I don't -- I think the full structure is not properly captured here and I think that there is a way to set this up so that the towns

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are fully protected and the scenario you're laying
out doesn't happen. There is no intention here to -to create loopholes and I think it could be set up to
prevent loopholes.

- Q. Well, and even, you know, please strike that question. Are you still -- so you still are planning on having some provision like this but you view it as a benefit to the town more than yourself?
- A. Yes. This provision is for the benefit for the town. All we're proposing is that there'd be a structure that ensures that if there are security in place for the full term that's agreed upon whether it's the start of construction or C.O.D. for the life of the project. We agree there should be security for that whole term. But there are details that I think would need to be worked out with the -- with the towns. And one of those things may be we just -- we come back and we say it turns out the market for a 30 year bond doesn't exist but here is another way to do it where we have overlapping bonds, we should be able to work that out.
- Q. Okay. On decommissioning depth, are you familiar with the recommendation from

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 agencies that infrastructure would be removed down to 2 four feet in agricultural lands? 3 Α. Yes, I recall seeing that. 4 5 Q. And you disagree with that, 6 correct? 7 Α. Yes. Why? 8 0. 9 It's a -- you know, it's a 10 relatively small matter but that's a significant cost to remove another foot of concrete from the easement. 11 12 So you know, I'm not a farmer but generally three feet for that small area shouldn't have that much of 13 14 an impact if -- once that's graded over. I would 15 think it would still be useful farming land with something three feet below the surface. 16 17 So it's --That's the extent of it. I don't 18 19 want to make a bigger deal than it is. But if --20 Just primarily related to what Q. 21 you think farm -- how low you think farmers need to 22 go? 23 Α. That's right. Okay. And did you have any 24 Q. 25 expert basis for that or --

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. No.
3	Q. Are you a farmer?
4	A. I said that at the beginning, I'r
5	not a farmer.
6	Q. Okay. I guess you did. Okay.
7	Regarding decommissioning roads.
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. One of the things that you
10	mentioned is that many of the land owners would like
11	them to remain there, correct?
12	A. Correct.
13	Q. Okay. Are you involved with the
14	negotiation process with the leases with the land
15	owners?
16	A. For many years I have been. I
17	did them myself. Now, I oversee that.
18	Q. Okay. And do you ever, in
19	negotiations with landowners, advise them that any
20	decommissioning they would need to worry about would
21	happen through the Article 10 process?
22	A. I just I'm not sure I
23	understand the question fully.
24	Q. Sure.
25	A. What what are you trying to

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 get at? When you -- when you negotiate 3 Ο. with land owners, do they ever ask you about 4 5 decommissioning? 6 Α. Yes, they do. 7 And do you tell them that it's --0. it'll happen through the art -- the Article 10 portal 8 will take care of that? 9 10 Α. Now, that's what we would tell 11 In the past we would say, the town -- the town them. 12 law is going to take care of that. And you know, we can look at town laws and see that that's being 13 14 contemplated. 15 Q. Okay. And then for --I'm sorry. Can I back up to that 16 Α. 17 When people ask that question, we also point to the -- you know, the contract which says, that if we 18 19 stop, when the contract terminates we have to remove 20 the facilities from the property. That's the first line of defense for the landowners. The 21 22 decommissioning is a backup for them. They've got a 23 contract that says we have to remove things. 24 And the mech -- the primary Q. 25 mechanism that triggers decommissioning is when a

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yes.

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16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 turbine hasn't been active for 12 months, correct?

A. That's a pretty common provision,

Q. Okay. And what -- is there a trigger that you have suggested be applied for decommissioning the entire project? In other words, if -- if two thirds of them stopped with -- would it just be each individual turbine or --

Α. I'm thinking now about the plans we've written before. Usually it's a turbine-byturbine basis and usually the decommissioning terms in a town hosts community agreement. If that's where it's put, we'll say that if any turbine is inoperable for X number of months, then you agree to a decommissioning process where the town can ask for it to be removed. The wind company would need to explain if the turbine is operable ot not, and if parts have been ordered. If at the end of that process it is decided that there is no hope of making a turbine operable and that it has been abandoned, then they can draw -- they can force use to remove it. We don't remove it, they can draw the funds. there is many steps in there and usually those steps are turbine by turbine not for

'	To-r-0203 - Callisted willd Ellergy - 6-21-19
2	the entire project.
3	Q. Okay. So in your decommissioning
4	estimates, do they assume that there are basically
5	scales built into their from a from a crew being
6	in the area doing multiple turbines?
7	A. I don't know the answer to that.
8	It's probably very likely that that's figured out in
9	there. But that's part of the that's part of the
10	decommission estimates usually, I think.
11	Q. So if it's generally done on a
12	if if the plan is to decommission on a turbine-by-
13	turbine basis. Wouldn't it be better to base it on
14	the cost of doing bringing in a crew for one
15	turbine individually each time?
16	A. I think there was different
17	scenarios and I I see what you're getting. I
18	think I know what you're getting at. Maybe I
19	shouldn't my attorney would kill me if I answered
20	your question like that
21	Q. Go ahead. Explain what
22	A you have to answer the
23	question. You have to ask me the question more
24	precisely or what's your question?
25	O. Would wouldn't it be more

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accurate for you to base your estimate on
decommissioning individual turbines, mobilizing crews
for individual turbines instead of as a whole, if
you're not going to decommission the project as a
whole?

A. I think there is multiple scenarios that could occur. You could have a scenario where the entire project is being decommissioned or you could have a scenario where only one or two turbines were being decommissioned. And you might have different estimates depending on what scenario you're in.

- Q. But and -- but your estimate is your plan is for individual turbines, correct?
- A. Yes, that's right. That's usually what's written.
- Q. How did you arrive at the -- the amounts that you used for decommissioning cost estimates?
- A. They are based off an estimate that we received for the Sheldon project that was built several years ago, which admittedly is an older estimate. So we took that and we scaled it up for inflation and we also scaled it up for the size of

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 turbines.

- Q. Now, what about one of the things that you mentioned in the radar-activated lighting is the rugged terrain and the vast area of the Canisteo Project. Would you take that into account?
- A. No, I don't think that's a big difference in this kind of an analysis because once you get to the turbine site, you've got a crane pad, you've got a, you know, things have been set in places where there is fair amount of space to construct them. So I -- I don't think there would be significant differences there. It's from the people that do radars that are not high off the ground in trying to look over trees. They call this rugged terrain or hilly terrain. Maybe not rugged but they call it -- it's hilly to them but to a construction guy with a crane, it's --- that's not as much of an issue.
- Q. It's not difficult to get the cranes out of these -- into these areas?
- A. There is a lot of work that's gone into designing the roads to make sure the cranes can get there.
  - Q. Your intent when these turbines

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 are constructed is that all setbacks will be complied with, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. And those would be proved through compliance filings?
  - A. Yes. That's my understanding.
- Q. Okay. And to the extent that there is a question about the classification of a residence, that would be in compliance filings as well?
  - A. I would expect so, yes.
- Q. How did you determine whether a residence was a type 1 through 4 residence? What was your method for that?
- A. So we developed categories for the residences after consulting with the towns and giving an idea of how it made sense to them, to categorize things. And then we hired E.D.R., who first digitized locations based on aerial mapping and then they went out in the field and observed them and as of you know, base case, they assume that things are category 1 year round residences, unless they find evidence that would help them justify it being categorized down as a lower -- for a lower use or a

2 higher category. What kind of evidence would --3 Ο. Well, for instance, what's Α. 4 5 called a category 4 in our terminology is a house that's dilapidated. So if you drive by and you see 6 that the roof has caved in and there is a tree 7 growing up and I'm not making -- kind of the middle 8 of the building, I'm not trying to make a joke. You 9 see a lot of that. That's pretty clear they're 10 11 category 4, that's uninhabitable. And -- and you mean --12 Q. But we leave it in there as a 13 Α. 14 category 4 because we want to make sure that nobody 15 looks at a map and says, uh-huh, I see there is a -there is something there and you haven't put a dot 16 17 there. We want to make sure that's a dot. So we at least know that that's been looked at. 18 19 Q. And by the dilapidated you don't 20 mean a disgusting living condition or something like that. You just mean you can't live in there, 21 22 correct? 23 Α. Correct. 24 Okay. Regarding compliance Q. 25 filings, will the -- will the -- are you intending

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2	that if the compliance filing that you've proved that
3	all the leases that you need for setbacks and
4	everything were obtained?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Okay. Are you familiar with the
7	law that was recently passed in Canisteo?
8	A. Yes. But you're not going to
9	quiz me on the specifics of that, right?
10	Q. No, I don't I don't intend to,
11	other than whether you plan to meet those new
12	setbacks.
13	A. We will meet the setbacks. There
14	are some of the turbine sites we may not be able to
15	build. So but the project, once we propose it, we'll
16	meet the setbacks.
17	Q. Okay. I don't I don't think
18	that this is in the record yet. So I would like to
19	pass these out and enter them in if
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
21	MR. DAX: So it have been filed with
22	the state? Is something filed yet? We're waiting
23	for him to file it so we can send it in, it's not
24	with the state.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.

'	10-r-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	MR. MULLEN: Do you have a copy of
3	this Judge?
4	A.L.J. SHERMAN: No. Has this been
5	filed with the state yet?
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Not yet. If you want
7	to clarify it.
8	MR. MULLEN: Yeah. That that I
9	don't believe that the clerk from the Town has filed
10	this with the state yet, but it's in
11	THE REPORTER: It's been passed.
12	MR. MULLEN: Yeah. It's it's been
13	passed by the board and it's they will soon be
14	filed with the state.
15	MR. DAX: This is going to go past
16	5:30, right? I need to cancel that, if it's
17	important.
18	MR. MULLEN: Was that what would be
19	the exhibit number you have for that?
20	A.L.J. LEARY: I think I'm up to 2
21	pardon me, for not paying quite as much attention.
22	A.L.J. SHERMAN: 224?
23	A.L.J. LEARY: That's right. 223, do
24	we have 223?
25	MR. MULLEN: We have 223.

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2	MS. O'TOOLE: Yes.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: 224. Yeah, 223 is
4	Sharkey-05 or 010 010.
5	MR. MULLEN: Okay. And I don't intend
6	to ask Mr. Miller further questions on this but just
7	it could be helpful for the record to note that the
8	setbacks are primarily pages ten and eleven.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: So this has not been
10	filed with the secretary of state.
11	MR. MULLEN: Correct.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: This was passed on
13	MS. O'TOOLE: 12th.
14	MR. MULLEN: Was it 12th, August 12th?
15	A.L.J. LEARY: Where is that in this
16	document?
17	MR. MULLEN: That it was
18	MR. DAX: This this doesn't have
19	that the the precursor document that gets filed
20	with the secretary of state that has that
21	information.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: I would ask that you, I
23	
24	MR. MULLEN: We submit that.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: the date of this

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 MR. MULLEN: Okay. A.L.J. LEARY: -- document is not 3 evident from the face of it but I believe as Mr. Dax 4 5 is pointing out that additional information would be on the secretary of state's filing. So can you --6 7 when you have that available, get that and we'll collectively call this Exhibit 224. 8 MR. MULLEN: Yeah. 9 A.L.J. LEARY: It's -- you have it --10 you have that available or it's not? 11 MS. OKLEVITCH: It will be available 12 13 by next week, I need the clerk to sign off on it. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So just 15 everybody note that this will have a cover page. 16 it will have the date on which this local law number 17 one of 2019 was passed. Can you tell us when it was passed by --18 19 MS. OKLEVITCH: August 12th. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: 8/12 and that was enacted by the Town Board of the Town of Canisteo? 21 22 MS. OKLEVITCH: Yes. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: And it's called local 24 law number one of 2019 "Wind energy facilities." 25 MR. DAX: Correct.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. MULLEN: And once it's filed, we 2 will update Exhibit 31. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Perfect. 4 5 was my next request. Is it just the Town of Canisteo or are other towns considering a similar local law? 6 MR. MULLEN: The Town of Cameron is 7 also considering a new law. It's not going to impact 8 the project the way that the Canisteo law does 9 10 though. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Thank you. 12 you want to go ahead? 13 MR. MULLEN: Sure. 14 BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'q.) 15 Q. Mr. Miller, did you listen to the shadow flicker testimony that was given earlier? 16 17 I did. And one of the questions that Mr. 18 19 Runner couldn't answer was your -- about your 20 intended mitigation procedure. Could you explain a little more about what your intentions are? 21 22 Yes. So if you look at Exhibit 23 EMR-1 which is our proposed conditions to a siting 24 certificate, these are the conditions that -- it is 25 worth giving some background. These are the

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 conditions that were originally attached with my -- when we submitted the application with some additional red lines based on requests, based on review of D.P.S. suggested conditions.

So this is our version that we would agree to as of now and it does not cover everything that there is things that we have not agreed to D.P.S. on. So those don't show any changes here. But if you turn to page 8 and look at condition number 57 that basically summarizes what we would propose for shadow mitigation.

- Q. And at what points would you consider curtailment?
- A. So what -- what we are suggesting, what we propose and this is based on what happened at other projects, is it's -- it's pretty common. You may have a house where you're predicted to have more than 30 hours of shadows per year on average but it turns out the person who lived there doesn't really notice or even it's not a complaint problem. It's either the shadows occur at a time of day when they're not there, which is pretty common or it turns out the shadow hits the roof or the wall of the house. It doesn't go in the house and nobody

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So what we're proposing is that if someone files a complaint about shadows and it's a house that is one that's predicted to have more than 30 hours of shadows per year and it's a non-participant, then we need to mitigate that. And in that scenario there would be two different mitigation options, really three, one of them would be is if they wanted to be a participant we could work out some kind of agreement but if that doesn't work, then you work out a way to block the shadows, which is we install plants or -- or blinds.

But also we should leave open the option of some kind of curtailment, which is to my knowledge an unproven technology, but we're open to trying to, you know, if that's available, we would do that. But I think you need to have the flexibility to either do the vegetation and the blocking or doing the curtailment in case the technology is not available to do the curtailment.

A.L.J. LEARY: So who decides which mitigation? Who is that? So does the homeowner say I don't want blinds in my house and I want to be able to look out and I want plantings or I want

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 curtailment? 2 THE WITNESS: We worked that out with 3 -- with the homeowner and -- and --4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: How --6 THE WITNESS: -- it goes into -- well, 7 I'm saying --A.L.J. LEARY: So yeah, that --8 THE WITNESS: We work that out and 9 10 it's between us and the homeowner. And if they 11 really say -- we've had a variety of situations, we have some people that say I only want plantings 12 13 and then they'll say, I don't really want the plants. 14 I want the check. And then sometimes we see that 15 plants never get planted. It's what they decide. A.L.J. LEARY: For -- for -- put aside 16 17 the check for a second. In the wind projects that you've been involved in with, how many shadow flicker 18 19 disputes or complaints do you have that are -- and 20 how are they resolved? So what's -- how many times 21 have you actually curtailed is my question. If they 22 -- if they don't want it. 23 THE WITNESS: Again, curtailment 24 technology does not exist to my knowledge. So no one

has ever implemented a shadow -- I don't -- we've

2 never implemented shadow curtailment technology. So what we've -- we --3 A.L.J. LEARY: No, when I say 4 curtailment, I'm talking about you shut the turbine 5 6 down so that the flicker doesn't happen. I thought that's what you meant. 7 THE WITNESS: It is what I mean and 8 9 the way, it's talked about here is a technical 10 curtailment where you would actually -- you would 11 have software that would track how many hours 12 shadows, you know, the turbine has been in a certain 13 orientation and the shade, the sun has been out. 14 so that that you know that there was a shadow falling 15 on a certain receptor in that year And when it gets 16 to a basic counter and you know how many hours have 17 occurred at that receptor that out -- that year and 18 when it gets to a point where the conditions are such 19 that shadows could occur again and you're over 30, it 20 would stop the turbine. 21 A.L.J. LEARY: It's an automatic 22 curtailment. I'm --23 THE WITNESS: Correct. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: -- I get that. 25 THE WITNESS: Manual curtailment is

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1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 not practical to have someone that's -- I've not ever 2 heard of that being implemented. If that's what you 3 suggested. 4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So anytime somebody doesn't want money and they don't want 6 7 blinds and they -- they don't want you to put whatever trees up or that may work. There is no 8 other option, if they don't want any of those things, 9 10 you're not going to shut that turbine down? THE WITNESS: That's correct. 11 12 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So I --13 THE WITNESS: But we -- but we --14 A.L.J. LEARY: -- misunderstood the 15 three options here. I option -- that third option isn't an option, curtailment is not an option. 16 17 that what your testimony is? THE WITNESS: No, that's not my 18 19 testimony. That's --20 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Tell me how you 21 got -- you do curtailment as an option. 22 THE WITNESS: Right now, it's not 23 something we do. What we're suggesting is in the 24 future, we will do this. If it's technically

feasible we have -- we would suggest that it be in

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 the -- in the conditions that that be one of the 2 solution measures that we use. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. But only if 4 technically feasible, if it's not technically 5 6 feasible today, it doesn't exist. It's like saying -7 THE WITNESS: But this is -- this 8 9 would --10 MR. MULLEN: Can I ask a question? A.L.J. LEARY: You don't have 11 technical feasibility for curtailment, right? 12 13 you're referring to as your third option. That's not 14 a real option if it's not technically feasible. 15 THE WITNESS: I respectfully disagree. This is something that could be developed in the 16 17 It's -- and to -- to ignore it and say it can't be developed is -- is ignoring things that can 18 19 be improved upon. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: Who is working --THE WITNESS: This is -- with the same 21 22 logic we would say we shouldn't install radar-activiated 23 FAA lights because we haven't done that. I think that we 24 should look forward in building things that are possible.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. I'm sorry to

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keep going on this but it's -- I want the record to

be clear that there is a third option that's called

curtailment. And today as we speak, it is not

technically feasible but somebody might be working on

it.

THE WITNESS: To my knowledge, I -there might -- I -- I'm not saying I know every
turbine vendor and every technology we've had. I've
been told by our people that are buying the turbines
right now that it's not an option that's -- that's on
the table now. It might be with other vendors.
Okay.

A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So that third option isn't really an option and that part of the application doesn't seem to me to be correct. Am I missing something here?

MR. DAX: Yes. You're missing what
Mr. Miller said, it's an option that that is premised
on the development of technology that may occur and
may be motivated by the very thing we're talking
about. Complaints about excessive shadows over 30
hours. So I mean, this -- this is a -- this is a
development -- developing industry. I mean, it's,
you know, we've heard today about --

1	16-F-U2U5 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: Is anybody working on
3	this in the industry?
4	MR. DAX: I think Mr. Miller said they
5	may be.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Well, I'm asking are
7	they, I'm not maybe, no crystal ball here. I left
8	that at home.
9	THE WITNESS: Well, I'm sorry.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Are they working on it?
11	MR. DAX: May I ask
12	THE WITNESS: You're putting me in a
13	position to say something definitive but that's
14	something I'm not an expert on.
15	A.L.J. SHERMAN: If I'm asking you a
16	question. You have an engineering background?
17	THE WITNESS: Yes.
18	A.L.J. SHERMAN: From an engineer's
19	perspective, is it feasible that this could be
20	developed?
21	THE WITNESS: Absolutely.
22	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Thank you.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: But how quickly could
24	it be developed?
25	THE WITNESS: It's probably a matter

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 of how much money you're going to spend on it. I 2 don't know the answer to that. This is probably 3 something that can be developed in a matter of a 4 year, there's probably prototype systems that are out 5 6 there right now. And we have one --7 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. But we don't know --8 9 THE WITNESS: -- vendor that's talking 10 about it as an option. 11 A.L.J. SHERMAN: Okay. Got it. Sorry, Mr. Mullen. 12 13 MR. MULLEN: I just -- I had a follow 14 up question on that actually. Yeah. It was helpful. 15 BY MR. MULLEN: (Cont'q.) Do you -- could you program --16 Ο. 17 and you generally know when the times of day that flicker occurs, right? 18 19 Α. Yes. It's very easy to predict There is software that does that that --20 this. 21 Q. So could you --22 -- Mr. Runner runs. 23 -- so couldn't you program a Q. 24 turbine to stop operating at the predicted times 25 based on when the sun is going to come up and go

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 down? 2 That's exactly what we're talking 3 But there is some more subtleties that make 4 5 it a little bit more complicated. But that's basically the technology that needs to be developed. 6 You're not able to do that now. 7 0. You're not able to program it for known times, known 8 sunrise and sunset times and whatnot? 9 10 Α. So are you suggesting the 11 turbines would -- so you have to worry about what distance would every turbine be shut down at sunrise 12 13 and sunset? 14 Q. No, in a complaint, if you have a 15 complaint. Α. Well, that's --16 17 That's what we're talking about. It is what we're talking about. 18 19 I don't think it's that difficult a technology to 20 implement. It's just -- there is -- there is not a 21 huge market for this. And you're asking for a custom 22 software solution that's not been developed. I 23 recall, you know, when we first started curtailing 24 for bats that was talked about as something you could 25 do but the vendors had not rolled out software that

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actually curtailed automatically and it took a while.
And trust us, they charged us for that technology we had -- we paid them to develop that and it's not that it couldn't be done, it's just it's the same situation. It's slightly more complicated but it could be done.

Q. So you don't, right now, have the ability to type into a computer and say this -- this turbine is not going to operate for fifteen minutes today on a predicted time of day?

A. I'm sure it could be done manually. I don't know the answer. I really don't know the answer. How the operation software works. It seems pretty likely but I don't know.

- Q. Likely that you could do it?
- A. Yeah.
- Q. Okay.

A. If I could go back, there was one question about it. You know, how often we had these issues. Roughly, I think that some of the projects in New York, we have probably had like 5 to 10 shadow complaints in total and probably half of those been — have been resolved with plantings or — and the other half had been resolved with blinds. Yeah —

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 yeah, probably closer to 5. 2 MR. MULLEN: Thank you. I don't have 3 4 any other questions. A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Who else has 5 questions for this witness, Ms. Vigars? 6 CROSS EXAMINATION 7 BY MS. VIGARS: 8 9 Mr. Miller, just initially I'd Q. 10 like to ask a clarifying question. We were just engaging in questioning and discussion about the 11 Applicant's proposal to temporarily con -- curtail 12 operation of select wind turbines if complaints are 13 14 received. Do you recall that? 15 Α. Yes. 16 Okay. Can you clarify and Ο. 17 confirm that you refer -- what you're referring to is certificate condition fifty-seven that is proposed in 18 your exhibit EM-1. Do I have that correct? 19 20 That's correct. Α. 21 Q. Okay. So to confirm in your 22 Exhibit EM-1, certificate condition 57 references or 23 states that if a complaint is received, option 1 is 24 temporarily curtail operations, select wind turbines 25 to limit actual annual shadows. Is that correct?

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2	A. Correct.
3	Q. Okay. So your testimony today is
4	that technology is not currently available to the
5	best of your knowledge?
6	A. That's correct.
7	Q. Okay. Thank you. One other
8	clarifying question based on Mr. Mullen's prior
9	questioning. I'd like to direct you to your rebuttal
10	testimony, page 36.
11	A. Okay.
12	Q. Lines 1 through 4.
13	A. Again, are we talking about the
14	redacted or the un-redacted version? Because the
15	lines are different?
16	Q. Un-redacted.
17	A. All right. Then
18	Q. All right.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Why don't you look at
20	the confidential but do not talk about any of the
21	confidential provisions.
22	MR. VIGARS: Yes.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Is that okay?
24	MS. VIGARS: My question is not about
25	confidential information.

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2	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
3	MS. VIGARS: Okay.
4	MR. DAX: Just for the record
5	MS. VIGARS: No, it's okay.
6	A.L.J. SHERMAN: I'm sorry. You just
7	tell where it is? I'll find it.
8	MS. VIGARS: It's under
9	MR. DAX: I Just for the
10	record I the confidential does not have different
11	page numbering and despite Mr. Miller's assumption.
12	It's funny.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
14	MR. DAX: I think you I think you
15	may have printed out on a different
16	MS. VIGARS: Okay.
17	MR. DAX: printer font copy so I
18	would refer you to the package I gave you this
19	morning. If you want to track exactly where
20	THE WITNESS: Okay.
21	MS. VIGARS: I can clarify the section
22	of the testimony as well.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: What page are you on
24	Ms. Vigars, again?
25	MS. VIGARS: I'm on page 36.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. It's de -- decommissioning, 3 MR. DAX: right? 4 A.L.J. LEARY: Decommissioning? 5 6 MS. VIGARS: Decommissioning panel. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. THE WITNESS: Okay. I think I'm 8 there. 9 10 BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'q.) So the heading of this section is 11 Q. D -- D.P.S. decommissioning panel. The question 12 13 reads, the D.P.S. decommissioning panel does not 14 agree with the following aspects of C.W.E. 15 decommissioning plan ... I will not read the full question. If you turn to the answer that immediately 16 17 follows that question. Could you please read into the record the first -- first sentence of your answer 18 19 in your written testimony, I have it as lines 1 20 through 4 on page 36? 21 Okay. Tell me, if I'm at the Α. 22 We accept the criticism of accounting right place. 23 for resale value of turbines but not salvage value. 24 That's correct. Can you continue Q. 25 reading please?

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- A. In developing the decommissioning cost estimate and we accept the requirement that letters of credit be used to provide financial assurance to the host towns.
- Q. Thank you. Would you agree that your tests -- your pre-filed testimony states that Canisteo Wind has accepted the requirement that a letter of credit be used to provide financial assurance to the host towns?
  - A. Unfortunately, I agree.
- Q. Thank you for acknowledging your testimony and what it states. Is it your testimony today that Canisteo Wind has changed its position with regard to letters of credit?
- A. Yes. Well, hold on. What -- can you rephrase the question for me? I like to strike that.
- Q. Is your testimony today that
  Canisteo Wind is willing to enter into a letter of
  credit or execute a letter of credit versus a bond
  and I'm -- I need to seek clarification for the
  record on whether your test -- your pre-filed written
  testimony is accurate as to the acceptance of letter
  of credit requirement or if that has subsequently

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2	changed?
3	A. Would it be appropriate for me to
4	confer with Mr. Dax on this very quickly.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Listen
6	MR. DAX: No, you
7	A.L.J. LEARY: This says what it says.
8	MR. DAX: Right, I agree.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: And if you want to
10	change it
11	MR. DAX: It says what it says.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: you can't change it.
13	THE WITNESS: No, I'm not trying to
14	change my testimony.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: At this point with that
16	okay.
17	MS. VIGARS: Thank you.
18	BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'g.)
19	Q. So the discussion about a bond in
20	your prior testimony today, you would revise that
21	testimony?
22	A. We can just say that was
23	background testimony. How about that? Background
24	information.
25	Q. Okay. I'd like to make sure the

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 record is clear on this issue. Okay. Do you have 2 any other questions? 3 A.L.J. LEARY: You're going to be here 4 5 for another week or two. This is --MR. DAX: It was -- it was resolved 6 when I asked him if his testimony was truthful and 7 accurate and he said it was. I didn't think we 8 needed to go beyond that. 9 10 MS. VIGARS: Subsequent discussion in 11 quests -- responses to questions indicated otherwise 12 A.L.J. LEARY: I want the record to 13 14 reflect that there's a little bit of humor going on 15 in the room about this. This isn't exactly everybody having a straight face. It's late in the day. We're 16 17 kind of laughing about this but let's go. Who else 18 has --19 MS. VIGARS: Okay. I have a one 20 follow-up question on access roads. 21 BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'q.) 22 In your rebuttal testimony, you 23 discussed access roads, access roads are also 24 discussed in Exhibit EM-1. Would you agree with 25 that?

1	10-r-0203 - Canisteo wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	A. In EM-1, is that
3	Q. I'm sorry. Exhibit EM
4	A. The surrebuttal?
5	Q. No, not the surrebuttal. I'm
6	referring to your rebuttal testimony. So the so
7	Canisteo Wind's proposed certificate conditions, the
8	red line document
9	A. It's actually that
10	Q EM-R1.
11	A. That's actually what's surprising
12	me. Is it in the conditions?
13	Q. Access roads are discussed
14	throughout the certificate conditions. I can point
15	you to a specific section if you like.
16	A. Okay. Can you do that?
17	Q. Sure. So for example, an
18	attachment A to EM-R1, item 1, site plans, subsection
19	B, discusses access road plans.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: You're going a little
21	too fast.
22	THE WITNESS: In attachment A, you're
23	saying?
24	BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'g.)
25	Q. In attachment A, yes.
	1

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2	A. Yes, of course. All right, yes,
3	it's in there. I agree.
4	Q. So it is page 21 of the P.D.F.
5	document.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: And this is attachment
7	A?
8	MS. VIGARS: Yes.
9	BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'g.)
10	Q. Can you please provide for us the
11	approximate proposed mileage of access roads for the
12	facility and what I mean by that is total proposed
13	access roads.
14	A. I don't have that number
15	memorized. I'm sorry.
16	Q. Would you be willing to provide
17	that number after review of your files?
18	A. Yes.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Mr. Dax, is there
20	anything in the record that would reflect the total
21	number of miles of access roads being built?
22	MR. DAX: I recall that there is but I
23	assure this I can't
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
25	MR. DAX: point it right now

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 because it's buried in another document that -- I 2 think there is -- I recall seeing it, a linear foot 3 4 number. 5 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. MS. VIGARS: So D.P.S. staff believes 6 that it's not identified specifically in another part 7 of the application. 8 A.L.J. LEARY: It is not. 9 10 MS. VIGARS: It is not. So and, again, I could stand corrected, it may be buried 11 12 somewhere. And so what we're interested in obtaining is the Applicant's explanation of their total 13 14 proposed access road miles that they contemplate for 15 this project. 16 A.L.J. LEARY: How do we resolve that 17 on this record? MR. RUNNER: We took a short break. 18 19 We could probably come up with another time. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: Another --MR. DAX: I could remember. 21 22 A.L.J. LEARY: We need it. It's 5:30 23 24 MS. VIGARS: We could --25 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Let's take a

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 quick break and if you can do that, I would like that 2 on the record. 3 (Off the record, 5:29) 4 5 MS. VIGARS: Can I propose an alternative if the applicant would be willing to 6 insert that information into --7 A.L.J. LEARY: That's goes without 8 9 saying. 10 MS. VIGARS: -- attachment A-1, Section B --11 12 MR. DAX: Into --13 MS. VIGARS: Okay. 14 MR. DAX: -- into what? 15 MS. VIGARS: Into attachment A, 16 Section 1, subsection B, to identify the proposed 17 total mileage access road miles for the project. MR. DAX: I -- I don't think it 18 19 belongs in attachment A. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Let's not get into this discussion --21 22 MS. VIGARS: Okay. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: -- right now. What I'm 24 going to ask you to do is take a brief break. I hear 25 someone in the back of the room might have this.

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2	MR. DAX: Right.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: And let's get it on the
4	record and then you guys can talk tomorrow about
5	whether it goes in there or
6	MR. DAX: Okay.
7	MS. VIGARS: Yes.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: where it goes or any
9	of that. Is that workable?
10	MR. DAX: That's fine.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Great.
12	MS. VIGARS: That works.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Before we go back on
14	the record on the record
15	(On the record, 5:38)
16	THE REPORTER: We're back.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: And Ms. Vigars, can you
18	elicit this testimony?
19	MS. VIGARS: I will do my best.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
21	BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'g.)
22	Q. Mr. Miller, can you please
23	indicate the approximate proposed mileage of access
24	roads for the facility?
25	A. There are approximately 42 miles

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 of access roads in the facility as proposed. That's 2 for the 117 turbine layout that was shown in the 3 updated application. Did I read that right here --4 5 Q. Thank you. -- updated application. 6 7 You did. The updated Q. application, I'm trying to find the exhibit 8 reference. 9 10 MR. DAX: Hearing Exhibit 7. 11 BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'g.) Hearing -- being Hearing Exhibit 12 13 7. Yes? 14 Α. Correct. 15 Q. Thank you, thank you. Following 16 up on a question previously raised by Mr. Mullen's 17 questioning related to cumulative effect. cumulative impact. You mentioned that cumulative 18 19 impact means different things to different people. 20 Can you explain what it means to you? I know the term -- I am told the 21 22 term commute -- cumulative impacts is used in NEPA 23 analysis, which is a different type of review than 24 what we're talking about here. I'm only familiar 25 with it as it's been used in some of these

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discussions where people want to add impacts on top
of -- on top of impacts that our project might have
which are really more marginal impacts. They don't - they don't become added -- they don't become
greater than the sum of the two impacts.

- Q. So in your rebuttal testimony on page 28, you use the phrase cumulative impacts. Can you tell us what your meaning is when you use the phrase cumulative impacts in your -- in your rebuttal testimony?
- A. This is referring to the concept that is used in these review, in these Article 10 reviews where it suggested that a project such as Canisteo should be responsible for impacts created by other wind farms.
- Q. Okay. Turning to the topic of lighting, we previously discussed dimmable lighting. Do you recall that?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Can you provide the name of the vendor or manufacturer for dimmable lighting that you referenced earlier in your testimony?
- A. I could open my computer and search for emails to find that. I don't have that

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2	off the top of my head.
3	MS. VIGARS: D.P.S. would like the
4	witness to provide that information. I'm not sure
5	what the best way to go about doing that.
6	MR. DAX: Mr. Miller is endeavoring
7	right now.
8	MS. VIGARS: Okay.
9	THE WITNESS: I believe there is a
10	company called Technostrobe, T-E-C-H-N-O-S-T-R-O-B-E
11	Technostrobe.com.
12	MR. DAX: Are you sure that's the
13	right email?
14	BY MS. VIGARS: (Cont'g.)
15	Q. Can you confirm for me whether
16	you received a quote from a company for dimmable
17	lighting?
18	A. Yes, I can confirm that.
19	Q. You did receive a quote?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. And what company did you receive
22	a quote from?
23	A. Technostrobe.
24	Q. Thank you. Turning to a
25	different topic related to shadow flicker. Can you

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 please clarify your response regarding shadow flicker 2 monitoring and -- and curtailment technology? Do you 3 assert -- strike that. Is it your testimony that 4 5 there are no manufacturers that have flicker control 6 technology? 7 I'd like to clarify that. Α. No. 8 We --Please clarify. 9 Q. 10 We purchase a lot of equipment 11 from General Electric. My understanding is that G.E. does not offer that technology at this point in time. 12 I understand that other vendors do offer that 13 14 technology. I don't know the status of that and I've not reviewed that. So I don't want to advocate for 15 it as being ready for operation but my understanding 16 17 is other vendors are working on it. I think Vestas may have a version of that technology. 18 19 Q. Is that technology from Vestas, 20 for example, compatible with the G.E. turbines that 21 are proposed here, if you know? 22 I don't know but I would highly 23 doubt it. 24 Q. Okay.

Α.

Those are not two companies that

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2	want to want to play nice and share software.
3	Q. Okay. All right. Good.
4	MS. VIGARS: We have no further
5	questions at this time. Thank you.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Ms. O'Toole, do
7	you have questions for this witness?
8	MS. O'TOOLE: I do, Your Honor.
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
10	CROSS EXAMINATION
11	BY MS. O'TOOLE:
12	Q. Mr. Miller, could you look at
13	Hearing Exhibit 224, private local law number wind
14	energy facilities?
15	A. Are you referring to the Canistec
16	law that Mr. Mullen passed around?
17	Q. Yes.
18	A. Okay. I have that.
19	Q. Could you turn to page 8 of that
20	document, please? Let me know when you're there.
21	A. I'm there.
22	Q. Do you see Section 12 entitled
23	"Standards for Wind Energy Facilities"?
24	A. I do.
25	Q. Do you see subsection A, entitled

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2	"Transmission Lines"?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Could you read that paragraph,
5	please?
6	A. All power transmission lines from
7	the tower to any building or other structure shall be
8	located underground to the maximum extent
9	practicable.
10	Q. Does Canisteo wind energy seek
11	waiver from this requirement?
12	A. In the Town of Canisteo, I do not
13	believe we have any collection lines that are being
14	reviewed under this proceeding that would be a
15	proposed to be above ground. So for that reason I
16	would say no. But I would have to review that more
17	carefully to make sure that we don't have a small
18	locateyou know, short location where we may need
19	to go overhead to avoid ravine, a wetland, a stream.
20	Sometimes that happens.
21	Q. So is it your testimony that
22	Canisteo Wind could potentially change the
23	application after this hearing to seek waiver from
24	local law 1 of 2019 of the Town of Canisteo?
25	MR. DAX: This this may call for a

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THE WITNESS: Okay.

A.L.J. LEARY: And why is that?

MR. DAX: Because it says to the maximum extent -- extent practicable, it doesn't say unless otherwise waived by the Town Board. It poses a legal issue that I -- I don't --

A.L.J. LEARY: It is a legal issue that's posed here. And I'll tell you why. I'm not going to take time on the record for this, to explain this. But whether a waiver would have to be sought or not can be the subject of discussions more broadly when we talk about other issues after the close of the hearing and when we're talking about briefing, etcetera. There is something I do want to explain about that that is a common misunderstanding not present company included or excluded but let's not take time to do that. I do think that it does call for something that would really need to be answered by Mr. Dax.

And I don't want for that reason, this witness to have to speculate about what Mr. Dax might

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 say including the fact that it's an attorney client 2 communication whatever he does say. So is there 3 another way you can approach this? 4 5 MS. O'TOOLE: Would Your Honor feel more comfortable if I asked the witness whether 6 7 Canisteo Wind intends to comply? A.L.J. LEARY: With local law number 8 1? 9 10 MS. O'TOOLE: With specific provisions of local law number 1. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: I think that's fair. 12 MS. O'TOOLE: I mean the -- the basis 13 14 for this line of questioning is, well, first of all, 15 we're just seeing this document, this would 16 ordinarily be included as an exhibit to the 17 application. How it had been adopted before the application was filed and I think that, you know, we 18 need to know what -- where Canisteo Wind stands on 19 20 this issue before briefing. 21 A.L.J. LEARY: I think that's right. 22 What do you -- what have you to say Mr. Dax is that -23 24 MR. DAX: We -- we intend to -- we

have said in the application that we intend to comply

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2	with all local laws. We get we are not seeking
3	the waiver of any local laws.
4	MS. O'TOOLE: But that was before thi
5	local law was adopted.
6	MR. DAX: Well, you've heard my legal
7	opinion, at least, you can you can infer my legal
8	opinion. So yes
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Can we go off the
10	record for a second?
11	
12	(Off the record, 5:49 to 6:00)
13	A.L.J. LEARY: And allow Ms. O'Toole
14	to continue.
15	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
16	Q. All right. Mr. Miller, staying
17	on page 8 of hearing Exhibit 224 Section 12, could
18	you go down to subsection G, please.
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Could you read that section
21	please?
22	A. Use of Guy-wires for wind
23	W.T.G. is disfavored. A W.T.G. using Guy-wires for
24	tower support shall incorporate appropriate measures
25	to protect the Guy-wires from damage which could

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2	cause tower failure.
3	Q. Do you know whether Canisteo Wind
4	intends to comply with Section 12, subsection G?
5	A. We do.
6	Q. Turning to page 9, Section 12,
7	subsection N, entitled "Construction Times". Do you
8	see that?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. Could you read that subsection,
11	please?
12	A. Construction times. Construction
13	of a wind energy facility shall be limited to the
14	daylight hours wind practicable.
15	Q. Are you aware whether Canisteo
16	Wind intends to comply with Section 12, subsection N?
17	A. We intend to comply.
18	Q. Moving down to subsection O,
19	entitled "Flicker and Shadow". Could you read that
20	section, please?
21	A. The operator of a wind facility
22	shall provide reasonable mitigation to the owner of
23	any offsite residence including after built
24	residences where annual expected combined flicker and
25	shadow hours are more than 30 hours per year or 30

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 minutes per day. Do you know, Mr. Miller, whether 3 Canisteo Wind intends to comply with Section 12, 4 subsection 0? 5 6 Α. We intend to comply with that. 7 Q. Thank you. Turning to page 10, Section 15, entitled "Sound Levels and W.T.G. Set 8 Backs". Do you see that? 9 10 Α. I'm sorry. Section -- yes, I do. 11 Q. Do you see subsection A entitled "Sound Levels"? 12 13 I do. Α. 14 Q. Could you read subsection A, 15 please? Α. The sound pressure level 16 17 generated by the full and simultaneous operation of all wind turbines shall not exceed 45dBA one hour Leq 18 measured at the exterior of the nearest residence is 19 located off the site. Sites can include more than 20 21 one piece of property and the requirement shall apply 22 to the combined properties. The standards set forth 23 in NCS 12.9 Part 3 shall be followed to determine 24 sound to -- turbine only noise levels from the 25 measured total noise levels (turbines plus wind and

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 other sources) and the sound level from a wind 2 turbine shall not exceed 50dBA one hour Leg measured 3 in any non-participating property boundary. 4 5 Q. Thank you, Mr. Miller. Do you know whether Canisteo Wind intends to comply with 6 Section 15 subsection A? 7 Α. We do. 8 9 I have no more questions about 10 this document. We'll move on. Mr. Miller, Canisteo 11 Wind proposes to build a facility with the capacity of 290.7 megawatts. Is that correct? 12 That's correct. 13 Α. 14 Ο. And Mr. Hankard testified that 15 when he did the noise modeling for this project his 16 analysis assumed that all 117 locations would be used, 102 of which would be model GE3.6-137 and 15 of 17 which would be GE2.3-116 turbines. Do you know where 18 19 that assumption came from, Mr. Miller? I'm not -- Mr. Hankard said that 20 Α. 21 he modeled it but they mix the turbines? 22 He did. It's on page 46 of the 23 noise panel's rebuttal testimony. 24 Okay. So you're asking me where Α. 25 that assumption came from?

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2	Q. Yes.
3	A. He would have developed that in
4	conferring with us.
5	Q. Okay. Do you know, Mr. Miller,
6	whether model GE3.6-137 was used for the visual
7	impact study?
8	A. I believe that's what Mr. Hecklau
9	testified to earlier today.
10	Q. And is it your understanding that
11	Canisteo Wind intends to build on all 117 proposed
12	turbine locations?
13	A. Sorry. Can you repeat the
14	question?
15	Q. Sure. Is it your understanding
16	that Canisteo Wind intends to build on all 117
17	proposed turbine locations?
18	A. What do you mean by the word
19	intends?
20	Q. Are you planning to build 117
21	turbines?
22	A. That is we have a plan that we
23	are reviewing 117 turbine sites and we're asking for
24	permission to build on possibly all of them. But I
25	think we've been pretty clear that we're evaluating a

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2	range of turbines and if we use turbines that have
3	higher megawatt capacity we would not build on all
4	117 sites.
5	Q. All right. Do you see in front
6	of you what's been marked previously marked as
7	hearing Exhibit 195 which is a 3 page document
8	entitled Canisteo Wind Energy LLC response to
9	Sharkey-06 interrogatory/document requests?
10	A. Yes, I have that document.
11	Q. I just like to know if that is my
12	copy, the witnesses have been walking off with the
13	witness copy so please return that to me after your
14	testimony.
15	A. Okay.
16	Q. Are you familiar with this
17	document?
18	A. I'm reviewing it.
19	Q. Take your time.
20	A. Developed a while ago but, yes, I
21	can speak to this.
22	Q. Did you prepare this document?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. Could you please turn to page 2
25	question 6? Let me know when you're there.

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2	A. I'm there.
3	Q. Could you read question 6 aloud
4	for the record please?
5	A. Please state how many sites would
6	be required to meet the proposed capacity of 290.7
7	megawatts for each type of turbine identified in
8	response to the question 5 above.
9	Q. Was your response to this
10	question a table with columns for vendor, model,
11	rotator diameter, nameplate capacity and megawatts
12	and estimated number of turbine sites required to
13	reach 290.7 megawatts?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Do you see model GE3.6-137 in the
16	4th row of the table corresponding to questions 6
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. In that row are the maximum
19	number of GE3.6-137 turbines required to reach
20	what I'm sorry. What are the maximum number of
21	GE3.6-137 turbines required to reach 290.7 megawatts?
22	A. I hate to do this to you but if
23	we read things literally it doesn't say maximum it
24	says estimated number of turbines sites required.
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. What

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2	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
3	Q. Okay. So what
4	A. I think so
5	Q what are the
6	A no, I don't have the maximum.
7	Q what are the estimated number
8	of GE3.6-137 turbines required to reach 290.7
9	megawatts?
10	A. The tables says 80.
11	Q. Do you know what the minimum is?
12	A. No, what this is simply doing is
13	dividing the number of megawatts by the megawatt
14	capacity of a turbine.
15	Q. Okay. You prepared this
16	document, correct?
17	A. Yeah. But it doesn't say
18	anything about minimums.
19	Q. I'm not asking you what's on the
20	document. I'm asking if you know because you
21	prepared this response.
22	A. What's your question please? Can
23	you restate the question?
24	Q. My question is if if 80
25	turbines is not a maximum number required for to

1	16-F-U2U5 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	reach 290.7 megawatts using a GE3.6-137, do you know
3	what the minimum is?
4	A. I think you could divide 290.7 by
5	3.6 and that would give you the estimated number of
6	turbines that we would need if we use that model.
7	There is no maximum, there is no minimum.
8	Q. To your knowledge, would that be
9	80?
10	A. It's division.
11	Q. Yes, thank you for educating the
12	record on division. To your knowledge, would that be
13	80?
14	A. I'll have to redo the math. Do
15	you want me to do that right now? Is that what we're
16	trying to do here? Do you want me to redo the
17	division?
18	A.L.J. LEARY: Let me just let me
19	just jump in here. What is I mean, obviously as
20	the business development person for Invenergy and the
21	main person moving this project forward, there is
22	some type of an understanding that the company has
23	about getting to 290 megawatts. And I see in this
24	document 80.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: But is -- is that -- is 2 that what's probably going to happen, 80 turbines? 3 80 sites? 4 THE WITNESS: We -- yeah. If we were 5 to build this with 3.6, GE3.6 which is a unit that we 6 7 are seriously considering, yes, 80 turbines is what -- 80 turbine sites. Now, I don't believe this 8 factors in safe harbor turbines which is another 9 10 nuance, you might have a mix of turbines so you might 11 end up with --12 A.L.J. LEARY: 85. 13 THE WITNESS: Yeah. That's right. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: Got it. And where is 15 your best wind that these sites or these 80 would find themselves to be located? 16 17 THE WITNESS: There is that is involved in that analysis. There are lots of factors 18 19 that go into selecting which turbine sites you would put them, best wind is one of them. 20 A.L.J. LEARY: And have you done that? 21 22 THE WITNESS: It's not an easy answer. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: Got it. Have you --24 I'm sorry to interrupt. Have you done that analysis

of where those 80 would go if you had -- could use

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 all of the 3.6 turbines? 2 THE WITNESS: We've done versions of 3 4 that because they're internal things and they're 5 effective -- they're effected by many factors, things that are occurring in this process and so it's hard 6 7 for us to say exactly what the best sites are to build on at this point. 8 9 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. But you have 10 some idea internally. And it's a moving target is 11 what I hear you saying. THE WITNESS: Yes, in part because we 12 have to take back information we learn here on this 13 14 process. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: Got it. 16 THE WITNESS: If they are going to 17 change the conditions on us then maybe we can build it over here. So that's part of it. 18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Got it. Is that 20 helpful, Ms. O'Toole, to understand that there could be a mix of turbines? It sounds like based on a 21 22 number of factors the sites may change based upon 23 what different parties --24 MS. O'TOOLE: Yes, Your Honor, you 25 know --

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: -- bring the table. 2 MS. O'TOOLE: -- the purpose of this 3 line of questioning is to determine the likelihood 4 5 that all 117 sites will be used. BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.) 6 7 So Mr. Miller, do you know what the likelihood is that all 117 turbine sites will be 8 9 used? 10 Α. Likelihood -- do you want me to 11 assign a probability to it. I would say there is a 12 10 percent probability to use all 117 sites. know if that helps but that's one way to express it. 13 14 Q. Okay. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: Without being --16 without being foreclosed from using all that's why 17 you want all 117 approved, correct? THE WITNESS: Correct. 18 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. 19 20 BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'q.) 21 In the event that all 117 sites Q. 22 were approved and you opted to use the -- or Canisteo 23 Wind opted to use a turbine model which required 24 fewer than 117 sites, what would happen with the un-25 used sites?

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A. They would be they will remain
3	as they are. I mean, are you asking physically what
4	would happen to them?
5	Q. I'm asking what would happen with
6	the leases. I apologize. I'll clarify.
7	A. Well, that's private matter that
8	we've not sorted out yet with those landowners.
9	Q. Would those properties be
10	considered for an expansion of this facility?
11	A. That's something we have not
12	considered and it's not something that would that
13	would be a completely different proceeding if it was
14	the case.
15	Q. Yeah. Okay. In front of you is
16	a document, a 3 page document entitled "Canisteo Wind
17	Energy LLC response to Sharkey-07
18	interrogatory/document requests" with several pages
19	of attachments. It's the thick document in front of
20	you. Do you do you see that?
21	A. This one?
22	Q. Yes.
23	A. Yes.
24	MS. O'TOOLE: It's assigned item 221 -
25	- yeah. 221, I believe on Mr. Dax's list. Could we

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	have a proposed exhibit number, Your Honor?
3	A.L.J. LEARY: 221 is C.W.E. response
4	to Sharkey-02.
5	MR. DAX: 225.
6	MS. O'TOOLE: 225.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: I have in my hand CW -
8	Canisteo Wind Energy response to Sharkey-07.
9	MS. O'TOOLE: Yeah. That is that
10	is the one.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: That is being assigned
12	225.
13	MS. O'TOOLE: 225, okay.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Is that what everybody
15	has for the next I'm looking at you, Ms. Senlet,
16	do you feel very good about this? And one question
17	for you, Ms. Senlet, is Sharkey-10, 224?
18	MR. DAX: No.
19	MS. SENLET: Sharkey-10 is 220, Your
20	Honor.
21	MR. DAX: 224 is the local law that
22	was talked about.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: All right. Okay.
24	Thank you.
25	MS. O'TOOLE: And I apologize, Your

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	Honor. I was referring to the item number on Mr.
3	Dax's list not a proposed exhibit number.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, it already has a
5	number. Is that what you're telling me?
6	MS. O'TOOLE: No, I'm telling you that
7	the item number on Mr. Dax's list I believe was
8	221 but I'm happy with
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
10	MS. O'TOOLE: Proposed Exhibit
11	number 225.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: We are going to give
13	Sharkey-07 225.
14	MS. O'TOOLE: All right.
15	BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)
16	Q. Mr. Miller, turning your
17	attention back to what's been marked as proposed
18	Exhibit Hearing Exhibit 225. Are you familiar
19	with this document? Feel free to take your time to
20	look at it.
21	A. Thank you. Yes.
22	Q. Did you prepare this document?
23	A. I prepared portions of it and
24	Jacob Runner also prepared other portions of it.
25	MS O'TOOLE: At this time Your

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Honor, we would ask that Proposed Hearing Exhibit 225 be moved into the record.

A.L.J. LEARY: Any objections? Okay. So admitted.

BY MS. O'TOOLE: (Cont'g.)

- Q. Mr. Miller, are you an expert in the area of acoustics?
  - A. No.
- Q. Okay. All right. Also in front of you, Mr. Miller, is a 1 page document containing the definition of subsidy from Black's Law Dictionary, 11th edition, 2019. Could you please read the definition of subsidy on that document?
- A. I'd love to. A grant usually made by the government to any enterprise whose promotion is considered to be in the public interest although governments sometimes make direct payments such as cash grants, subsidies are usually indirect. They may take the form of research and development support tax breaks, provision of raw materials at below market prices or low interest loans or low interest export credits guaranteed by the government agency, also termed grant.
  - Q. Now, Mr. Miller, could you please

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 turn to page 28 of your rebuttal testimony. 2 Α. I'm there. 3 Q. Could you read lines 9 through 12 4 5 starting with the words I disagree? I disagree that the payment for 6 renewable attributes should be labeled as subsidy. 7 Rather it's a payment required to motivate a response 8 where the competitive power markets would otherwise 9 10 not effectuate the policy the State has adopted. Comparing the definition of 11 Q. subsidy that you just read into the record and your 12 statement on page 28 lines 9 through 12 of your 13 14 rebuttal testimony, how is -- what -- how is this not 15 a subsidy? We are not receiving a grant. 16 Α. 17 This is a competitively bid process. It's fiercely competed over by different private companies. 18 19 They're offering the lowest possible price to provide 20 something. These definition says a grant. I think that's different. 21 22 MS. O'TOOLE: I have no further 23 questions of this witness. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: Anyone else have 25 questions for this witness?

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MS. MEAGHER: I do, Your Honor. 2 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Yes, Ms. Meagher. CROSS EXAMINATION 4 5 BY MS. MEAGHER: Mr. Miller. 6 Ο. 7 Α. Yes. Am I correct in -- you stated 8 Ο. that in identifying properties and what buildings are 9 10 on properties that you sent people out to look at 11 these properties? 12 Α. Yes. 13 At any time did you use Steuben -14 - Steuben County real property assessment tool to 15 identify property class and what buildings were on a 16 property? 17 I would have to confer with Jake Runner on that. We outsource that -- we hired E.D.R. 18 19 to do that and that may have been something they did. 20 I'm not sure. 21 MS. MEAGHER: Okay. And then I would 22 like to know, Judge, I'm I able to refer to a public 23 comment from individual on the D.M.M. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: You can ask the witness 25 if he has seen the public comment.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	MS. MEAGHER: Okay.
3	BY MS. MEAGHER: (Cont'g.)
4	Q. Have you seen the public comment
5	by Jerry Griffo number 166 on 06/24/19?
6	A.L.J. LEARY: So you might want to
7	show Mr. Miller that comment to refresh his
8	MS. MEAGHER: Can I read it?
9	A.L.J. LEARY: You don't have it in a
10	hard copy for the witness?
11	MS. MEAGHER: No, I don't.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
13	MS. MEAGHER: It's not terribly long.
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Go ahead and read it.
15	I'm happy to pull it up.
16	MS. MEAGHER: Okay.
17	MS. SENLET: What was the number on
18	that
19	MS. MEAGHER: I believe it was
20	MR. DAX: 166.
21	MS. MEAGHER: 166. It was posted
22	on June 24th, 2019.
23	A.L.J. LEARY: June 24th?
24	MS. MEAGHER: Yes, by Jerry Griffo.
25	It was a public comment not a

'	10-F-0203 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
3	MS. MEAGHER: Right.
4	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Is that G-R-I-F?
5	MS. MEAGHER: Correct.
6	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Do you have it?
7	THE WITNESS: I'm working on it.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Here, just look it up.
9	THE WITNESS: Oh, thank you.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: But don't look at
11	anything else.
12	THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. Okay. I've
13	read this. I have not seen this before.
14	BY MS. MEAGHER: (Cont'g.)
15	Q. Okay. Does this do you not
16	read the comments the public comments on D.M.M.?
17	A. No, I think I do not read all of
18	the comments
19	Q. Okay.
20	A on D.M.M.
21	THE REPORTER: Speak up a little bit.
22	THE WITNESS: No.
23	BY MS. MEAGHER: (Cont'g.)
24	Q. Does this not yeah, again
25	reveal that a non-participating property owner has

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 been identified as a participating property? 2 It appears as -- it suggests 3 Α. that, yes, I have not personally validated this. 4 5 do think that when Mr. Woodcock was up here he said there were 3 or 4 parcels that had been identified as 6 7 in negotiations and those negotiations really didn't get off the ground. 8 And you do not know --9 Q. 10 Α. And this --11 -- you do not know if this was Q. one of those properties? 12 This name sounds familiar to me. 13 Α. 14 I believe it is one of those properties. 15 Q. Is there any reason why this house was -- this property was identified as a 16 17 seasonal rather than a permanent residence? I mean, I don't have all of the 18 19 property -- obviously, I don't have those memorized 20 and can't recount the specifics but based on what this gentleman had said it appears that he has a 21 22 trailer on his property and that he is planning to 23 live on it year round in the future --24 Q. That's not what he says. He says 25 he has 2 properties.

Ιt

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Right but --2 Α. One with a permanent residence 3 4 and one with a trailer. And if he use the Steuben 5 County parcel -- real property parcel locator and 6 look at this it clearly states that this property is 7 a 240, a residential property not a seasonal property. 8 Well, as I said I don't know --9 10 I'm not familiar with whether or not we reviewed all 11 of the county tax records in doing this. All I'm referring to is the sentence here in his -- his 12 public comment. It says my house is receptor ID 42 13 14 on 36 acres which will become my permanent residence. This house is not seasonal as they list it. That 15 sentence suggest that it currently is seasonal and he 16 17 is planning to move in permanently. And so the complaint is that we categorized it as seasonal. 18 actually sounds like we got it right. 19 20 Okay. But he has also been Q. 21 identified as participating property owner when he 22 was not. 23 Yeah. I understand that. Α. 24 MS. MEAGHER: That concludes my 25 question.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you.
3	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, if
4	possible, I know Ms. O'Toole already ended
5	questioning but we missed one question based on Mr.
6	Mullen's questioning. It's just one question I got
7	to ask.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Go ahead. Does anybody
9	have a problem with that? We're almost done. Go
10	ahead.
11	MR. WISNIEWSKI: I'll do a few to set
12	the context.
13	CROSS EXAMINATION
14	BY MR. WISNIEWSKI:
15	Q. Mr. Miller, did you previously
16	state that you served in a role overseeing
17	negotiations with landowners for this project?
18	A. I say previously I
19	Q. Today?
20	A. Yes, I do.
21	Q. So your previous testimony is
22	that you over you oversee negotiation
23	with landowners?
24	A. Correct.
25	Q. And in your role overseeing

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	negotiation with landowners, are you able to share
3	what percentage of those participating landowners
4	were represented by counsel during the negotiations?
5	A. No, I'm not I'm not on the
6	ground with the guys who are doing the work day to
7	day. So I don't have those kind of numbers.
8	Q. Is that something you could find
9	out?
10	A. No, we don't keep track of
11	that. Those numbers just don't exist.
12	Q. Is it common for participating
13	landowners to be represented by counsel during the
14	process by which they become participating
15	landowners?
16	A. It's fairly common, yes.
17	MR. WISNIEWSKI: No further questions,
18	Your Honor.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Anybody else?
20	Mr. Dax, do you have redirect?
21	MR. DAX: No redirect, Your Honor.
22	MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, in the
23	interest of levity, Mr. Davis has one clarifying
24	question that he would like to ask?
25	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. DAVIS: Are we on the record? 2 MS. VIGARS: We'd like to good off the 3 record to ask this question. 4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Wait a minute. Before we do that. Levity, loving it. I just have a 6 7 clarifying question about -- you indicated that the 8 point project and the Howard project are visible or 8 would be visible from this project. Is that right? 9 10 THE WITNESS: Yes. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. And I don't really understand where the 8 point project is in 12 13 relation to the site or the Howard project. So could 14 you give us sort of a frame of reference on what part 15 of this project and you can use turbine numbers, identifiers, you can use roads, however you want to I 16 17 -- However, this is not the whole map though. Can you show me what on this map what -- if you have a 18 19 better map, Ms. Senlet --20 MS. SENLET: Jake has a better map I'm 21 sure. 22 THE WITNESS: Okay. It's a beautiful 23 map, I'm sure. 24 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Just so I can

25

see visually --

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 THE WITNESS: While Jacob is pulling that up if I could --3 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. 4 5 THE WITNESS: So the Howard Wind 6 Project is north of where we're looking -- and if we 7 look at that on the map you can see those everywhere and I'm sure E.D.R. does studies of that when you're 8 on the high point like when you're at Marsh Hill 9 10 Wind Farm, which is somewhat in the middle of the 11 project area we're talking about. You can -- you 12 have to look over the hill tops and in the distance 13 you can see the Howard turbines. So that's the kind 14 of visibility. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: During the day? THE WITNESS: During the day. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. THE WITNESS: So if you were down, you 18 19 know, you come -- you drive off the hill you don't 20 see that. A.L.J. LEARY: So it's --21 22 THE WITNESS: Pretty far away. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: Pretty far away and 24 it's --25 THE WITNESS: You can get an actual

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 distance from Jacob. 2 A.L.J. LEARY: Is it only from a few 3 locations that you would be able to see those other 4 5 wind farms? 6 THE WITNESS: It's big area. Saying a 7 few --A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. 8 9 THE WITNESS: -- is probably not 10 accurate but when you're on top of the hills and 11 there is no trees around you, you have a clear -- you have to have a clear vantage and you got to be up 12 13 high to see them. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Does -- I mean, 15 just -- do the rest of the parties understand? 16 MR. MULLEN: Well, Your Honor, I 17 don't. Well, I just think tomorrow when we're on the site visits you -- you won't be able to see the 18 19 lights but there are some areas where I'm familiar 20 with it that I could just point out where you can see 21 some of the projects --22 A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. That would be 23 helpful. 24 MS. O'TOOLE: Yes. 25 MR. DAX: And it's going to be a very

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	clear day tomorrow so it will be as good as it
3	probably gets.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. Okay. That
5	would be helpful.
6	MS. MEAGHER: Your very first stop
7	will show you.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
9	MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, you also
10	mention 8 point range and you omitted Baron Wind
11	which is even larger.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: No, but I I didn't
13	hear Baron Wind was visible in the testimony. Did
14	did I miss that?
15	MR. WISNIEWSKI: We did mention Baron.
16	A.L.J. LEARY: He did?
17	MR. DAX: 8 point for sure would be
18	visible to the southwest. Howard Howard in some
19	places to the north and Marsh Hill is right in the
20	middle of it. So you will see Marsh Hill.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
22	MR. DAVIS: So this is
23	A.L.J. LEARY: Anybody can come up and
24	look at this while Mr. Miller is showing me this.
25	We're still on the record and I would if I could -

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	- can I have this as an exhibit?
3	MR. DAVIS: This is in this is in -
4	_
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Are this Andy's?
6	MR. DAVIS: And this in the shadow
7	flicker report.
8	THE WITNESS: I think it's in Exhibit
9	
10	A.L.J. LEARY: He is always a clutch
11	player.
12	MR. DAVIS: It's from visual impacts.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: It is in the V.I.A.
14	Okay, go ahead.
15	MR. DAVIS: This is showing the areas
16	with cumulative visibility.
17	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. So
18	MR. DAVIS: It was actually overlap
19	over the few projects.
20	A.L.J. LEARY: I have not seen this
21	map.
22	MR. DAVIS: It's in the southwest,
23	there is a lot
24	A.L.J. LEARY: But I see Marsh Hill
25	THE WITNESS: So this is Marsh Hill.

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	This is the point I was talking about and so these
3	dots are where we've proposed turbines for Canisteo
4	Wind and these dots are where for 8 point. This
5	is
6	A.L.J. LEARY: So this is directly
7	adjacent.
8	THE WITNESS: Yeah. This is not
9	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
10	THE WITNESS: And this is Howard which
11	is existing.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: That is Baron.
13	THE WITNESS: This is Howard Wind,
14	which is existing.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: That's right. Yeah.
16	THE WITNESS: Yeah. And so if you
17	look at this is 4 miles right there. Roughly that
18	distance. So I was saying if you're up here that's
19	like 4 miles that's like 8 miles away. Baron will
20	be further beyond that is a part of the parcel C.
21	But obviously you have to be up at the top of the
22	hill and then you can see this in the distance.
23	MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, are we on the
24	record?
25	THE REPORTER: We are.

1	16-F-U2U5 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	A.L.J. LEARY: We are.
3	MS. O'TOOLE: We are.
4	A.L.J. LEARY: This is the most
5	this is the closest and then on Marsh Hill it was
6	really in the middle of your project area?
7	THE WITNESS: Yes.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: And Baron is I'm
9	sorry. 8 point 8 point is going to be pretty much
10	adjacent and there there look to be a few
11	THE WITNESS: On broad scale
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Well, how far are these
13	turbines apart from I see
14	THE WITNESS: These are pretty close.
15	I'm not we'd have to zoom that obviously but look
16	at that
17	A.L.J. LEARY: If your scale is 4
18	miles you're talking about that's not even
19	THE WITNESS: You can just look and
20	see how see how we arrange this things to be so
21	the wind comes in this direction.
22	A.L.J. LEARY: Right.
23	THE WITNESS: So you try to space them
24	to be down wind. So you can see where we are putting
25	our own turbine we try to make the down wind turbines

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 pretty far apart. These are two companies that are not cooperating with each other. This is not going 3 to go well. Okay. 4 5 A.L.J. LEARY: This meaning 8 point --THE WITNESS: These turbines would be 6 7 waking. These turbines would be very bad for us if they got build which is why I say, you know, it's 8 hard to say which ones to actually build. 9 10 turbine will not perform if that turbine was in front A.L.J. SHERMAN: Excuse me. This is 11 of this. on the record and we'll not be able to reestablish 12 13 this. Let's just say could you describe for the 14 record where on this exhibit you're pointing, Mr. 15 Miller? 16 THE WITNESS: You see I'm talking 17 about the turbines that are in the furthest southwest corner of the Canisteo project area. 18 19 A.L.J. LEARY: Adjacent to the 8 point 20 wind turbines. THE WITNESS: Yes. 21 22 A.L.J. LEARY: And it sounds like the 23 -- the reference to the 2 companies not working with each other quite yet. Would be Invenergy and who is 24

1	16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19
2	THE WITNESS: Next Era.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: The Next Era, the
4	developer of 8 point. I I hear you. Okay. And
5	this is a great visual for us
6	THE WITNESS: I agree.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: to see this. So
8	it's in the V.I.A as Figure 11. And I may pull that
9	out and just give it its own exhibit number. If
10	that's okay. I want to hear an objection. V.I.A. is
11	Exhibit 11 which is a map. I would like to hear
12	objections if we admit that to the record as a
13	separate document. I think it's very helpful for the
14	parties to have that sort of pulled out. Any
15	objections to admitting V.I.A. Exhibit 11?
16	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Sorry. Is it 11 or
17	Figure 11
18	THE WITNESS: It's Figure 11
19	MR. DAX: It's from the it's from
20	the V.I.A. so that would
21	THE WITNESS: What's it say down on
22	the bottom, Mr. Davis. Is it Figure 11?
23	MR. DAVIS: Yes.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Thank you, sorry.
25	MR. DAX: Figure 11 in what exhibit?

'	10-r-0203 - Cantisteo Wind Energy - 6-21-19
2	19?
3	MR. DAVIS: 24.
4	MR. DAX: 24, okay. 24.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Exhibit application
6	Exhibit 24, Figure 11, which is a map showing all of
7	the nearby wind projects. I would like to propose be
8	admitted to the record as Hearing Exhibit 227. Do I
9	have any objections to this sua sponte request making
10	of the parties?
11	MS. VIGARS: We would just like to
12	clarify where this document is located in the record
13	and maybe Mr. Dax can repeat it because he has the
14	most up to date version.
15	MR. DAX: It's it's in the it's
16	in the let me get this right. It's in the
17	supplement, I believe.
18	A.L.J. SHERMAN: No, it's in the
19	original.
20	MR. DAX: The original. Okay. So it
21	is Exhibit 24 Appendix 24.A. in which is in the
22	V.I.A. report and it is so that's part of
23	Exhibit 1 DMM-124.
24	MS. VIGARS: That's Figure 11 of
25	Appendix 24.A. Is that correct?

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2	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah.
3	MR. DAX: That's yeah, I suppose
4	correct.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: That's very helpful.
6	Any objections to admission of this
7	MR. DAX: No, none here.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: particular map.
9	MR. MULLEN: No objection.
10	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Any other
11	questions for Mr. Miller?
12	MR. DAX: No questions from us.
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Anybody else? Okay.
14	Thank you so much, Mr. Miller, for your time and your
15	testimony. You can step down. It is now 6:30 and I
16	would like to make a plan for tomorrow because
17	MS. PAULSEN: Your Honor, I'm sorry to
18	interrupt. I just have a clarification and two
19	requests which we can put into motions before we
20	close the record and start tomorrow.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: We're not closing the
22	record yet
23	MS. PAULSEN: Okay.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: because there is a
25	few outstanding things to do but go ahead, Ms.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 Paulsen. 2 MS. PAULSEN: Okav. So the 3 clarification I'd like to note for the record and I 4 5 think my co-counsel -- oh, I will wait. The clarification I'd like to make for the record and I 6 think my co-counsel -- I will wait. The 7 clarification I would like to make for the record and 8 I think my co-counsel, Ms. Bonilla, already indicated 9 10 thus far the D.E.C. bald eagle panel testimony. But 11 all 3 threaten endangered species panel testimony on behalf of D.E.C. half-redacted and unredacted 12 confidential versions that would include our bat 13 14 panel, grassland bird panel and our bald eagle panel. 15 A.L.J. LEARY: And your request is what? 16 I'm just noting it for 17 MS. PAULSEN: 18 the parties, Your Honors, as well as the 19 stenographers so that when the transcripts are made 20 public that we ensure that it was only the redacted 21 versions are included in the public transcript. 22 A.L.J. LEARY: I recall when I was 23 conferring with our court reporter at the time there was only one part of that testimony and I think it 24

was Ms. Denoncour, but I don't remember and -- and

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2	the Ms. Allen marked that part of the testimony as
3	confidential. We do it a couple different ways. We
4	can post this transcript. I'm sorry. Provide the
5	parties with a transcript where that is that who
6	have signed the protective order that that
7	information in her testimony exist or we can put in a
8	separate transcript her testimony and redacted in the
9	big part of the testimony or the major part of the
10	testimony.
11	MR. DAX: Can I ask a clarification?
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah.
13	MR. DAX: Are you talking about your
14	pre-filed testimony?
15	MS. PAULSEN: Yes.
16	MR. DAX: Yeah. She is not talking
17	A.L.J. LEARY: I'm sorry.
18	MR. DAX: I know you're talking about
19	the one record
20	A.L.J. LEARY: There is there was a
21	testimony though during the hearing as I recall. Do
22	you remember this?
23	MR. DAX: It was the eagle testimony.
24	MS. PAULSEN: It was only the the
25	only live oral testimony throughout this proceeding

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 that is protected from D.E.C.'s point of view is the 2 bald eagle testimony and I think Mr. Dax already 3 4 indicated when he was -- when the start of the 5 confidential information began during an --A.L.J. LEARY: And Ms. Allen noted 6 7 that in the records so we will protect that. MS. PAULSEN: Okay. 8 9 MR. DAX: All right. Yeah. There was 10 a water body mentioned that one word needs to be dealt with. 11 A.L.J. LEARY: And we'll deal with 12 13 that. What we probably will not do is put that in a 14 separate --15 MR. DAX: Just put a piece of black 16 tape over it. 17 A.L.J. LEARY: Right. That's what 18 we're going to do. Okay. So I'm sorry. In the prefiled. 19 20 MS. PAULSEN: Correct. 21 A.L.J. LEARY: So it's already not 22 filed in D.M.M. and publicly available. It's only 23 but you're talking about what in your -- in the post-24 hearing briefs or --

MS. PAULSEN: I'm just noting that

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 when and since all of our pre-filed testimony has been admitted into evidence when the transcript is made available. The public version of the transcript is made available on D.M.M. that it reflects the redacted testimony and not the unredacted.

A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, absolutely. It will.

MS. PAULSEN: Okay. And I did not note -- I didn't note it for the record when I questioned my panels and also moved it into evidence. So that is --

A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. That -
MS. PAULSEN: -- the intended purpose

of --

A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. And just so this is a pet peeve of mine after number 3. When -- this is a very difficult process in large part because we do not have a person that has real experience doing this work of putting a transcript together. So you need to check it. All the parties need to check what is in those transcripts to make sure the affidavit bringing in your testimony and the direct, the rebuttal and all of that is squared away including whether we have the right version but I paid

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 particular attention to that as does Mr. Cameron, who really does this work. But to do it really fast is 3 extremely difficult and we have a -- we have a daily 4 order on this or -- not daily but expedited order. 5 6 MS. PAULSEN: That was going to be one 7 of my motions so I suppose that's moved. 8 A.L.J. LEARY: Yes, we already took 9 care of that weeks ago and, yet as expedited as it 10 can be because this was a very long hearing and there 11 are going to be thousands of pages of testimony in 12 this one. And what do we have in number 3, 1,800? 13 MR. DAX: That rings a bell. 14 A.L.J. LEARY: That was it. 15 MR. DAX: Yeah. MS. PAULSEN: Yeah. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. So this one is -- this one is going to be a lot. 18 19 MR. DAX: More megawatts, more pages. 20 MS. O'TOOLE: Your Honor, may I ask a 21 question. With regard to the physical original 22 witness affidavits, do you want to take them on the 23 record as opposed to us giving them to. I know you 24 wanted also emailed to you, I just don't want to walk

-- go back to Rochester with an original document

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2	that you wish to have in your possession in Albany.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: I think what do we
4	do with number 3?
5	MR. DAX: I don't think you needed
6	originals.
7	MS. O'TOOLE: We gave them yes, we
8	did and
9	MR. DAX: I think you just
10	MS. O'TOOLE: we gave them to you.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: I think we did you
12	did give them to me and you actually, I
13	MR. DAX: I don't think
14	A.L.J. LEARY: Didn't you hand me
15	something at the hearing?
16	MR. DAX: I did but I gave you others
17	by email.
18	A.L.J. LEARY: If you have something
19	now I still need it by email.
20	MS. O'TOOLE: Right.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: It doesn't work to have
22	this thing scanned in but it will help me put things
23	together and so
24	MS. PAULSEN: Your Honor.
25	A.T.J. T.EARY: Yeah.

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2	MS. PAULSEN: I don't have the
3	original affidavits of all my witnesses because they
4	were executed in our regional office.
5	A.L.J. LEARY: Fine.
6	MS. PAULSEN: Okay.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Does anybody have an
8	objection to me accepting what is going to be a copy?
9	MR. DAX: Not at all. That's why we
10	print.
11	A.L.J. LEARY: Good. So if they're
12	copies that's fine too.
13	MS. PAULSEN: All right. Thank you,
14	Your Honor.
15	A.L.J. LEARY: I just usually
16	judicially take an original of something as you can
17	see that it's in there butokay.
18	A.L.J. SHERMAN: Just our our
19	guiding document or law expressly says we do take
20	copies and are use
21	MS. PAULSEN: Thank you.
22	MR. DAX: Even the courts these days
23	are taking electronic copies.
24	A.L.J. LEARY: Right. Well, they have
25	an electronic signature which is

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2	MR. DAX: Right.
3	A.L.J. LEARY: worse than a copy.
4	MS. PAULSEN: And the signatories sign
5	them.
6	MR. DAX: The copy.
7	A.L.J. LEARY: Right. I need a
8	deadline when everybody can get me the affidavit. So
9	if we're going to do these expedited transcripts.
10	MS. SENLET: I believe on the first
11	day of the hearing, Your Honor, you decided that
12	would be next Friday and you say that's
13	A.L.J. LEARY: Next no, I said this
14	Friday. I said this Friday. If we're going to do ar
15	expedited transcript I need those affidavits to do
16	the transcripts. They are in the transcript.
17	MR. DAX: I don't have all of I
18	have one I'm missing one.
19	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
20	MR. DAX: So I don't know that I'm
21	going to have it by Friday.
22	MR. MULLER: I thought that I
23	thought you said next Friday. We have our
24	MR. DAX: Yeah. I'm pretty sure she
25	said

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 MR. MULLER: -- but I don't think you 2 said that one. 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Unless you don't want 4 5 these on an expedited basis which we're paying for I 6 would suggest everybody get them in by no later than 7 Monday. Is that --MR. MULLER: Monday. We'll shoot for 8 9 Monday. 10 A.L.J. LEARY: Is that workable? And 11 I apologize. I intended to say Friday, this week because as soon as Ms. Allen goes back these thing is 12 13 14 15 16

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does it not?

going to start rolling real fast and I can't send anything to the court reporter until I have those affidavit. It's what, you know, day one looks like is those affidavit, the testimony, the real live test -- the pre-filed testimony, and the live testimony. The affidavit, the pre-filed, the live, that's the way this transcript is going to look. So everything the witnesses said will be in one place on one day.

MR. DAX: Yes.

A.L.J. LEARY: You don't want to go to 15 different volumes to figure out what he said live,

And I think that works for you in terms of briefing,

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2	what he said pre-filed. So that's why I need those
3	affidavits soon and Monday is fine if that works for
4	you. And Mr. Dax, do you have a with the one that
5	you're missing.
6	MR. DAX: I think we'll get it by
7	Monday.
8	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay. Good. What
9	about Ms. Paulsen, are you okay with that?
10	MS. PAULSEN: That the that's
11	acceptable to D.E.C.
12	A.L.J. LEARY: Okay.
13	MR. DAX: Could I
14	MS. PAULSEN: I have one more go
15	ahead, Mr. Dax.
16	MR. DAX: Can I just ask you if we're
17	going beyond 7 o'clock tonight?
18	A.L.J. LEARY: No.
19	MR. DAX: because I have to cancel
20	a phone call if we are.
21	A.L.J. LEARY: No, no, no.
22	MR. DAX: Thank you.
23	MS. PAULSEN: Hopefully, my second
24	request will be brief. I would like to request a
25	page limit on briefing in this proceeding.

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 A.L.J. LEARY: We haven't talked about 2 3 the table of contents yet. The Applicant saying no -4 MS. VIGARS: D.P.S. disagrees with the 5 6 page limit. 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Having -- having said that I want you to note that this is something I live 8 by and I've lived by it for 30 some years I've been 9 practicing law. It really only takes 10 pages to 10 11 tell the truth and about an issue, about, you know, a I'm with you on a page limit. I don't think 12 13 we're going to get away with it here and I don't 14 think in number 3 based upon 2 parties, 3 parties, 4 15 parties being involved in number 3, you had really excessively long briefs. 16 17 MS. PAULSEN: Your Honor, I 18 respectfully disagree some initial briefs are over 19 100 pages and we only have about a 2 week time frame 20 to respond in reply brief to the initial briefs and -- from my perspective that's somewhat excessive and 21 22 it's difficult in the timeframe that we're given in -23 - in the schedule. 24 MR. DAX: I'd like to look at sample

Article 3 before I accept that a page limit is even

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 legal and --2 A.L.J. LEARY: Oh, no, we can do what 3 4 we --5 MS. PAULSEN: Your Honors, 16 N.Y.C.R.R. Section 4.8 --6 7 A.L.J. LEARY: Sorry. MS. PAULSEN: -- permits the presiding 8 examiner to establish page limits on briefing. 9 10 A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. I --MR. DAX: In what kinds of 11 proceedings? An Article 3 proceedings. 12 MS. PAULSEN: This is in the D.P.S. 13 14 regulations. 15 MR. DAX: Right. But that covers a lot of difference types of proceedings. 16 17 A.L.J. LEARY: Let's not get into this discussion or you're going to miss your 7 o'clock 18 call. And just for the record not for the record but 19 20 we view our authority as expansive enough as limited as it may be to impose page limits. Having said that 21 22 I really wanted to have some discussion about the 23 table of contents and what -- what's still remaining 24 after you have some discussions in settlement and --25 and certainly, we would entertain a brief extension

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beyond the two weeks if you're -- if you make the
shelling and it's absolutely necessary, you know, if
we have, you know, I don't want to see 120 page
briefs, 150 page briefs from anybody.

Remember it takes 10 pages to really get to the point and cite the things that support what you're saying. I'm not -- I really don't want to see any sentences in anybody's briefs that don't give me somebody that said it, some exhibit, something and there is a lot of that going on. Don't say stuff in your brief that you've come up with that is unsupported by the record. Every single assertion that you make even if it's a full paragraph assertions give me what -- give us what part of the record supports that or else, you know, your work will be not given a lot of weight in all candor but if you have a difficulty Ms. Paulsen, what about asking for the additional time on the back end.

MS. PAULSEN: Your Honor, that's an option that I'll reserve depending on how the initial briefs but so are you overruling or are you reserving?

A.L.J. LEARY: Help me out here, sir.
MS. VIGARS: Again, do you want to

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 hear from all the parties on this issue if this is a 2 live motion to be decided? 3 A.L.J. LEARY: Yes. 4 MS. VIGARS: Okay. 5 6 A.L.J. LEARY: We're going to -- go 7 You -- are you making the same request. ahead. MS. VIGARS: No, D.P.S. objects to a 8 page limit. There are a number of issues, highly 9 10 technical issues that need to be briefed. D.P.S., I 11 can tell you now, we have to brief numerous issues. We know that going into these cases. A page limit 12 13 will prohibit us from doing that effectively and like 14 thinking of something like noise, for example, these 15 are highly technical issues. A.L.J. LEARY: Yeah. Yeah. 16 17 MS. VIGARS: We want to make sure we 18 have enough room to thoroughly brief them and provide all of the record references. We've had a lot of 19 cross examination and redirect in this case. 20 21 citation will be lengthy alone. So D.P.S. objects to 22 page limits. 23 MR. MULLER: The towns object. 24 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Mr. Sharkey concurs 25 with the position of the counsel for D.P.S. and the

1 16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 2 town's. A.L.J. LEARY: So everybody is in 3 4 favor of no page limit. Denied. 5 A.L.J. SHERMAN: But if you go over 10 6 pages you will have to talk --A.L.J. LEARY: You heard me. You are 7 right, you heard me. I know you heard me say this so 8 9 be as concise as you can. Hopefully, you will not 10 have to address in D.E.C.'s brief every single issue that's briefed. I know you're going to have to read 11 it but, again, we will entertain if some brief comes 12 in that's excessively long, we will entertain a 13 request to extend the deadline and my preference 14 15 would be that that deadline isn't extended for 16 everybody but everybody is going to use that 17 extension so just keep that in mind. Two weeks is going to be too much. One week that's probably the 18 19 sweet spot just for projecting out but it was a 20 request if you find yourself in need of that, Ms. Paulsen. 21 22 MS. PAULSEN: Thank you, Your Honor. 23 A.L.J. LEARY: Anybody else have 24 anything else?

MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, with

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A.L.J. LEARY: I have a list of things I was hoping to talk to you all about tomorrow because Mr. Dax has a 7 o'clock call I can talk quickly about some of them so that we don't have to deal with the -- the I -- the optimal tomorrow would be to leave from wherever we are to go on a site visit. Not to come here and then leave. So I want to be finished. We're finished with the testimonies, no need for us to be here tomorrow unless you want to come -- well, you're coming back.

Do you want to do that first and then to the site visit? The agenda that you have in mind because I can get down here and open the room and --

MS. VIGARS: Your Honor, on the issue of agenda for settlement, I have not been able to get a hold of all of my technical staff to identify specific issues. We can start a list but perhaps it would be more productive to do it by email. That's what we did in the past to set up a settlement agenda for any potential meetings. We did it by email.

MR. DAX: That's fine with me.

MS. VIGARS: Okay.

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MR. DAX: Yeah. I mean, we have the -- we have the day set and that's a big deal.

A.L.J. LEARY: Well, I know Mr. Muller wanted to talk.

MR. MULLER: Yeah. But mostly what I wanted to do was actually have some of the discussions and I still don't understand -- I mean, and I don't mean this disrespectful at all but, you know, I -- I've got 6 towns that I have to go back and talk all the staff about and I believe that we should be able to discuss things that could be taken back to your clients or others attorneys that you work with, you know, to finalize things. But maybe it's a waste of -- maybe you feel like it's a waste of time or something, you know, if you don't have the proper people.

A.L.J. LEARY: I would like to go off the record at this point because we're sort of straying out to things that don't necessarily have to be transcribed. So I'm going to go off the record. If you want to go back on the record, Ms. Allen, will stay for a few more minutes. Let's not keep here her forever.

(Off the record, 6:51)

16-F-0205 - Canisteo Wind Energy - 8-21-19 STATE OF NEW YORK I, HANNAH ALLEN, do hereby certify that the foregoing was reported by me, in the cause, at the time and place, as stated in the caption hereto, at Page 1 hereof; that the foregoing typewritten transcription consisting of pages 1 through 1717, is a true record of all proceedings had at the hearing. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, this the 27th day of August 2019. HANNAH ALLEN, Reporter